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Storm Alex 2020: Responsibility, Solidarity and Mutual aid for Community Resilience

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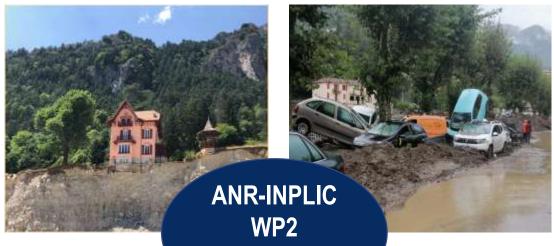
Storm Alex 2020 – Explosive cyclogenesis

10 13.000 deceased valleys victims missing

cementeries destroyed

650 million tons of water

Psycho-Socio-**Historical Approach**































CONCLU NOIS

The Timeline of the event according to MétéoFrance

The Pre-Alert phase

The Alert phase

LIGNE DE TEMPS DE L'ÉVÉNEMENT SELON MÉTÉOFRANCI



The Response phase





THE ROYA VALLEY



Source: https://charts.dwalp.org/8Lllz/



Source: https://charts.dwalp.org/w2ZtS/

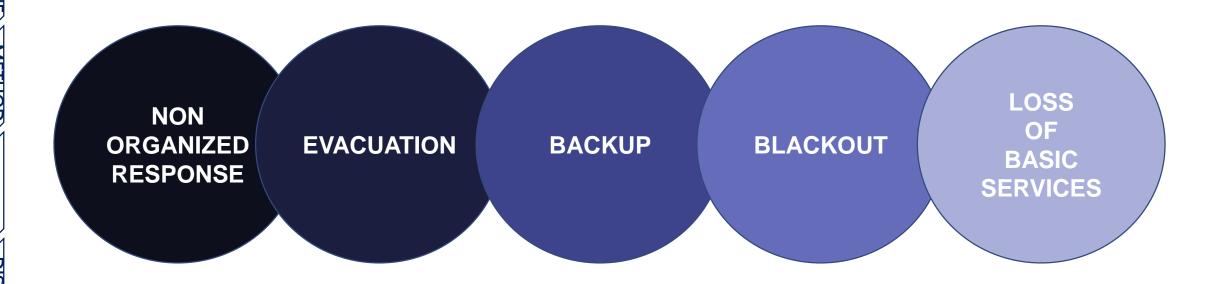
THE VESUBIA VALLEY



Source: https://charts.dwalp.org/pF9AP/



Difficulties for authorities & managers:

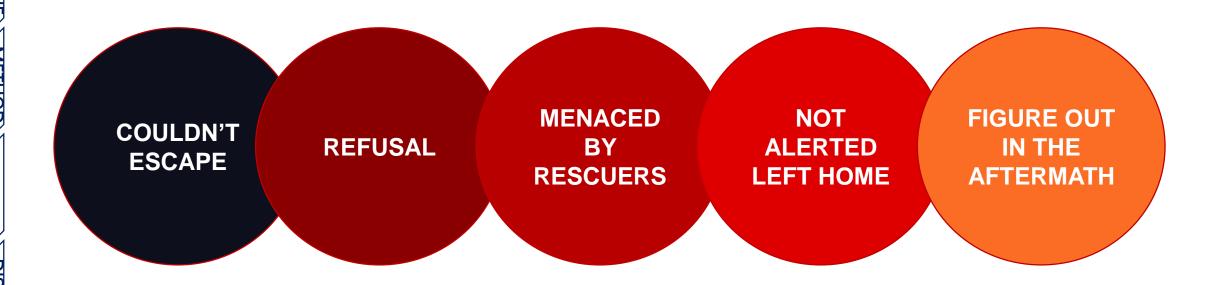


Dispersion of actors?





1. Difficulties for authorities & managers: (EVACUATION)



How do people actually behave? How to capitalise their behaviors?



