

### Sufficiency, Efficiency, Substitutions: Relative effectiveness to reduce the carbon footprint of France by 2050

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# Sufficiency, Efficiency, Substitutions: Relative effectiveness to reduce the carbon footprint of France by 2050



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## **Results**

#### Compared to TREND 2050:

- Weak effect of efficiency. Most effective lever on direct emissions = Substitutions (changes to « green » technological alternatives).  $\Rightarrow$  in all scenarios in transport services and buildings/households.
- > Sufficiency can have strong effects on footprint (S1 & S2) compared to direct emissions (up to x3) because of high imports rates of final and intermediary material consumptions (a), largely driven by FD levels decrease (b).

 $\Rightarrow$  in S1-Sob, FD explains 80% of CF drop (55% via imports only).

- > As the 3 levers can be cumulated without eviction and substitution effect being similar in all scenarios, the more sufficiency actions are implemented, the bigger the drop on footprint.
- > Scenarios' philosophies are retrieved in results. In terms of « final services », ranking of CF reduction potentials through sufficiency is: transport > gov + services > food > housing > equipments.







# Future work

#### **IDEAS IN THE SHORT TERM :**

- > Extend projections to more energy and non-energy consumptions.
- Analyse material footprints.

# **IDEAS IN THE LONG TERM:**

- > Disantangle macroeconomic consequences of sufficiency / efficiency / substitutions in TREND 2050 and define BU projections vs 2015.
- > Study economic impacts of sufficiency BU actions.
- > Post-growth scenarios, through demand and supply sides actions.





(b) <u>Carbon footprint decomposition: impacts of FD levels</u> and technological changes in intermediate processes











