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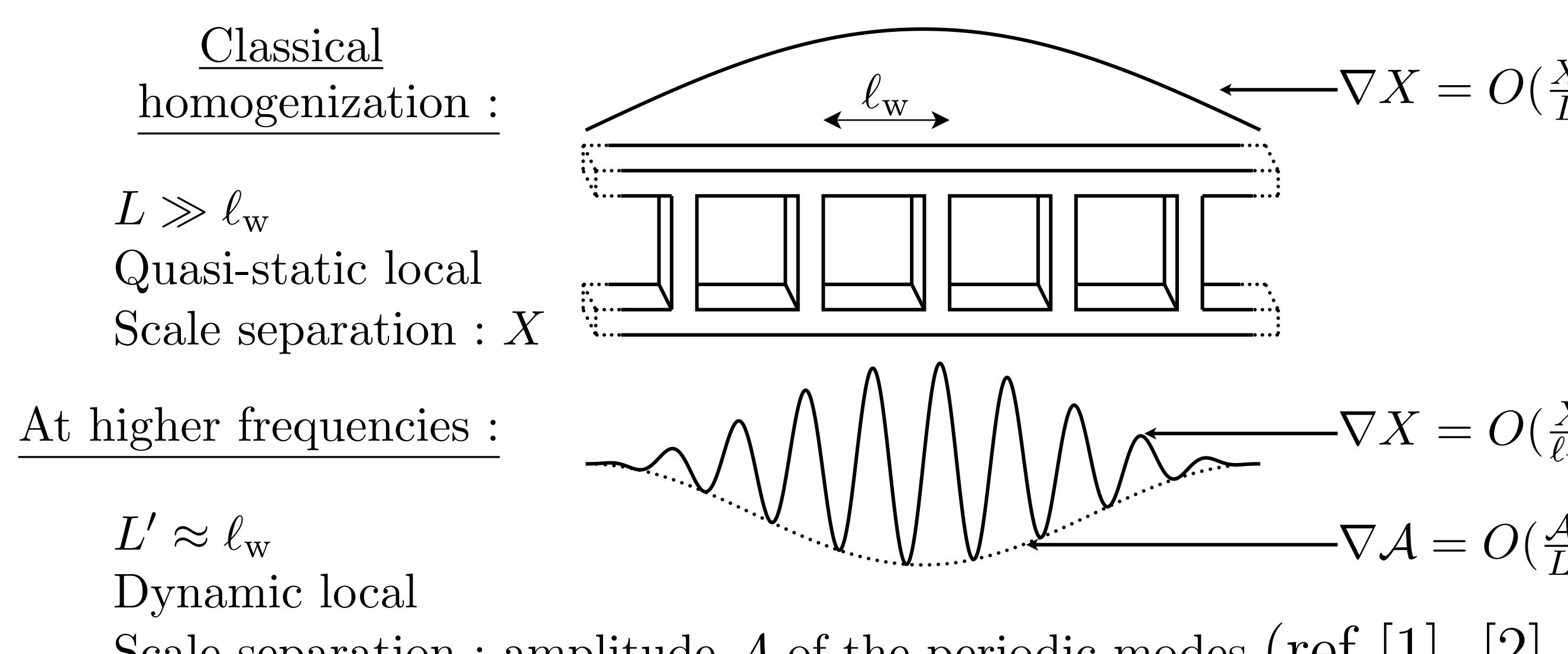
Asymptotic multiscale approach for building dispersion curves : the generic beam case

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Motivation

Global description of transversal macroscopic dynamics of reticulated beams for wavelengths L on the order of the cell size ℓ_w ?



