Supplemental Materials

Associations of exposure to outdoor PM_{2.5} and NO₂ during pregnancy with childhood asthma, rhinitis, and eczema in a predominantly rural French mother-child cohort.

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Tables

Table S1. Main characteristics of each air pollution model.

| Model | Estimation method | Pollutant | Resolution | R ² | Year of monitoring data | Source of monitoring data |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Western European | Land Use Regression | $PM_{2.5}(\mu g/m^3)$ | 100×100m | 0.62 | 2010 | European Environment Agency (EEA) |
| Land Use Regression ^a | | $NO_2 (\mu g/m^3)$ | 100~10011 | 0.59 | 2010 | AirBase v8 dataset |
| Hybrid model ^b | GAM (using spatiotemporal and spatial predictors, and 3 base learners [LMM, GMRF, RF]) | PM _{2.5} (µg/m ³) | lkm x lkm | 0.76 | 2000 to 2019 | Regional air quality monitoring networks (federated by ATMO France) |
| CHIMERE | Eulerian chemistry-transport model | NO ₂ (μg/m ³) | 4km x 4km | 0.51 | 2000 to 2015 | National air quality databases: – BDQA (Base de Données de Qualité de l'Air) before 2013. – GEODAIR and the Airbase database after 2013. |

PM_{2.5} particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 µm; NO₂: nitrogen dioxide; LMM: linear mixed models; RF: random forests. References:

- a. de Hoogh K, Chen J, Gulliver J, Hoffmann B, Hertel O, Ketzel M, et al. Spatial PM2.5, NO2, O3 and BC models for Western Europe Evaluation of spatiotemporal stability. Environ Int. 2018.
- b. Hough I, Sarafian R, Shtein A, Zhou B, Lepeule J, Kloog I. Gaussian Markov random fields improve ensemble predictions of daily 1 km PM2.5 and PM10 across France. Atmos Environ. 2021.
- c. Real E, Couvidat F, Ung A, Malherbe L, Raux B, Gressent A, et al. Historical reconstruction of background air pollution over France for 2000–2015. Earth Syst Sci Data. 2022 May 24;14(5):2419–43

Table S2. Comparison of baseline characteristics between the analysis populations and the non-respondents to the 6- and 12-year follow-up.

| | 6 | -year follow-up | | 1 | 12-year follow-up | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| | Non-respondents (n=686) | Analysis population (n=1322) | p-value | Non-respondents (n=888) | Analysis population (n=1118) | p-value | | | |
| Sex, <i>n</i> (%) | | | 0.73 | | | 0.67 | | | |
| Boys | 349 (50.9) | 662 (50.1) | | 454 (51.1) | 561 (50.2) | | | | |
| Girls | 337 (49.1) | 660 (49.9) | | 434 (48.9) | 557 (49.8) | | | | |
| Mother's age in years at inclusion, <i>mean (SD)</i> * | 30.0 (4.35) | 30.5 (3.99) | 0.007 | 30.0 (4.32) | 30.7 (3.98) | 0.0002 | | | |
| Mother tobacco smoking during pregnancy, <i>n (%)</i> | | | 0.02 | | | <.0001 | | | |
| Non-smoker or former smoker | 502 (73.7) | 1019 (77.1) | | 633 (71.9) | 881 (78.8) | | | | |
| Smoker at the start of pregnancy who has quit | 83 (12.2) | 171 (12.9) | | 114 (13.0) | 141 (12.6) | | | | |
| Smoker at inclusion | 96 (14.1) | 132 (10.0) | | 133 (15.1) | 96 (8.6) | | | | |
| Mother's education level at inclusion, n (%) | | | 0.20 | | | <.0001 | | | |
| Under high school | 107 (15.7) | 188 (14.2) | | 173 (19.5) | 122 (10.9) | | | | |
| High school diploma | 132 (19.3) | 223 (16.9) | | 177 (20.0) | 186 (16.6) | | | | |
| Graduate education | 444 (65.0) | 911 (68.9) | | 536 (60.5) | 810 (72.5) | | | | |
| French Deprivation Index (FDep) during pregnancy, n (%) | | | 0.61 | | | 0.002 | | | |
| 1 st tertile (low deprived) | 327 (48.5) | 667 (50.5) | | 402 (45.6) | 589 (52.7) | | | | |
| 2 nd tertile (medium deprived) | 212 (31.5) | 412 (31.1) | | 286 (32.4) | 343 (30.7) | | | | |

| 3 rd tertile (high deprived) | 135 (20.0) | 243 (18.4) | | 194 (22.0) | 186 (16.6) | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------|------------|------------|--------|
| Urbanization degree during pregnancy, <i>n (%)</i> | | | 0.84 | | | 0.38 |
| Urban | 241 (35.3) | 473 (35.8) | | 309 (34.9) | 411 (36.8) | |
| Rural | 441 (64.7) | 849 (64.2) | | 577 (65.1) | 707 (63.2) | |
| Air pollutants concentration (μg/m ³) during pregnancy, <i>median (IQR)</i> [†] | | | | | | |
| PM _{2.5} | 15.1 (3.5) | 15.1 (3.3) | 0.64 | 14.8 (3.2) | 15.3 (3.5) | <.0001 |
| NO ₂ | 17.3 (9.9) | 17.5 (9.6) | 0.80 | 16.9 (9.1) | 17.8 (9.9) | 0.007 |

All comparison tests were performed excluding missing data among the non-respondents. *Student's t-test. †Wilcoxon Rank Sum test.

| | 6-yea1 | r follow-up (n=1322) | | 12-yea | 12-year follow-up (n=1118) | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | Urban area (n=473) | Rural area (n=849) | p-value | Urban area (n=411) | Rural area (n=707) | p-value | | | | |
| Sex, <i>n (%)</i> | | | 0.56 | | | 0.47 | | | | |
| Boys | 242 (51.2) | 420 (49.5) | | 212 (51.6) | 349 (49.4) | | | | | |
| Girls | 231 (48.8) | 429 (50.5) | | 199 (48.4) | 358 (50.6) | | | | | |
| Child's age in years, <i>mean (SD)</i> * | 6.2 (0.21) | 6.2 (0.20) | 0.11 | 12.6 (0.34) | 12.6 (0.34) | 0.35 | | | | |
| Mother's age in years at inclusion, mean (SD)* | 30.9 (4.16) | 30.3 (3.89) | 0.02 | 30.9 (4.11) | 30.6 (3.89) | 0.22 | | | | |
| Mother tobacco smoking during pregnancy, <i>n</i> (%) | | | 0.28 | | | | | | | |
| Non-smoker or former smoker | 354 (74.8) | 665 (78.3) | | 319 (77.6) | 562 (79.5) | 0.63 | | | | |
| Smoker at the start of pregnancy who has quit | 70 (14.8) | 101 (11.9) | | 57 (13.9) | 84 (11.9) | | | | | |
| Smoker at inclusion | 49 (10.4) | 83 (9.8) | | 35 (8.5) | 61 (8.6) | | | | | |
| Mother's education level at inclusion, <i>n (%)</i> | | | 0.02 | | | 0.006 | | | | |
| Under high school | 56 (11.8) | 132 (15.5) | | 31 (7.6) | 91 (12.9) | | | | | |
| High school diploma | 68 (14.4) | 155 (18.3) | | 61 (14.8) | 125 (17.7) | | | | | |
| Graduate education | 349 (73.8) | 562 (66.2) | | 319 (77.6) | 491 (69.4) | | | | | |
| French Deprivation Index (FDep) during pregnancy, <i>n</i> (%) | | | <.0001 | | | <.0001 | | | | |
| 1 st tertile (low deprived) | 335 (70.8) | 332 (39.1) | | 309 (75.2) | 280 (39.6) | | | | | |

