



Porphyridium cruentum as a chemical factory: valorization of high-value phycobiliproteins and lipids using an innovative solid-liquid-liquid method based entirely on eutectic solvents

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Solène Odou, Louise Van Gheluwe, Alia Chevalley, Myriam Phelippe, Leslie Boudesocque-Delaye. Porphyridium cruentum as a chemical factory: valorization of high-value phycobiliproteins and lipids using an innovative solid-liquid-liquid method based entirely on eutectic solvents. International Congress on Natural Products Research (ICNPR 2024), 2024, Cracovie (PL), Poland. 28, pp.2777 - 2806, 2005. hal-04780073

HAL Id: hal-04780073

<https://hal.science/hal-04780073v1>

Submitted on 13 Nov 2024

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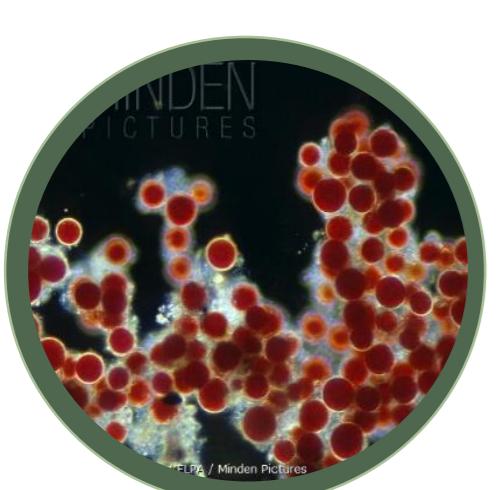
Porphyridium cruentum as a chemical factory: valorization of high-value phycobiliproteins and lipids using an innovative solid-liquid-liquid method based entirely on eutectic solvents.

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Introduction



Porphyridium cruentum, a red microalgae, is a valuable source of metabolites with high added value, such as **free fatty acids** and pigments like **phycobiliproteins**, with pharmaceutical, cosmetics, and nutraceutical effects.



Natural Deep Eutectic Solvents (NaDES) are a new environmentally friendly substitute for petrochemical solvents. NaDES are green, non-toxic, economical, and **bio-based solvents** formed from plant metabolites such as sugars¹.

