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# How to improve information processing efficiency?

# Highlighting the competence-supporting feedbacks benefits versus competence-thwarting feedbacks drawbacks

STXPS-METZ

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# INTRODUCTION

Context. Although being attentive has been widely regarded as prerequisite in cognitive performance, literature was sparse supervisor's feedbacks effects on information processing.

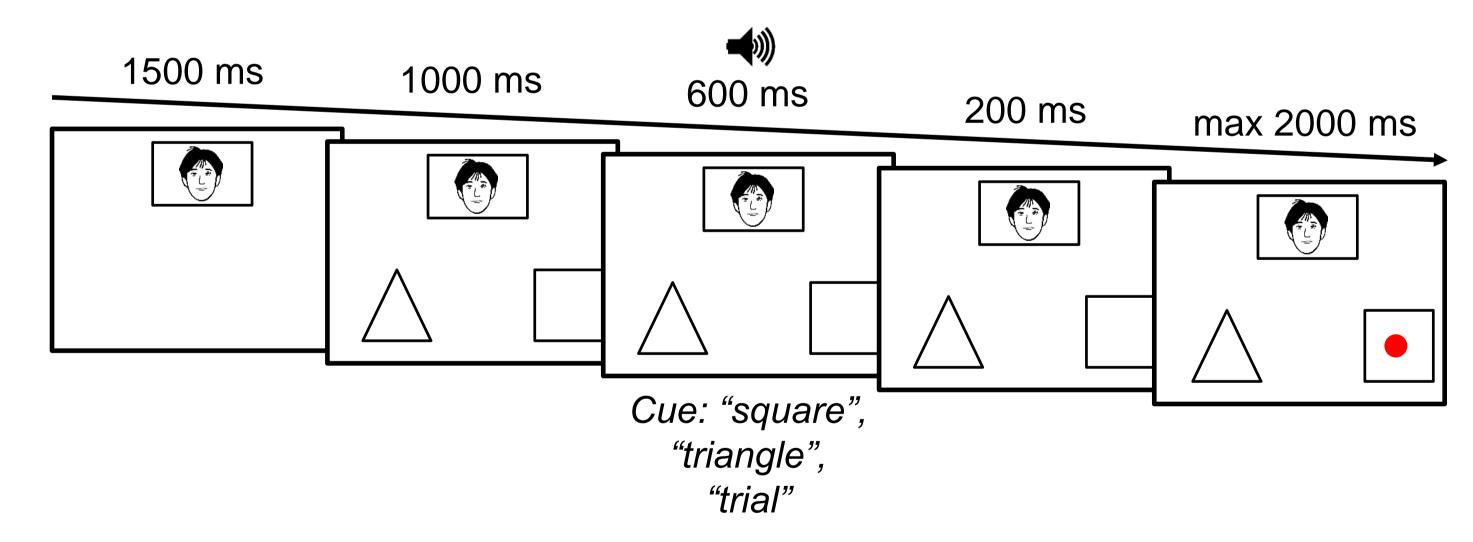
Aim. This research focused on information processing efficiency in reaction to competence-related feedbacks.

