

### "Arnica of Provence": an alternative to Arnica montana L.? Investigations about polyphenolic composition and antioxidant potential

Clémentine Baccati, Charifat Saïd Hassane, Elnur Garayev, Béatrice Baghdikian

### ▶ To cite this version:

Clémentine Baccati, Charifat Saïd Hassane, Elnur Garayev, Béatrice Baghdikian. "Arnica of Provence": an alternative to Arnica montana L.? Investigations about polyphenolic composition and antioxidant potential. ICNPR 2024, Jul 2024, Krakow (Cracovie), Poland. hal-04661272v2

### HAL Id: hal-04661272 https://hal.science/hal-04661272v2

Submitted on 11 Oct 2024

**HAL** is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

# "ARNICA OF PROVENCE": AN ALTERNATIVE TO ARNICA MONTANA L.? INVESTIGATIONS ABOUT POLYPHENOLIC COMPOSITION AND ANTIOXIDANT POTENTIAL

Clémentine ACHARD-BACCATI, Charifat SAÏD HASSANE, Elnur GARAYEV & Béatrice BAGHDIKIAN

Aix Marseille Univ, CNRS 7263, IRD 237, Avignon Université, IMBE, 27 blvd Jean Moulin, Service of Pharmacognosy and Ethnopharmacology, Faculty of Pharmacy, 13385 Marseille, France

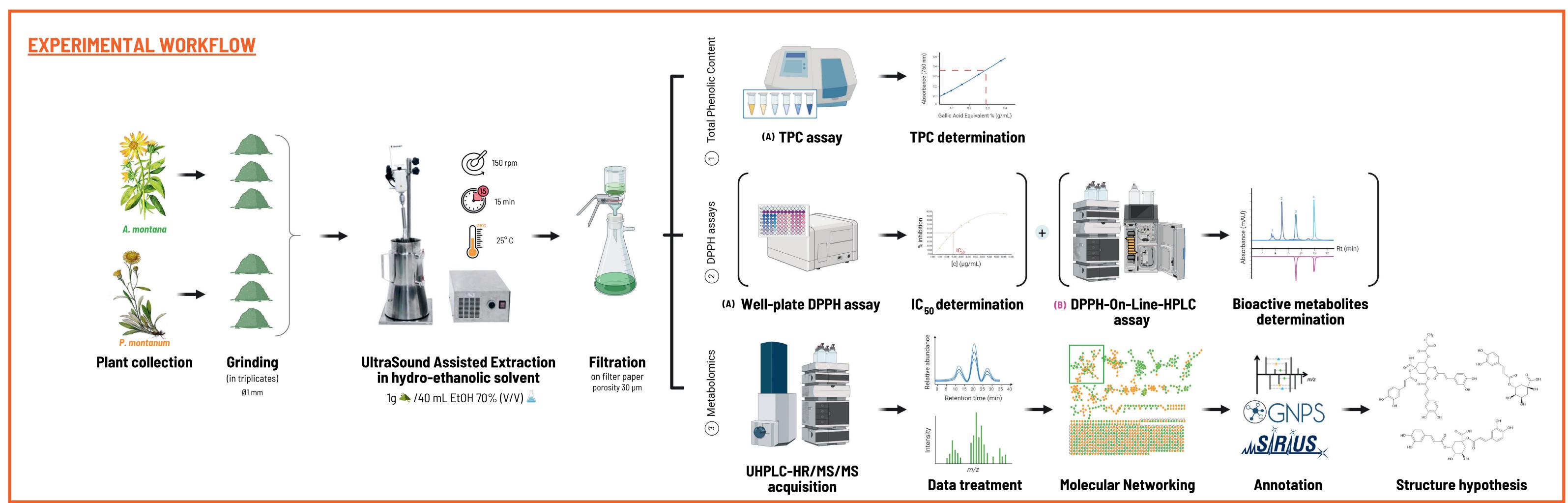


M.M.Mart.Ort., formerly known as *Inula montana* L., is traditionally used for treating bruises, wounds, rheumatism, and muscular pain, similarly to **Arnica montana** L. It is locally referred to as "Arnica de Provence" [1, 2].

Due to cultivation difficulties, A. montana has been extensively harvested for the pharmaceutical and cosmetics industries, leading to a significant decline in wild populations. Conversely, P. montanum, which is easier to cultivate, could offer a viable local alternative.

In Provence (South of France), the Asteraceae species Pentanema montanum (L.) D.Gut.Larr., Santos-Vicente, Anderb., E.Rico & Both species mainly contain sesquiterpene lactones and phenolic compounds, which play a crucial role in defending against oxidative stress, a factor implicated in various acute and chronic diseases [3].

