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Benchmark of Particle-In-Cell Simulations of a Penning-Type Discharge: Preliminary Results

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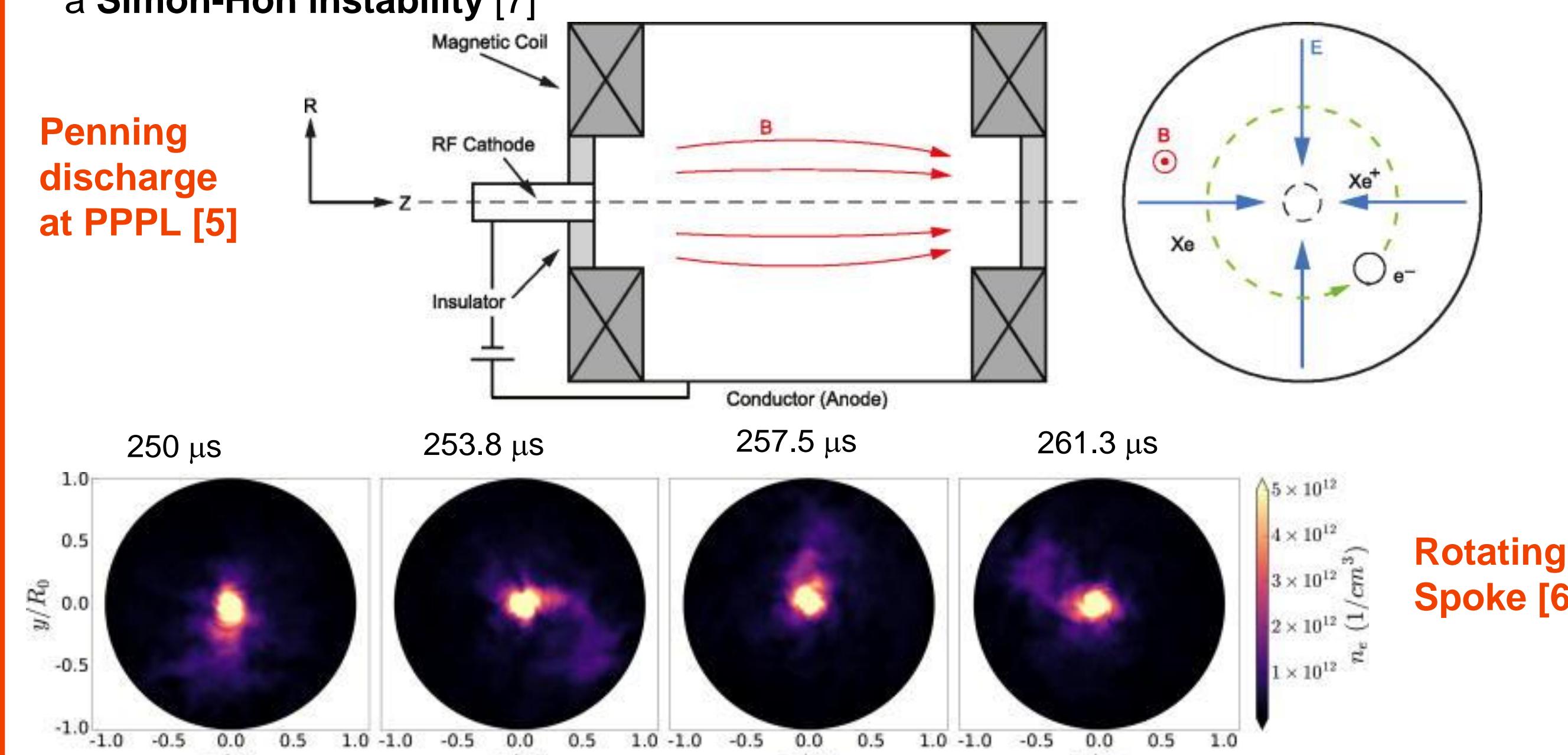
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OBJECTIVES

