

## Multiblock omics data fusion using the Consensus OPLS R package

Céline Bougel, van Du T. Tran, Julien Boccard, Marie Tremblay-Franco, Florence Mehl

### ▶ To cite this version:

Céline Bougel, van Du T. Tran, Julien Boccard, Marie Tremblay-Franco, Florence Mehl. Multiblock omics data fusion using the Consensus OPLS R package. Journées Ouvertes Biologie, Informatique et Mathématiques (JOBIM), Jun 2024, Toulouse (FRANCE), France. hal-04623919

HAL Id: hal-04623919

https://hal.science/hal-04623919

Submitted on 25 Jun 2024

**HAL** is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

# Multiblock omics data fusion using the Consensus OPLS R package





## Céline Bougel<sup>1,2</sup>, Van Du Tran<sup>3</sup>, Julien Boccard<sup>4</sup>, Marie Tremblay-Franco<sup>1,2</sup>, Florence Mehl<sup>3</sup>

1 Toxalim (Research Center in Food Toxicology), Toulouse University, INRAE, ENVT, INP-Purpan, UPS, Toulouse, France 3 Vital-IT Group, SIB Swiss Institute for Bioinformatics, 1015 Lausanne, Switzerland 2 MetaboHUB-Metatoul, National Infrastructure of Metabolomics and Fluxomics, Toulouse, France

4 School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of Geneva, 1211, Geneva 4, Switzerland



### Introduction

Omics approaches have proven their value monitoring of providing broad biological systems. However, despite the wealth generated by modern analytical platforms, the analysis of a single dataset is still limited and insufficient to reveal the full biochemical complexity of biological samples. information fusion several data sources constitutes therefore a relevant approach to assessing biochemical events more comprehensively.

However, inherent problems encountered when analysing single tables are amplified with the

multi-block generation datasets. of Finding the relationships between data layers of increasing complexity constitutes a Here we propose an challenging task. extension the versatile to methodology combining the strength of established data analysis multiblock approaches with strategies, Orthogonal **Partial** Least Squares Discriminant analysis (OPLS-DA) framework [1], to offer an efficient tool as an R package for the fusion of Omics data obtained from multiple sources.

**Blocks contributions** 

Specific weights of block on global components

|               |  |                          | Integration —  |  |
|---------------|--|--------------------------|--|--|
|               | ConsensusOPLS [1]                                  | KPCA [2]                 | DIABLO [3]   | MOFA [4]   |
| R Package     | ConsensusOPLS                                      | kernlab                  | mixOmics   | MOFA2  |
| Aim           | Multi-block and multivariate relationship modeling | Dimensionality reduction | Multi-block and multivariate relationship modeling         | Identification of common factors                 |
| Approach      | Consensus Kernel-based<br>OPLS                     | Kernel-based PCA         | Latent projections for integrating multiple omics datasets | Bayesian model to discover shared latent factors |
| Model type    | Supervised (regression or classification)          | Unsupervised             | Supervised (classification)                                | Unsupervised                                     |
| Non-linearity | Yes in kernel                                      | Yes in kernel            | No   | No   |
| Parameters    | Kernel,<br>Cross-validation type                   | Kernel                   | Design matrix  | Bayesian inference                               |



Kernels non-linear



MATLAB in-house scripts available at GitHub Unige with demo\_data [5]