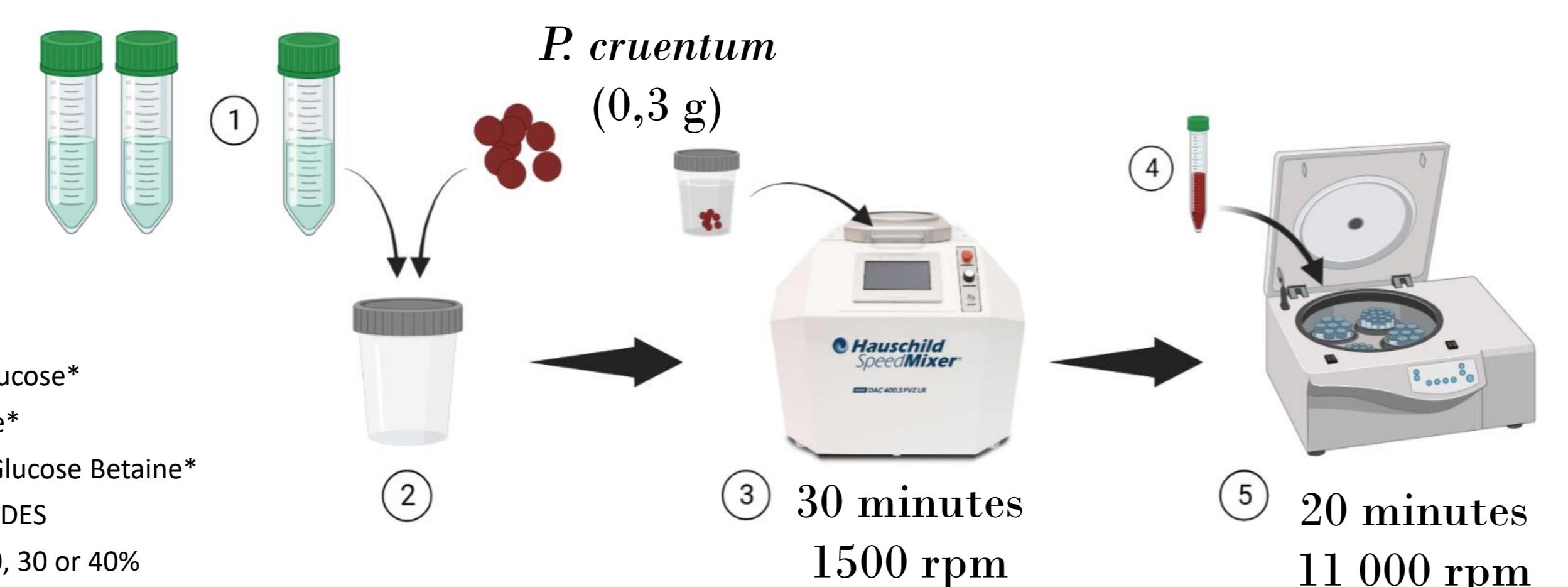


Development of an innovative solid/liquid/liquid (SLL) strategy for **one-step extraction and purification** of metabolites using a combination of polar and non polar NaDES².

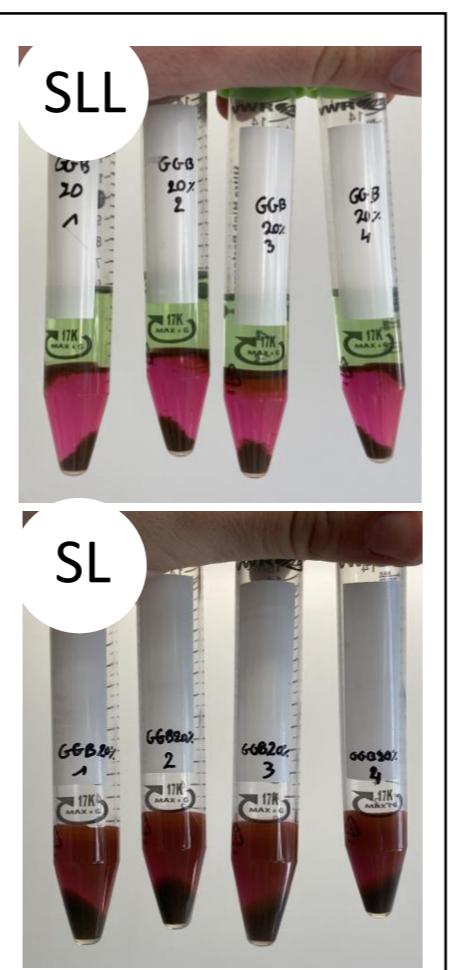
Workflow

One or two different NaDES (3g each)

- GG : Glycerol α-D-Glucose*
 - GB : Glycerol Betaine*
 - GGB : Glycerol α-D-Glucose Betaine*
 - HDES : Hydrophobic DES
- *with additional water 20, 30 or 40%