- The physics of magnetized plasmas and E x B devices is complex and very non-linear
- Numerical simulations can bring a better understanding of the phenomena
- One of the most fundamental aspects of any numerical approach (beyond validation by comparison with experiment) is the **verification** of the method's implementation
- In the context of partially magnetized ExB discharges (only the electrons are magnetized), two 2D benchmarks have already been published using **particle-in-cell (PIC) simulations** in the context of the Hall thruster [1], [2]
- These benchmarks have proved very popular with the community
- We propose a **new test case in 2D** and corresponding to the radial-azimuthal simulation plane of the rotating spoke in a **collisionless Penning discharge**

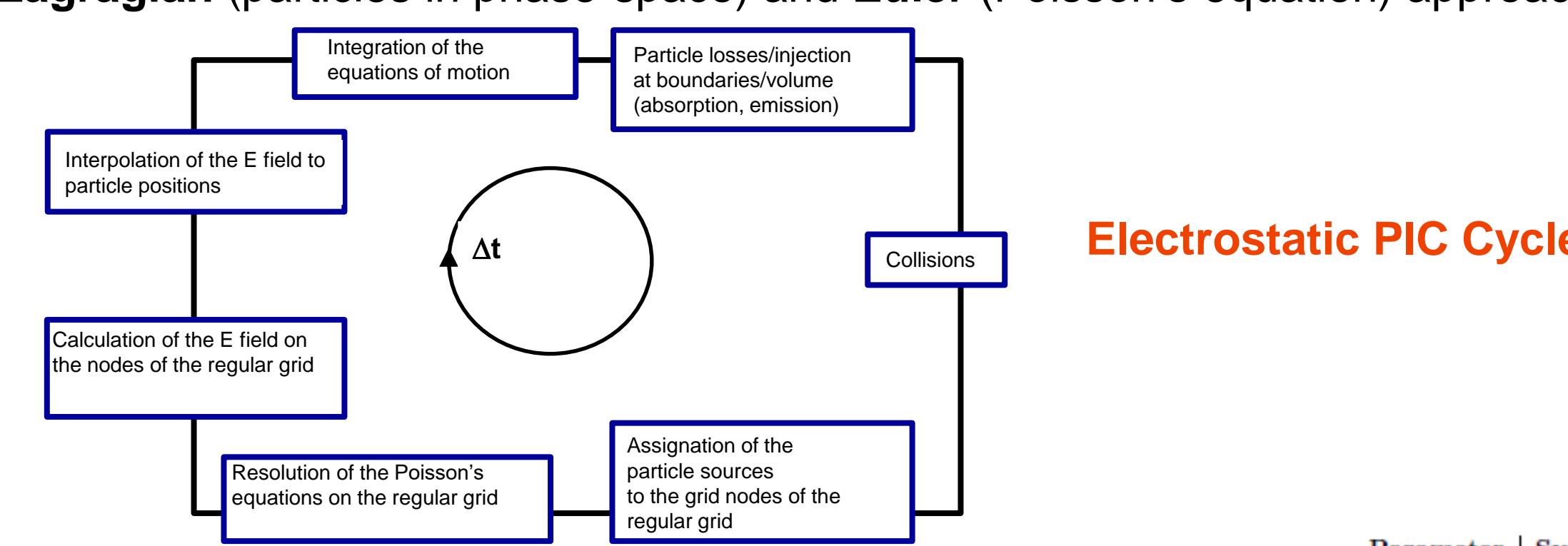
PENNING DISCHARGE

- Penning discharges are E x B plasma column [4-6]
- Axial magnetic field [few hundreds of Gauss] + DC electric field
- Primary electrons are injected at one end of the column
- Pressure [a few mTorr]
- Plasma densities [$10^{16} - 10^{18} \text{ m}^{-3}$]
- Electron temperature [1 - 10 eV]
- Coherent structures in the azimuthal direction ($f \sim$ a few kHz, $\lambda \sim$ a few centimeters) induced by a **Simon-Hoh instability** [7]



