



A Closer Look at Latent Representations of End-to-end TTS Models

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A closer look at latent representations of end-to-end TTS models

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How are acoustic parameters encoded in a model?

Context

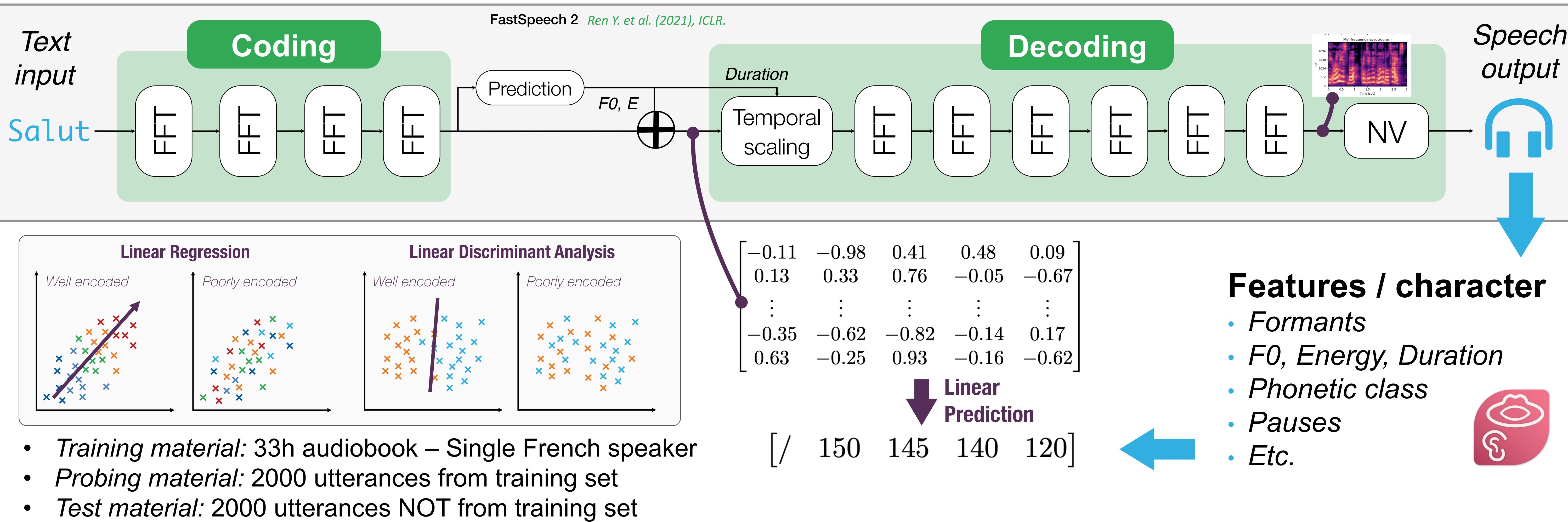
Hypothesis on neural audio modelling:

- Given the high-quality output of audio modelling in general, most speech information should be encoded in the model.