R package available in CRAN New features



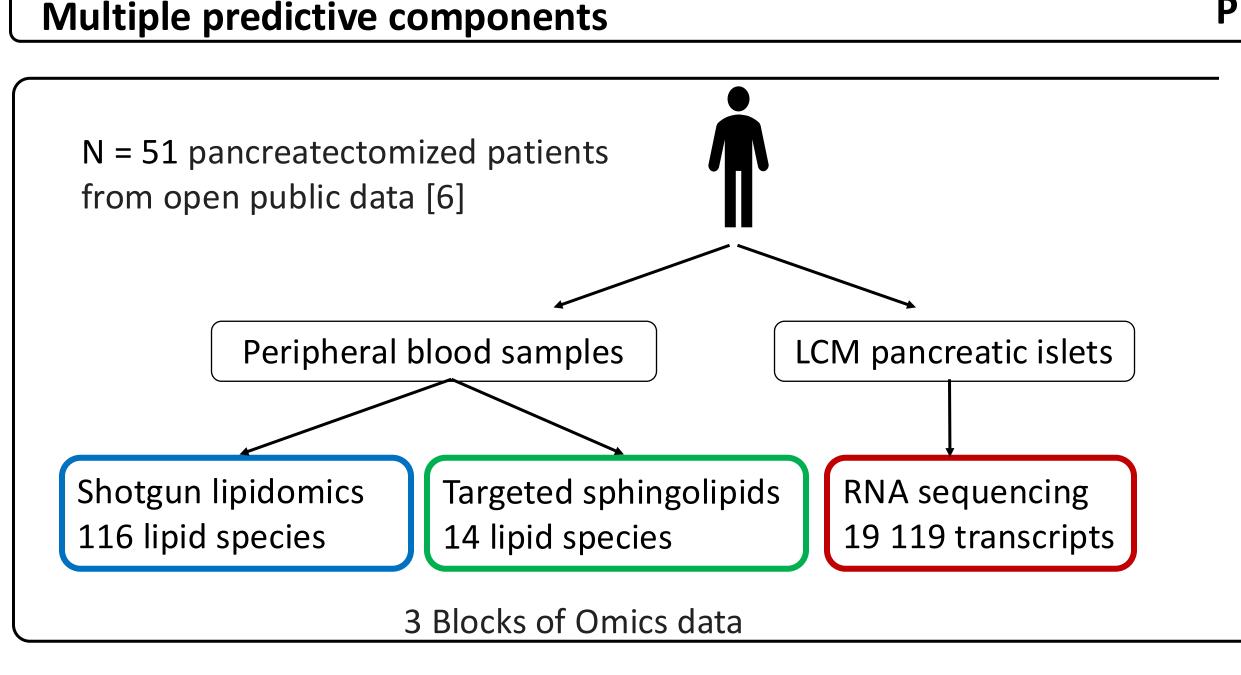


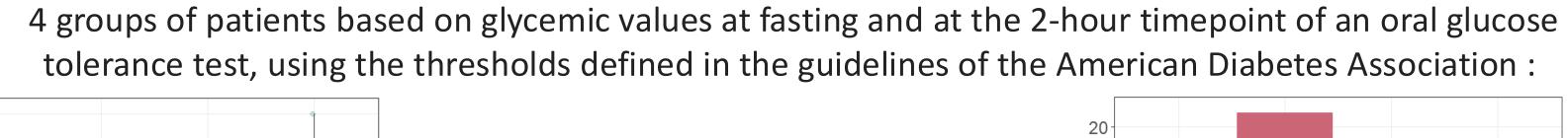
Variable Importance in Projection (VIP) **Prediction of new samples** 

