

Transcriptomic Insights into the Genetic Regulations of Leptospira interrogans within a Mature Biofilm.

Grégoire Davignon, Natalia Pietrosemoli, Nadia Benaroudj, Marie-Estelle Soupé-Gilbert, Julie Cagliero, Marc Monot, Elodie Turc, Mathieu Picardeau, Linda Guentas, Cyrille Goarant, et al.

▶ To cite this version:

Grégoire Davignon, Natalia Pietrosemoli, Nadia Benaroudj, Marie-Estelle Soupé-Gilbert, Julie Cagliero, et al.. Transcriptomic Insights into the Genetic Regulations of Leptospira interrogans within a Mature Biofilm.. Biology of Spirochetes, Jan 2024, Ventura Beach Marriott, CA, United States. hal-04719179

HAL Id: hal-04719179 https://hal.science/hal-04719179v1

Submitted on 3 Oct 2024

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.





ÉCOLE DOCTORALE DU PACIFIQUE

Transcriptomic insights into the genetic regulations of Leptospira interrogans within a mature biofilm





Fold

change

- 1

- 30

¹ Leptospirosis Research and Expertise Unit, Institut Pasteur de Nouvelle-Calédonie, Institut Pasteur International Network, Nouméa, New Caledonia ² Exact and Applied Sciences Institute (ISEA), University of New Caledonia, Nouméa, New Caledonia ³ Institut Pasteur, Bioinformatics and Biostatistics Hub, Paris, France
⁴ Institut Pasteur, Biology of Spirochetes Unit, French National Reference Centre for Leptospirosis, Paris, France ⁵ Institut Pasteur, Université Paris Cité, Plate-forme Technologique Biomics, F-75015 Paris, France ⁶ Pacific Community SPC – Public Health Division – B.P. D5, Nouméa, New Caledonia

G. Davignon^{1,2}, N. Pietrosemoli³, N. Benaroudj⁴, M.E. Soupé-Gilbert¹, J. Cagliero¹, M. Monot⁵, E. Turc⁵, M. Picardeau⁴, L. Guentas², C. Goarant^{1,6}, R. Thibeaux¹



Leptospira interrogans, the causative agent of leptospirosis, goes through a complex life cycle in which biofilm formation could be one critical survival strategy under adverse environmental conditions. The genetic mechanisms underlying the motile-sessile shifts in *L. interrogans* remain largely unexplored. To unravel the transcriptomic regulation in L. interrogans within a mature biofilm, we performed a RNA-seq analysis. We also assessed the metabolic state of biofilm-forming bacteria and their ability to initiate infection.

Although the biofilm surface expands for up to 21 days, the number of bacterial cells decreases over time, probably giving way to a larger portion of matrix or dead cells.

1263 modulated genes out of 3651 612 up-regulated genes and 651 down-regulated genes **Evenly distributed** on the chromosomes and the plasmid

While the general metabolism is down-regulated, the stress response is up-regulated in the biofilm state



OBJECTIVES

What are the **transcriptomic changes** between planktonic cells and a mature biofilm of a pathogenic strain of *Leptospira interrogans*?

Could we identify genes involved in **biofilm formation** and **environmental** adaptation?



Is *Leptospira interrogans* still **virulent** when in a biofilm state?

COG

Functional

enrichment

Resuspend

Biofilm

Planktonic

EMJH

cells

t0

4h

Significant changes in intracellular metabolism



Focus on the *csoR-copZA* operon



METHODS



2. BIOFILM ACTIVITY AND VIRULENCE





CONCLUSION AND PERSPECTIVES



Day 21 likely shows a combination of **biofilm** and **starvation traits**.



Leptospira interrogans metabolic activity and virulence in a biofilm state

Resuspension of the biofilm reactivates the metabolic activity







Created with BioRender Poster Builder