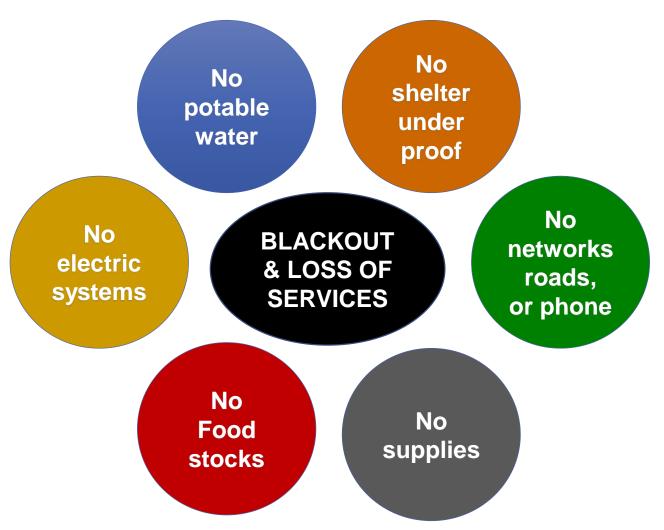


2. Difficulties for authorities & managers: (BACKUP)

• The General of the Fire Brigade, Rene Dies, said that The perceived lack of organization was due to the "blackout" in communications with the affected valleys. Eventhough, they were prepared since the (anticipation phase") The operational staff had to adapt in a "reflex phase" where they acted in degraded mode. The blackout led to the loss of information feedback. In this context, the emergency services had to "imagine and map out scenarios for the following day" and then move on to the "thinking phase". The municipalities had made their volunteers and staff available. Everything was managed from the crisis units. According to the CG Dies and the local authotities, "this surge o solidarity is really wonderful to see".



3. Difficulties for authorities & managers : (SERVICES)





Population was not difficult to manage, instead, people became an invaluable resource.

PARADOX

"Population has been extremely comprehensive, patient, calm, generous..."



Theoretical framework

Different layers / levels of behaviors

Civilized behaviors - Habitus - Norber Elias

Roles – Erving Goffman

Social Capital – A.J. Faas & E. Jones

Local Knowledge – Clifford Geertz





Theoretical framework

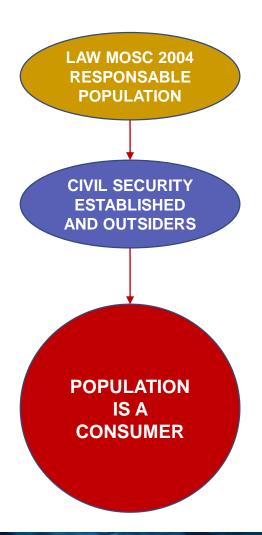
- Micro-Meso-Macro: Individual, social or collective
- CIVILIZED BEHAVIORS What is a good behaviour when responding to disasters? Norbert Elias.
- OUR FIRST IMPRESSION: A dynamic of Established and Outsiders in the area of civil security / civil protection?
- People assume ROLES Erving Goffman. Which roles?
- SOCIAL CAPITAL : Disperse social bonds? A.J. Faas.
- What are the HABITUS of the neighbors?
- Ancestral local knowledge and practices are disappearing - Rosero, 2019. What about occidental countries – France?

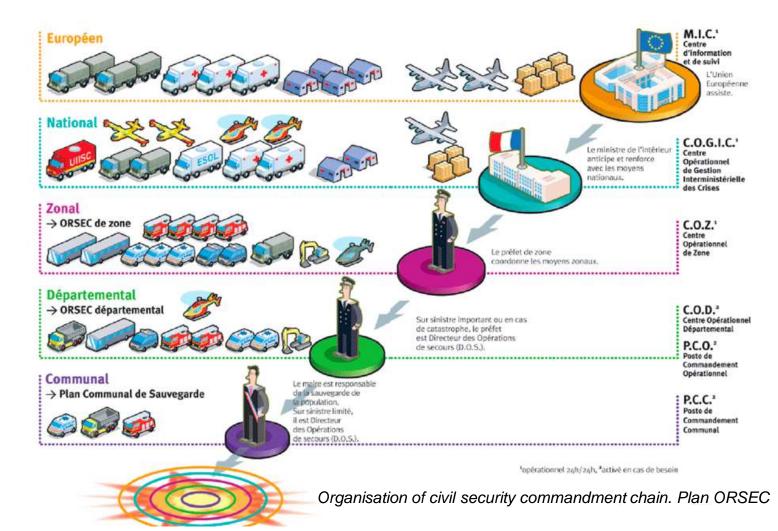
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BEHAVIORAL MODELS:
Berren (1980,1982);
Sauter & Carafano (2005) :
Ripley (2009);
Wester (2011);
Chroust & al. (2011);
CEPRI, 2013;
Drabek, (2013);
Rudenstine & Galea (2014);
Savage (2019);
Zwang (2002);
Provitolo et al. (2015).
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Operational framework:





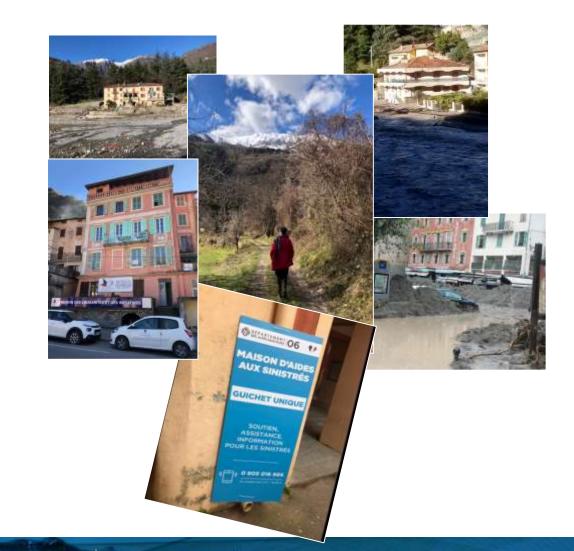




Methodology

Our study brings together **4 types of methodological approach** and fuses them into **a case description**, trying to highlight the voices of the actors involved.

- a) CASE STUDY Roya Valley and Vesubie Valley
- **b) GROUNDED THEORY** Grounded theory
- c) ETHNOGRAPHY Descriptive field research
- d) NARRATIVE RESEARCH Based on the stories of local people and principal actors





Methodology

First of all we **explored the local press** articles and news reports.

We went to the scene **to interview** the different actors:

- Inhabitants
- Affected populations
- Rescuers & first responders
- Authorities

Compare perspectives and descriptions on the ground and <u>let people talk about their experiences.</u>

Try to understand how do people respond to the disaster?



2 visits & online sessions



Publication social networks



Posters





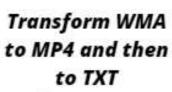


Data analysis



Interview





With VLC/Stream

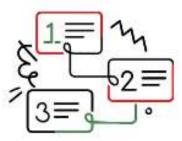


Transform from TXT to DOC

with Happyscribe



Qualitatve Analysis with NVivo



Coding Finding, classifying avec les logiciel NVivo



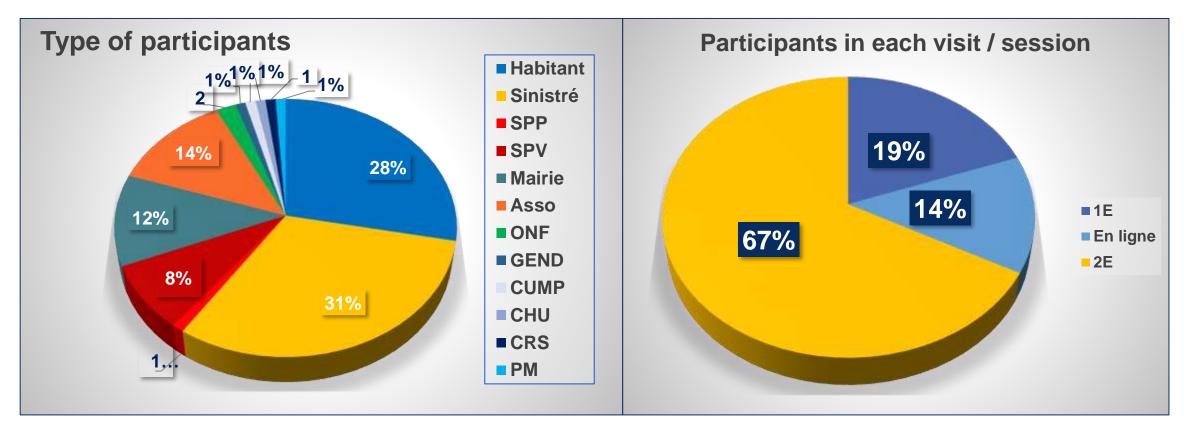


COMMUNE	1interview	Online	2 interview	Total	% Village
BREIL	17	5	23	45	46,9
TENDE	0	1	19	20	20,8
VESUBIE	0	0	21	21	21,9
OTHER	1	7	2	10	10,4
Total par visite	18	13	65	96	100

