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ORIGINAL ARTICLE

### Identification by cluster analysis of patients with asthma and nasal symptoms using the MASK-air® mHealth app

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#### **KEYWORDS**

Asthma; Rhinitis; Cluster analysis; Treatment; Control

#### **Abstract**

Background: The self-reporting of asthma frequently leads to patient misidentification in epidemiological studies. Strategies combining the triangulation of data sources may help to improve the identification of people with asthma. We aimed to combine information from the self-reporting of asthma, medication use and symptoms to identify asthma patterns in the users of an mHealth app.

*Methods*: We studied MASK-air® users who reported their daily asthma symptoms (assessed by a 0-100 visual analogue scale — "VAS Asthma") at least three times (either in three different months or in any period). K-means cluster analysis methods were applied to identify asthma patterns based on: (i) whether the user self-reported asthma; (ii) whether the user reported asthma medication use and (iii) VAS asthma. Clusters were compared by the number of medications used, VAS asthma levels and Control of Asthma and Allergic Rhinitis Test (CARAT) levels.

Findings: We assessed a total of 8,075 MASK-air® users. The main clustering approach resulted in the identification of seven groups. These groups were interpreted as probable: (i) severe/uncontrolled asthma despite treatment (11.9-16.1% of MASK-air® users); (ii) treated and partly-controlled asthma (6.3-9.7%); (iii) treated and controlled asthma (4.6-5.5%); (iv) untreated uncontrolled asthma (18.2-20.5%); (v) untreated partly-controlled asthma (10.1-10.7%); (vi) untreated controlled asthma (6.7-8.5%) and (vii) no evidence of asthma (33.0-40.2%). This classification was validated in a study of 192 patients enrolled by physicians.

*Interpretation:* We identified seven profiles based on the probability of having asthma and on its level of control. mHealth tools are hypothesis-generating and complement classical epidemiological approaches in identifying patients with asthma.

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#### Introduction

Self-reporting is a common method for gathering data in medical research. While self-reported data may be prone to information bias, <sup>1</sup> they can help to complement other data collection approaches. <sup>2</sup> Relying on the self-reporting of asthma may be problematic, as patients self-reporting bronchoconstriction variably, <sup>3</sup> may not have been diagnosed (asthma under-diagnosis ranges between 19-73%<sup>4,5</sup>) or believe they do not have asthma despite being symptomatic. <sup>6,7</sup>

Cluster analysis, combining information from different variables, may help to overcome undue reliance on self-reported asthma, improving the identification and characterisation of patients with asthma. This approach has been used to understand the heterogeneity of asthma<sup>8-10</sup> or to test different hypotheses in adult patients with asthma. <sup>8,11,12</sup> The application of clustering approaches to asthma real-world data (RWD) may also be valuable. As an example, RWD obtained with MASK-air® (Mobile Airways Sentinel networK), a validated mobile app for rhinitis and asthma, have enabled the definition of new phenotypes of allergic rhinitis<sup>13</sup> and the assessment of adherence to treatment. <sup>14</sup> MASK-air® may result in similar advances in asthma, but the correct identification of asthmatic patients is required.

In this study, we used cluster analysis to identify and characterise asthma patterns amongst MASK-air® users in a non-supervised way. We aimed to understand whether RWD from mobile apps can be informative for the identification of asthma, hinting at the frequency of misdiagnosis and, potentially, mistreatment.

#### **Methods**

#### Study design

We performed a cross-sectional analysis using the MASK-air® database to identify asthma patterns, assessing three different samples (Supplementary Figure 1). We performed cluster analysis to identify asthma patterns based on the self-reporting of asthma, asthma medication use and VAS asthma, adopting a stepwise approach to check for consistency of results. We compared the characteristics of the obtained clusters and we validated them in a sample of patients in whom asthma diagnosis had been assessed by a physician during a transfer of innovation (Twinning) of the European Innovation Partnership on Active and Healthy Ageing. 15

