





haute école de viticulture et œnologie école supérieure de technicien/ne vitivinicole école du vin





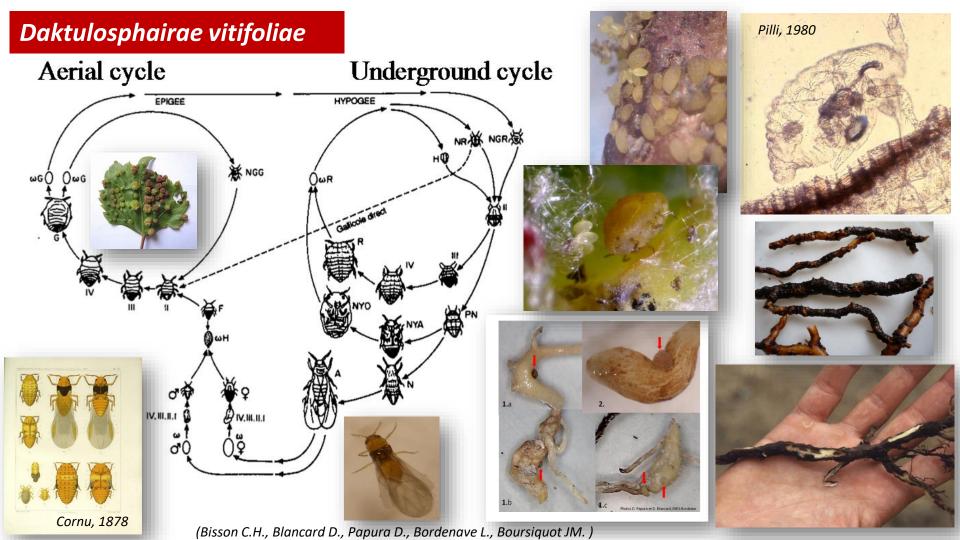
Grafting, the most sustainable way to control phylloxera over 150 years

https://hal.science/hal-04744516

DOI: 10.17180/j3aw-x550

Nathalie Ollat, Olivier Yobrégat, Thierry Lacombe, Markus Rienth, Sébastien Julliard, Maria Lafargue, Jean-Pascal Tandonnet, Jean-Pascal Goutouly, Sarah Jane Cookson, Marina de Miguel, Daciana Papura, Elisa Marguerit



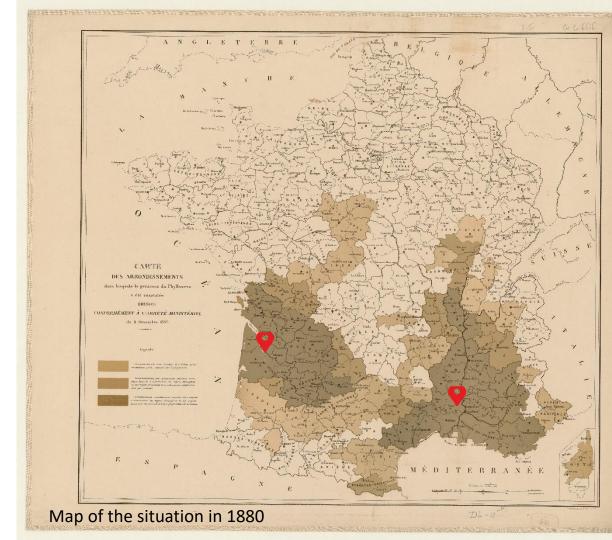




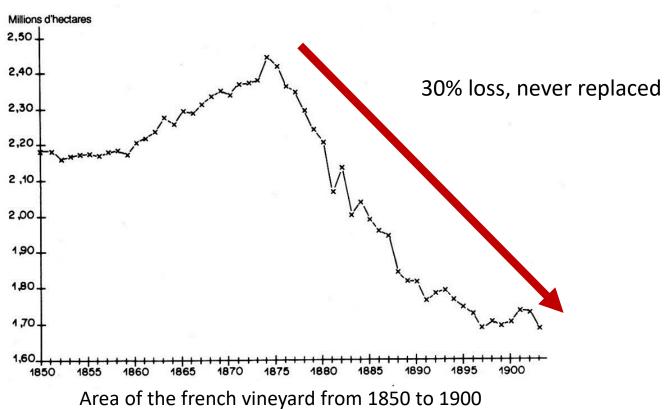
The epidemy in France

- 1863-1867: first outbreaks in the South Est and Bordeaux area
- 1868: discovery of phylloxera in South East of France
- 1880 : 45 administrative departments
- 1887 : 60 departments
- 1894 : 69 departments
- 1900 : all over vineyard regions