> This study compares the antioxidant potential of both species by evaluating their Total Phenolic Content (TPC) and using radical scavenging DPPH assays, including the DPPH-On-Line-HPLC assay. Additionally, their chemical composition was analyzed using UHPLC-HRMS/MS and Molecular Networking approaches [4].



## **ANTIOXIDANT ACTIVITY**

## (A) ANTIOXIDANT POTENTIAL EVALUATION

 P. montanum TPC  $33.39 \pm 0.46 \, \text{mg GAE} / 100 \, \text{mg}$ Gallic Acid Equivalent

(B) ANTIOXIDANT COMPOUNDS DETERMINATION

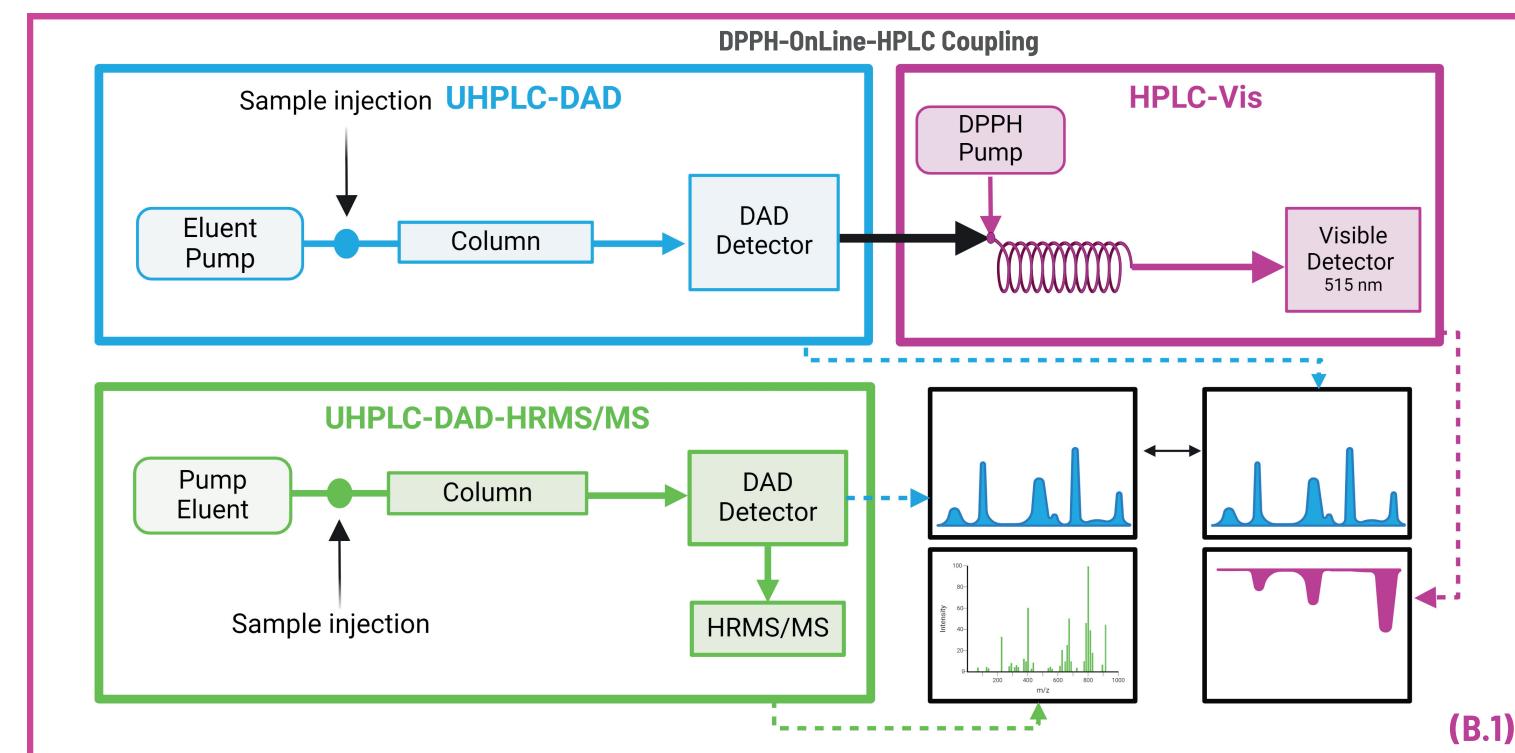
- P. montanum IC  $23.66 \pm 0.75 \,\mu g/mL$
- A. montana TPC 44.59 ± 1.63 mg GAE /100 mg Gallic Acid Equivalent A. montana IC 50