#### Setting and participants

MASK-air®, available since 2015, can be downloaded via the Apple App and Google Play Stores. We assessed three samples of MASK-air® users from May 2015 to December 2020. The users were aged 16-90 years and had self-reported allergic rhinitis. Samples 1 and 2 consisted of all MASK-air® users reporting VAS asthma in at least three different months - to limit the possibility of having "false-positives" (e.g., patients with high values of VAS asthma or those using asthma medication inappropriately within short periods of time as a result of respiratory infections or other non-asthma-related causes). In Sample 1, only users who answered to the Control of Allergic Rhinitis and Asthma Test (CARAT) <sup>16</sup> at least once were included. In Sample 2, all users

were included irrespective of having answered to CARAT or not. Sample 3 consisted of all MASK-air® users reporting at least three VAS asthma, irrespective of the timing.

In the Twinning project, patients were enrolled during a medical consultation with an asthma specialist (14 centres from Germany, Italy, Lithuania, Poland, Portugal and Spain) and were instructed to use MASK-air<sup>®</sup>. <sup>15</sup> Asthma was diagnosed according to the Global Initiative for Asthma (GINA), <sup>17</sup> with patients having a pulmonary function test. Participants were classified as having "current asthma", "past asthma" or "no current or past asthma".

#### **Ethics**

MASK-air® follows the GDPR regulations. <sup>18</sup> All data are anonymised using k-anonymity. An independent Review Board (Bohn-Köln; 11.05.2017; N° 17-069) approval was obtained for the MASK-air studies. <sup>15</sup> For the Twinning project, additional local review board approvals were obtained (Mannheim — reference: 2018-527N-MA, 29.03.2018 for Germany; Coimbra — reference: CHUC-022-18, 14.09.2018 for Portugal; Warsaw — reference: AKBE/213/2019, 13.05.2019 for Poland; Vilnius 2021 for Lithuania; Bari — reference: 7287, 30.03.2022 for Italy). For patients who did not participate in the Twinning, individual boards in different countries were not required since users agree to the analysis of their data in the terms of use.

#### Data sources and variables

MASK-air® comprises a daily monitoring questionnaire assessing (i) the daily impact of asthma and rhinitis symptoms by means of 0-100 VASs and (ii) users' asthma and rhinitis daily medications (available from country-specific lists with prescribed and over-the-counter medications).

MASK-air® also allows users to answer to CARAT, a 10-item questionnaire assessing rhinitis and asthma control in the previous four weeks.  $^{19}$  We considered "CARAT asthma" to correspond to questions 5-7 ("Shortness of breath/dyspnoea", "Wheezing in the chest" and "Chest tightness upon physical exercise"), with a score of  $\leq\!6$  out of 9 indicating symptoms suggestive of asthma.

#### Size of the study

Data from all users meeting the inclusion criteria were analysed.

#### **Biases**

There are potential information biases related to the self-reported nature of the data collection. There may be an over-representation of users suffering from moderate-to-severe asthma<sup>20</sup> and of younger individuals. Additionally, it is not known whether users fill in the MASK-air® daily questionnaire before or after treatment for a given day.

#### Data analysis

A full description of the data analysis methods is available in the Supplement. In brief, in each sample, we applied kmeans cluster analysis methods to identify patterns of MASK-air® users according to self-reported asthma, use of asthma medication and VAS asthma (supplementary Figure 2). Obtained clusters were assessed and compared regarding asthma- and rhinitis-related variables as well as patients' demographic characteristics. To check for consistency of results, we compared clusters obtained by the main clustering approach with those obtained using alternative approaches, and in a sample of patients with physician-diagnosed asthma (Twinning participants).

#### **Results**

#### Demographic and clinical characteristics

Among the 17,780 patients of the MASK-air® database, 8,075 provided data on VAS asthma at least three different times (Sample 3). Of those, 3,797 provided VAS asthma in at least three different months (Sample 2), including 466 patients who answered to CARAT at least once (Sample 1) (Supplementary Figure 3). The demographic characteristics of patients are available in Supplementary Table 1.

