





Theia/OZCAR Thesaurus: lessons learned on implementing the I-ADOPT framework, a new Research Data Alliance recommendation designed to facilitate interoperability between scientific variables from different controlled vocabularies.



International Conference 25-28 Sept 2023, Bonn Charly Coussot (1), Isabelle Braud (2), Véronique Chaffard (3), Brice Boudevillain (4), Sylvie Galle(3)

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Session: Novel methods for the integration and exploration of environmental data







Data sharing in the context of OZCAR-RI and interdisciplinary science



Data sources: 22 long term French critical zone observatories with a long history, with 22 pre-existing Information systems

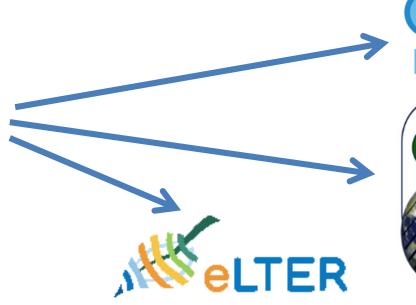
Large heterogeneity in data (diversity of variables names), data management and practices



Data must be reused in a context of interdisciplinary research



Theia/OZCAR information system









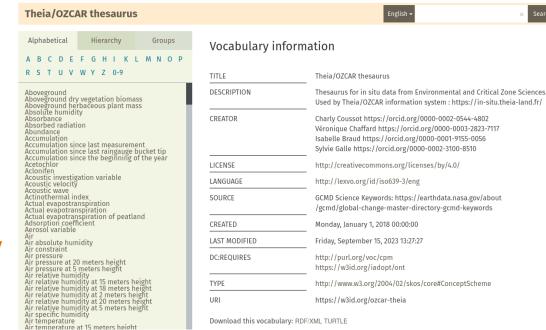
A controlled vocabulary to support the objectives of the Theia/OZCAR IS

Objectives of Theia/OZCAR IS:

- Expose data from heterogeneous sources on a <u>single data</u> <u>portal with homogenous metadata</u>
- The search on variable names is a common need of the critical zone science community and more generally of the Earth Science community

Solutions provided by the creation of a controlled vocabulary of environmental variables : the Theia/OZCAR thesaurus

- ⇒ To facilitate the data discovery by providing research criteria using harmonized variable names
- ⇒ To enhance data reusability and interoperability by providing rich information on variable allowing for unambiguous interpretation of data by a wider user community than the one that produced it and also by machines



Examples of expected details:

- "Precipitation amount": integration over which time step? is it solid or liquid precipitation (snow)?
- "Water level": to which object does this variable refer? surface or groundwater?





Why do we need a framework for naming variables?

Problem!!

The more precise the variable concept, the more difficult it is to find similarity relationships with concepts in other vocabularies.



Interoperability







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Interoperability



Solution

Decompose the complex variable concept into simpler atomic concepts and define similarity relationships between these simpler concepts and concepts from other vocabularies.



Interoperability







The I-ADOPT framework ontology

Decomposition of variables names into atomic concepts:

- Property
- Entity: roles [ObjectOfInterest, ContextObject, Matrix]
- Constraint (depth, temperature, wavelength, ...)

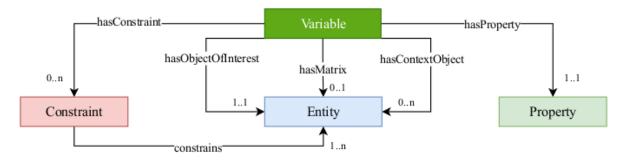
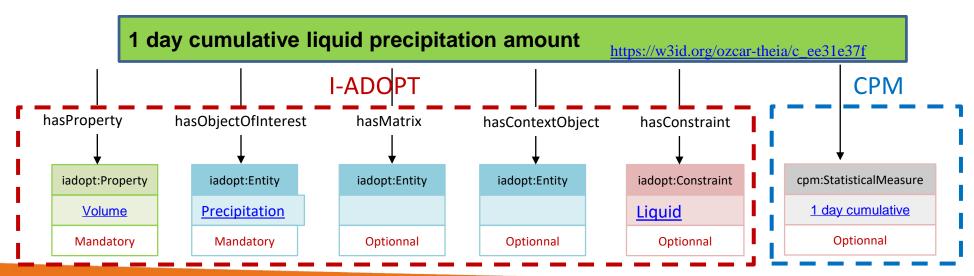


Figure 2: The I-ADOPT Framework.