Dispersion equations

Introducing $\mathcal{V}_n = (\frac{1}{2}\alpha_n \ell_f, V_n, \theta_n) = \underline{\mathcal{V}}_0 e^{-ik_\omega n \ell_w}$; $k_\omega \in [0, \frac{\pi}{\ell_w}]$

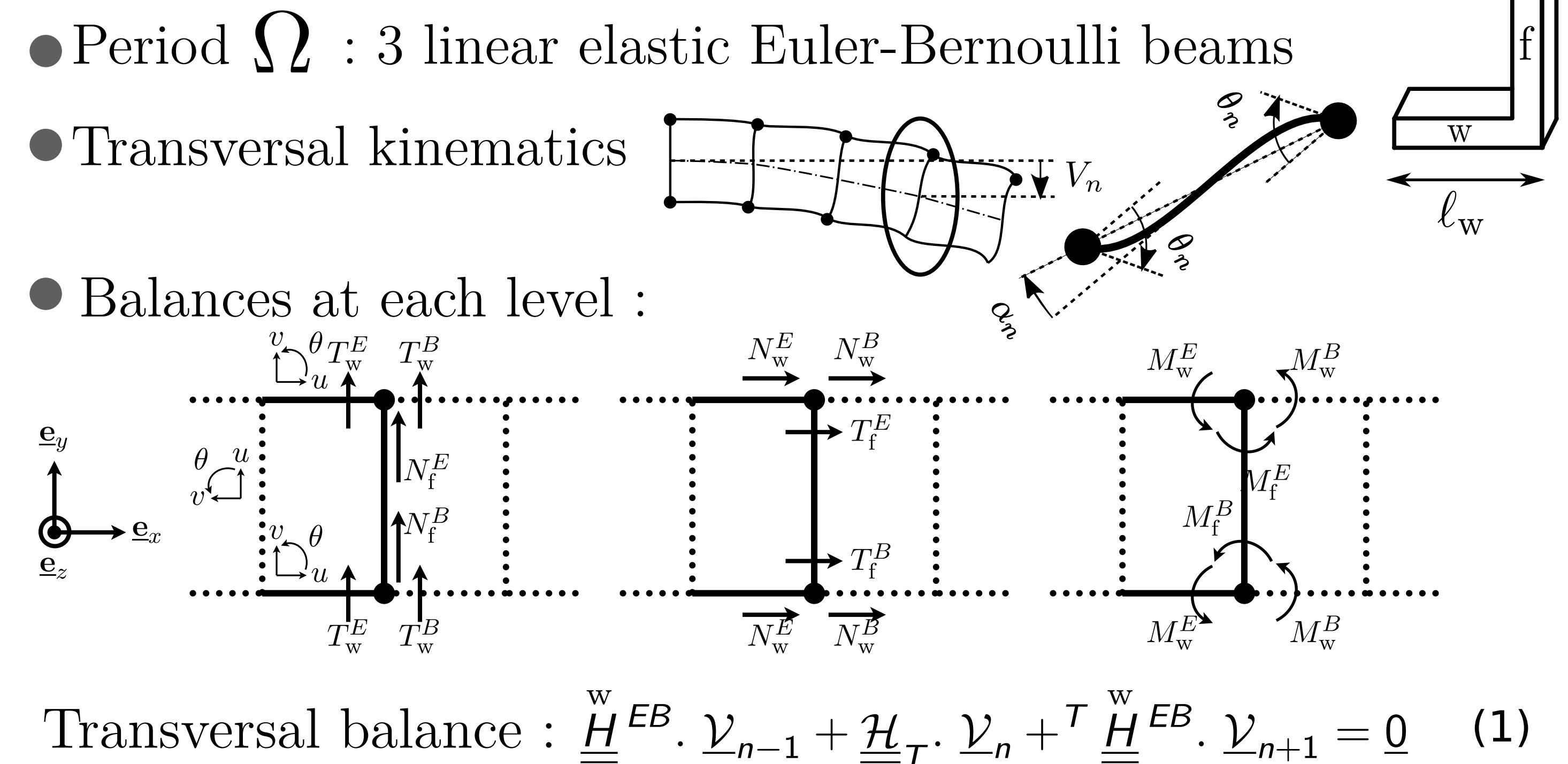
$$\text{into (1) yields : } \underline{\underline{\mathbb{D}}}_T \cdot \underline{\mathcal{V}}_0 = \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{\alpha}_T & 0 & b_T \\ 0 & \tilde{\epsilon}_T & \tilde{\epsilon}_T \\ b_T & -\tilde{\epsilon}_T & \tilde{d}_T \end{bmatrix} \cdot \underline{\mathcal{V}}_0 = 0$$