Recovered extracts



UV/Vis



Pigments



LC-ESI-MS

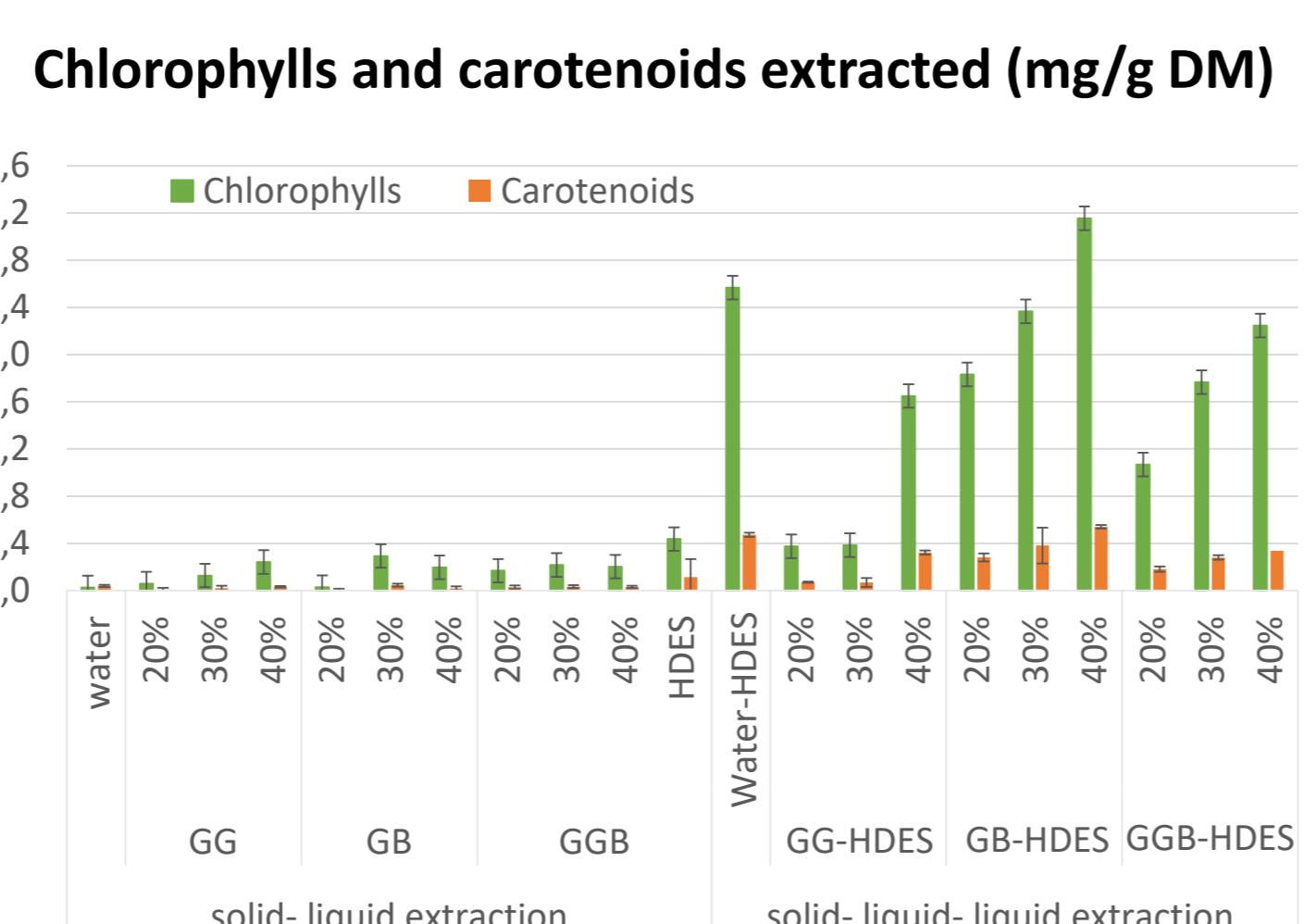
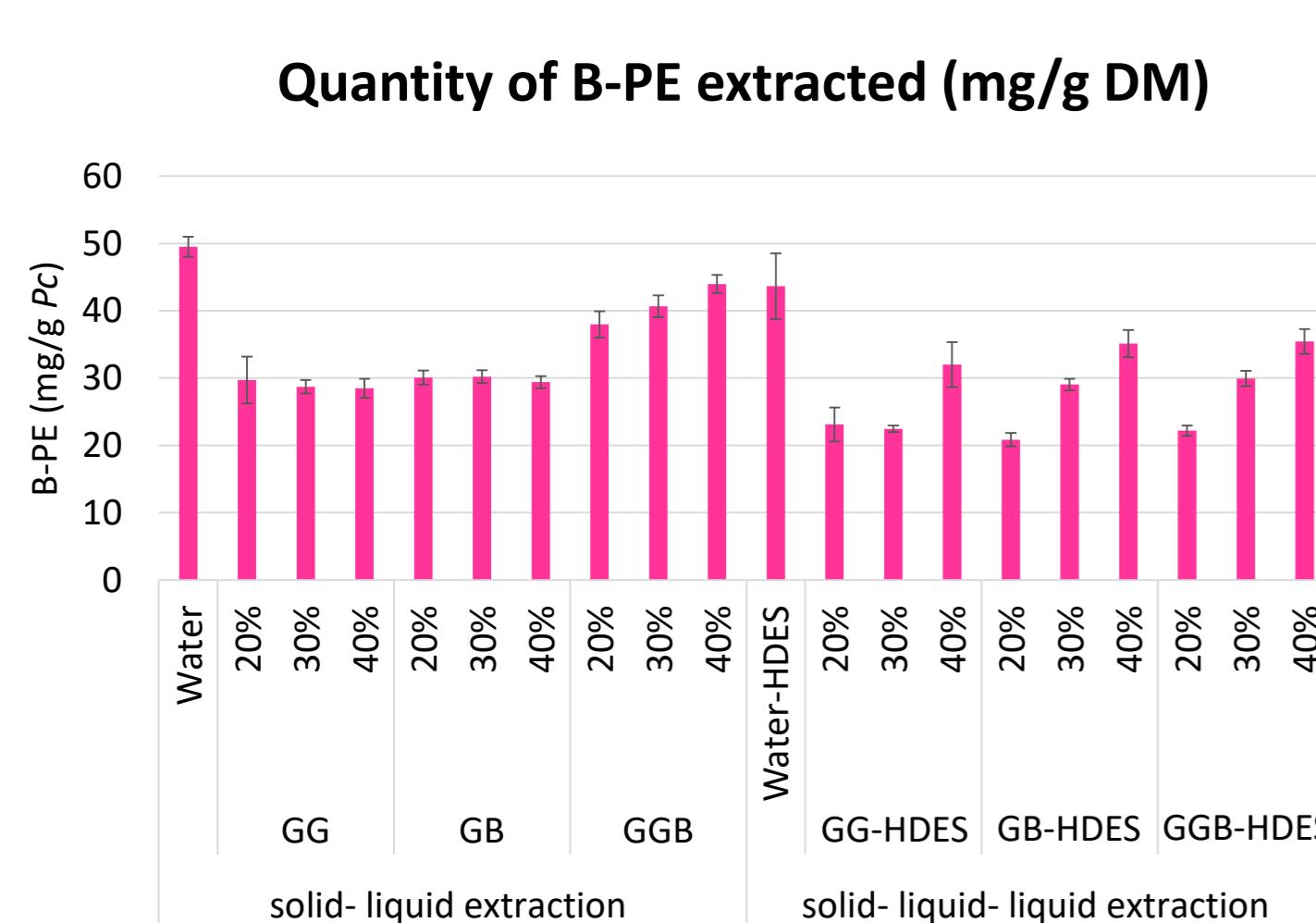