Table S3. Baseline characteristics of participants in 6- and 12-year follow-up according to their area of residence (urban or rural) during pregnancy.

| 2 nd tertile (medium deprived) | 85 (18.0) | 327 (38.5) | | 68 (16.5) | 275 (38.9) | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------|-------------------|------------------|--------|
| 3 rd tertile (high deprived) | 53 (11.2) | 190 (22.4) | | 34 (8.3) | 152 (21.5) | |
| Air pollutants concentration (μg/m ³) during pregnancy, <i>mean (median;</i> <i>IQR)</i> [†] | | | | | | |
| PM _{2.5} | 16.1 (16.3; 3.2) | 14.6 (14.5; 3.2) | <.0001 | 16.2 (16.5; 3.3) | 14.7 (14.8; 3.3) | <.0001 |
| NO ₂ | 25.3 (24.0; 10.8) | 15.1 (14.4; 6.8) | <.0001 | 26.0 (24.7; 11.5) | 15.3 (14.7; 6.9) | <.0001 |
| Outcomes' prevalence | | | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 59 (12.5) | 98 (11.5) | 0.62 | 51 (12.4) | 61 (8.6) | 0.04 |
| Ever rhinitis | 84 (17.8) | 175 (20.6) | 0.21 | 94 (22.9) | 165 (23.3) | 0.86 |
| Ever eczema | 117 (24.7) | 178 (20.9) | 0.11 | 79 (19.2) | 133 (18.8) | 0.87 |
| Multimorbidity phenotype | | | 0.82 | | | 0.44 |
| 1 disease | 132 (27.9) | 225 (26.5) | | 101 (24.6) | 190 (26.9) | |
| \geq 2 diseases | 56 (11.8) | 98 (11.5) | | 52 (12.7) | 74 (10.5) | |

*Means were compared using Student's t-test. +Means were compared using Wilcoxon Rank Sum test.

| | Total | | Ever asthma | | | Ever rhinitis | | Ever eczema | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|---------|------------|---------------|---------|-------------|------------|---------|
| | (n=1322) | No | Yes | p-value | No | Yes | p-value | No | Yes | p-value |
| Sex, <i>n (%)</i> | | | | 0.02 | | | 0.09 | | | 0.01 |
| Boys | 662 (50.1) | 570 (48.9) | 92 (58.6) | | 520 (48.9) | 142 (54.8) | | 495 (48.2) | 167 (56.6) | |
| Girls | 660 (49.9) | 595 (51.1) | 65 (41.4) | | 543 (51.1) | 117 (45.2) | | 532 (51.8) | 128 (43.4) | |
| Child's age in years, mean (SD)* | 6.2 (0.20) | 6.2 (0.19) | 6.2 (0.23) | 0.24 | 6.2 (0.20) | 6.2 (0.19) | 0.93 | 6.2 (0.20) | 6.2 (0.18) | 0.11 |
| Mother tobacco smoking during pregnancy, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | 0.40 | | | 0.44 | | | 0.21 |
| Non-smoker or former smoker | 1019 (77.1) | 904 (77.6) | 115 (73.3) | | 826 (77.7) | 193 (74.5) | | 801 (78.0) | 218 (73.9) | |
| Smoker at the start of pregnancy who has quit | 171 (12.9) | 149 (12.8) | 22 (14.0) | | 136 (12.8) | 35 (13.5) | | 131 (12.8) | 40 (13.6) | |
| Smoker at inclusion | 132 (10.0) | 112 (9.6) | 20 (12.7) | | 101 (9.5) | 31 (12.0) | | 95 (9.2) | 37 (12.5) | |
| Mother's age at inclusion in years, <i>mean (SD)</i> * | 30.5 (3.99) | 30.6 (3.9) | 29.9 (3.9) | 0.04 | 30.7 (4.0) | 29.8 (3.8) | 0.001 | 30.6 (4.0) | 30.2 (3.8) | 0.22 |
| Mother's education level at inclusion, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | 0.37 | | | 0.07 | | | 0.98 |
| Under high school | 188 (14.2) | 162 (13.9) | 26 (16.6) | | 154 (14.5) | 34 (13.1) | | 145 (14.1) | 43 (14.6) | |
| High school diploma | 223 (16.9) | 202 (17.3) | 21 (13.4) | | 167 (15.7) | 56 (21.6) | | 174 (16.9) | 49 (16.6) | |
| Graduate education | 991 (68.9) | 801 (68.8) | 110 (70.0) | | 742 (69.8) | 169 (65.3) | | 708 (69.0) | 203 (68.8) | |
| French Deprivation Index (FDep) during pregnancy, n (%) | | | | 0.22 | | | 0.06 | | | 0.85 |
| 1 st tertile (low deprived) | 667 (50.4) | 588 (50.5) | 79 (50.3) | | 550 (51.8) | 117 (45.2) | | 515 (50.2) | 152 (51.5) | |
| 2 nd tertile (medium deprived) | 412 (31.2) | 356 (30.5) | 56 (35.7) | | 330 (31.0) | 82 (31.6) | | 324 (31.5) | 88 (29.8) | |
| 3 rd tertile (high deprived) | 243 (18.4) | 221 (19.0) | 22 (14.0) | | 183 (17.2) | 60 (23.2) | | 188 (18.3) | 55 (18.7) | |
| Urbanization degree during pregnancy, <i>n (%)</i> | | | | 0.62 | | | 0.21 | | | 0.11 |
| Urban | 473 (35.8) | 414 (35.5) | 59 (37.6) | | 389 (36.6) | 84 (32.4) | | 356 (34.7) | 117 (39.7) | |

Table S4. Baseline characteristics of participants according to their status for ever asthma, ever rhinitis, and ever eczema at 6-year follow-up.