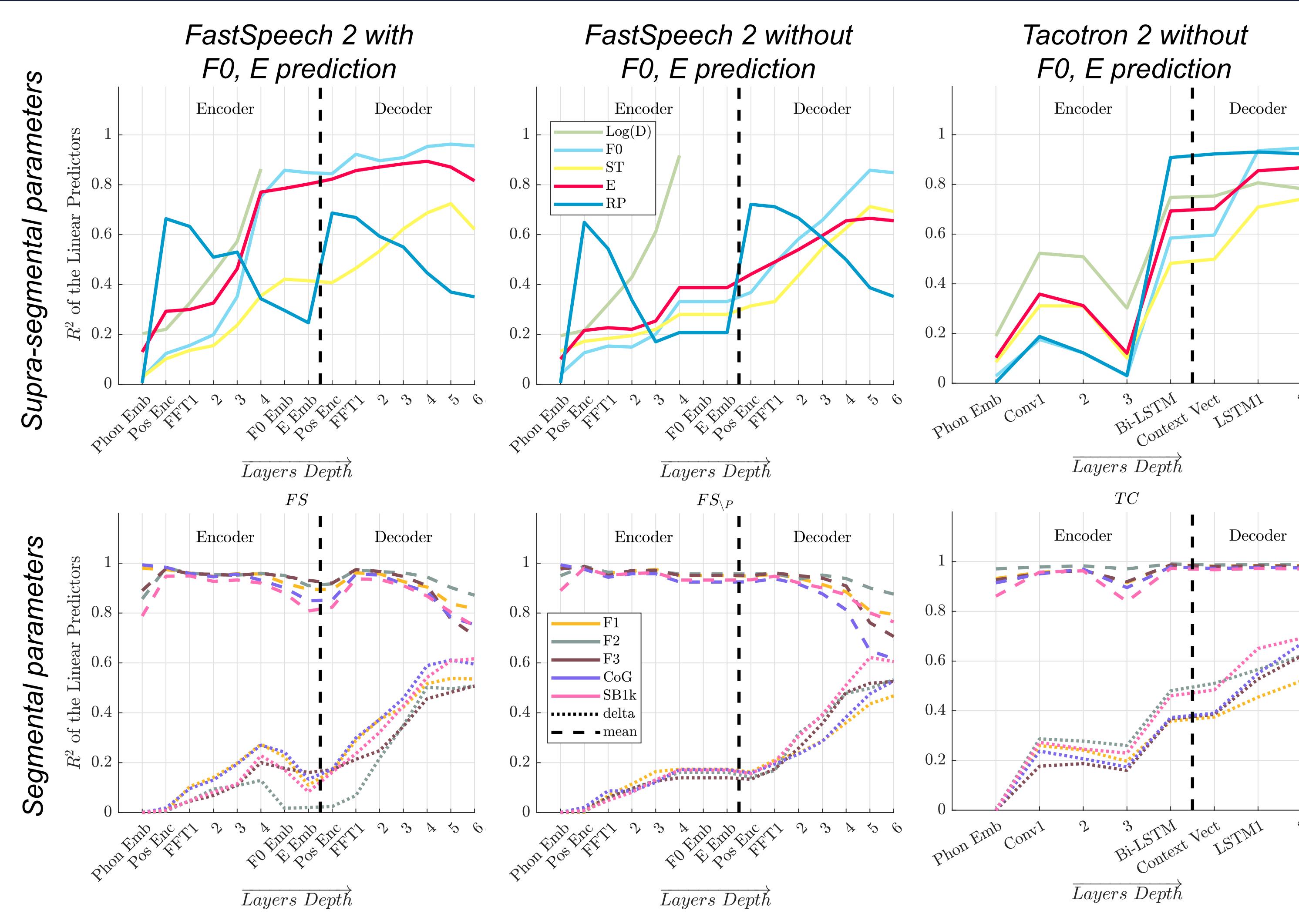
Previous studies on speech model probing:

- Phonetic on TTS: Perquin et al. (2020), arXiv
- Acoustic on TTS: Tits et al. (2021), Informatics 8(4)
- Language in SSL: Vaidya et al. (2022), ICML
- Articulatory in SSL: Cho et al. (2023), ICASSP

