

Editorial on this focus issue on key corrosion topics

Yves Wouters, Bruce Pint, Daniel Monceau, Michel Vilasi, Sébastien Chevalier, Laurence Latu-Romain, Clara Desgranges

▶ To cite this version:

Yves Wouters, Bruce Pint, Daniel Monceau, Michel Vilasi, Sébastien Chevalier, et al.. Editorial on this focus issue on key corrosion topics. Oxidation of Metals, 2021, 96, pp.1 - 2. 10.1007/s11085-021-10077-0. hal-04889543

HAL Id: hal-04889543 https://hal.science/hal-04889543v1

Submitted on 15 Jan 2025

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

GUEST EDITORIAL



Editorial on this Focus Issue on Key Corrosion Topics

Yves Wouters¹ · Bruce Pint² · Daniel Monceau³ · Michel Vilasi⁴ · Sébastien Chevalier⁵ · Laurence Latu-Romain¹ · Clara Desgranges⁶

Published online: 26 July 2021 © The Author(s), under exclusive licence to Springer Science+Business Media, LLC, part of Springer Nature 2021

This focus issue explores a number of current topics in high-temperature oxidation, some that have been of interest for many decades and others with more recent origins. For example, Griffith and Pfeil's 1937 patent for rare earth additions such as Y and Sc to Ni–Cr alloys is nearly 85 years old, and we still continue to study minor alloy additions (including Hf) and aspects of Ni–Cr alloy performance because of their technological importance to many industrial applications. The alloys in this issue range from low-alloy steels to superalloys and shape-memory alloys. The experiments are often complex, as environments such as steam, CO_2 and molten salts are being considered for current and future applications. In some cases,

Yves Wouters yves.wouters@univ-grenoble-alpes.fr Bruce Pint pintba@ornl.gov Daniel Monceau daniel.monceau@toulouse-inp.fr Michel Vilasi Michel.Vilasi@univ-lorraine.fr Sébastien Chevalier sebastien.chevalier@u-bourgogne.fr Laurence Latu-Romain Laurence.latu-romain@univ-grenoble-alpes.fr Clara Desgranges clara.desgranges@safrangroup.com 1 SIMaP, Université Grenoble Alpes, Grenoble, France 2 Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Materials Science and Technology Division, Oak Ridge, TN, USA 3 CNRS, CIRIMAT/Université de Toulouse, Toulouse, France 4 IJL/Université de Lorraine, Nancy, France 5 ICB/Université de Bourgogne, Dijon, France 6 Safran-Tech, Châteaufort, France

coatings may be required for use in the extreme environments of turbines or solid oxide fuel cells. Modeling is incorporated to gain more insight with examples studying coating failure mechanisms and multilayer reaction products. Microstructure is a critical aspect including its impact on oxidation resistance but also the impact of oxidation on mechanical properties. Finally, test parameters are explored including the effect of thermal cycling on hot corrosion and the effect of gas pressure and the reaction tube material on oxidation behavior.

The following papers stem from presentations that were given at the 10th International conference on High Temperature Corrosion and Protection of Materials (HTCPM2021), which was delayed because of COVID-19 and held virtually on March 29–April 2, 2021.

Publisher's Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.