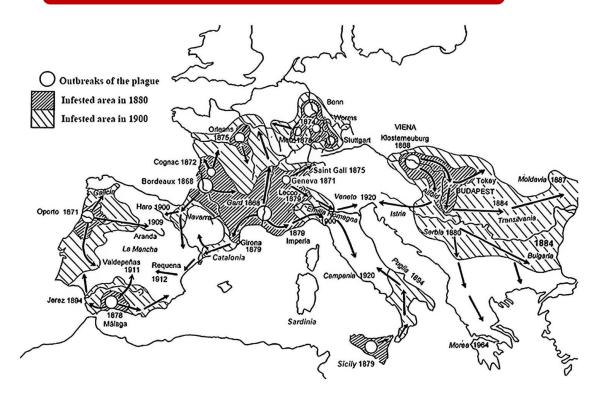




A quick and dramatic decay in France



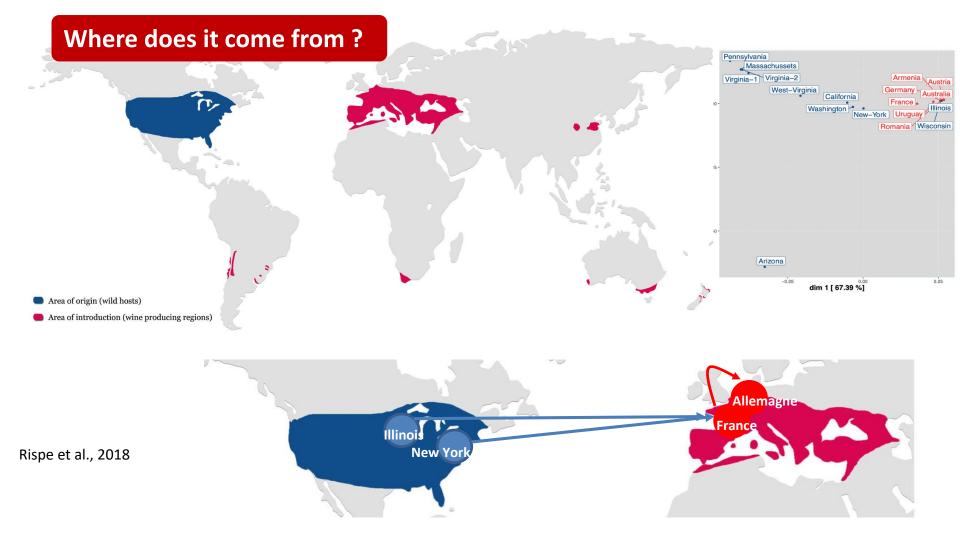
The epidemy throughout the world



Phylloxera	expansion	in	Europe
,	•		

(Badia-Miro et al., 2010)

Portugal
Switzerland
Austria
California
Germany
Australia, Hungaria
Spain
Italy
South Africa, Serbia
Roumania
Algeria
Argentina
Brazil
Greece
Tunisia



Actual situation

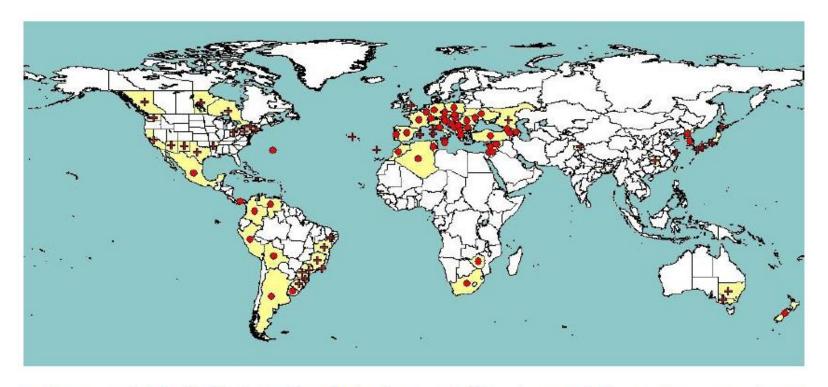
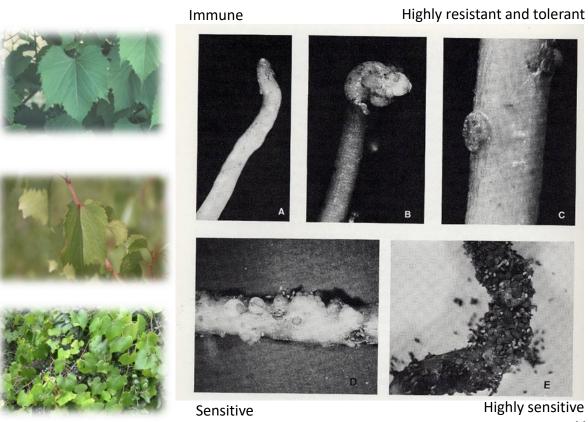


Figure 1: Global distribution of *Daktulosphaira vitifoliae* (extracted from EPPO PQR (2014, version 5.3.1) accessed on 26 March 2014). Red circles represent pest presence as national records and red crosses show pest presence as sub-national records.