| Rural | 849 (64.2) | 751 (64.5) | 98 (62.4) | | 674 (63.4) | 175 (67.6) | | 671 (65.3) | 178 (60.3) | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------|------------|------------|------|------------|------------|------|
| Air pollutants concentration (μg/m ³) during pregnancy, <i>mean</i> (SD) [†] | | | | | | | | | | |
| PM _{2.5} | 15.1 (2.2) | 15.1 (2.2) | 15.2 (2.2) | 0.80 | 15.1 (2.2) | 15.2 (2.2) | 0.77 | 15.1 (2.2) | 15.1 (2.3) | 0.96 |
| NO ₂ | 18.8 (7.7) | 18.7 (7.7) | 19.0 (8.4) | 0.99 | 18.8 (7.7) | 18.6 (7.8) | 0.47 | 18.6 (7.5) | 19.4 (8.5) | 0.32 |

PM_{2.5} particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 µm; NO₂: nitrogen dioxide; SD: standard deviation. *Means were compared using Student's t-test. †Means were compared using Wilcoxon Rank Sum test.

| | Total | I | Ever asthma | | E | ver rhinitis | | Ever asthma | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------|-------------|--------------|---------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| | (n=1118) | No | Yes | p-value | No | Yes | p-value | No | Yes | p-value |
| Sex, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | 0.002 | | | 0.0001 | | | 0.95 |
| Boys | 561 (50.2) | 489 (48.6) | 72 (64.3) | | 404 (47.0) | 157 (60.6) | | 455 (50.2) | 106 (50.0) | |
| Girls | 557 (49.8) | 517 (51.4) | 40 (35.7) | | 455 (53.0) | 102 (39.4) | | 451 (49.8) | 106 (50.0) | |
| Child's age in years, mean (SD)* | 12.6 (0.33) | 12.6 (0.33) | 12.6 (0.31) | 0.56 | 12.6 (0.33) | 12.6 (0.34) | 0.60 | 12.6 (0.33) | 12.6 (0.33) | 0.67 |
| Mother tobacco smoking during pregnancy, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | 0.06 | | | 0.29 | | | 0.43 |
| Non-smoker or former smoker | 881 (78.8) | 802 (79.7) | 79 (70.5) | | 679 (79.1) | 202 (78.0) | | 718 (79.2) | 163 (76.9) | |
| Smoker at the start of pregnancy who has quit | 141 (12.6) | 123 (12.2) | 18 (16.1) | | 112 (13.0) | 29 (11.2) | | 115 (12.7) | 26 (12.3) | |
| Smoker at inclusion | 96 (8.6) | 81 (8.1) | 15 (13.4) | | 68 (7.9) | 28 (10.8) | | 73 (8.1) | 23 (10.8) | |
| Mother's age at inclusion in years, <i>mean (SD)</i> * | 30.7 (3.97) | 30.7 (3.94) | 30.4 (4.27) | 0.49 | 30.8 (3.88) | 30.4 (4.24) | 0.18 | 30.7 (3.98) | 30.7 (3.91) | 0.94 |
| Mother's education level at inclusion, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | 0.47 | | | 0.22 | | | 0.03 |
| Under high school | 122 (10.9) | 106 (10.5) | 16 (14.3) | | 88 (10.2) | 34 (13.1) | | 105 (11.6) | 17 (8.0) | |
| High school diploma | 186 (16.6) | 169 (16.8) | 17 (15.2) | | 150 (17.5) | 36 (13.9) | | 160 (17.7) | 26 (12.3) | |
| Graduate education | 810 (72.5) | 731 (72.7) | 79 (70.5) | | 621 (72.3) | 189 (73.0) | | 641 (70.7) | 169 (79.7) | |
| French Deprivation Index (FDep) during pregnancy, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | 0.52 | | | 0.70 | | | 0.22 |
| 1 st tertile (low deprived) | 589 (52.7) | 525 (52.2) | 64 (57.1) | | 449 (52.3) | 140 (54.0) | | 466 (51.4) | 123 (58.0) | |
| 2 nd tertile (medium deprived) | 343 (30.7) | 310 (30.8) | 33 (29.5) | | 269 (31.3) | 74 (28.6) | | 286 (31.6) | 57 (26.9) | |
| 3 rd tertile (high deprived) | 186 (16.6) | 171 (17.0) | 15 (13.4) | | 141 (16.4) | 45 (17.4) | | 154 (17.0) | 32 (15.1) | |
| Urbanization degree during pregnancy, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | 0.04 | | | 0.86 | | | 0.87 |
| Urban | 411 (36.8) | 360 (35.8) | 51 (45.5) | | 317 (36.9) | 94 (36.3) | | 332 (36.6) | 79 (37.3) | |

Table S5. Baseline characteristics of participants according to their status for ever asthma, ever rhinitis, and ever eczema at 12-year follow-up.

| Rural | 707 (63.2) | 646 (64.2) | 61 (54.5) | | 542 (63.1) | 165 (63.7) | | 574 (63.4) | 133 (62.7) | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------|------------|------------|------|------------|------------|------|
| Air pollutants concentration (μg/m ³) during pregnancy, <i>mean</i> (SD) [†] | | | | | | | | | | |
| PM _{2.5} | 15.3 (2.2) | 15.2 (2.2) | 15.7 (2.2) | 0.03 | 15.3 (2.2) | 15.2 (2.2) | 0.54 | 15.2 (2.2) | 15.4 (2.2) | 0.45 |
| NO ₂ | 19.2 (8.0) | 19.0 (7.8) | 20.9 (9.4) | 0.05 | 19.2 (7.9) | 19.2 (8.3) | 0.84 | 19.1 (7.9) | 19.7 (8.4) | 0.42 |

PM_{2.5} particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 µm; NO₂: nitrogen dioxide; SD: standard deviation. *Means were compared using Student's t-test. †Means were compared using Wilcoxon Rank Sum test.