Upgrades

Parallel computing

Loadings plots on predictive vs orthogonal latent variables

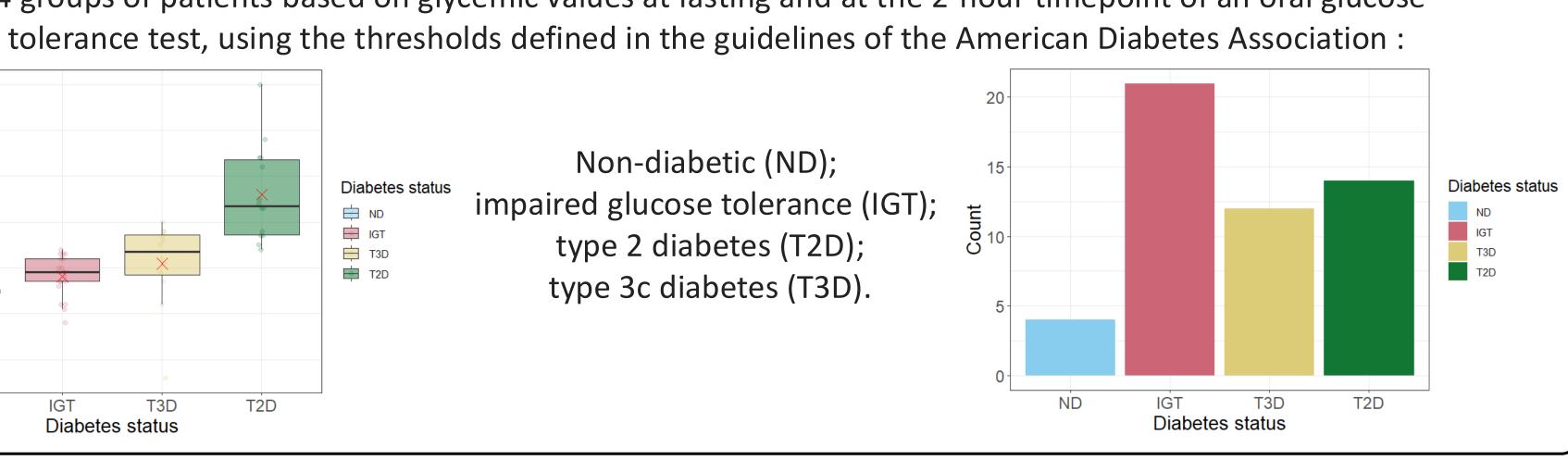




Use case

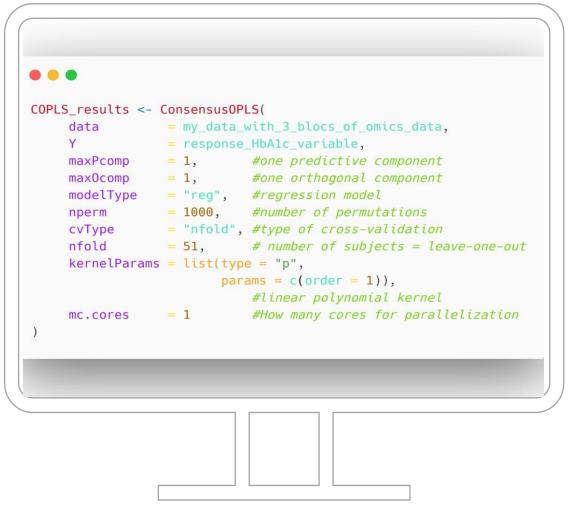
T2D

Non-diabetic (ND); impaired glucose tolerance (IGT); type 2 diabetes (T2D); type 3c diabetes (T3D).



# Results and discussion

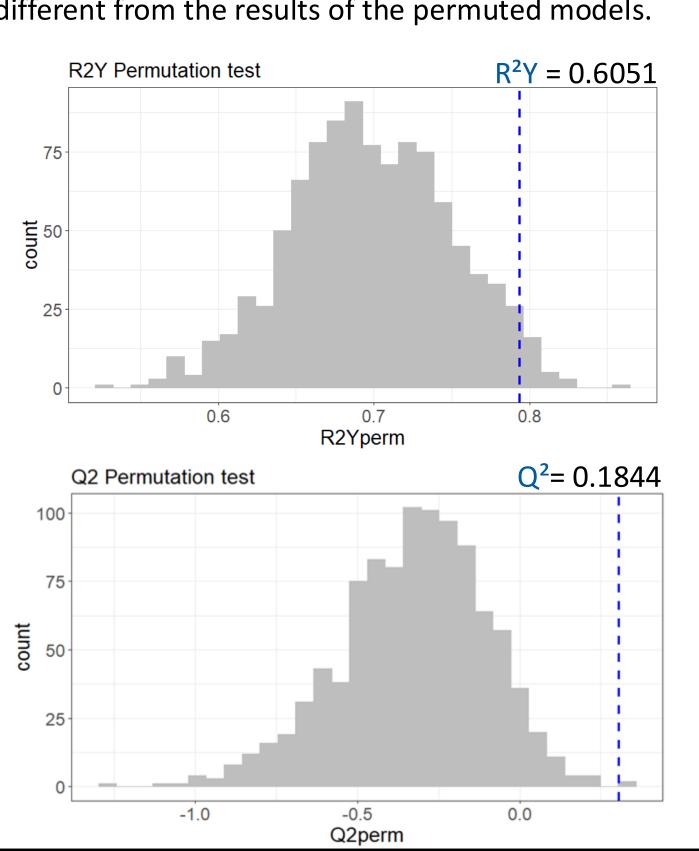
# Regression Analysis (ConsensusOPLS-reg) of HbA1c levels