Magnana et al., S4BioDiv2021, 2021

- Implementation facilitated by the <u>I-ADOPT patterns</u> provided on quantitative/qualitative variables
- Need to complement with the CPM (Complex Property Model) ontology for the notion of temporal and spatial aggregation







What worked well

- We manage to get grips on the framework with available online resources
- Generic enough to model all of our variables (atmosphere, biosphere, cryosphere, continental surface, hydrosphere, chemistry, geophysics ...)
- Enriched our vocabulary with new concepts that could be used to create
 newer dimension for data discovery: process, phenomenon, chemical
 entity, environmental entity (lake, river, ...) ...
- Combination with SKOS hierarchical relations to provide categorisation and to enhance data discovery
- Combination with CPM ontology to describe statistical aggregation
- Satisfy our semantic interoperability needs

Soil reflected acoustic wave median amplitude in PREFERRED TERM all directions inside borehole 🎜 TYPE BROADER CONCEPT Acoustic investigation variable 360° median STATISTICAL MEASURE HASCONSTRAINT Reflected wave HASCONTEXTOBIECT Borehole HASMATRIX Soil HASOBJECTOFINTEREST Acoustic wave HASPROPERTY Amplitude SIMPLIFIED LABEL Soil reflected acoustic wave amplitude URI https://w3id.org/ozcar-theia/c_1731d463 🔏

Created 12/20/22, last modified 12/20/22

RDF/XML TURTLE ISON-LD

variable > Soil reflected acoustic wave median amplitude in all directions inside borehole

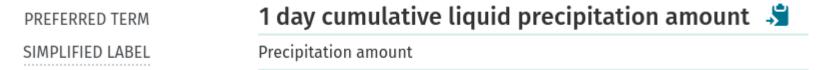
DOWNLOAD THIS CONCEPT:



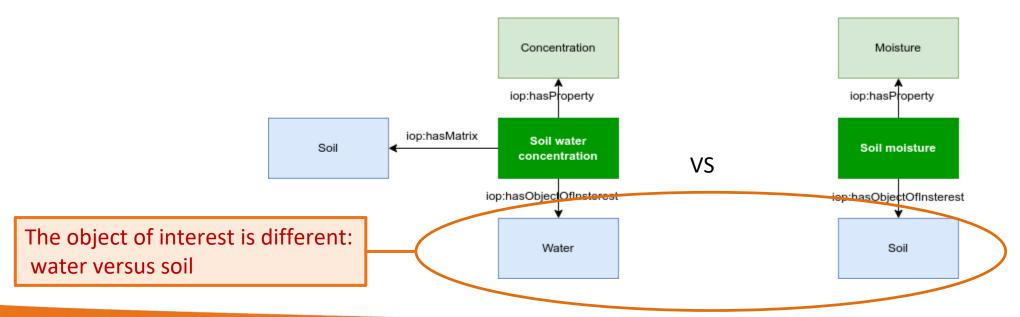


Limitations of I-ADOPT framework ontology

 Variable label often too complicated to be used directly for data discovery. We implemented our own "Simplified Label" for use on the web portal



• For some variables, different implementations are possible. How to choose one or another? How can we infer similarity relation between identical variables modelled differently?

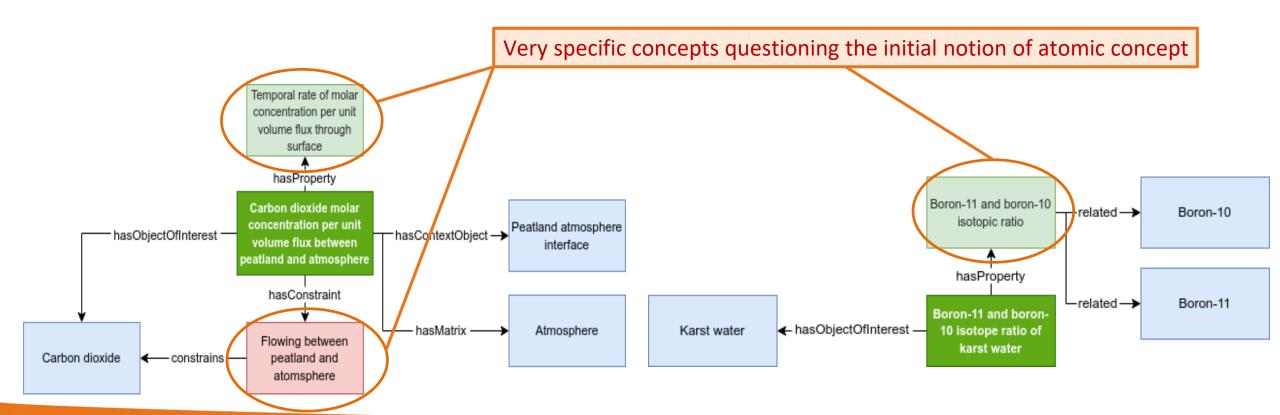






Limitations of I-ADOPT framework ontology

- Difficulty for modelling some variables such as a flux between two compartments (ex: carbon dioxide flux between the land surface and the atmosphere.
- Some concepts need to be very specific to describe the variable. Which can cause the loose of atomicity notion of I-ADOPT concepts.