The North American solution



Immune Cissus, Tetrastigma, Leea

Parthenocissus,

Ampelopsis, Muscadinia

V. cinerea, V. berlandieri, V. riparia, V. rupestris, V. aestivalis, V. cordifolia

V. candicans, V. lincecumii, V. labrusca, V. californica, V. champinii

V. vinifera, V. amurensis

Highly sensitive

Phylloxera resistance can be inherited

Several resistance genes in most species

Boubals, 1966

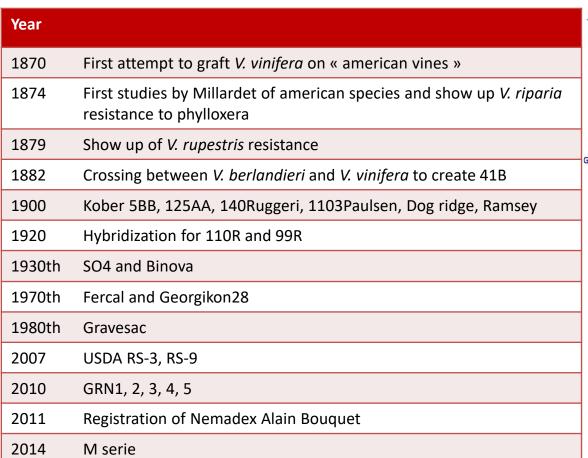
Some heterozygoty
Partial dominance in some species (V. berlandieri, V. cinerea, V. rubra, M. rotundifolia)

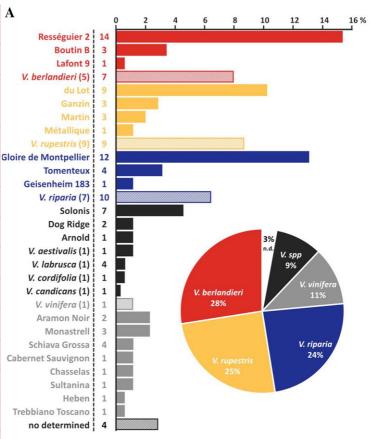
Sensitivity genes in several species

Some heterozygoty, excepted in *V. vinifera* (homozygote)
Partial dominance in some species (*V. riparia, V. rupestris, V. labrusca, V. monticola, V. cordifolia, V. candicans*)

Traits	Crosses	Chromoso mes	Name of loci or genes	Reference
Leaves Roots	Multispecies V. cinerea V. cinerea M. rotundifolia V. riparia	LG14 LG14 LG13 LG7, 3, 10 LG14	Rdv3 Rdv2 Rdv1 Rdv6,7,8	Clark et al., 2018; Yin et al., 2022 Smith et al., 2018 Zhang et al., 2009, Frommer et al., 2022 Rubio et al., 2020 Tandonnet, unpublished

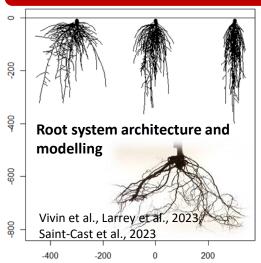
Rootstock breeding

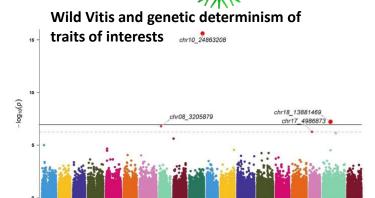




Riaz et al., 2019

New era for Vitis and rootstock studies

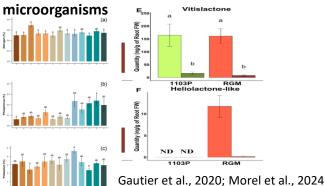


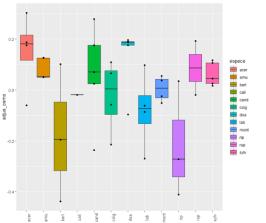


Marguerit et al., 2012; Tandonnet et al., 2018; Rubio et al., 2020; Blois et al., 2023; de Miguel, unpublished