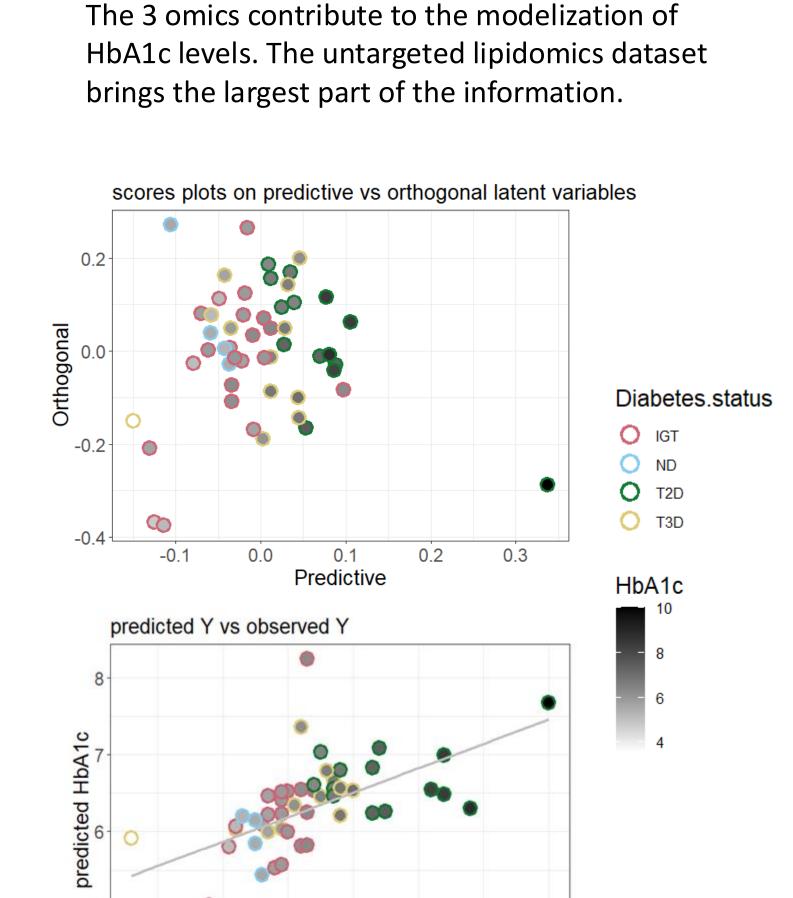


Model computation



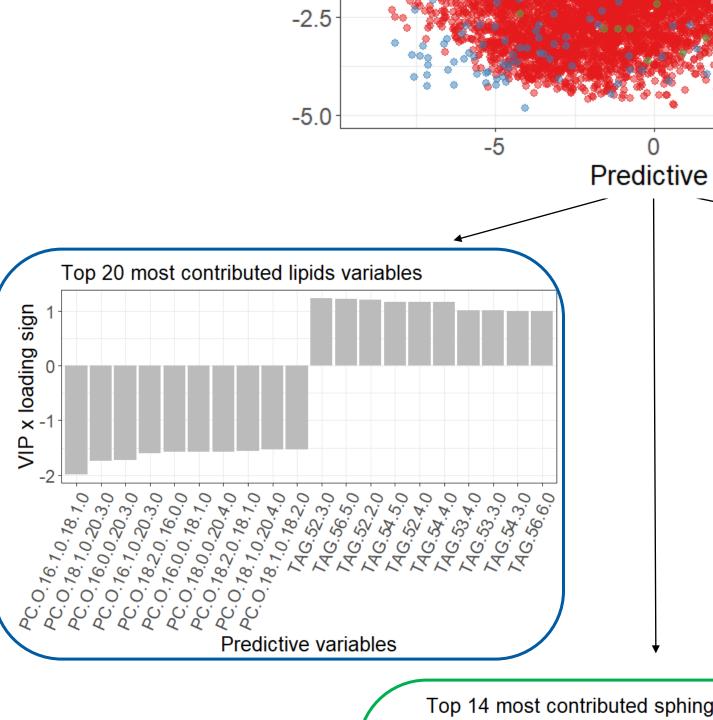
1000 models are computed with pemuted Y values. The results of the optimal model are significantly different from the results of the permuted models.