# Assumptions.

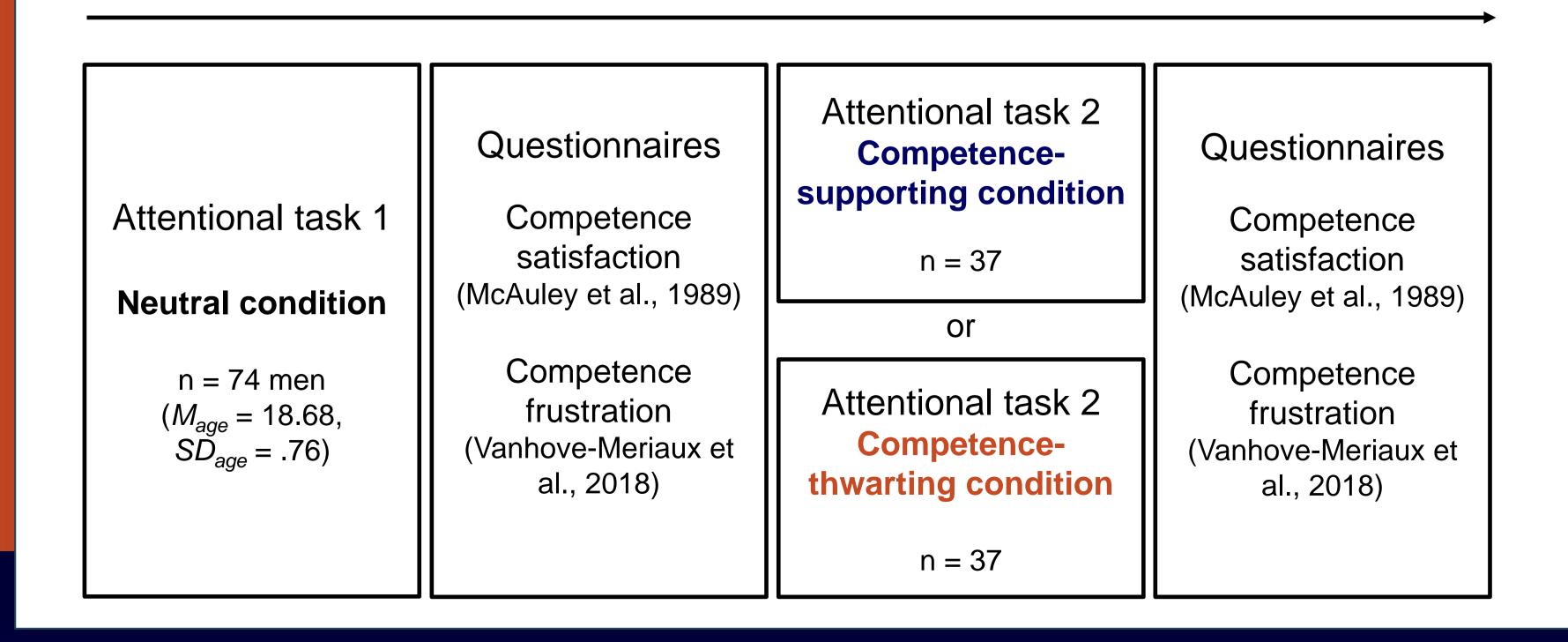
- Supervisors providing competence-supporting feedbacks would foster attentional performances (Mastagli et al., 2021).
- 2. Inversely, competence-thwarting feedbacks may be perceived as threat orienting attention toward the supervisor instead of the task at hand (Eysenck et al., 2007).

# **METHODS**

Subjects participated to a modified Posner cue-target paradigm (1980) composed of 200 trials per condition (100 congruent, 50 incongruent, 50 uncued).



Cues were given by a supervisor in video-capsule. Each 10 trials, the same supervisor in video capsule gave competence-related feedback.



