

Assessing Hydrofoil Deformations: a Comparative Study

Pierre Robin, Alban Leroyer, D. de Prémorel, Jeroen Wackers

▶ To cite this version:

Pierre Robin, Alban Leroyer, D. de Prémorel, Jeroen Wackers. Assessing Hydrofoil Deformations: a Comparative Study. 10th Conference on Computational Methods in Marine Engineering, ECCOMAS, Jun 2023, Madrid, Spain. 10.23967/marine.2023.102 . hal-04506128

HAL Id: hal-04506128 https://hal.science/hal-04506128v1

Submitted on 15 Mar 2024 $\,$

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

Assessing High Performance Yachts' Hydrofoil Deformations X International Conference on Computational Methods in Marine Engineering

MARINE 2023

Pierre Robin*[†], Alban Leroyer*, David de Prémorel[†] and Jeroen Wackers*

* LHEEA Lab

Centrale Nantes/CNRS 1 rue de la Noë, 44300 Nantes, France e-mail: pierre.robin@ec-nantes.fr, web page: https://lheea.ec-nantes.fr

[†] Finot-Conq Architectes Navals 12 bis Allée Loïc Caradec, 56000 Vannes, France e-mail: dpremorel@finot-conq.com - web page: https://www.finot-conq.com

ABSTRACT

In recent years, hydrofoils have been playing an important part in the performance of sailing boats. Indeed, whether they allow the boat to leave the Archimedian mode to fly above the water or simply provide more righting moment to the boat, their presence can lead to big gains in ship maximal speed.

Due to the high speed they operate under, these appendages often bend and twist under the hydrodynamic loads they are under. These deformations then lead to modifications of the forces applied on the foil, and to new deformations, thus resulting in a two-way coupling between fluid and structure effects. In this scope, naval architects need to include these models in their calculation to assess and compare the performance of their foil designs.

As of now, the fluid-structure interaction is handled through a modal approach [1]. This method is already implemented in FINE/Marine's solver ISIS-CFD, therefore no coupling with a structure solver is needed, which saves up CPU-time. To compute body's deformations, this approach requires an input file that contains mode frequencies and the associated deformation amplitudes of the structure, which are usually obtained through modal analysis in a third-party FEA code. The fluid solver then uses this data to perform the coupling, computing the deformation of the structure by a linear combination of the structure eigenmodes. However, this approach cannot take into account geometrical non-linearities, which can be critical for some foils, as IMOCA's 6-meter-length-foils can bend up to one meter in certain sailing conditions.

This approach is combined with the methods for hydrofoil fluid simulation within ISIS-CFD, including the sock-mesh approach with multi-surface and flux-component Hessian (MS-FCH) adaptive grid refinement [2]. To validate this approach, simulations using the NACRA 17 foil will first be performed, in order to compare numerical results to experiments performed by SSPA [3]. Results of simulations performed on an IMOCA equipped with foils, are also presented.

REFERENCES

- L. Mouton, A. Leroyer, G. B. Deng, P. Queutey, T. Soler, and B. Ward (2018). "Towards unsteady approach for future flutter calculation". *Journal of Sailing Technology*, Vol. 3, pp. 1–19 (2018).
- [2] P. Robin, A. Leroyer, D. Prémorel, J. Wackers, "Starting off the right foot with foil sock approach and AGR criterion", Proceedings of 24th Numerical Towing Tank Symposium, Zagreb, Croatia, (2022).
- [3] L. Marimon Giovannetti, A. Farousi, F. Ebbesson, A. Thollot, A. Shiri, and A. Eslamdoost, "Fluid-structure interaction of a foiling craft", *J Mar Sci Eng*, Vol. **10**, pp. 372, (2022).