Benefits of this work

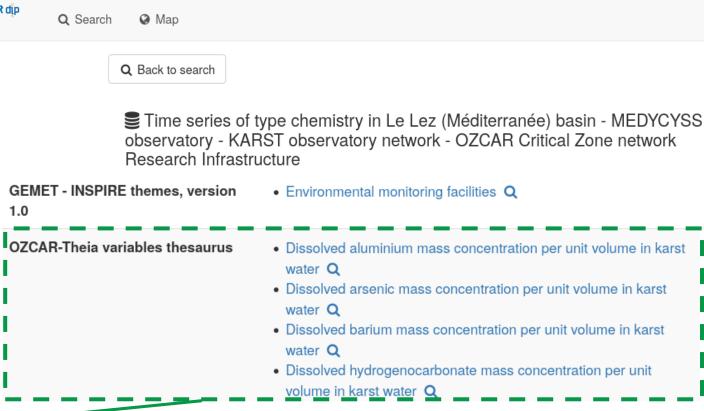




- Discover eLTER Data Visualization Time Series Data → Discovery Service

 | Comparison of the Compariso
- ✓ Allows an unambiguous interpretation of data, thus a better reuse
- ✓ Promotes alignments between international thesauri in the field
- ✓ Promotes better semantic interoperability of data at the national/international level
- -> interdisciplinary studies requiring crossreferencing of multi-source and multi-theme data

Enables to add precise information about the variables measured by a dataset, using the « keyword » fields of metadata standards that do not include a description of the variables measured.







To learn more about the project:

Braud, I., Chaffard, V., Coussot, C., Galle, S., et al., 2020. Building the Information System of the French Critical Zone Observatories network: Theia/OZCAR-IS, Hydrological Sciences Journal, special issue "Data: opportunities and barriers", https://doi.org/10.1080/02626667.2020.1764568.

Coussot et al., Putting in practice the I-ADOPT framework for the naming of environmental variables from continental surfaces, in preparation

To access the portal, the thesaurus and the project Github

<u>Data portal: https://in-situ.theia-land.fr/</u> Thesaurus: https://w3id.org/ozcar-theia/

Cataloguing CSW webservice: https://in-situ.theia-land.fr/geonetwork/srv/eng/csw?service=CSW&version=2.0.2&request=GetCapabilities GitHub: https://aithub.com/theia-ozcar-is

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Acknowledgements: The project contributes to the Theia, continental surface data pole and the Data Terra Research Infrastructure. It receives supports from the OZCAR Research Infrastructure, IRD, CNRS and was partly funded by the FAIRTois ANR Project (grant ANR-19-DATA).





Thank you for your attention: Questions?