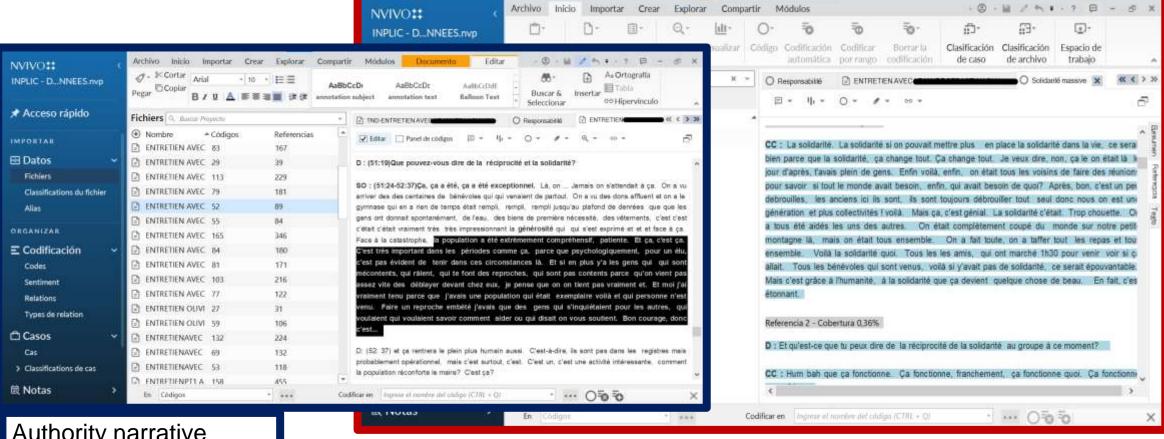
Data obtained from my thesis work







Majority of people were interviewed during the 2nd sessions because we had more access to these communities



Authority narrative

Inhabitants narrative





- Responsibility: At three different levels and it is articulated by the social bonds and social capital (Bonding, Bridging, Linking). All the actors assume different tasks, coordinated or non-coordinated by a leader.
- Solidarity: Many manifestations in the short and the long term. It is the result of assuming its own responsibility over its community. It's personal! Volunteers & population itself.
- Mutual-aid: <u>Based in an ancestral community feeling of being useful to others.</u>
- · Myth behaviors and irrational behaviors are not a norm! They are rare.



Discussion – Behaviors in disasters as a process



Resourcefulness

Coping

Individual

Solidarity

Alternative order

Flattening of

hierarchies





Social

Emergence, Spontaneity CREATIVITY

Formalization and organization











Mutual Aid

Survival

Sharing practices

Collective

Mentality

Habitus

Collaborative

practices





Discussion: Prefecture _SMIAGE Linking CARF SDA MétéoFrance Media ONF City Hall Municipal Police ____ Donors **Authorities CIVIL SECURITY** COLLECTIVE National police (//) **ESTABLISHED** companies Fire department /// **AND OUTSIDERS** Network SNCF Métropole de Nice Civil Associations Civil Protection RCSC Force 06 Red Cross **MACRO** SAMU-CUMPEDF/GRDF Army Civil **Bridging** Community community Community Private Associations Neighbours Prefect Collegues Friends **Public** Socialization have a key & SOCIAL Mayor Convergence Family Official Councillors Sharing pivotal role Non Official Civil servants **Actors** Rescuers **MESO** Up-Down Bottom-Up ASSOS Known Unknown Involved Friend Bonding Parents (Professional Family Authority INDIVIDUAL Injured Individual & roles Stranger Grand-parents Offspring Civil servant Rescuer **MICRO** Handicapped Neighbour Inhabitant





Discussion – Behaviors in disasters as a process

Corvée Corvea

> 1600 Middle Ages

wwii

Obligation Tortuous To pay tribute



"An Immediate intervention movement for generosity and solidarity actions".

Shared identity

Resourcefulness

Integration of different actors

Local & Technical knowledge

Sharing practices as an habitus

In the long term

Associations
A "Civilized" path of collective work
"Les weekends solidaires"





Conclusion

- Ancestral collective behaviors stay anchored in human collective memory.
- Even if there is a big influence of an individualistic paradigm, under extreme events as catastrophes human being will group together.
- As formal associations like the Red-cross or the Civil Protection, civil associations, may act as a healer after social fracture caused by catastrophes.
- Collective behaviors as the mouvement of MINGAS, can be <u>operationalized</u> and keep weaving social ties during periods of peace in order to become <u>resilient</u> <u>communities and society</u>. So people can count on the others.
- This way they participate in all the chain of responses since the pre-alert until the reconstruction as in the French Southeastern valleys.





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