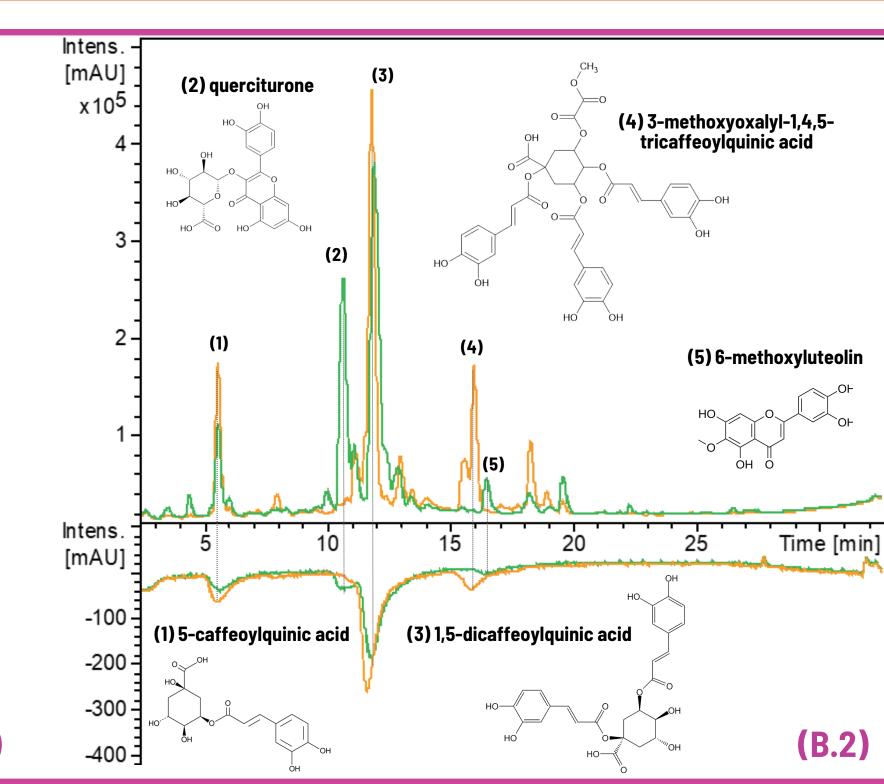
# $45.71 \pm 3.05 \,\mu g/mL$

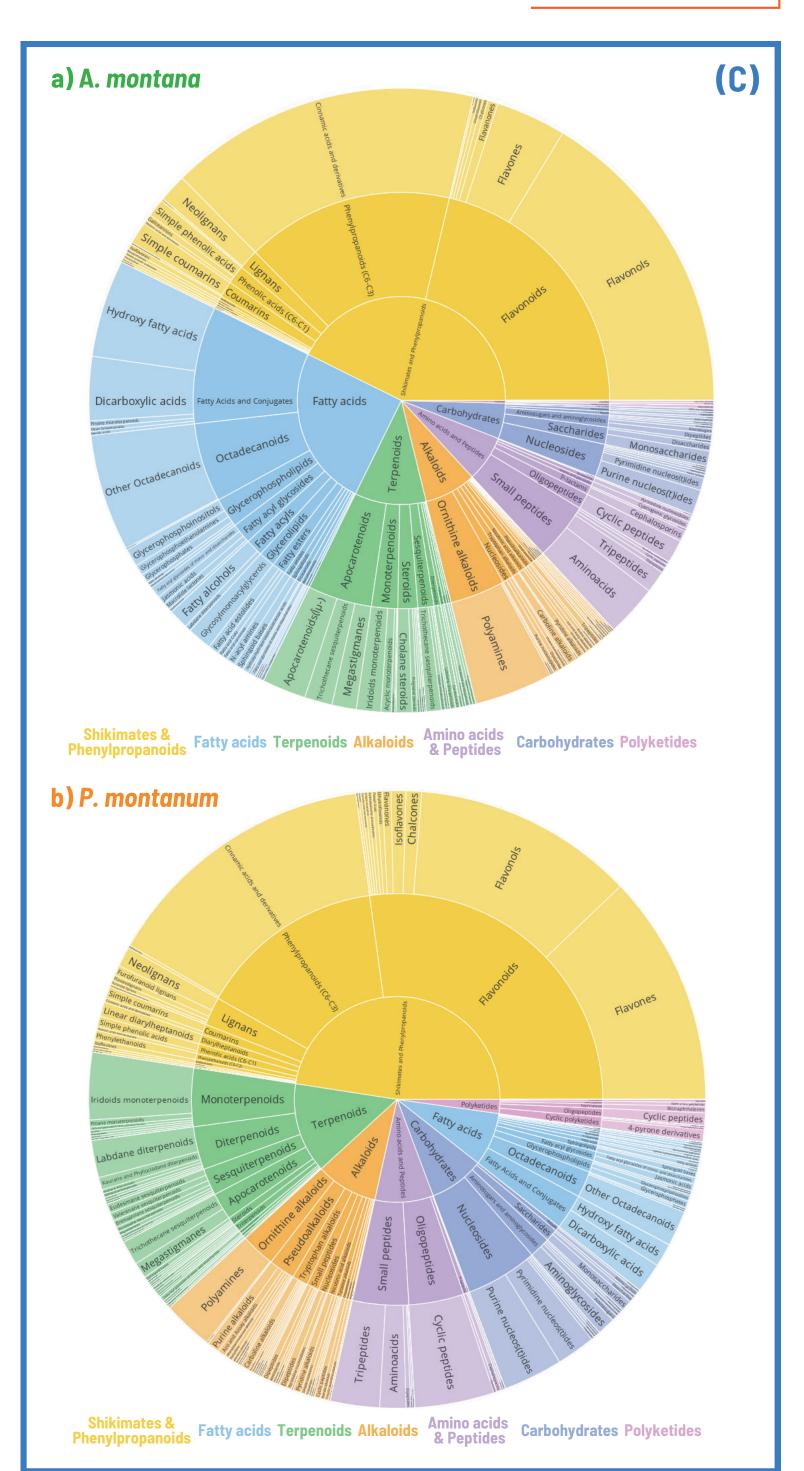
- Common bioactive compounds
- 1,5-dicaffeoylquinic acid (3) - **5-caffeoylquinic acid** (1)

