

Supporting middle school students' consideration of sources and processing of divergent arguments in videos

Franck Amadieu, Colin Lescarret, Valérie Lefloch, Jean-Christophe Sakdavong

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Pre-test

Attitude

Prior knowledge

Supporting middle school students' consideration of sources and processing of divergent arguments in videos

Franck Amadieu, Colin Lescarret, Valérie LeFloch, Jean-Christophe Sakdavong (University of Toulouse, CNRS, UMR5263 Cognition, Langues, Langage, Ergonomie)

Research questions

- 1. How students (12-13 years old) process videos presenting conflicting arguments from different sources?
- 2. What actives with videos to support processing of sources and divergent arguments?

IV1: Sources of different expertise: scientific, technician, nonspecialist







IV2 : Students' prior attitudes towards the issue (negative, neutral, positive)

Main hypotheses:

- Students should report a polarization of their attitude towards the issue following the viewing of the videos, especially for students with strong prior attitude. Students' attitudes should lead to better attention and processing to arguments consistent with their initial attitudes.
- Students should recall and consider arguments congruent with their attitude more convincing than incongruent arguments (Richter & Maier, 2017)
- Prompts (Brante, & Strømsø, 2018) and sorting task of videos (Nussbaum, 2008) should support integration of divergent arguments and consideration of sources' expertise.

Procedure of 4 studies (600 participants each)



Immediate post-test

Attitude

Arguments Memorization

Sources and Arguments

Evaluation

IV 3: Prompts for source and argument assessment



How much this person seems to be an expert of the issue?



How true do you think this information is

Congruent

IV 4: Sorting task of videos according to the arguments

Delayed post-test

Attitude

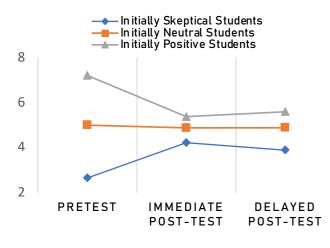
Arguments

Memorization

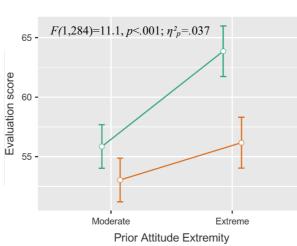


Results: How middle-school students (12-13 years old) process expertise and arguments

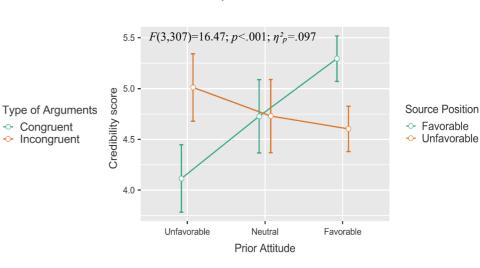
Moderation of extrem attitudes



How convincing where the arguments



Credibility scores of the sources



Results: Activities supporting better processing of sources and arguments

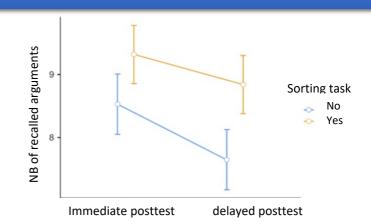
No positive effect of the prompts except for the student's argumentation at the post-test: the argument of expertise of the source is the most evoked

Positive effects of the videos sorting task on:

- The number of arguments used in the students' argumentation
- The recall scores of the arguments from the videos one week later

Conclusion:

- Seventh graders can easily change their attitudes from viewing of videos without considering the credibility of the information sources.
- Nevertheless, activities such argument-based sorting of videos and prompts can support better processing of sources and arguments
- More investigations with a longitudinal approach are required



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Richter, T., & Maier, J. (2017). Comprehension of multiple documents with conflicting information: A two-step model of validation. Educational Psychologist, 52(3), 148-166.

Contact: franck.amadieu@univ-tlse2.fr