

Workflow for analyzing long-term variations in carbon stocks and fluxes (DEEP-C -WP2)

Olivia Desgué-Itier, Laurent Millet, Fabien Arnaud, Julien Azuara, Manon Boulay, Mathieu Dellinger, Isabelle Domaizon, Valentin Essert, David Etienne, Justine Frison, et al.

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Workflow for analyzing long-term variations in carbon stocks and fluxes (DEEP-C - WP2)

Olivia DESGUE-ITIER, Laurent MILLET, Fabien ARNAUD, Julien AZUARA, Manon BOULAY, Mathieu DELLINGER, Isabelle DOMAISON, Valentin ESSERT, David ETIENNE, Justine FRIZON, Jérôme GAILLARDET, Charline GUIGUET-COVEX, Erwan MESSAGER, Jérôme POULENARD, Pierre SABATIER, Anaëlle SIMONNEAU, Jean-Philippe JENNY

Objective DEEP-C WP2: Reconstructing the variability of C burial in standing water bodies, their climate and land use controls over the paste 150 years, from well-dated sediment records

Laboratory analysis

(ED-XRF).

The sediment cores were opened using a

dedicated core-splitting bench (EDYTEM) to

perform **non-destructive** analyses such as

high-resolution image, hyperspectral analysis

(IR and near-IR) and relative measurement of

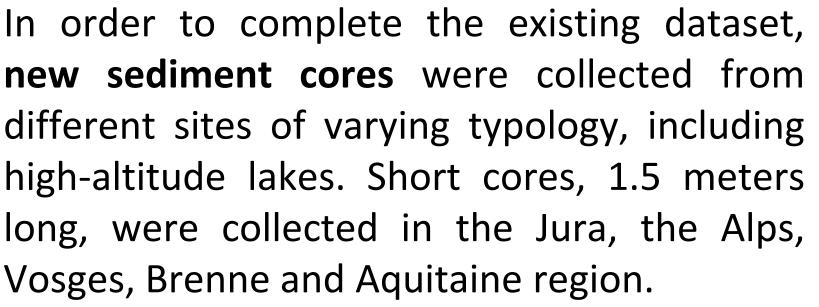
the mineral chemical element content using

an Avaatech X-ray fluorescence core scanner

ENVIRONNEMENT



Lake Annecy Vosges, Brenne and Aquitaine region.





Then, isotopic activity analyses (dating) and physicochemical measurements were conducted in specialized laboratories from destructive sampling.

> Geochemical analyses were conducted on sediment cores to investigate long-term variations in carbon stocks : Organic C, Inorganic C, Total C, Total N, δ 13C, 15N.

Half-split core from **Lake Cos**

of acids and alcans, HPLC Pigments and Hyperspectral analysis.

Openning of sediment cores > A multi-proxy comparison was performed to characterize the sources of organic matter accumulated in the sediments: Quantitative palynofacies, quantification

Sedimentology room - EDYTEM

Development of a methodological the acquisition of for tool bathymetric data using a connected autonomous remote-controlled boat

The cores were taken using a 63mm diameter

gravity corer with a PVC pipe. The cores were

retrieving from the surface using a inflatable

: Deeper Sonar Pro.

Data Management

boat and ropes.

Lake Petarel

The descriptive data of the studied ecosystem, location, and type of equipment used were recorded using the CoreBook application on a field tablet and then integrated into the cybercartographic library. The sampling protocols and metadata related to the analyses performed are described and available in a digital laboratory notebook: elabFTW software (see practices of CARRTEL & EDYTEM). The data and metadata are shared among the WP members on a dedicated Resana space and made available to the consortium throughout the project.

