

#### Multiblock omics data fusion using the Consensus OPLS R package Upgrades Conclusions

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# Multiblock omics data fusion using the Consensus OPLS R package



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### Introduction

Omics approaches have proven their value in providing a broad monitoring of biological systems. However, despite the wealth of data generated by modern analytical platforms, the analysis of a single dataset is still limited and insufficient to reveal the full biochemical complexity of biological samples. The fusion of information from several data sources constitutes therefore a relevant approach to assessing biochemical events more comprehensively. However, inherent problems encountered when analyzing

single tables are amplified with the generation of multi-block datasets. Finding the relationships between data layers of increasing complexity constitutes a challenging task. Here we propose an extension to the versatile methodology combining the strength of established data analysis strategies, multi-block approaches with Orthogonal Partial Least Squares Discriminant analysis (OPLS-DA) framework [1], to offer an efficient tool as an R package for the fusion of Omics data obtained from multiple sources.



MATLAB in-house scripts available at GitHub Unige with demo\_data [2]

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R package available in CRAN

**New features** 



#### Kernels non-linear **Multiple predictive components**

## Upgrades

#### Variable Importance in Projection (VIP)

**Prediction of new samples** 

#### Parallel computing

#### N = 51 pancreatectomized patients from open public data [3] LCM pancreatic islets Peripheral blood samples Shotgun lipidomics Targeted sphingolipids RNA sequencing 116 lipid species 19 119 transcripts 14 lipid species 3 Blocks of Omics data

#### Use case

4 groups of patients based on glycemic values at fasting and at the 2-hour timepoint of an oral glucose tolerance test, using the thresholds defined in the guidelines of the American Diabetes Association : Non-diabetic (ND); impaired glucose tolerance (IGT); type 2 diabetes (T2D); type 3c diabetes (T3D).



## **Results and discussion**

# Model computation • • • maxPcom

## Regression Analysis (ConsensusOPLS-reg) of HbA1c levels



Loadings plots on predictive vs orthogonal latent variables





#### **Quality assessment**

1000 models are computed with pemuted Y values. The results of the optimal model are significantly different from the results of the permuted models.



The 3 omics contribute to the modelization of HbA1c levels. The untargeted lipidomics dataset brings the largest part of the information.









The ConsensusOPLS R package proposes a free, open-source, and easy-to-use software for the Consensus OPLS method, which was demonstrated as a relevant and widely applicable method for the horizontal integration of omics data, with multiple functionality upgrades.

#### References

The ConsensusOPLS R package is available at https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=ConsensusOPLS.

[1] J. Boccard, D.N. Rutledge. 2013. "A Consensus Orthogonal Partial Least Squares Discriminant Analysis (OPLS-DA) Strategy for Multiblock Omics Data Fusion." Analytica Chimica Acta 769 (March): 30–39. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aca.2013.01.022</u>.

[2] R.H. Shoemaker. 2006. "The NCI60 Human Tumour Cell Line Anticancer Drug Screen." Nature Reviews. Cancer 6 (10): 813—823. https://doi.org/10.1038/nrc1951.

[3] Wigger L, Barovic M, Brunner AD, et al. 2021. "Multi-omics profiling of living human pancreatic islet donors reveals heterogeneous beta cell trajectories towards type 2 diabetes." Nat Metab. 2021 Jul;3(7):1017-1031. PMID: 34183850. https://doi.org/10.1038/s42255-021-00420-9.

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