Dispersion of the transversal waves : $\mathcal{E}_T(\omega, k_\omega) = 0 = \det(\underline{\underline{\mathbb{D}}}_T)$

Asymptotic approach (see [1])

- Scale ratio $\varepsilon_p = \ell_p \kappa_\omega / 2\pi \ll 1$ where κ_ω modulation number
- Rescale parameters : Linear mass $\Lambda_f = O(\varepsilon_p^2 \Lambda_w)$; Bending stiffness $K_f = O(\varepsilon_p^2 K_w)$; Compression stiffness $EA_f = O(\varepsilon_p EA_w)$
- Leading order kinematics : $\mathcal{V}(x) = \mathcal{A}(x)\underline{\Phi}^J + \mathcal{B}(x)\underline{\Psi}^J$ (\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B}) modulation amplitudes of the (simple or double) modes $\{\underline{\Phi}^J, \underline{\Psi}^J\}$
- Dispersion relation : $k_\omega = \frac{2\pi q}{\ell_w p} + \kappa_\omega$ with $\kappa_\omega \ll \frac{2\pi q}{\ell_w p}$ introducing $\mathcal{A}(x) = \mathcal{A}_0 e^{-i\kappa_\omega x}$ in the modulation equations

Kinematics and balances



Bloch modes

- Consider $\Omega_p = \bigcup_p \Omega$ of length $\ell_p = p \ell_w$
- Eigenmodes $\{\underline{\Phi}^J, \underline{\Psi}^J\}$ of Ω_p with periodic boundary conditions
- Periodic wavenumbers (Bloch numbers) : $k_{\omega_J} = \frac{2\pi q}{\ell_w p} \in [0, \frac{\pi}{\ell_w}]$
- Eigenfrequencies of are solutions of : $\mathcal{E}_T(\omega_J, k_{\omega_J}) = 0$

Modulation equations

- Modulation based on Ω ($k_\omega = 0$)

$$\omega_J = 0 : \frac{2EI_w EI_s}{K_f} V^{(6)} - (2EI_w + EI_s)V^{(4)} - \frac{EI_s \Lambda_w \omega^2}{K_f} V^{(2)} + \Lambda_w \omega^2 V = 0$$

Shear stress	$T = -K_w(V' - \alpha)$	$T' = (T - M_I')' = \Lambda_w \omega^2 V$
Global moment	$M_G = -EI_s \alpha'$	$M'_G = -T$
Intern moment	$M_I = -2EI_w V^{(2)}$	$K_w(V' - \theta) = 0$

$$\omega_J > 0 : \mathcal{M}_\Omega^J(\omega)(\omega^2 - \omega_J^2)\mathcal{A} + \mathcal{K}_\Omega^J(\omega)\mathcal{A}^{(2)} = 0$$

- Modulation based on Ω_2 ($k_\omega = \frac{\pi}{\ell_w}$) (specific simple modes of Ω_2)

