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Development of health ingredients from chicory by-products fermentation : first step strains selection

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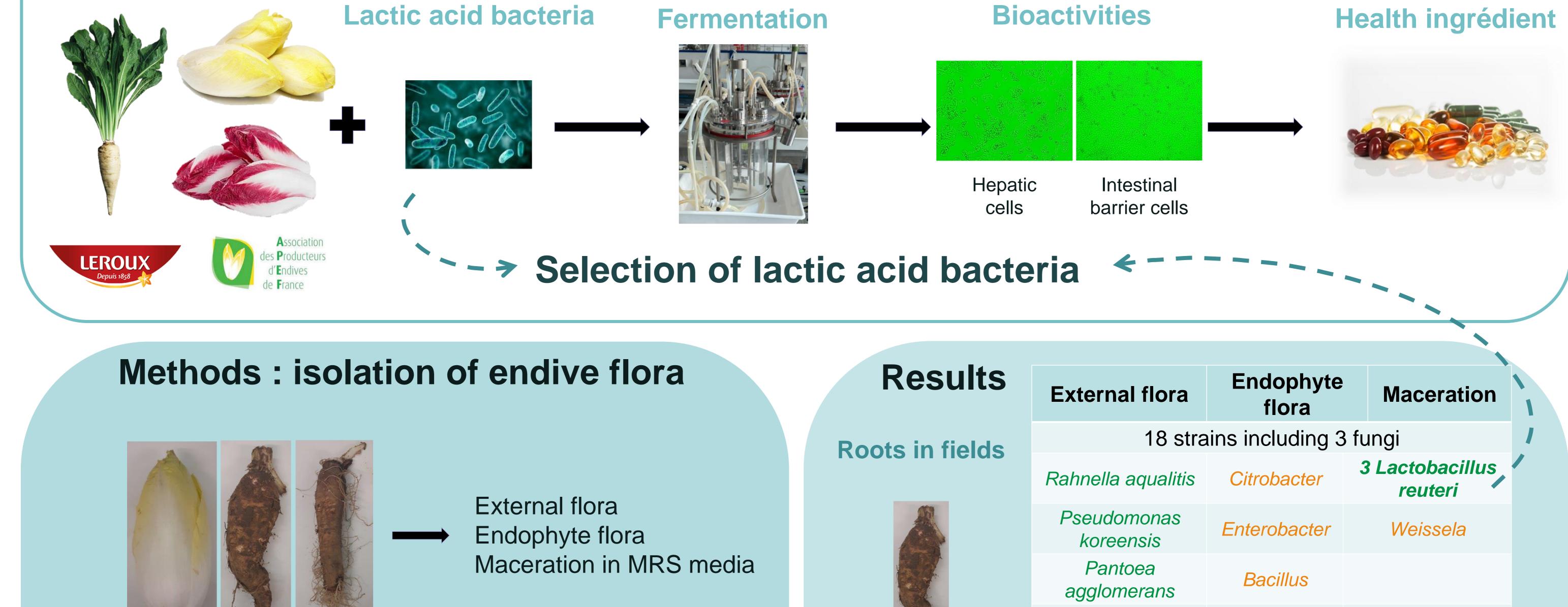
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Introduction

The chicory production generates many by-products, particularly in Hauts-de-France, the leader region. It is necessary to valorize these by-products, which can exert bioactivities. Chicory is known to possess molecules such as polyphenols responsible for multiple antioxidant, anti-microbial, or hepatoprotective activities. Lactic acid bacteria possess different enzymes which can transform polyphenols. **Fermentation of chicory by-products by different species of lactic acid bacteria could release bioactive molecules with activities related to human health**. In order to select the lactic acid bacteria that will be used in fermentation, an isolation of the total endive flora has been performed.

Chicory by-products

Workflow of thesis





Isolation and freezing of pure colonies

Medium:

M17 and MRS \rightarrow Lactic acid bacteria GN \rightarrow non-fastidious bacteria PDA \rightarrow Fungi

MALDI-TOF



16S sequencing



identification Strain have been realized on Realcat plateform, the by MALDI-TOF method. which strains Some seemed to be promising been have sent to 16S for Genoscreen sequencing.



Pseudomonas

Bacillus mycoides

Bacillus

External flora

Endophyte flora

11 strains including 3 fungiPantoea agglomeransBacillus licheniformisLelliottia amnigenaBacillus magetariumCitrobacter gilleniiBacillusPectobacterium
caratovorumImage: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2"



Pseudomonas

External flora

7 strains including 2 fungi

Raoultella terrigena

Streptococcus mitis

Staphylococcus horminis

2 Pantoea agglomerans

Roots after endive forçing



Legend

green : good identification
of type and species,
orange : identification of
type but uncertain for
species

Conclusion and perspective

This study aims to find lactic acid bacteria from chicory leaves and roots to be used in fermentation. This study highlighted 36 strains. Most of the strains were isolated from roots and belong to external flora. Most strains come from soil and waters like Bacillus, Citrobacter, or Pseudomonas. Other species are commonly found in plants like *Pantoea agglomerans*, *Pseudomonas koreensis*, *Bacillus mycoides* or *Pectobacterium carotovorum*. Only *Rahnella aqualitis* as already been found in chicory. Most of the strains isolated in this study were possibly not present in the chicory itself but in the soil. However, some strains look promising for the continuation of the project. It is, therefore, necessary to identify the fungi. Notably, three Lactobacillus strains are promising for the continuation of this project. These strains will be used to ferment chicory by-products.