#### Cluster analysis results

#### Main analysis approach

An optimal number of four clusters (A-D) was identified in the patients of Sample 1 (Table 1A):

- Cluster A: 96% of the patients self-reported asthma and 91% reported ≥3 days of asthma medication. VAS asthma values were high (median maximum value=85/100). Asthma symptoms identified by "CARAT-asthma" were observed in 67% of the patients.
- Cluster B: 93% of the patients self-reported asthma and 87% reported ≥3 days of asthma medication. Maximum VAS asthma values were moderate (median=45). Asthma symptoms identified by "CARAT-asthma" were observed in 32% of the patients.
- Cluster C: 50% of the patients self-reported asthma and most never reported any asthma medication. High maximum VAS asthma values were reported (median=74). Asthma symptoms identified by "CARAT-asthma" were observed in 58% of the patients.
- Cluster D: Few patients self-reported asthma (15%), most never reported any asthma medication (97%) and VAS maximum asthma values were low (median=11). Asthma symptoms identified by "CARAT-asthma" were observed in 15% of the patients.

The same optimal number of clusters was identified in Samples 2 and 3. The characteristics of the four clusters were highly consistent across all samples (Tables 1B and 1C).

We subsequently identified two subgroups within Cluster B and three subgroups within Cluster D. The two subgroups of Cluster B differed on VAS asthma (Table 2; Supplementary Table 2). The three subgroups of Cluster D included (i) one subgroup with a low frequency of asthma self-reporting (<20%) and moderate maximum VAS asthma values; (ii) one subgroup with all participants self-reporting asthma and with low maximum VAS asthma values and (iii) one subgroup

 Table 1
 Description of the four asthma-related clusters using the k-means approach.