Method

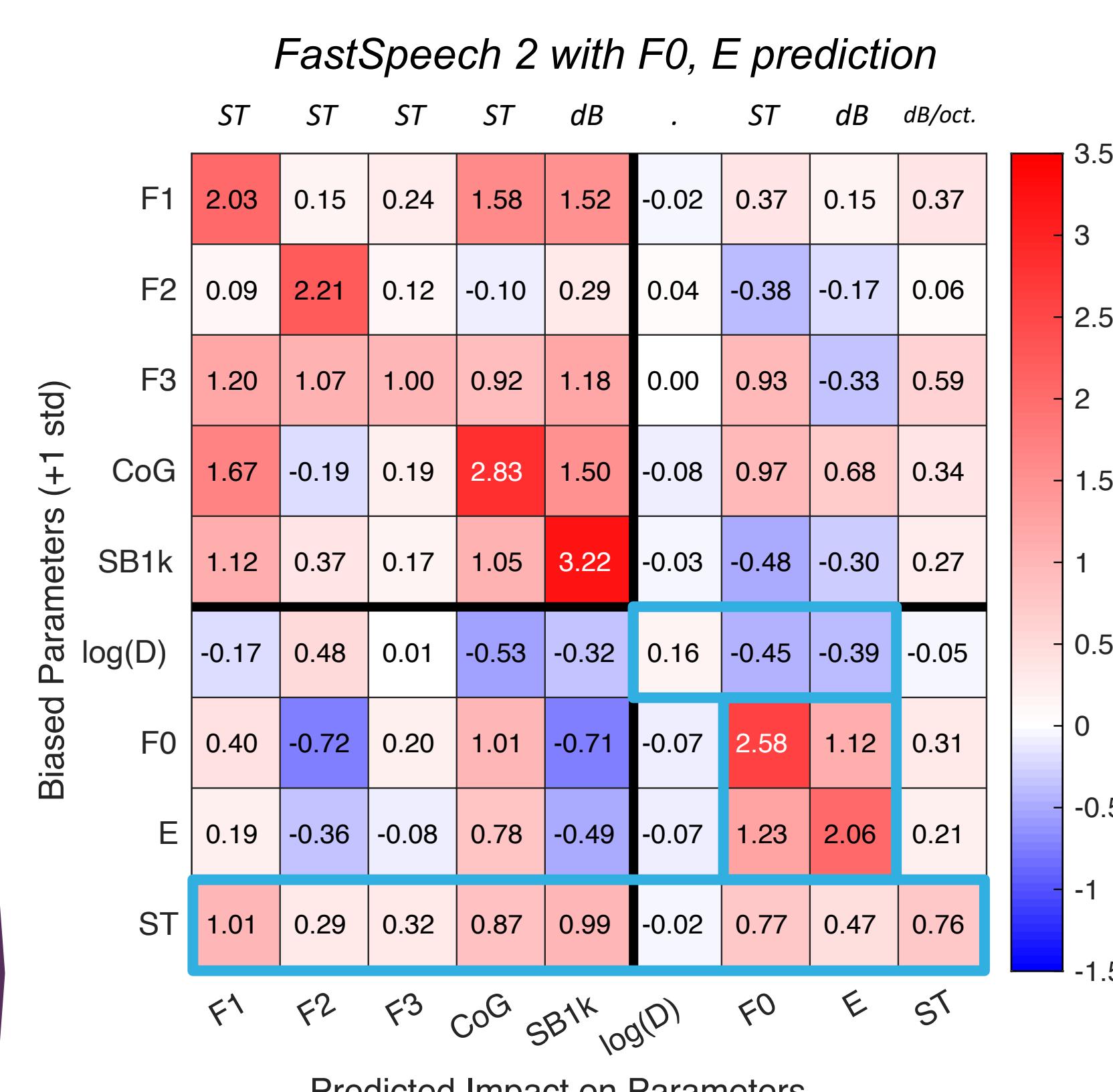


Results



- Progressive linear coding of acoustic parameters
- Phonetic first, then prosodic
- Helped with forced predictions