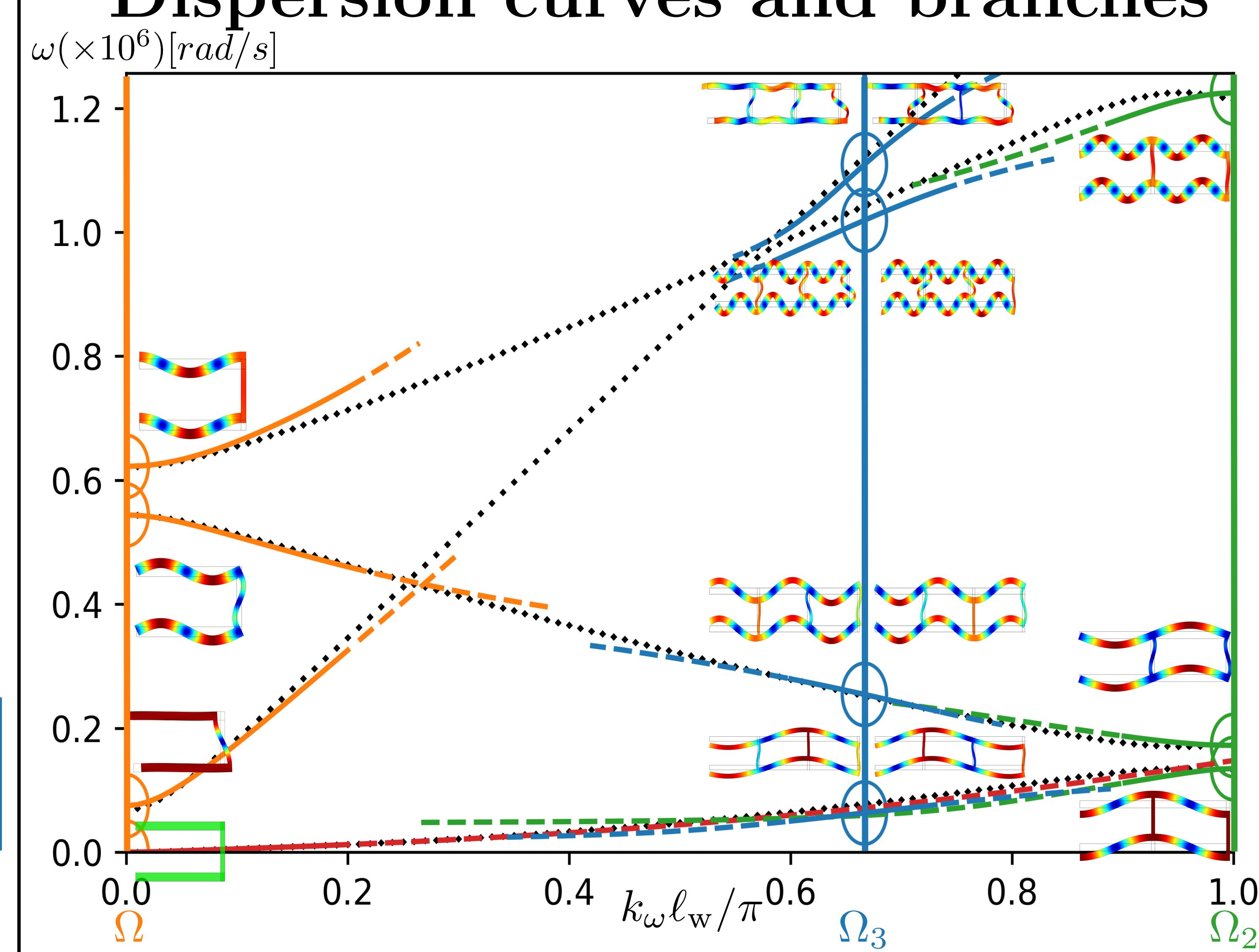
$$\mathcal{M}_{\Omega_2}^J(\omega)(\omega^2 - \omega_J^2)\mathcal{A} + \mathcal{K}_{\Omega_2}^J(\omega)\mathcal{A}^{(2)} = 0$$

- Modulation based on Ω_3 ($k_\omega = \frac{2\pi}{3\ell_w}$) (specific double modes of Ω_3)

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \mathcal{A}_{\Omega_3}^J(\omega)\mathcal{B}' + \mathcal{B}_{\Omega_3}^J(\omega)(\omega - \omega_J)\mathcal{A} = 0 \\ \mathcal{A}_{\Omega_3}^J(\omega)\mathcal{A}' - \mathcal{B}_{\Omega_3}^J(\omega)(\omega - \omega_J)\mathcal{B} = 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \mathcal{M}_{\Omega_3}^J(\omega)(\omega - \omega_J)^2 \mathcal{A} + \mathcal{K}_{\Omega_3}^J(\omega)\mathcal{A}^{(2)} = 0$$

Simple reconstruction by three parts

Dispersion curves and branches



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