Mineral nutrition and interactions with soil

Lailheugue et al., 2023; 2024





Deeper characterization of existing rootstocks





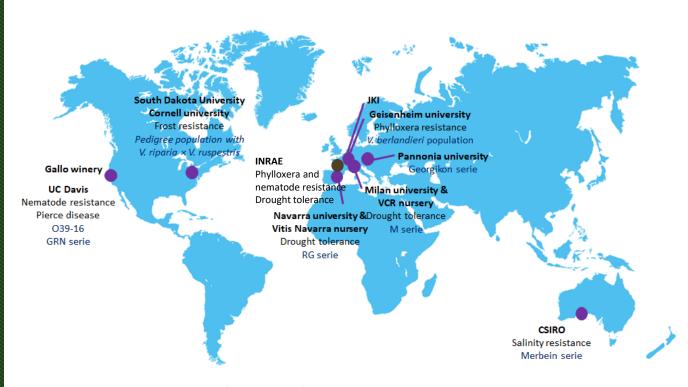
Information system: Silex porte-greffe

Marguerit et al., 2019; Binet et al., 2019, Ollat et al., 2024





Most active rootstock breeding programs in the world



Map established by Marguerit (unpublished)

Cutting edge approaches for grafting studies

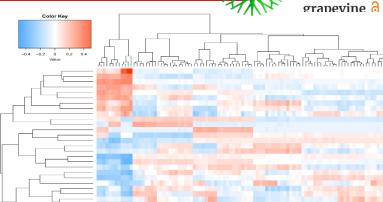
Small RNA populations reflect the complex dialogue established between heterograft partners in

JOURNAL ARTICLE

nitti, Sarah Jane Cookson, Emeline Teyssier,

3, 2022, uhab067, https://doi.org/10.1093/hr/uhab067

Spatial reconstruction of



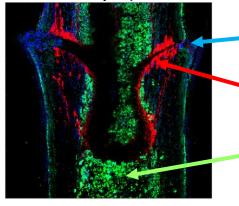
Omic studies and integrative biology

Spatial characterization of processes (Maldi-MSI analyses)

Scion
Callus

Bark
Pith

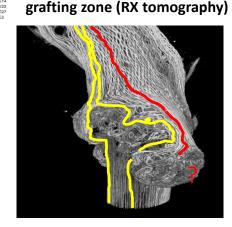
Rootstock



Naringenin

Resveratrol

Catechin/epicatechin



Cookson et al., 2012; 2013; 2014; Prodhomme et al., 2019; Rubio et al., 2022; Loupit et al., 2019; 2022; 2023, Camboue et al., 2024

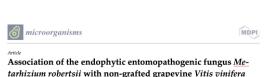
Phylloxera is still a threat and grafting is still the most efficient, environmental-friendly practice to live with it!

New studies are highly necessary

 Diversity of phylloxera biotypes and risks of resistance breakdown

 Biology of phylloxera to understand the risks, the conditions of development and the diversity of symptoms

- Genetic determinism of resistance and other traits of interest for rootstocks and new breeding programs
- Complementary methods of control such as entomopathogen soil fungi: Metarhizum robertsii, biocontrol candidate against telluric grapevine pests



Mathilde Ponchon1,4, Annette Reineke1, Marie Massot2, Michael J. Bidochka1, Denis Thiéry4,4 and Daciana Papura4

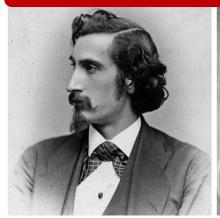
Mathilde Ponchon^{1,2,*}, Daciana Papura¹, Rodrigo López-Plantey³, Benjamin Joubard¹, Manmeet Singh¹, Karima Rahmani¹, Annette Reineke², Denis Thiéry¹

Potential of the entomopathogenic fungus *Metarhizium* robertsii to control radicicole grape phylloxera

Daktulosphaira vitifoliae

Early Access Article

A tribute to some of the most famous « Phylloxera » actors!











C. V. Riley (entomologist) J.E Planchon (botanist) G. Bazille (grapegrower) F. Sahut (horticulturist) A. Millardet (botanist)









J. Lienchenstein

V. Signoret (entomologists) P. Viala (pathologist) L. Ravaz (viticulturist) D. Boubals (geneticist)

Thank you for your attention!



Punch, September 6, 1890 by Edward Linley Sambourne.



Institut Agro Montpellier statue : to G. Foex (viticulturist)



Scientific talks dedicated to vine and wine professionals

18.02.2025

Grand amphithéâtre Bordeaux Sciences Agro, Gradignan

19.02.2025

Espace Edmond & James Grégoire Grégoire Cognac, Châteaubernard

