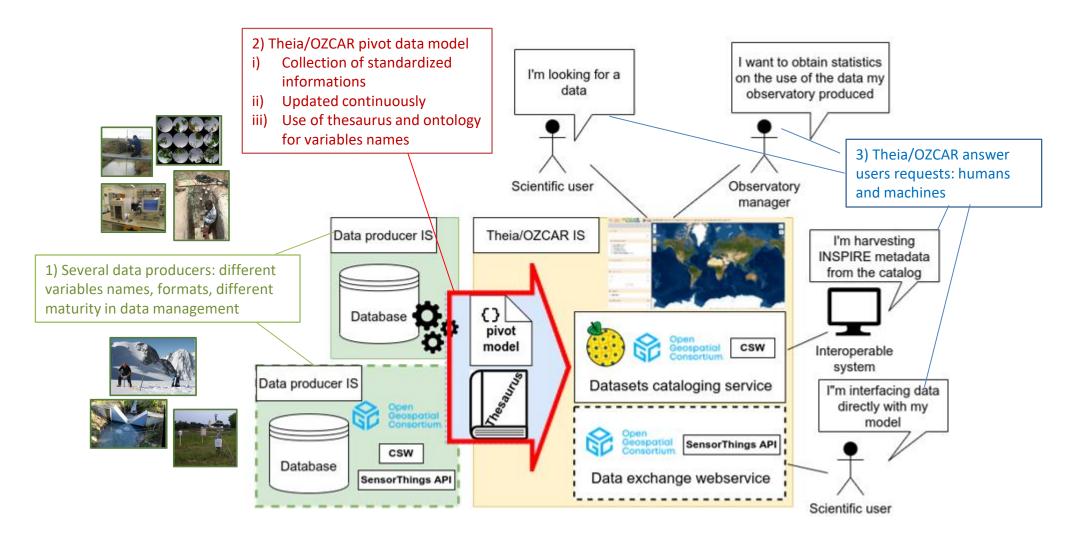








Data fluxes and services between data producers and users



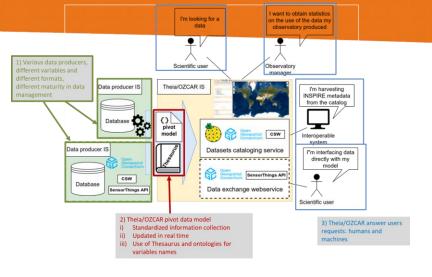
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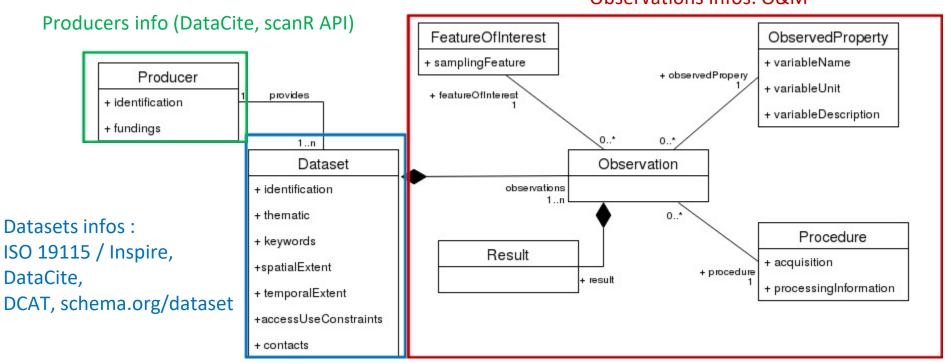


Pivot data model

- Pivot data model to harmonize data description, get the required information for the facetted search and set up data exchange web services
- Based on the mapping of different standards



Observations infos: O&M



https://github.com/theia-ozcar-is/data-model-documentation



-Variable



A FAIR thesaurus FAIR: https://w3id.org/ozcar-theia

DOI: 10.17178/67b5a1d5-8c8c-4a94-a646-1cca1d0adf79

Variables

OZCAR Theia in-situ thesaurus

Objects of interest

OZCAR Theia in-situ thesaurus



Theia/OZCAR thesaurus Alphabetical Hierarchy Groups Vocabulary information Constraint -Instrument -Method TITLE Theia/OZCAR thesaurus Observable property Phenomenon DESCRIPTION Physical entity Thesaurus for in situ data from Environmental and Critical Zone Sciences. -Process Used by Theia/OZCAR information system: https://in-situ.theia-land.fr/

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Alphabetical Hierarchy Groups Variable Atmosphere variable Biosphere variable Cryosphere variable Land surface variable Terrestrial hydrosphere variable Groundwater hydrology Karst hydrology Surface water hydrology Surface water chemistry -Surface water microbiology Surface water physic variable Pond turbidity River discharge -Surface water conductivity -Surface water pH Surface water suspended sediment concentration Surface water temperature Water level



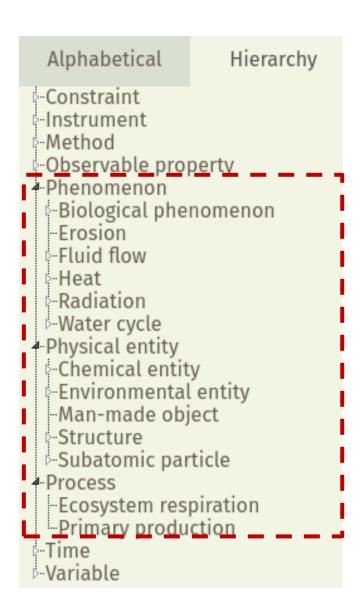


Benefits

Description of variables with rich and formal semantics (ad-hoc ontology)

- ✓ Enriched our thesaurus with new concepts

 ObjectOfInterest : process, phenomenon, chemical entity,
 environmental entity (lake, river, ...), ...
- -> which would allow us to offer new search dimensions on our portal (in addition to the observed variable)







Benefits

✓ Promotes unambiguous interpretation of data and therefore better reuse