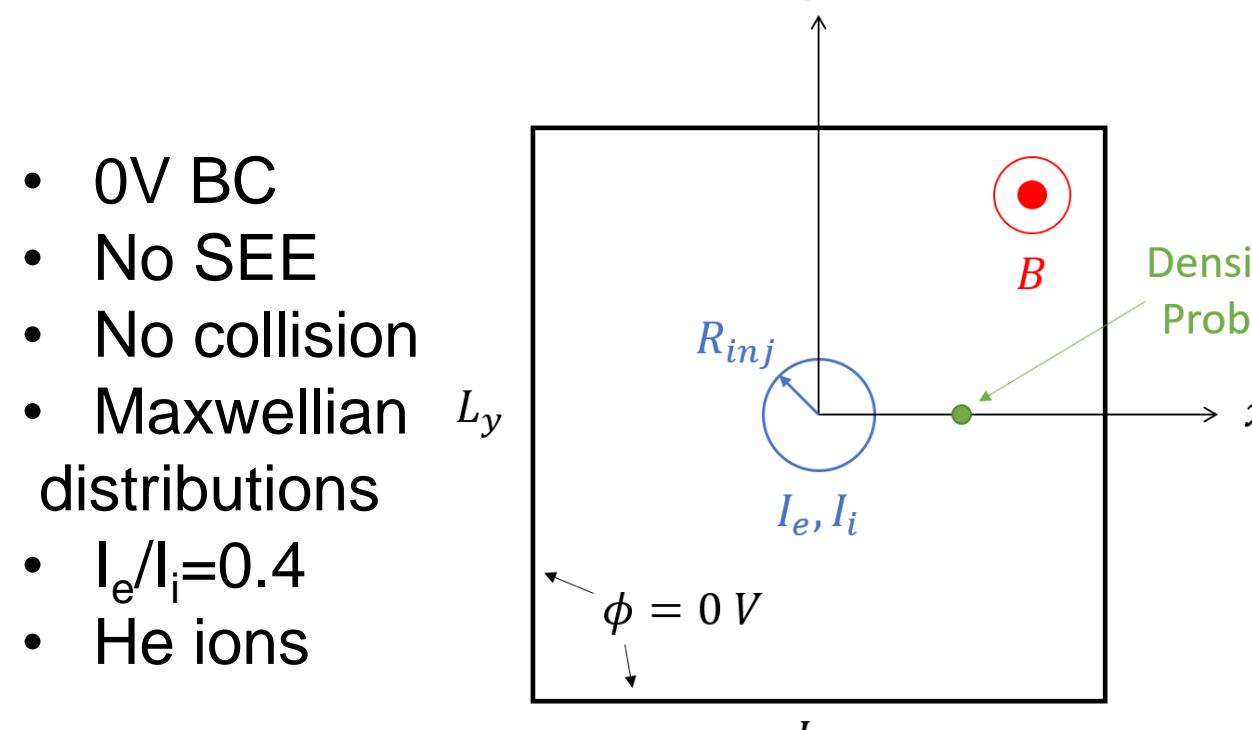
PIC ALGORITHM/INPUT DATA

- Lagrangian (particles in phase-space) and Euler (Poisson's equation) approaches [8], [9]



