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# **Exploring Non-Target Screening and Differential Analysis in Assessing Nature-Based Reactive Barrier Treatment of Micropollutants in Treated Wastewater**



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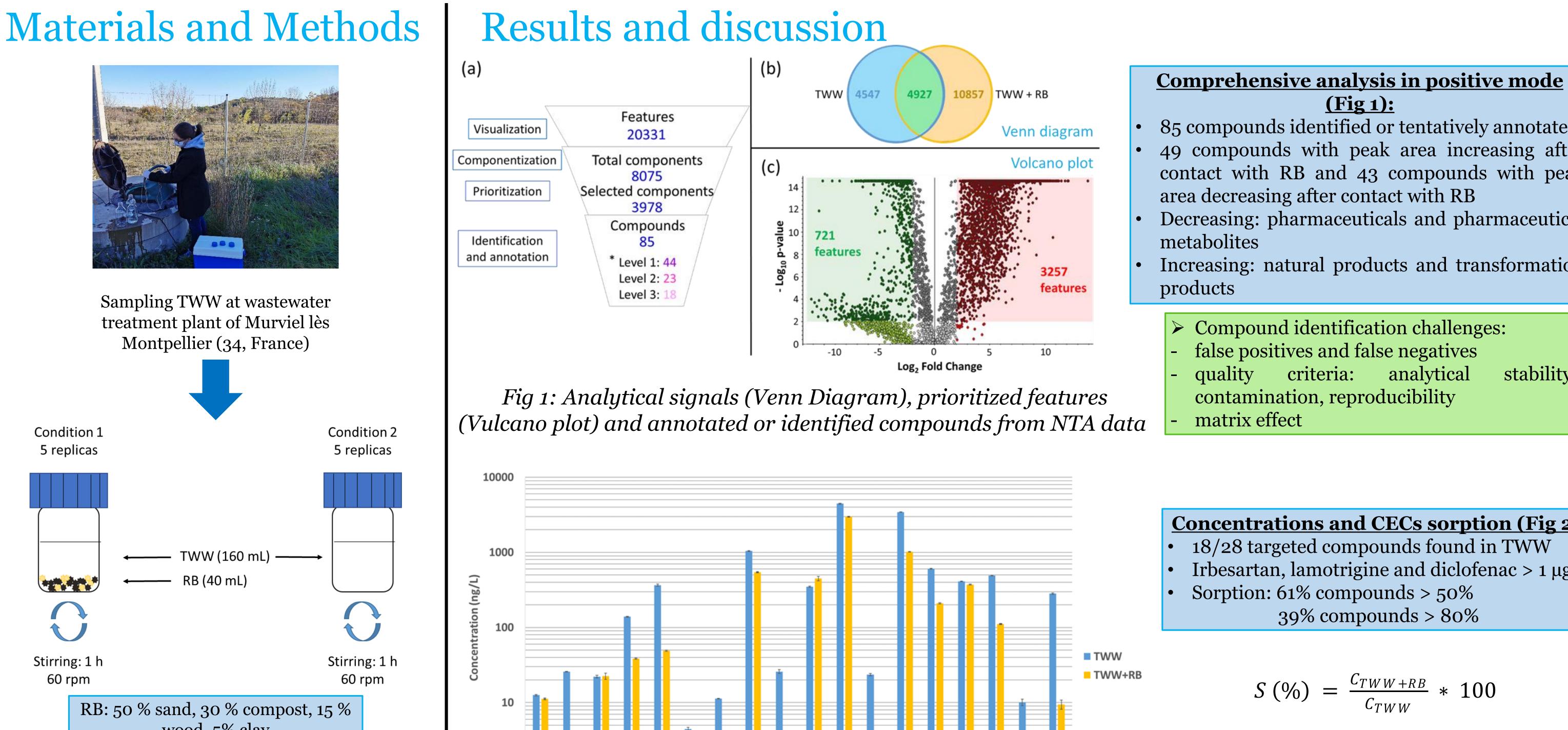
### Context