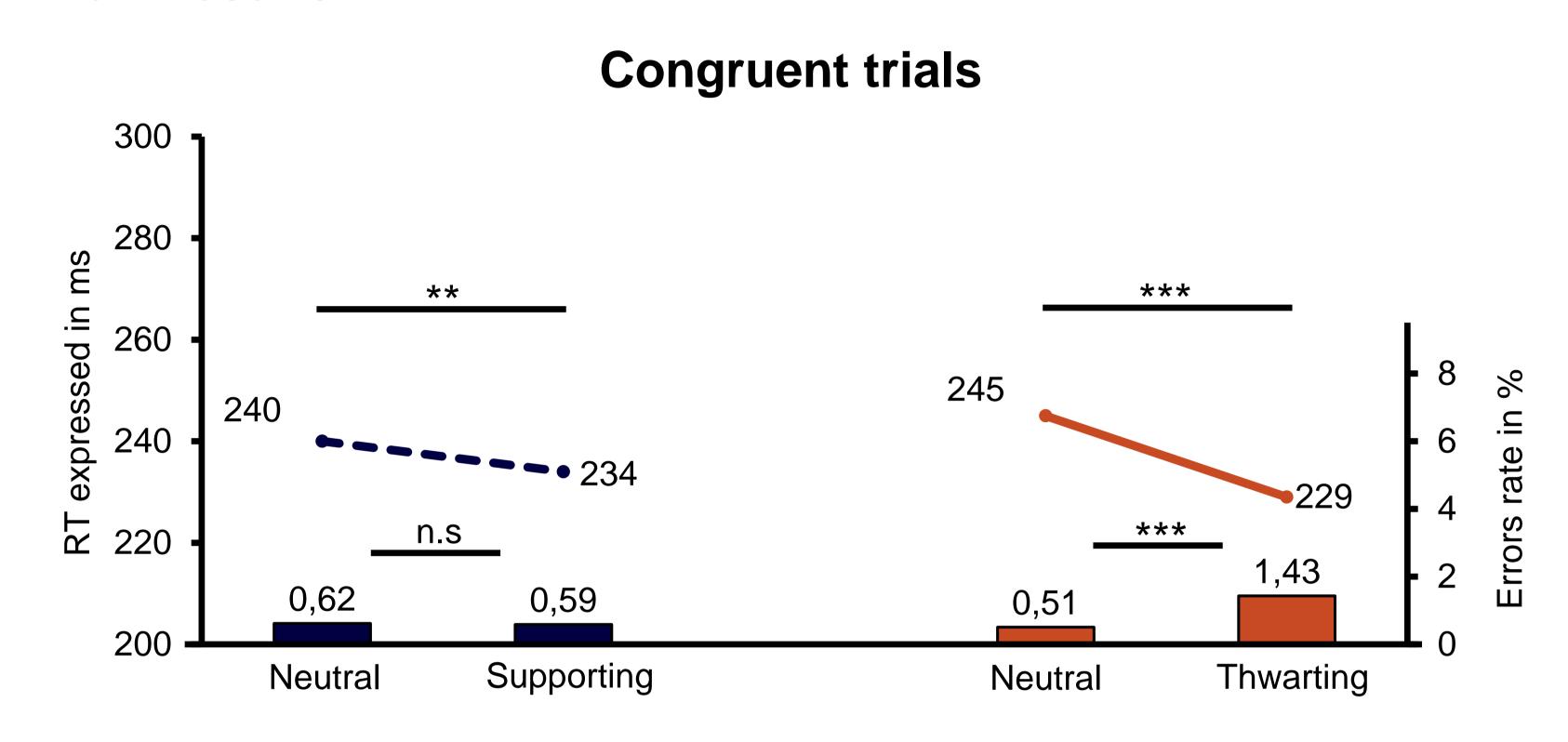
## RESULTS

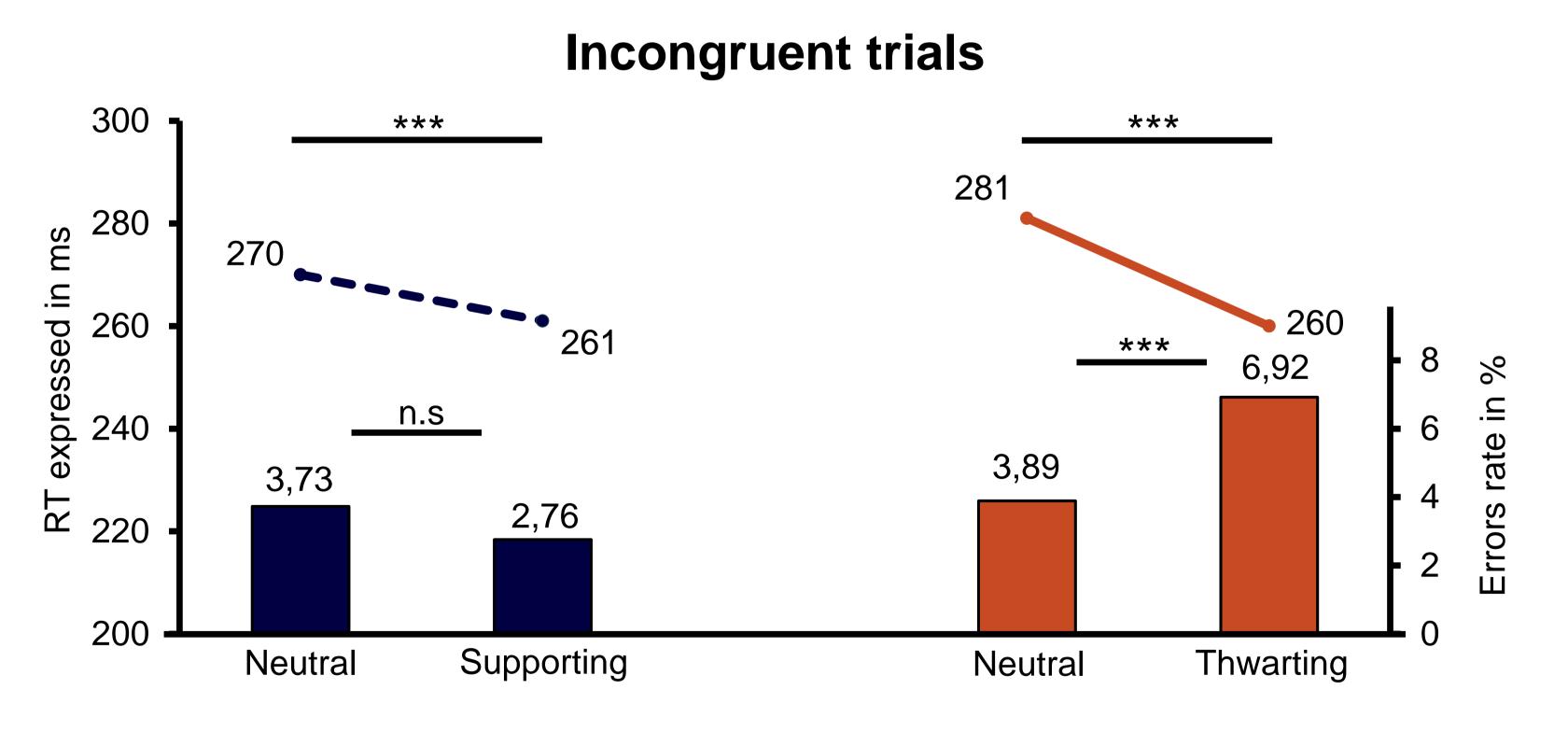
### Preliminary analysis

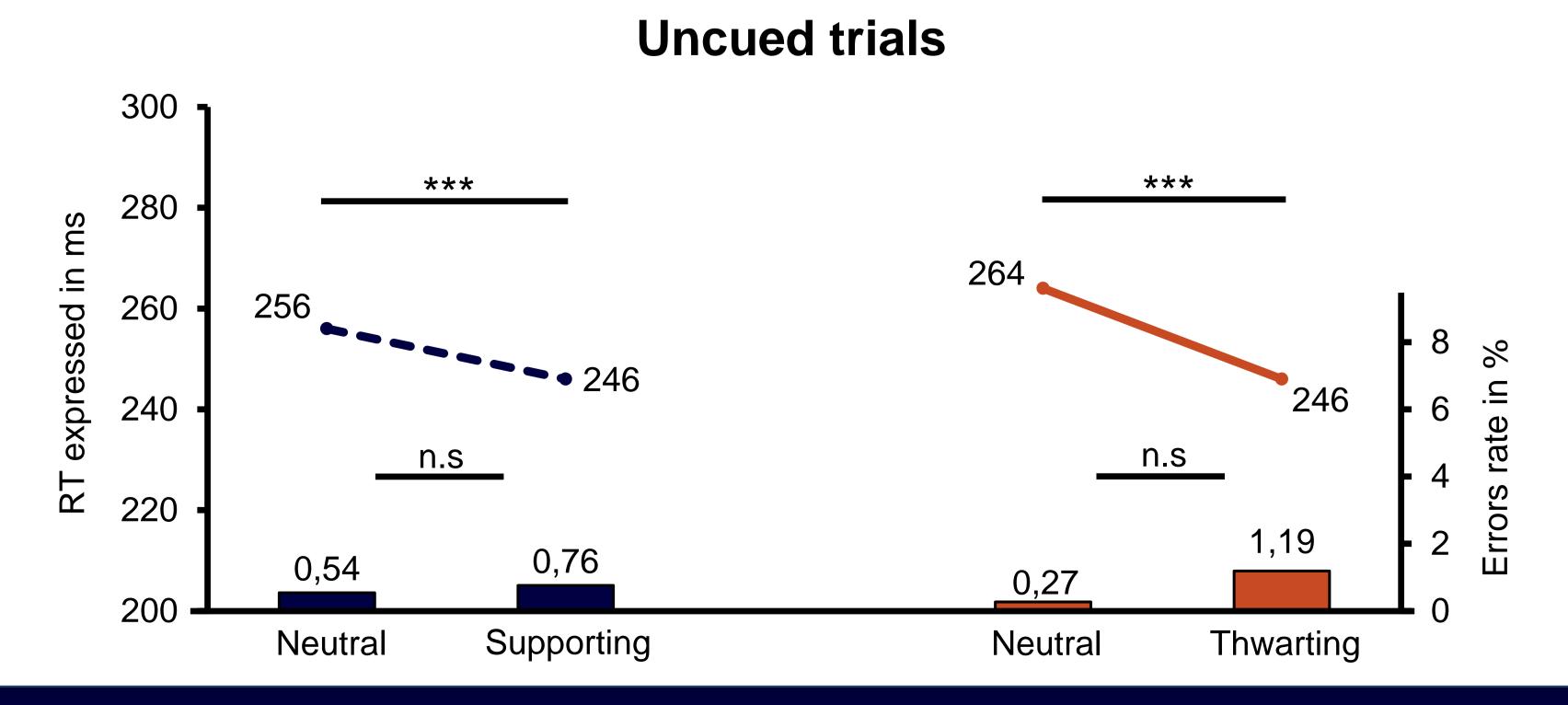
Modified Posner cue-target paradigm was systematically valid (congruent RT < uncued RT < incongruent RT).

In comparison to neutral condition, supporting and thwarting videofeedback had expected effects on the competence need.

#### Main results







### CONCLUSIONS

The supporting feedback group showed a general decrease in RT and a constant errors rate.

In contrast, the thwarting feedback group indicated a strongest decrease in RT but an increase in the errors rate to congruent and incongruent trials.



In line with the Attentional Control Theory (Eysenck et al., 2007):

- Competence-supporting feedbacks would foster efficiency.
- Competence-thwarting feedbacks would improve effectiveness.

Participants experiencing competence-thwarting feedbacks would have abandoned a balanced strategy to the benefit of an unbalanced strategy favoring speed over accuracy (Simen al., 2009).

Ruminating about social comparison would have consumed attentional resources usually allocated to the task, favoring to neglect peripheral elements (Butera et al., 2006).

These results support the SDT "bright" and "dark" pathway activated by competence-supporting and competence-thwarting feedbacks (Ryan & Deci, 2017).

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#### CONTACT