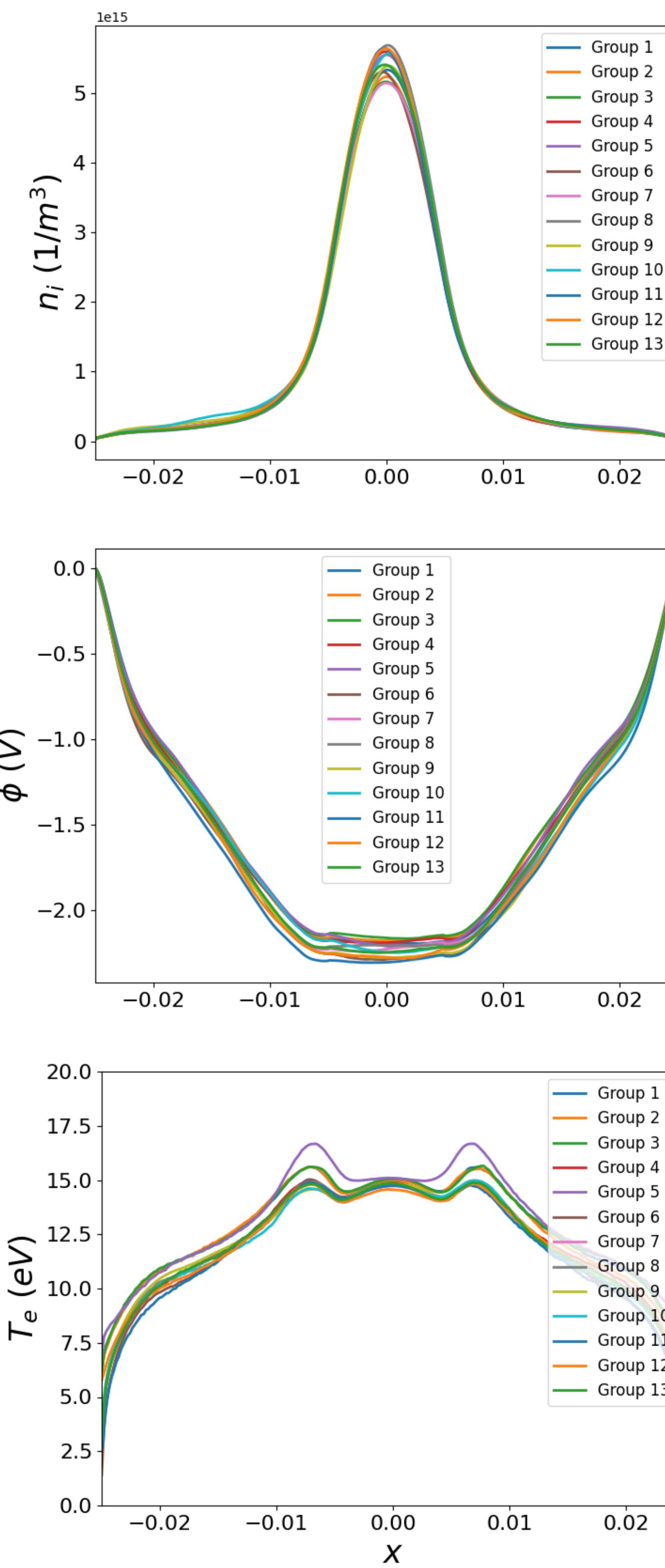
Initial conditions [3]

<https://www.landmark-plasma.com>, test Case 4



| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Units |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|-------|
| Helium-4 ion mass | m_i | 7291.712 | m_e |
| Time step size | Δt | 4.0×10^{-11} | s |
| Number of time steps | N_t | 12,500,000 | - |
| Total simulation time | t_{sim} | 500.0 | µs |
| Steps between diagnostic print | N_{print} | 1,250 | - |
| Time between diagnostic print | Δt_{print} | 0.05 | µs |
| x-minimum | x_{min} | -2.5×10^{-2} | m |
| x-maximum | x_{max} | 2.5×10^{-2} | m |
| Domain length in x-direction | L_x | 5.0×10^{-2} | m |
| y-minimum | y_{min} | -2.5×10^{-2} | m |
| y-maximum | y_{max} | 2.5×10^{-2} | m |
| Domain length in y-direction | L_y | 5.0×10^{-2} | m |
| Cells in x-direction | N_x | 256 | - |
| Cell length in x-direction | Δx | 1.953×10^{-4} | m |
| Cells in y-direction | N_y | 256 | - |
| Cell length in y-direction | Δy | 1.953×10^{-4} | m |
| Applied magnetic field strength | B | 1.0×10^{-2} | T |
| Injection radius | R_{inj} | 5.0×10^{-3} | m |
| Electron injection current | $I_{e,0}$ | -20.0×10^{-3} | A/m |
| Electron injection temperature | T_e | 15.0 | eV |
| Ion injection current | $I_{i,0}$ | 8.0×10^{-3} | A/m |
| Ion injection temperature | T_i | 0.025 | eV |
| Macro-particle weight | N_{mp} | 1.0 $\times 10^5$ | - |
| Electron macro-particles injected per time step | $\Gamma_{\Delta t,e}$ | 49.932 | - |
| Ion macro-particles injected per time step | $\Gamma_{\Delta t,i}$ | 19.973 | - |

PRELIMINARY RESULTS



ONGOING WORK

- Effect of time-varying averaging on the results?
- Reduce the ion mass to accelerate the spoke rotation, $v_{rot} \propto 1/\sqrt{m_i}$ [6]
- Include self-consistent ionization through electron-atom collisions (only injecting electrons)
- Include ion-atom collisions
- Construction of a modular and transportable Penning experimental device in Toulouse, France

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