Lipids



Results

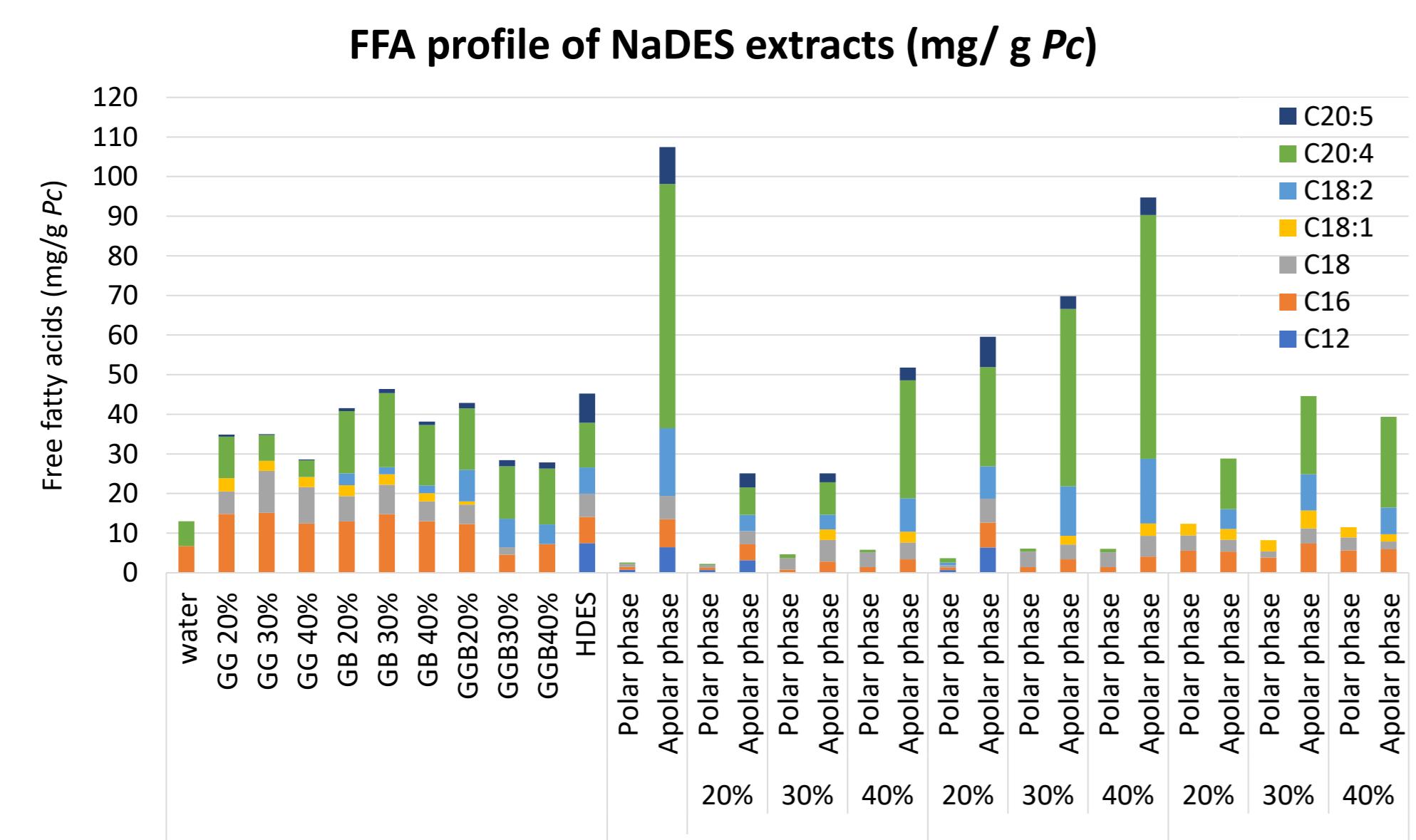
Pigments recovery



- ✓ SL : GGB best skills
- ✓ SLL : NaDES with 40% of water are the best for B-PE extractions

- ✓ SL : Non polar NaDES alone has poor abilities (HDES)
- ✓ SLL : promotes the access to non polar metabolites
- ✓ GB40%-HDES is the best couple in hydrophobic pigments extraction