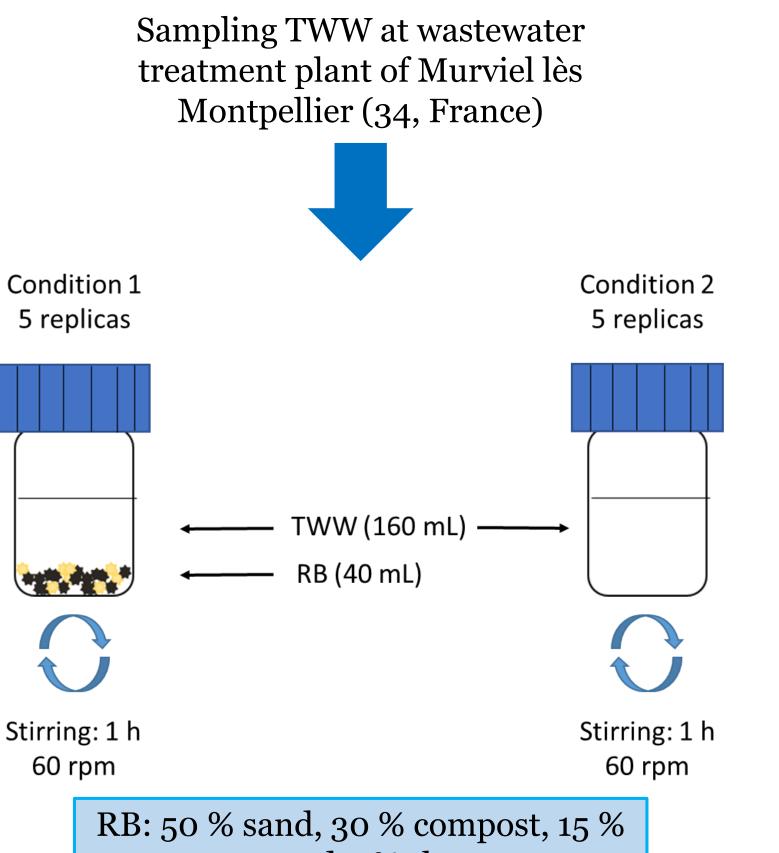
- > Reuse of treated wastewater (REUSE): interesting alternative in response of global water scarcity. Risks due to the presence of **contaminants of emerging** concern (CECs) in treated wastewater (TWW).
- $\succ$  Recent studies (Valhondo et, 2023; Patel et al., 2021) have shown the potential of **reactive barriers** (RB) made of natural materials (**Nature based Solution**) easy to access and low cost as recharge system to eliminate contaminants present in TWW. > Evaluating RB process effectiveness remain challenging.

## Goals

- > Develop **differential approach** based **non-targeted** analysis (NTA) to evaluate nature-based reactive **barrier** effectiveness
- the **NTA contribution** for broadening ► Study perspectives on the **impact of RB** treatment







85 compounds identified or tentatively annotated

(Fig 1):

- 49 compounds with peak area increasing after contact with RB and 43 compounds with peak area decreasing after contact with RB
- Decreasing: pharmaceuticals and pharmaceutical
- Increasing: natural products and transformation

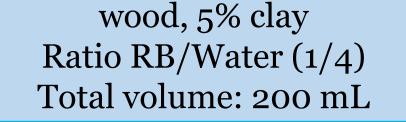
stability,

- Compound identification challenges:
- false positives and false negatives
- criteria: analytical contamination, reproducibility
- matrix effect

### **Concentrations and CECs sorption (Fig 2):**

- 18/28 targeted compounds found in TWW
- Irbesartan, lamotrigine and diclofenac >  $1 \mu g/L$
- Sorption: 61% compounds > 50% 39% compounds > 80%

 $S(\%) = \frac{C_{TWW+RB}}{2} * 100$ 



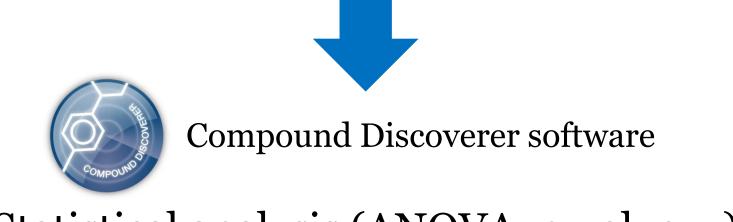
Extraction on solid phase (SPE, Oasis HLB)