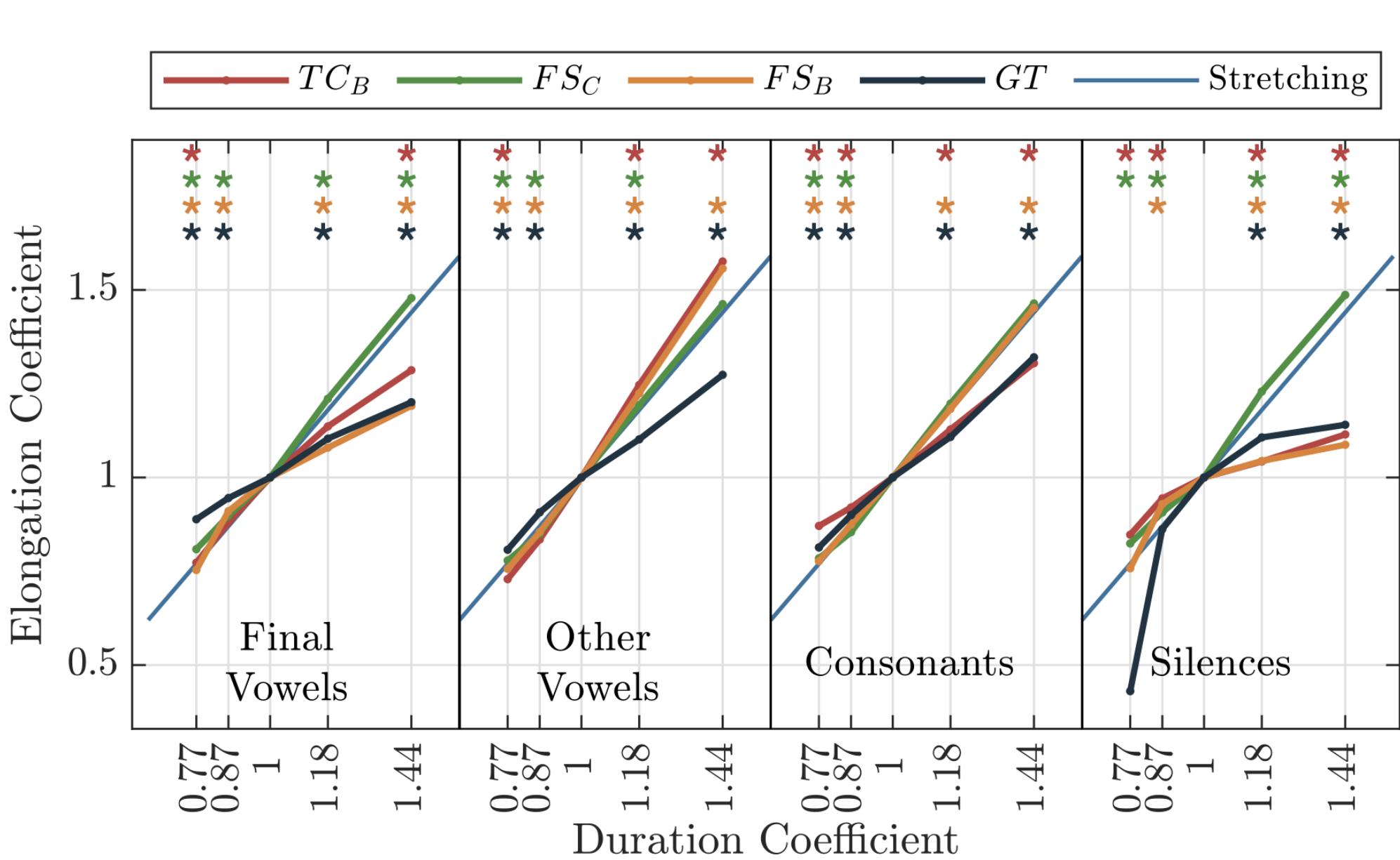
- Observation of covariations
- Consistent with literature
 - F0 and Energy
 - Duration, F0 and Energy
 - Vocal effort correlates (F0, Energy, F1, Spectral tilt)
- New ones to find?