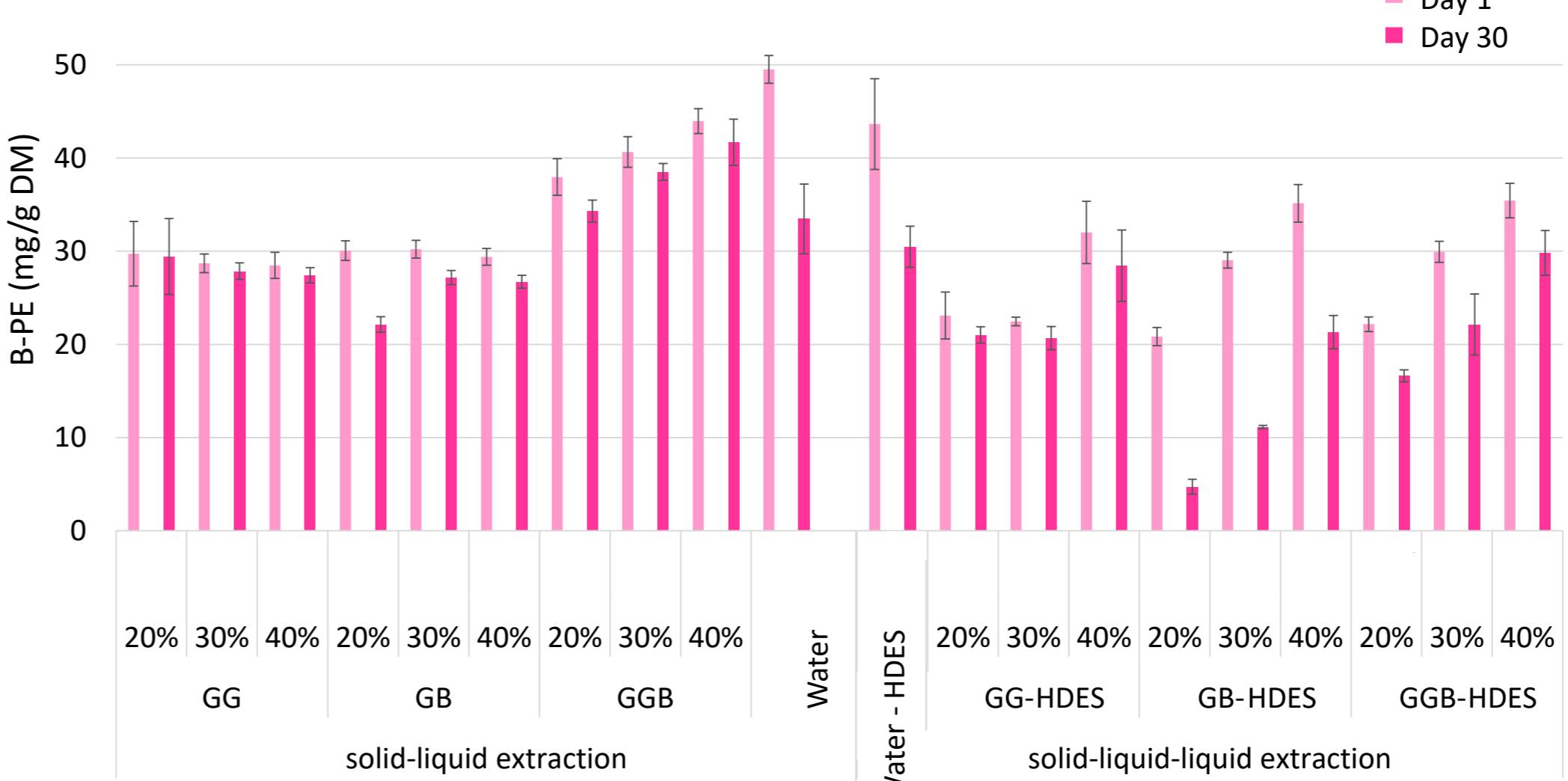
Free Fatty Acids recovery



- ✓ SL : bad Performances
- ✓ SLL : Enhanced extraction using SLL strategy, GB most relevant NaDES