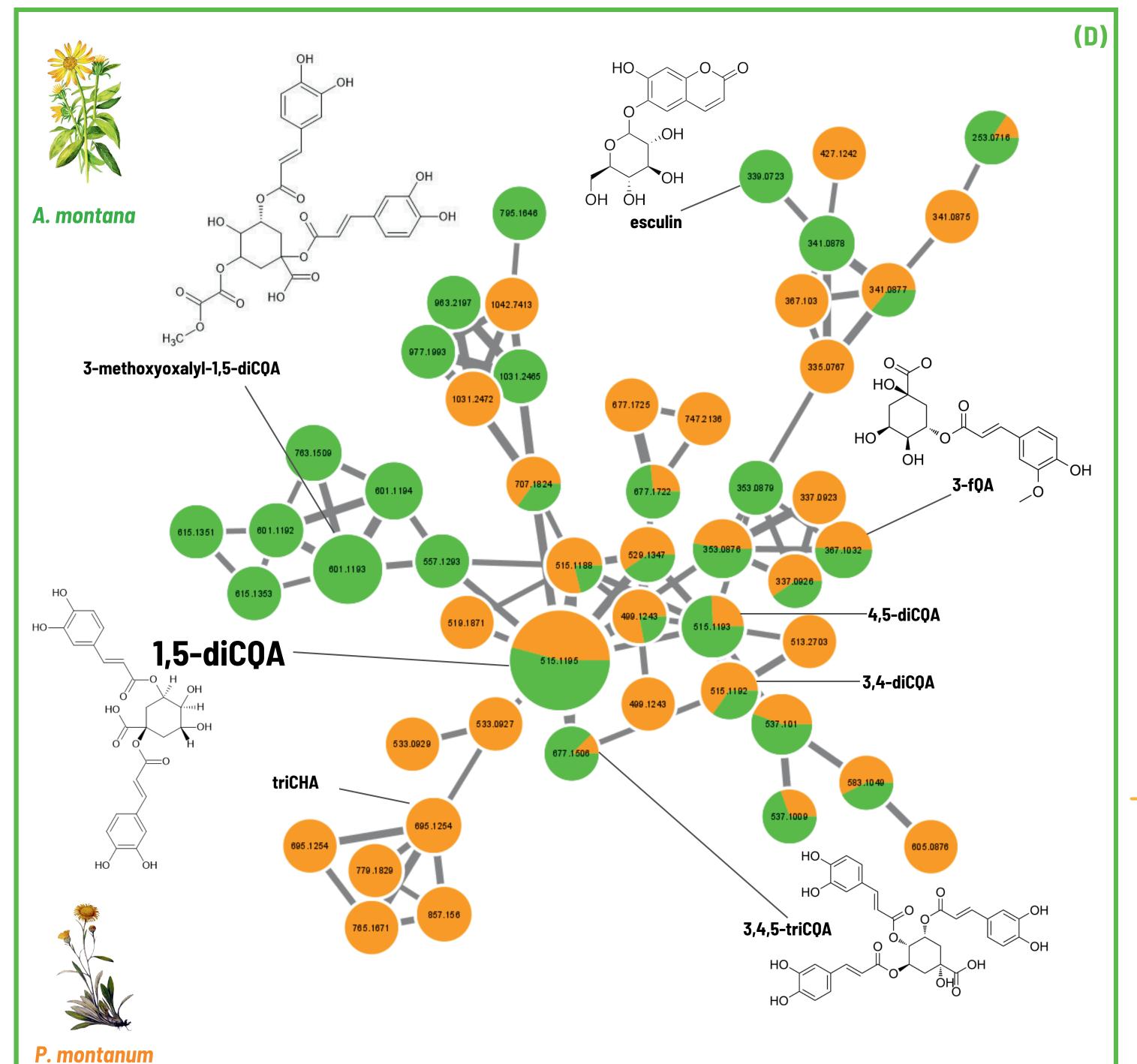
- querciturone (2)

