

# From cultivated biodiversity to human health prevention: a cross-disciplinary research-action project

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## **BIOQUALIM**

From cultivated biodiversity to human health prevention: a cross-disciplinary research-action project

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### **CONTEXT**

Food consumption, especially meat consumption, stands a critical nexus between human health and environmental sustainability. The increase in meat production has serious consequences on the environment, such as deforestation and greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions. Moreover, intensive breeding practices have a deep influence on the quality of food, thereby directly impacting human health. Addressing one of Earth's primary nutritional challenges, especially in industrialized countries, involves reducing animal proteins while increasing plant proteins in daily diets (Rubio et al., 2020). In addition, adopting a plant protein-enriched diet could prevent the dysbiosis of intestinal and oral microbiota, hence prevent non-communicable diseases (NCDs) such as periodontal diseases and cancers (Martinon et al., 2021). However, the alarming decline in cultivated biodiversity, with a 75% loss in the last century, severely limits the variety of available plant protein sources (mainly composed of cereals and legumes) required to cover recommended daily amino acid intake (FAO report, 2010). The BIOQUALIM project will contribute both to increase cereal biodiversity in Lyon region and to the prevention of NCDs, more particularly to cancer prevention, with two complementary primary and tertiary prevention approaches, organized around four Work Packages, as presented below.

### WP1: nutritional analyzes of local cereals









**OBJECTIVES:** to compare the contents in some nutrients and anti-cancer bioactive molecules in ancient wheats (einkorn, emmer, spelt) and common wheat (soft wheat).

METHODOLOGY: the samples are: 7 varieties of einkorn, 8 varieties of emmer, 8 varieties of spelt and 8 varieties of soft wheat, grown organically at the CRBA (Charly, 69). The quantitative analyses will be carried out by ICP-MS and GC-MS/MS.

**WP4**: Supportive Care in

oncology: peer support and

culinary workshops

#### Ancient wheat species:

- einkorn = "petit épeautre"
- emmer = "moyen épeautre"
- spelt = "grand épeautre"

have several agronomical advantages (Moudry et al., 2011) and higher nutritional quality compared to soft wheat "blé tendre" (Dinu et al., 2018).



Organic local cereals (farmer partners and "Centre de Ressources de Botanique Appliquée" partner, PhD of Sofia Correa, 2023)



Culinary preparations from the different ancient wheat species



#### Rubio et al., 2020

Martinon et al, J Clin Med., 10(2):197 (2021). Moudry et al, Scientific Res. Essays, 6, 4273 (2011). Dinu et al, J. Nutritional Biochem., 52, 1 (2018).



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WP3 : Clinical study investigating the influence of plant protein-enriched

diet on oral microbiota

**WP2**: Populational-based

behavioral study regarding

vegetable-based food consumption

OBJECTIVES: To investigate the

perceived behavior captured in a

general population sample, regarding

METHODOLOGY: 3 cohorts (the

farmers' customers, and HCL professionals

-Survey online (35 items)

-Semi-structured interviews

plant-based food consumption.



and patients).



**OBJECTIVES:** To evaluate the impact of plant protein-enriched diet on i) oral microbiota dysbiosis, a risk factor of NCDs such as cancer, and on ii) quality of life, in a general population.

### **METHODOLOGY:**

General

population:

consumption -meat +einkorn cereal, during three months, with monitoring of:

- -Interdental microbiota => qPCR
- -Oral and general health
- -Quality of Life

**METHODOLOGY:** Patients

teaching

-post-therapeutic cancer

peer-support

plant

workshops (animation by a former

enriched diet, on the intention to

change culinary behavior and the

dietary quality of life of post-therapy

-Semi-structured interviews



impact

patient)

cancer patients.

of





to evaluate the

culinary

protein-

















