

#### Sensitivity Analysis of Lagrangian-Based Variable Speed Limit Strategies apropos of Market Penetration and Spatial Distribution of Connected Vehicules

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# **Université Gustave Eiffel**

# Sensitivity Analysis of Lagrangian-Based Variable Speed Limit Strategies apropos of Market Penetration and Spatial Distribution of Connected Vehicules

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## Introduction

## Context

Traffic control strategies need to be refined and adapted to **mixed traffic situation** *i.e* traffic composed of Human-driven and Connected Vehicles (HDVs and CVs). Variable Speed Limit (VSL) systems consists in i) dynamically detecting a shockwave on a motorway by using current traffic conditions such as speed and flow and ii) computing an applying a speed restrictions upstream to artificially reduce downstream throughput and dampen congestion waves to improve traffic conditions.

### Positionning

CVs are often study in the literature to explore the impact of their new skills, of platoon size or of the ratio of CVs *i.e* Market Penetration Rate (MPR). To the best of our knowledge there is no study to explore the impact of CVs spatial distribution at various MPR levels.

## **Objectives**

With the deployment of CVs, 2 new VSL strategies entirely based on lagrangian data resulting from CVs and I2V communication have been implemented previously by the authors [1] [2] The objective of this paper is to explore their sensitivity to Cvs distribution in the flow at various MPR.

# Methodology

## Implementation of both VSL systems

Both VSL systems use the strong relationship between the **Fundamental Diagram** and the **Space Time Diagram**.

They are based on the same three steps : 1) Shockwave detection, 2) Solution computation and 3) Speed Limit application. Only Step 3 has different process between both VSL systems.

For the Full-CV based VSL system the speed limit is applied by all the CVs which are between  $d_{detection}$  and  $d_h$  from  $t_{detection}$  until  $t_h$  with  $P_h(t_h, d_h)$  on Figure 1.

For the MB CV-based VSL system it is only applied between  $d_{ativate}$  and  $d_{end2}$  (Point E et F on Figure 1) by 2 CVs side-by-side forming a moving bottleneck. This requires a refinement of the previous algorithm to select and match the 2 CVs.







same scenario



Global solution : MB CV-based VSL outperforms significatively performances of the Full CV-based VSL for very low MPR (under or equal to 20%)

Figure 4 : Performance comparison between both VSL systems according to MPR for a CAVs uniform distribution based on 30 seeds