| | | 6 | -year follow-u | ıp | | 12-year follow-up | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|---------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|---------|--|
| | Total (n=1322) | No disease | 1 disease | ≥ 2 diseases | p-value | Total (n=1118) | No disease | 1 disease | ≥ 2 diseases | p-value | |
| Sex, <i>n (%)</i> | | | | | 0.02 | | | | | 0.007 | |
| Boys | 662 (50.1) | 383 (47.2) | 191 (53.5) | 88 (57.1) | | 561 (50.2) | 333 (47.5) | 149 (51.2) | 79 (62.7) | | |
| Girls | 660 (49.9) | 428 (52.8) | 166 (46.5) | 66 (42.9) | | 557 (49.8) | 368 (52.5) | 142 (48.8) | 47 (37.3) | | |
| Child's age in years, <i>mean</i> (SD) | 6.2 (0.20) | 6.2 (0.20) | 6.17 (0.17) | 6.22 (0.22) | 0.04 | 12.6 (0.33) | 12.6 (0.33) | 12.6 (0.35) | 12.6 (0.31) | 0.92 | |
| Mother tobacco smoking during pregnancy, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | | 0.07 | | | | | 0.35 | |
| Non-smoker or former smoker | 1019 (77.1) | 638 (78.7) | 268 (75.1) | 113 (73.4) | | 881 (78.8) | 557 (79.5) | 231 (79.4) | 93 (73.8) | | |
| Smoker at the start of pregnancy who has quit | 171 (12.9) | 99 (12.2) | 55 (15.4) | 17 (11.0) | | 141 (12.6) | 91 (13.0) | 33 (11.3) | 17 (13.5) | | |
| Smoker at inclusion | 132 (10.0) | 74 (9.1) | 34 (9.5) | 24 (15.6) | | 96 (8.6) | 53 (7.5) | 27 (9.3) | 16 (12.7) | | |
| Mother's age at inclusion in years, <i>mean (SD)</i> | 30.5 (3.99) | 30.8 (4.07) | 30.4 (3.84) | 29.6 (3.81) | 0.005 | 30.7 (3.97) | 30.7 (3.93) | 30.7 (3.96) | 30.2 (4.23) | 0.45 | |
| Mother's education level at inclusion, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | | 0.69 | | | | | 0.25 | |
| Under high school | 188 (14.2) | 116 (14.3) | 51 (14.3) | 21 (13.6) | | 122 (10.9) | 70 (10.0) | 39 (13.4) | 13 (10.3) | | |
| High school diploma | 223 (16.9) | 136 (17.8) | 55 (15.4) | 32 (20.8) | | 186 (16.6) | 128 (18.3) | 40 (13.8) | 18 (14.3) | | |
| Graduate education | 991 (68.9) | 559 (68.9) | 251 (70.3) | 101 (65.6) | | 810 (72.5) | 503 (71.7) | 212 (72.8) | 95 (75.4) | | |
| French Deprivation Index (FDep) during pregnancy, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | | 0.04 | | | | | 0.41 | |
| 1 st tertile (low deprived) | 667 (50.4) | 411 (50.7) | 185 (51.8) | 71 (46.1) | | 589 (52.7) | 356 (50.8) | 166 (57.0) | 67 (53.2) | | |
| 2 nd tertile (medium deprived) | 412 (31.2) | 261 (32.2) | 93 (26.1) | 58 (37.7) | | 343 (30.7) | 227 (32.4) | 77 (26.5) | 39 (30.9) | | |
| 3 rd tertile (high deprived) | 243 (18.4) | 139 (17.1) | 58 (22.1) | 25 (16.2) | | 186 (16.6) | 118 (16.8) | 48 (16.5) | 20 (15.9) | | |

Table S6. Baseline characteristics of participants according to the categories of the multimorbidity phenotype at 6- and 12-year follow-ups.

| Urbanization degree during pregnancy, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | | 0.82 | | | | | 0.44 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| Urban | 473 (35.8) | 285 (35.1) | 132 (37.0) | 56 (36.4) | | 411 (36.8) | 258 (36.8) | 101 (34.7) | 52 (41.3) | |
| Rural | 849 (64.2) | 526 (64.9) | 225 (63.0) | 98 (63.6) | | 707 (63.2) | 443 (63.2) | 190 (65.3) | 74 (58.7) | |
| Air pollutants concentration (µg/m ³) during pregnancy, <i>mean (SD)</i> | | | | | | | | | | |
| PM _{2.5} | 15.1 (2.2) | 15.1 (2.2) | 15.2 (2.2) | 15.1 (2.3) | 0.56 | 15.3 (2.2) | 15.3 (2.7) | 15.2 (2.2) | 15.6 (2.3) | 0.19 |
| NO ₂ | 18.8 (7.7) | 18.4 (7.3) | 19.5 (8.6) | 18.7 (7.9) | 0.41 | 19.2 (8.0) | 19.1 (8.0) | 18.8 (7.4) | 20.8 (9.6) | 0.26 |

 $PM_{2.5}$ particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 μ m; NO₂: nitrogen dioxide; SD: standard deviation.

Table S7. Descriptive statistics of $PM_{2.5}$ and NO_2 exposure during pregnancy among participants at 6- and 12-year follow-ups. Comparative of estimates from the Western European Land Use Regression (LUR) with the estimates from the hybrid and CHIMERE models for continental France.

| Pollutant | Model | Mean | SD | Min | 25th | 50th | 75th | Max | IQR |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------|----------|------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | | | 6-years | follow-up resp | ondents | | | | |
| DM | Western European LUR | 15.13 | 2.20 | 8.34 | 13.47 | 15.14 | 16.79 | 20.97 | 3.32 |
| P W12.5 μg/m ² | Hybrid model | 10.17 | 0.77 | 8.41 | 9.62 | 10.08 | 10.57 | 13.42 | 0.95 |
| NO materia | Western European LUR | 18.75 | 7.74 | 5.11 | 12.91 | 17.51 | 22.47 | 57.06 | 9.56 |
| NO ₂ μg/m ^o | CHIMERE | 16.35 | 3.04 | 10.58 | 14.06 | 16.10 | 18.02 | 26.46 | 3.95 |
| | | | 12-years | s follow-up resp | oondents | | | | |
| DM | Western European LUR | 15.28 | 2.24 | 8.34 | 13.57 | 15.28 | 17.10 | 20.97 | 3.53 |
| P 1V12.5 μg/m ^o | Hybrid model | 10.23 | 0.80 | 8.47 | 9.67 | 10.13 | 10.63 | 13.90 | 0.95 |
| $NO u a/m^3$ | Western European LUR | 19.22 | 8.04 | 5.11 | 13.22 | 17.77 | 23.14 | 69.23 | 9.92 |
| $1002 \mu\text{g/m}^{\circ}$ | CHIMERE | 16.57 | 3.16 | 10.58 | 14.19 | 16.22 | 18.40 | 26.47 | 4.21 |

PM_{2.5} particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 µm; NO₂: nitrogen dioxide; SD: standard deviation; IQR: interquartile range.

