

Supplementary Material 1

Coding material

S1.1 Computing the anomaly matrix in R

```
# S is the spatio-temporal matrix (n . p)
# 1/ Compute the temporal average map.
temp_m <- apply(S, 1, mean, na.rm=T)
# 2/ Center the spatio-temporal dataset and
# obtain the anomaly matrix Sprim
Sprim <- S - outer(temp_m, rep(1, nT))

## Alternatively, this can be performed with:
Sprim <- sweep( S, MARGIN=1, STATS=rowMeans(S), FUN="-" )
```

S1.2 Perform SVD on the anomaly matrix

```
E <- svd(Sprim)
SpFactors <- E$u # factors, dimension (n . r)
TempLoadings <- E$v # loadings, dimension (p . r)
SgValues <- E$d # singular values, vector of dimension (r)
# where r = min(n,p)
```

S1.3 Perform CCA between EOFs results and a seasonal variable

```
## Construct the seasonal variable
p <- ncol(s) # number of time steps
times_steps <- seq(1,p,1) # sequence of time steps
component_strength = 1 # amplitude of the signal
component_freqs = 1/12 # frequency of signal (month^-1)
f.0 = 2 * pi # fundamental frequency (month^-1)
component_del = 1 # delay of signal components (radians)
# Create the seasonal signal
signal_vec = - component.strength *
sin(component.freqs * f.0 * times_steps + component.del)

## Filter EOFs dimensions and apply CCA
ndim <- 2 # number of dimension to filter in the EOFs
EOFset1 <- E$v[,1:ndim] # filter the loadings
cca_res = stats:::cancor(EOFset1, signal_vec) # perform CCA

## Rotate the loadings and factors
## with CCA results
# Rotate the loadings of the EOFs
ccavar1_temp <- (as.matrix(EOFset1) %*% cca_res$xcoef) [,1]
# Rotate the factor of the EOFs
ccavar1_spat <- as.matrix(E$u[,1:ndim]) %*% cca_res$xcoef[,1]
```