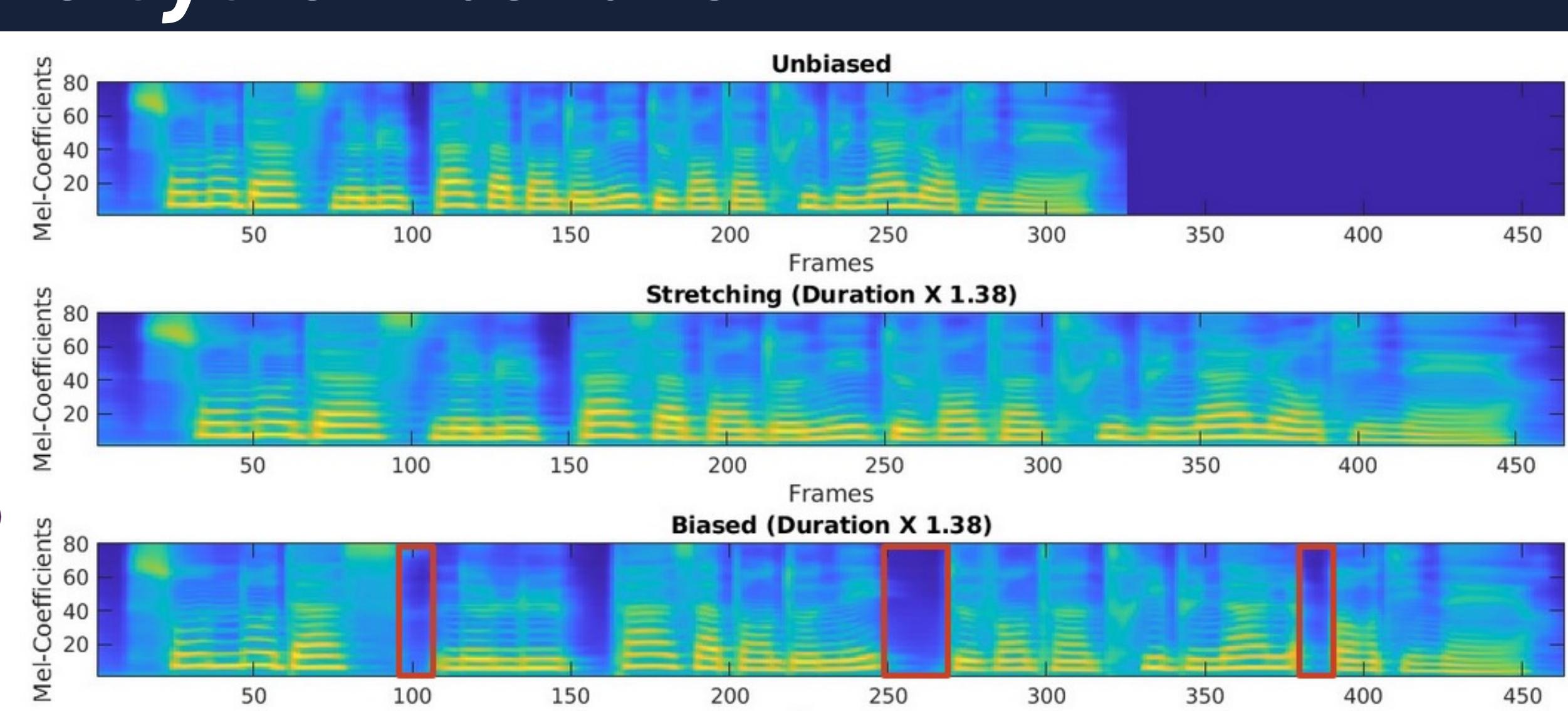
► Powerful speech analysis tool learnt on massive data

Can we control them, and how does the system behave?

Results



- Control of duration
 - Single modification for all phones
 - Different behaviour depending on segment
- Control of percentage of pauses
 - Position of pauses left to the model
- Evaluation of both
 - Significant preference (resp. worst score) when pauses are well (resp. wrongly) placed



► Single linear control, multiple non-linear effects