Table S8. Results from univariate and multivariate logistic regression models investigating the associations of exposure to PM_{2.5} during pregnancy with ever asthma, ever rhinitis, ever eczema, and multimorbidity phenotype at 6- and 12-year follow-ups.

| D' | | Univariate | | | Model 1 | | Model 2 | | | Model 3 | | |
|------------------------|------|-------------|----------|------|-------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|
| Disease | OR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value |
| 6-year follow-up | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 1.03 | [0.80-1.32] | 0.82 | 1.02 | [0.79-1.32] | 0.85 | 1.02 | [0.79-1.31] | 0.91 | 1.01 | [0.77-1.32] | 0.94 |
| Ever rhinitis | 1.04 | [0.85-1.28] | 0.71 | 1.05 | [0.85-1.29] | 0.67 | 1.06 | [0.86-1.30] | 0.60 | 1.11 | [0.90-1.38] | 0.33 |
| Ever eczema | 0.99 | [0.81-1.20] | 0.89 | 1.01 | [0.83-1.23] | 0.90 | 1.01 | [0.83-1.23] | 0.92 | 0.99 | [0.80-1.22] | 0.93 |
| Multimorbidity phenoty | pe | | <u>.</u> | | · | | | · | | | | |
| No disease | Ref. | | | Ref. | | | Ref. | | | Ref. | | |
| 1 disease | 1.12 | [0.92-1.35] | 0.26 | 1.14 | [0.95-1.38] | 0.17 | 1.14 | [0.94-1.38] | 0.19 | 1.14 | [0.93-1.38] | 0.21 |
| \geq 2 diseases | 1.00 | [0.77-1.29] | 0.97 | 1.00 | [0.77-1.31] | 0.99 | 1.01 | [0.77-1.31] | 0.96 | 1.03 | [0.79-1.36] | 0.82 |
| 12-year follow-up | | | | | | · | | · | | | · | |
| Ever asthma | 1.41 | [1.03-1.93] | 0.03 | 1.42 | [1.03-1.96] | 0.03 | 1.42 | [1.03-1.96] | 0.03 | 1.38 | [0.98-1.93] | 0.07 |
| Ever rhinitis | 0.93 | [0.75-1.16] | 0.52 | 0.95 | [0.76-1.18] | 0.62 | 0.93 | [0.75-1.17] | 0.55 | 0.91 | [0.72-1.15] | 0.43 |
| Ever eczema | 1.10 | [0.87-1.40] | 0.41 | 1.12 | [0.88-1.42] | 0.37 | 1.08 | [0.85-1.37] | 0.54 | 1.03 | [0.80-1.33] | 0.83 |
| Multimorbidity phenoty | pe | | <u>.</u> | | · | | | · | | | | |
| No disease | Ref. | | Ref. | | Ref. | | | Ref. | | | | |
| 1 disease | 0.94 | [0.76-1.17] | 0.60 | 0.95 | [0.76-1.18] | 0.60 | 0.93 | [0.75-1.17] | 0.54 | 0.87 | [0.69-1.10] | 0.25 |

| \geq 2 diseases | 1.25 | [0.92-1.69] | 0.15 | 1.29 | [0.94-1.76] | 0.11 | 1.26 | [0.92-1.72] | 0.14 | 1.26 | [0.90-1.74] | 0.17 |
|-------------------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|
|-------------------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|

 $PM_{2.5}$ particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 μ m; OR: Odds Ratio; CI: confidence interval. OR (95% CI) were calculated for an increase of an interquartile range in $PM_{2.5}$ (3.32 μ g/m³ for participants at 6-years follow-up, and 3.53 μ g/m³ for participants at 12-years follow-up).

Multivariate models were performed with an increasing order of adjustment: *model 1:* adjusted by child's sex and age, mother's age at birth, and mother's smoking habits during pregnancy, *model 2:* adjustment model 1 + mother's education level at birth, and *model 3:* adjustment model 2 + area-level socioeconomic status during pregnancy (French Deprivation Index).

Table S9. Results from univariate and multivariate logistic regression models investigating the associations of exposure to NO_2 during pregnancywith ever asthma, ever rhinitis, ever eczema, and the multimorbidity phenotype at 6- and 12-year follow-ups.

| D' | | Univariate | | | Model 1 | | Model 2 | | | Model 3 | | |
|------------------------|------|-------------|----------|------|-------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|
| Disease | OR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value |
| 6-year follow-up | | | ^ | | | | | | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 1.05 | [0.86-1.28] | 0.65 | 1.04 | [0.85-1.27] | 0.71 | 1.03 | [0.84-1.26] | 0.77 | 1.03 | [0.83-1.28] | 0.81 |
| Ever rhinitis | 0.96 | [0.81-1.14] | 0.65 | 0.96 | [0.81-1.14] | 0.64 | 0.97 | [0.82-1.15] | 0.71 | 1.01 | [0.85-1.21] | 0.89 |
| Ever eczema | 1.14 | [0.98-1.33] | 0.10 | 1.16 | [0.99-1.35] | 0.07 | 1.15 | [0.99-1.35] | 0.07 | 1.15 | [0.97-1.36] | 0.10 |
| Multimorbidity phenoty | pe | · | <u>.</u> | | · | | | · | | | | |
| No disease | Ref. | | | Ref. | | | Ref. | | | Ref. | | |
| 1 disease | 1.18 | [1.02-1.37] | 0.03 | 1.20 | [1.03-1.39] | 0.02 | 1.19 | [1.02-1.39] | 0.02 | 1.20 | [1.02-1.41] | 0.03 |
| \geq 2 diseases | 1.04 | [0.84-1.29] | 0.73 | 1.04 | [0.84-1.29] | 0.72 | 1.04 | [0.84-1.30] | 0.70 | 1.08 | [0.86-1.35] | 0.52 |
| 12-year follow-up | | | | | | | | | | | · | |
| Ever asthma | 1.30 | [1.04-1.62] | 0.02 | 1.27 | [1.02-1.59] | 0.04 | 1.28 | [1.02-1.60] | 0.03 | 1.25 | [0.98-1.59] | 0.07 |
| Ever rhinitis | 1.01 | [0.85-1.19] | 0.96 | 1.00 | [0.84-1.18] | 0.98 | 1.00 | [0.84-1.18] | 0.96 | 0.98 | [0.81-1.18] | 0.80 |
| Ever eczema | 1.10 | [0.92-1.32] | 0.29 | 1.10 | [0.92-1.32] | 0.28 | 1.07 | [0.89-1.29] | 0.45 | 1.03 | [0.85-1.25] | 0.79 |
| Multimorbidity phenoty | pe | | <u>.</u> | | · | | | · | | | | |
| No disease | Ref. | | Ref. | | Ref. | | | Ref. | | | | |
| 1 disease | 0.95 | [0.80-1.13] | 0.54 | 0.95 | [0.80-1.13] | 0.53 | 0.94 | [0.79-1.13] | 0.52 | 0.88 | [0.73-1.07] | 0.19 |

| \geq 2 diseases | 1.26 | [1.01-1.56] | 0.04 | 1.24 | [1.00-1.54] | 0.05 | 1.22 | [0.98-1.52] | 0.07 | 1.23 | [0.97-1.56] | 0.09 |
|-------------------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|
|-------------------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|

NO₂: nitrogen dioxide; OR: Odds Ratio; CI: confidence interval. OR (95% CI) were calculated for an increase of an interquartile range in NO₂ (9.56 μ g/m³ for participants at 6-years follow-up, and 9.92 μ g/m³ for participants at 12-years follow-up).

Multivariate models were performed with an increasing order of adjustment: *model 1:* adjusted by child's sex and age, mother's age at birth, and mother's smoking habits during pregnancy, *model 2:* adjustment model 1 + mother's education level at birth, and *model 3:* adjustment model 2 + area-level socioeconomic status during pregnancy (French Deprivation Index).