- A. montana specific compounds
- 1,4,5-tricaffeoyl-3-methoxyoxaloylquinic acid (4)
- P. montanum specific compound - 6-methoxyluteolin (5)









# CHEMICAL COMPOSITION COMPARISON

(C) COMPOUNDS CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO CANOPUS **TOOL PREDICTIONS** 

- Both species are dominated by metabolites from the "Shikimates & Phenylpropanoids" pathway, especially Flavonoids & Phenylpropanoids (C6 - C3)
- **A. montana** also showed high amounts of "Fatty acids"

(D) CHEMICAL DIVERSITY & MOLECULAR NETWORKING

- Only **136 compounds** over 1054 were common to both species, among which **5-caffeoylquinic acid** (1) and **1,5-dicaffeoylquinic acid** (3)
- Annotations of these main antioxidant compounds were confirmed by injection of reference compounds
- Caffeoyl-Quinic Acid (CQA) derivatives are already known to exhibit strong antioxidant potential [5]
- Exemple of **CQA derivatives cluster** (D) with some annotations: - dicaffeoylquinic acid (diCQA) isomers
  - tricaffeoylquinic acid (triCQA) isomers
  - feruloylquinic acid (fQA) isomers
  - methoxyoxaloyl-diCQA esters : A. montana specific group - caffeoylhexaric acids (CHA): P. montanum specific group
- P. montanum & A. montana shared several CQA derivatives responsible for antioxidant activity
- The antioxidant potential of *P. montanum* is higher than *A. montana*, although its TPC is lower
- These studies demonstrated that *P. montanum* can be effectively used as a local alternative to A. montana











Sustainable development





[1] Garayev, E., Di Giorgio, C., Herbette, G., Mabrouki, F., Chiffolleau, P., Roux, D., Sallanon, H., Ollivier, E., Elias, R., & Baghdikian, B. (2018). Bioassay-guided isolation and UHPLC-DAD-ESI-MS/MS quantification of potential anti-inflammatory phenolic compounds from flowers of Inula montana L. Journal of ethnopharmacology, 226, 176–184. [2] Gyawali, N., Rayamajhi, A., Karki, D., Pokhrel, T., & Adhikari, A. (2022). Arnica montana L.: Traditional Uses, Bioactive Chemical Constituents, and Pharmacological Activities (p. 61-75). Springer Nature. [3] Vuolo, M. M., Lima, V. S., & Maróstica Junior, M. R. (2019). Chapter 2 - Phenolic Compounds: Structure, Classification, and Antioxidant Power. In M. R. S. Campos (Éd.), Bioactive Compounds (p. 33-50). Woodhead Publishing. [4] Breaud, C., Lallemand, L., Mares, G., Mabrouki, F., Bertolotti, M., Simmler, C., Greff, S., Mauduit, M., Herbette, G., Garayev, E. (2022). LC-MS Based Phytochemical Profiling towards the Identification of Antioxidant Markers in Some Endemic Aloe Species from Mascarene Islands. Antioxidants, 12(1), 50. [5] Li, X., Li, K., Xie, H., Xie, Y., Li, Y., Zhao, X., ... & Chen, D. (2018). Antioxidant and cytoprotective effects of the Di-O-Caffeoylquinic acid family: The mechanism, structure-activity relationship, and conformational effect. Molecules, 23(1), 222.