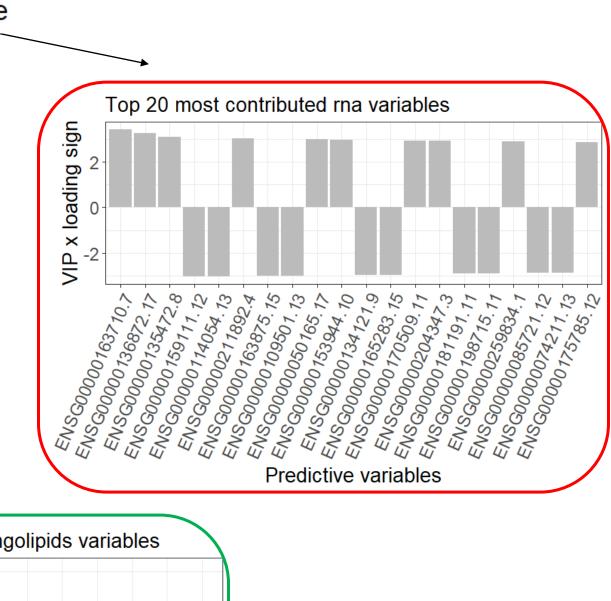




observed HbA1c

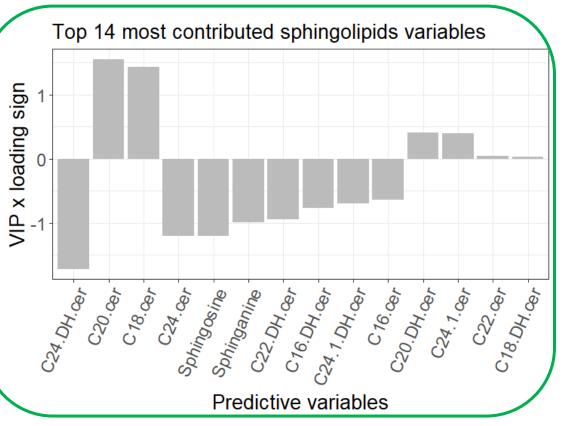
Global components





dataset

sphingolipids



## Conclusions

The ConsensusOPLS R package proposes a free, open-source, and easy-to-use software for the Consensus OPLS method, which was demonstrated as a relevant and widely applicable method for the horizontal integration of omics data, with multiple functionality upgrades.

## References

The **ConsensusOPLS R package** is available at <a href="https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=ConsensusOPLS">https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=ConsensusOPLS</a>.

[1] Boccard J, Rutledge DN. A consensus orthogonal partial least squares discriminant analysis (OPLS-DA) strategy for multiblock Omics data fusion. Analytica Chimica Acta [Internet] 2013;769:30–9. Available

from: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aca.2013.01.022.

3:1017–31. Available from: <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/s42255-021-00420-9">https://doi.org/10.1038/s42255-021-00420-9</a>.

[2] Schölkopf B, Smola A, Müller KR. Nonlinear Component Analysis as a Kernel Eigenvalue Problem. Neural Computation [Internet] 1998;10:1299-319. Available from: https://doi.org/10.1162/089976698300017467. [3] Singh A, Shannon CP, Gautier B, Rohart F, Vacher M, Tebbutt SJ, et al. DIABLO: an integrative approach for identifying key molecular drivers from multi-omics assays. Bioinformatics [Internet] 2019;35:3055–62. Available

from: <a href="https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/bty1054">https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/bty1054</a> [4] Argelaguet R, Velten B, Arnol D, Dietrich S, Zenz T, Marioni JC, et al. Multi-Omics Factor Analysis—a framework for unsupervised integration of multi-omics data sets. Molecular Systems Biology [Internet] 2018;14:e8124. Available

from: https://doi.org/10.15252/msb.20178124.

[5] Shoemaker RH. The NCI60 human tumour cell line anticancer drug screen. Nat Rev Cancer [Internet] 2006;6:813–23. Available from: <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/nrc1951">https://doi.org/10.1038/nrc1951</a>. [6] Wigger L, Barovic M, Brunner AD, Marzetta F, Schöniger E, Mehl F, et al. Multi-omics profiling of living human pancreatic islet donors reveals heterogeneous beta cell trajectories towards type 2 diabetes. Nat Metab [Internet] 2021;

## Acknowledgments

- > This research was funded by the French National Infrastructure for metabolomics and fluxomics MetaboHUB ANR-11-INBS-0010.
- Vital-IT Group, SIB Swiss Institute for Bioinformatics.

### Contacts

- > marie.tremblay-franco@inrae.fr
- > florence.Mehl@sib.swiss