Table S10. Interaction p-value for the degree of urbanization during pregnancy and child's sex with pregnancy exposure to $PM_{2.5}$ and NO_2 among included participants for the 6- and 12-year follow-up analyses

| | Urbanization du | iring pregnancy | Child | 's sex |
|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| Outcome | PM _{2.5} p-value | NO2 p-value | PM _{2.5} p-value | NO2 p-value |
| 6-year follow-up | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 0.58 | 0.53 | 0.86 | 0.72 |
| Ever rhinitis | 0.45 | 0.39 | 0.52 | 0.67 |
| Ever eczema | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.30 | 0.64 |
| Multimorbidity | 0.63 | 0.64 | 0.97 | 0.77 |
| 12-year follow-up | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 0.23 | 0.64 | 0.73 | 0.30 |
| Ever rhinitis | 0.81 | 0.76 | 0.64 | 0.16 |
| Ever eczema | 0.58 | 0.53 | 0.53 | 0.15 |
| Multimorbidity | 0.43 | 0.75 | 0.93 | 0.19 |

Table S11. Sex-stratified adjusted associations of pregnancy exposure to $PM_{2.5}$ and NO_2 with ever asthma, ever rhinitis, ever eczema, and the multimorbidity phenotype at 6- and 12-year follow-ups.

| | | | PN | A _{2.5} | | | | | Ν | O ₂ | | |
|--------------------|-----------|-------------|---------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|-------------|---------|
| Disease | | Boys | | | Girls | | | Boys | | | Girls | |
| | OR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value |
| 6-year follow-up | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 1.08 | [0.75-1.54] | 0.68 | 0.98 | [0.66-1.47] | 0.94 | 1.03 | [0.77-1.37] | 0.85 | 1.07 | [0.76-1.51] | 0.65 |
| Ever rhinitis | 1.23 | [0.90-1.67] | 0.19 | 1.01 | [0.73-1.38] | 0.98 | 1.00 | [0.78-1.28] | 0.99 | 1.03 | [0.79-1.35] | 0.83 |
| Ever eczema | 0.90 | [0.68-1.20] | 0.48 | 1.12 | [0.83-1.52] | 0.46 | 1.12 | [0.90-1.40] | 0.32 | 1.21 | [0.94-1.55] | 0.14 |
| Multimorbidity phe | enotype | | | · | | | | | | - | | |
| No disease | Ref. | | | Ref. | | | Ref. | | | Ref. | | |
| 1 disease | 1.21 | [0.91-1.61] | 0.19 | 1.09 | [0.82-1.44] | 0.57 | 1.28 | [1.03-1.60] | 0.03 | 1.15 | [0.91-1.46] | 0.25 |
| \geq 2 diseases | 1.04 | [0.71-1.52] | 0.84 | 1.05 | [0.70-1.57] | 0.83 | 1.03 | [0.75-1.41] | 0.84 | 1.15 | [0.81-1.62] | 0.43 |
| 12-year follow-up | | · · · · · | | ' | · · · · · · | | | · · · · · | | | · · · · · | |
| Ever asthma | 1.28 | [0.83-1.97] | 0.27 | 1.49 | [0.85-2.60] | 0.17 | 1.24 | [0.93-1.66] | 0.14 | 1.21 | [0.77-1.90] | 0.41 |
| Ever rhinitis | 0.82 | [0.60-1.13] | 0.22 | 0.98 | [0.68-1.41] | 0.89 | 1.07 | [0.85-1.35] | 0.57 | 0.80 | [0.58-1.09] | 0.16 |
| Ever eczema | 1.03 | [0.71-1.48] | 0.88 | 1.00 | [0.69-1.43] | 0.98 | 1.12 | [0.87-1.46] | 0.38 | 0.88 | [0.65-1.19] | 0.42 |
| Multimorbidity phe | enotype | · · · | | | | | | · · · | | | · · · | |
| No disease | Ref. Ref. | | | | | Ref. Ref. | | | | | | |

| 1 disease | 0.80 | [0.57-1.12] | 0.19 | 0.94 | [0.68-1.31] | 0.71 | 1.00 | [0.77-1.29] | 0.97 | 0.76 | [0.57-1.01] | 0.06 |
|-------------------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|
| \geq 2 diseases | 1.14 | [0.74-1.74] | 0.55 | 1.30 | [0.77-2.20] | 0.32 | 1.31 | [0.98-1.76] | 0.07 | 1.03 | [0.67-1.57] | 0.91 |

PM_{2.5} particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 µm; NO₂: nitrogen dioxide; OR: Odds Ratio; CI: confidence interval.

OR (95% CI) were calculated for an increase of an interquartile range ($3.32 \mu g/m^3$ for PM_{2.5}, and $9.56 \mu g/m^3$ for NO₂ for participants at 6-years follow-up, and $3.53 \mu g/m^3$ for PM_{2.5}, and 9.92 $\mu g/m^3$ for NO₂ for participants at 12-years follow-up). All models were adjusted for child's age, mother's age and education level at birth, mother's tobacco smoking habits during pregnancy and area-level socioeconomic status during pregnancy (French Deprivation Index).

Table S12. Adjusted associations of pregnancy exposure to $PM_{2.5}$ and NO_2 categorized into quartiles with ever asthma, ever rhinitis, and ever eczema at 6- and 12-year follow-ups.

| | | Ever as | thma | | | Ever rh | initis | | | Ever ecz | zema | |
|--------------------------|------|-------------|---------|-----------------|------|-------------------|---------|-----------------|------|-------------|---------|-----------------|
| | OR | 95% CI | p-value | p-for- trend | OR | 95% CI | p-value | p-for- trend | OR | 95% CI | p-value | p-for- trend |
| | | | | |] | PM _{2.5} | | | | | | |
| 6-year follow-up | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 st quartile | Ref. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 nd quartile | 1.00 | [0.61-1.64] | 0.99 | 0.70 | 0.98 | [0.66-1.46] | 0.94 | 0.00 | 0.96 | [0.66-1.40] | 0.84 | |
| 3 rd quartile | 1.38 | [0.86-2.22] | 0.18 | 0.79 | 1.17 | [0.79-1.74] | 0.43 | 0.30 | 1.01 | [0.69-1.46] | 0.97 | 0.98 |
| 4 th quartile | 0.95 | [0.57-1.59] | 0.85 | | 1.18 | [0.79-1.77] | 0.42 | | 0.99 | [0.67-1.45] | 0.95 | |
| 12-year follow-up | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 st quartile | Ref. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 nd quartile | 1.56 | [0.83-2.90] | 0.17 | 0.10 | 1.12 | [0.75-1.66] | 0.59 | 0.50 | 1.22 | [0.79-1.88] | 0.36 | 0.00 |
| 3 rd quartile | 1.95 | [1.05-3.62] | 0.04 | 0.10 | 1.09 | [0.72-1.64] | 0.69 | 0.50 | 0.95 | [0.60-1.50] | 0.84 | 0.99 |
| 4 th quartile | 1.71 | [0.90-3.25] | 0.11 | | 0.86 | [0.56-1.33] | 0.50 | | 1.09 | [0.69-1.72] | 0.71 | |
| | | | | | | NO ₂ | | | | | | |
| 6-year follow-up | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 st quartile | Ref. | | | 0.69 | | | | 0.79 | | | | 0.27 |
| 2 nd quartile | 0.93 | [0.58-1.50] | 0.77 | 0.68 | 1.02 | [0.69-1.49] | 0.94 | 0.78 | 0.95 | [0.65-1.38] | 0.79 | 0.27 |