### HPLC – HRMS

- Resolution: 70 000

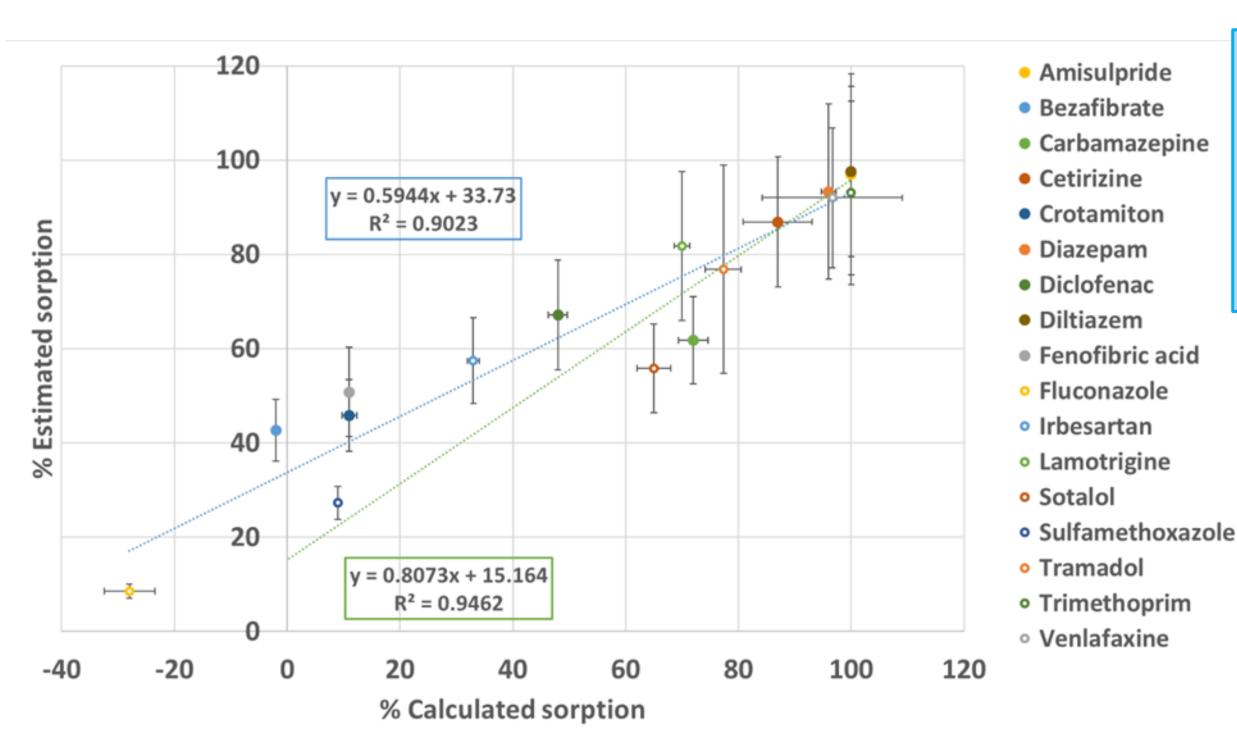
- Targeted (38 CECs) and non-targeted analysis - Internal databases made of 109 CECs for nontargeted identification



anatepine cetifitine piatepan piclofenac pitiatem pratole satan protein piero sotaloi vatole

Sorption consistent with other studies (Valhondo et al., 2023; Patel et al., 2021) Sorption is the main process in this study

*Fig 2: Concentrations of 18 targeted compounds found in TWW* and TWW + RB



**NTA applicability for sorption estimation (Fig 3):** 

- Satisfactory correlation but matrix effect vigilance is needed
- Estimated sorption overestimate by 34 % calculated sorption
- Improved correlation for compound sorbing > 75 %

> NTA reveals numerous compounds in TWW but also after contact with RB

Differential analysis provide valuable information on the effectiveness of RB

*Fig 3: Percentage of sorption estimated by NTA in function of* percentage of sorption calculated for target analysis; in blue: linear regression accounting all the compounds, in green: linear regression accounting compounds with S>75%

Statistical analysis (ANOVA, p-value ...) Differential analysis

# **Conclusion and perspectives**

> 110 compounds identified or tentatively annotated in positive and negative mode

> NTA provides a broad and complete view of the performances of nature-based RB treatment, giving information on the **compounds released** by the barrier in addition to **RB sorption capacity** 

> **Prospects**:

- pursue investigations using RB made with the studied materials in column experiments exploring other parameters such as flow, duration, redox conditions, microbiological activity and in real-life situations
- approach allowing the study of released compounds by the RB with the identification of potential **transformation products**

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**References:** Valhondo et al., 2023, Water, 15, 1393. Patel et al., 2021, Environmental Research, 201, 111218.

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