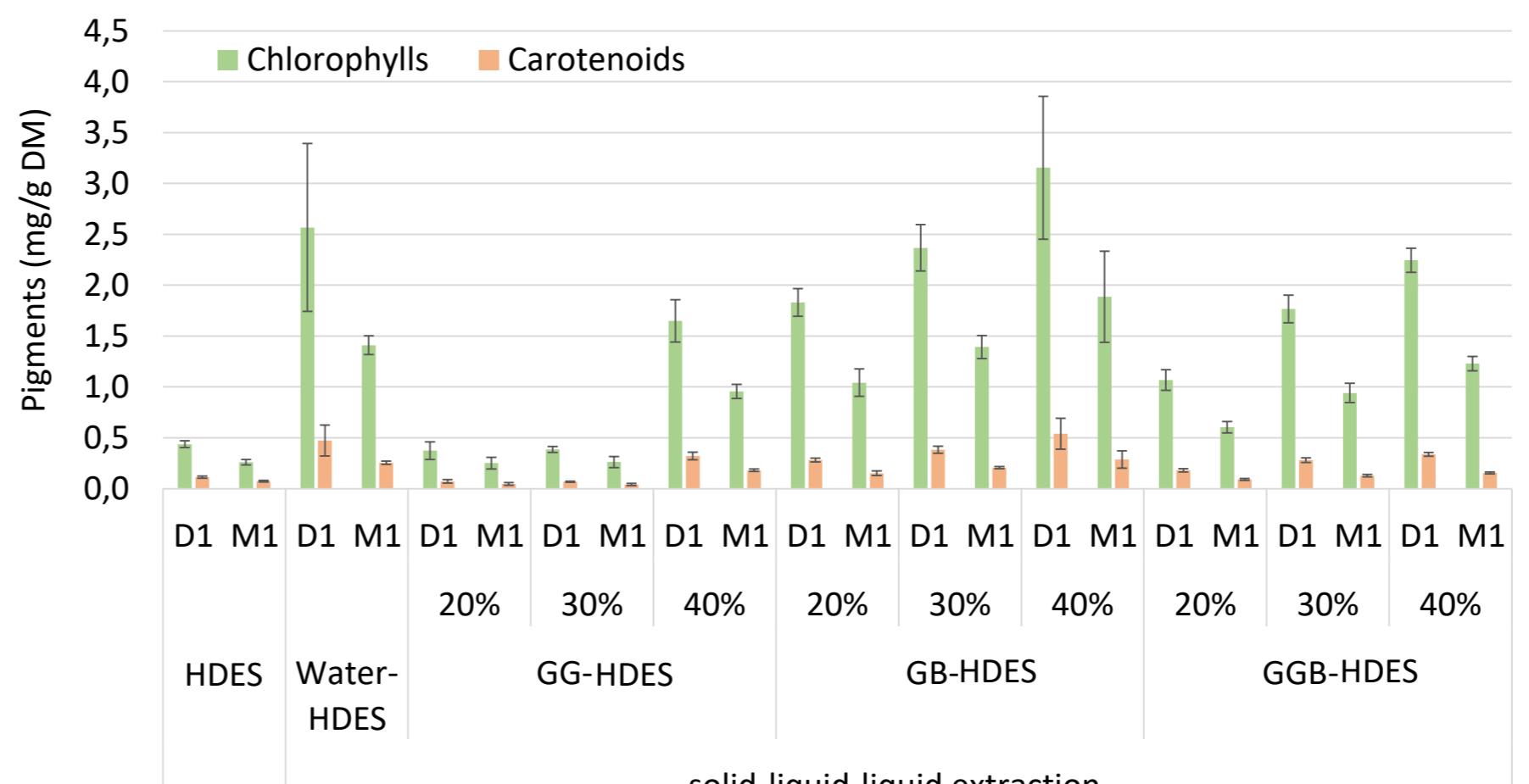
Pigments stability

Stability of extracts after 1 month



- ✓ SL : Enhanced stability in NaDES using SL process
- ✓ SLL : Good performances of SLL with GG

Stability of extracts after 1 month



Compound	Biomass total content
Phycoerythrin	54.7 mg/g DM
Chlorophylls	3.0 mg/g DM
Carotenoids	1.2 mg/g DM

- ✓ SL : Poor stability using SL process
- ✓ SLL : Enhanced stability thanks to SLL strategy

- SL extraction are efficient for B-PE extraction and stabilization
- SLL strategy : interesting for non polar metabolites valorization (FFA, etc) and bright red color of B-PE extract

Conclusion

The optimal NaDES combination, as well as the preferred process (SL or SLL), is highly dependent on **the molecular target** and **the intended use of the extract**. For instance, if the objective is to achieve efficient extraction of chlorophylls and carotenoids while maintaining an adequate level of B-PE, the GB-40%/HDES combination is recommended. Conversely, if the objective is to ensure optimal conservation of the extracted B-PE, NaDES GG is the most effective.

Perspective

- Scale-up : ratio biomass - solvent 1/10 to 1/5
- Transposing the SLL process to different technologies: microwave, ultrasounds
- Introduction of resulting extract in cosmetics