| 3 rd quartile | 0.81 | [0.49-1.32] | 0.39 | | 0.87 | [0.58-1.29] | 0.48 | | 0.75 | [0.50-1.11] | 0.14 | |
|--------------------------|------|-------------|------|------|------|-------------|------|------|------|-------------|------|------|
| 4 th quartile | 0.94 | [0.57-1.54] | 0.80 | | 0.99 | [0.66-1.49] | 0.97 | | 1.34 | [0.92-1.95] | 0.13 | |
| 12-year follow-up | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 st quartile | Ref. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 nd quartile | 1.73 | [0.93-3.20] | 0.08 | 0.17 | 1.13 | [0.76-1.69] | 0.55 | 0.71 | 0.93 | [0.60-1.43] | 0.72 | 0.80 |
| 3 rd quartile | 1.83 | [0.98-3.42] | 0.06 | 0.17 | 1.03 | [0.68-1.56] | 0.89 | 0.71 | 0.86 | [0.55-1.35] | 0.51 | 0.80 |
| 4 th quartile | 1.65 | [0.86-3.15] | 0.13 | | 0.95 | [0.61-1.46] | 0.80 | | 0.96 | [0.61-1.50] | 0.85 | |

PM_{2.5} particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 µm; NO₂: nitrogen dioxide; OR: Odds Ratio; CI: confidence interval.

All models were adjusted for child's sex and age, mother's age and education level at birth, mother's tobacco smoking habits during pregnancy and area-level socioeconomic status during pregnancy (French Deprivation Index).

Table S13. Adjusted associations of ever asthma, ever rhinitis, ever eczema, and the multimorbidity phenotype among children at 6- and 12-year follow-ups with PM_{2.5} and NO₂ pregnancy exposure estimates from the hybrid and CHIMERE models for continental France.

| Discore |] | PM _{2.5} (Hybrid model |) | NC | D2 (CHIMERE mod | el) |
|--------------------------|------|---------------------------------|---------|------|-----------------|---------|
| Disease | OR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value |
| 6-year follow-up | | | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 0.98 | [0.79-1.21] | 0.85 | 1.04 | [0.83-1.31] | 0.74 |
| Ever rhinitis | 1.01 | [0.85-1.20] | 0.93 | 0.99 | [0.82-1.20] | 0.92 |
| Ever eczema | 1.15 | [0.98-1.35] | 0.10 | 1.14 | [0.96-1.37] | 0.14 |
| Multimorbidity phenotype | | | | | | |
| No disease | Ref. | | | Ref. | | |
| 1 disease | 1.14 | [0.93-1.38] | 0.21 | 1.20 | [1.02-1.41] | 0.03 |
| \geq 2 diseases | 1.03 | [0.79-1.36] | 0.82 | 1.08 | [0.86-1.35] | 0.52 |
| 12-year follow-up | | | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 1.29 | [1.03-1.63] | 0.03 | 1.30 | [0.99-1.69] | 0.06 |
| Ever rhinitis | 0.91 | [0.76-1.09] | 0.30 | 0.94 | [0.77-1.16] | 0.57 |
| Ever eczema | 1.05 | [0.87-1.26] | 0.62 | 1.02 | [0.82-1.26] | 0.87 |
| Multimorbidity phenotype | | | | | | |
| No disease | Ref. | | | Ref. | | |
| 1 disease | 0.87 | [0.69-1.10] | 0.25 | 0.88 | [0.73-1.07] | 0.19 |

| \geq 2 diseases | 1.26 | [0.90-1.74] | 0.17 | 1.23 | [0.97-1.56] | 0.09 |
|-------------------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|
|-------------------|------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|

PM_{2.5} particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 µm; NO₂: nitrogen dioxide; OR: Odds Ratio; CI: confidence interval.

OR (95% CI) were calculated for an increase of an interquartile range (0.95 μ g/m³ for PM_{2.5}, and 3.95 μ g/m³ for NO₂ for participants at 6-years follow-up, and 0.95 μ g/m³ for PM_{2.5}, and 4.21 μ g/m³ for NO₂ for participants at 12-years follow-up). All models were adjusted for child's age, mother's age and education level at birth, mother's tobacco smoking habits during pregnancy and area-level socioeconomic status during pregnancy (French Deprivation Index).

Table S14. Comparison of Adjusted Odds Ratios (OR) and Relative Risks (RR) for pregnancy exposure to PM_{2.5} and NO₂. Associations with ever asthma, ever rhinitis, and ever eczema, at 6- and 12-year follow-ups using logistic regression models, and Poisson regression models with robust error variance.

| | PM2.5 | | | | | | | NO ₂ | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------|---------------------|-----------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------|--|--|
| Disease | Logistic regression | | | Poisson regression with robust error variance | | | Logistic regression | | | Poisson regression with robust error variance | | | | |
| | OR | 95% CI | p-value | RR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value | RR | 95% CI | p-value | | |
| 6-year follow-up (n = 1322) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 1.01 | [0.77-1.32] | 0.94 | 1.01 | [0.79-1.29] | 0.94 | 1.03 | [0.83-1.28] | 0.81 | 1.02 | [0.84-1.25] | 0.82 | | |
| Ever rhinitis | 1.11 | [0.90-1.38] | 0.33 | 1.09 | [0.90-1.32] | 0.39 | 1.01 | [0.85-1.21] | 0.89 | 1.01 | [0.86-1.19] | 0.90 | | |
| Ever eczema | 0.99 | [0.80-1.22] | 0.93 | 0.99 | [0.83-1.19] | 0.94 | 1.15 | [0.97-1.36] | 0.10 | 1.11 | [0.96-1.28] | 0.15 | | |
| 12-year follow-up (n = 1118) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 1.38 | [0.98-1.93] | 0.07 | 1.33 | [0.96-1.83] | 0.08 | 1.25 | [0.98-1.59] | 0.07 | 1.21 | [0.97-1.50] | 0.09 | | |
| Ever rhinitis | 0.91 | [0.72-1.15] | 0.43 | 0.93 | [0.76-1.14] | 0.50 | 0.98 | [0.81-1.18] | 0.80 | 0.98 | [0.84-1.15] | 0.83 | | |
| Ever eczema | 1.03 | [0.80-1.33] | 0.83 | 1.02 | [0.82-1.28] | 0.85 | 1.03 | [0.85-1.25] | 0.79 | 1.02 | [0.86-1.21] | 0.81 | | |

PM_{2.5} particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 µm; NO₂: nitrogen dioxide; OR: Odds Ratio; CI: confidence interval; RR: Relative Risk.

OR and RR (95% CI) were calculated for an increase of an interquartile range ($3.32 \mu g/m^3$ for PM_{2.5}, and $9.56 \mu g/m^3$ for NO₂ for participants at 6-years follow-up, and $3.53 \mu g/m^3$ for PM_{2.5}, and $9.92 \mu g/m^3$ for NO₂ for participants at 12-years follow-up). All models were adjusted for child's sex and age, mother's age and education level at birth, mother's tobacco smoking habits during pregnancy and area-level socioeconomic status during pregnancy (French Deprivation Index).

Table S15. Comparison of Adjusted Odds Ratios (OR) and Relative Risks (RR) for pregnancy exposure to PM_{2.5} and NO₂. Associations with ever asthma, ever rhinitis, and ever eczema, at 6- and 12-year follow-ups using logistic regression models, and log-binomial regression models.

| | PM _{2.5} | | | | | | NO ₂ | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|-------------------------|-------------|---------|---------------------|-------------|---------|-------------------------|-------------|---------|--|
| Disease | Logistic regression | | | Log-binomial regression | | | Logistic regression | | | Log-binomial regression | | | |
| | OR | 95% CI | p-value | RR | 95% CI | p-value | OR | 95% CI | p-value | RR | 95% CI | p-value | |
| 6-year follow-up (n = 1322) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 1.01 | [0.77-1.32] | 0.94 | 1.01 | [0.80-1.27] | 0.96 | 1.03 | [0.83-1.28] | 0.81 | 1.03 | [0.85-1.24] | 0.78 | |
| Ever rhinitis | 1.11 | [0.90-1.38] | 0.33 | 1.09 | [0.92-1.29] | 0.34 | 1.01 | [0.85-1.21] | 0.89 | 1.01 | [0.88-1.16] | 0.90 | |
| Ever eczema | 0.99 | [0.80-1.22] | 0.93 | 0.99 | [0.84-1.16] | 0.89 | 1.15 | [0.97-1.36] | 0.10 | 1.11 | [0.98-1.26] | 0.09 | |
| 12-year follow-up (n = 1118) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ever asthma | 1.38 | [0.98-1.93] | 0.07 | 1.32 | [0.97-1.78] | 0.07 | 1.25 | [0.98-1.59] | 0.07 | 1.23 | [0.99-1.51] | 0.06 | |
| Ever rhinitis | 0.91 | [0.72-1.15] | 0.43 | 0.94 | [0.79-1.12] | 0.48 | 0.98 | [0.81-1.18] | 0.80 | 0.99 | [0.86-1.15] | 0.94 | |
| Ever eczema | 1.03 | [0.80-1.33] | 0.83 | 1.02 | [0.83-1.25] | 0.85 | 1.03 | [0.85-1.25] | 0.79 | 1.02 | [0.87-1.18] | 0.84 | |

PM_{2.5} particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 µm; NO₂: nitrogen dioxide; OR: Odds Ratio; CI: confidence interval; RR: Relative Risk.

OR and RR (95% CI) were calculated for an increase of an interquartile range ($3.32 \mu g/m^3$ for PM_{2.5}, and $9.56 \mu g/m^3$ for NO₂ for participants at 6-years follow-up, and $3.53 \mu g/m^3$ for PM_{2.5}, and $9.92 \mu g/m^3$ for NO₂ for participants at 12-years follow-up). All models were adjusted for child's sex and age, mother's age and education level at birth, mother's tobacco smoking habits during pregnancy and area-level socioeconomic status during pregnancy (French Deprivation Index).

Figures



Figure S1. Participants' department of residence during pregnancy.

Avec Bing © GeoNames, Microsoft, TomTom

Figure S2. Correlation coefficients between PM_{2.5} and NO₂ estimates from the Western-European LUR, the hybrid, and the CHIMERE models.



All coefficients have a p-value < 0.0001

PM_{2.5} particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 µm; NO₂: nitrogen dioxide.



Figure S3. Relationship PM_{2.5} and ever doctor-diagnosed asthma, ever rhinitis, and ever doctor-diagnosed eczema at 6-year follow-up. Comparison of fully adjusted logistic regression models with and without restricted cubic splines.



Figure S4. Relationship NO₂ and ever doctor-diagnosed asthma, ever rhinitis, and ever doctor-diagnosed eczema at 6-year follow-up. Comparison of fully adjusted logistic regression models with and without restricted cubic splines.



p = 0.52

p = 0.30

Figure S5. Relationship PM_{2.5} and ever doctor-diagnosed asthma, ever rhinitis, and ever doctor-diagnosed eczema at 12-year follow-up. Comparison of fully adjusted logistic regression models with and without restricted cubic splines.



Ever doctor-diagnosed asthma **Ever rhinitis** Ever doctor-diagnosed eczema -0.25 --0.5 -0.5 -0.50 Adjusted logistic regression -1.0 Logit (Predicted Log-Odds) Logit (Predicted Log-Odds) Logit (Predicted Log-Odds) -0.75 -1.0 -1.5 -1.00 -2.0 -1.5 -1.25 -1.50 -2.5 -2.0 -1.75 2 5 1 2 5 2 3 5 3 6 3 4 1 NO2 IQR NO2 IQR NO2 IQR – logit 🔲 95% Confidence Intervals o logit - logit 🔲 95% Confidence Intervals 🜼 logit logit 🛛 95% Confidence Intervals 🜼 logit 0.0 0.0 **Restricted cubic splines** -0.5 Logit (Predicted Log-Odds) Logit (Predicted Log-Odds) -0.5 Logit (Predicted Log-Odds) -1.0 -1.0 -1.5 -1.5 -3 -2.0 -2.0 2 5 2 5 6 5 1 3 4 6 3 4 1 2 3 6 4 NO2 IQR NO2 IQR NO2 IQR

Figure S6. Relationship NO₂ and ever doctor-diagnosed asthma, ever rhinitis, and ever doctor-diagnosed eczema at 12-year follow-up. Comparison of fully adjusted logistic regression models with and without restricted cubic splines.

Likelihood ratio test of nested models p = 0.27

– logit 🔲 95% Confidence Intervals 🜼 logit



logit 🔲 95% Confidence Intervals o logit

Likelihood ratio test of nested models p = 0.52

logit 🔲 95% Confidence Intervals 💿 logit