	Cluster A	Cluster B	Cluster C	Cluster D	p-val
I (%)	75 (16.1)	69 (14.8)	90 (19.3)	232 (49.8)	
deported days — N (average days per user)	8888 (118.5)	9066 (131.4)	7646 (85.0)	21,730 (93.7)	
emales*	62 (82.7)	46 (66.7)	58 (64.4)	147 (63.4)	0.01
ge <sup> </sup>	41.1 (11.2)	40.7 (11.4)	39.2 (14.0)	37.5 (13.6)	0.10
elf-reported asthma*	72 (96.0)	64 (92.8)	45 (50.0)	35 (15.1)	< 0.00
isthma medication reporting*	72 (90.0)	04 (92.0)	43 (30.0)	33 (13.1)	< 0.00
0 days	0	0	79 (87.8)	226 (97.4)	< 0.00
1 day	0	0			
•			11 (12.2)	6 (2.6)	
2 days	7 (9.3)	9 (13.0)	0	0	
3 or more days	68 (90.7)	60 (87.0)	0	0	
otal days reporting asthma medication*	4270 (45.5)	F70 (( A)	0 (0.4)	7 (0.03)	0.00
SABA	1379 (15.5)	578 (6.4)	9 (0.1)	7 (0.03)	<0.00
LABA+ICS	3916 (44.1)	3369 (37.2)	8 (0.1)	2 (0.01)	< 0.00
ICS	1168 (13.1)	1443 (15.9)	3 (0.04)	0	<0.00
OCSb	507 (5.7)	41 (0.5)	61 (0.8)	31 (0.1)	
LAMA	651 (7.3)	456 (5.1)	0	0	
Omalizumab	7 (0.1)	6 (0.1)	0	0	
AS asthma					
Maximum value <sup>†</sup>	85 (76-94)	45 (30-55)	74 (61-86)	11 (3-26)	< 0.0
Three highest values <sup>†</sup>	73 (64-83)	35 (23-45)	61 (48-75)	6 (1-14)	< 0.0
Days with VAS asthma > 50*	1392 (15.7)	35 (0.4)	1057 (13.8)	17 (0.1)	< 0.0
aximum VAS dyspnea <sup>†</sup>	68 (56-83)	20 (4-41)	59 (34-74)	20 (7-36)	<0.0
ARAT asthma (questions 5-7)†	5 (2-7)	7 (6–9)	6 (4–8)	9 (7–9)	<0.0
Presence of asthma symptoms <sup>c</sup> *	50 (66.7)	22 (31.9)	52 (57.8)	36 (15.5)	<0.0
ARAT (questions 1–10)†	13 (8–16)	19 (17–23)	15 (11–19)	20 (16–24)	<0.0
Uncontrolled <sup>d</sup> *	73 (97.3)	53 (76.8)	81 (90.0)	174 (75.0)	<0.0
aximum CSMS†	68 (59–78)	36 (30–46)	63 (46–69)	39 (20–54)	<0.0
aximum VAS global <sup>†</sup>	84 (74–96)	49 (41–65)	87 (71–100)	65 (44-84)	<0.0
aximum VAS eyes	78 (60–92)	40 (19–59)	76 (64–97)	50 (27–76)	< 0.0
aximum VAS nose <sup>†</sup>	86 (70-98)	58 (42-75)	88 (75-100)	69 (44-89)	< 0.0
laximum VAS work <sup>†</sup>	61 (43-73)	27 (10-46)	62 (44-83)	31 (10-54)	< 0.0
aximum VAS sleep <sup>†</sup>	87 (71-98)	67 (44-84)	86 (70-100)	66 (41-86)	< 0.0
otal days reporting rhinitis medication*					
Oral antihistamines monotherapy	1199 (13.5)	934 (10.3)	710 (9.3)	2440 (11.2)	< 0.0
Intranasal steroids monotherapy	361 (4.1)	768 (8.5)	378 (4.9)	776 (3.6)	<0.0
Azelastine—fluticasone monotherapy	346 (3.9)	543 (6.0)	107 (1.4)	1009 (4.6)	<0.0
Oral antihistamines + intranasal steroids	2087 (23.5)	1721 (19.0)	454 (5.9)	1009 (4.6)	<0.0
Azelastine–fluticasone + other rhinitis medication	878 (9.9)	850 (9.4)	125 (1.6)	520 (2.4)	<0.0
onjunctivitis*	68 (90.7)	49 (71.0)	66 (73.3)	183 (78.9)	0.0
ensitisation <sup>e</sup> *	244.0		0.40.40	24 (42 7)	0.1
Monosensitisation	8 (11.4)	6 (8.8)	8 (9.1)	31 (13.7)	
Polysensitisation <sup>e</sup>	51 (72.9)	40 (58.8)	51 (58.0)	132 (58.1)	
	B. Sample 2: All patients with a				
	Cluster A	Cluster B	Cluster C	Cluster D	p-va
I (%)	451 (11.9)	414 (10.9)	780 (20.5)	2152 (56.7)	
in the state of th		35,723 (86.3)	47,352 (60.7)	134,941 (62.7)	
eported days — N (average days per user)	38,823 (86.1)				
	38,823 (86.1) 310 (68.7)		460 (59.0)		<0.0
emales*	310 (68.7)	234 (56.5)	460 (59.0) 38 3 (13.8)	1138 (52.9)	
emales*	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1)	38.3 (13.8)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2)	< 0.0
emales* ge <sup>  </sup> elf—reported asthma*	310 (68.7)	234 (56.5)		1138 (52.9)	<0.0 <0.0
emales" ge <sup>  </sup> elf – reported asthma" sthma medication reporting*	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)	<0.0 <0.0
emales" ge" elf—reported asthma" sthma medication reporting" 0 days	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7)	<0.0 <0.0
emales" ge <sup>  </sup> elf—reported asthma" sthma medication reporting" 0 days 1 day	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3)	<0.0 <0.0
emales" ge lefreported asthma" sthma medication reporting" 0 days 1 day 2 days	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0	<0.0 <0.0
emales* ge lefreported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3)	<0.0 <0.0
emales* ge lefreported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* ge <sup>  </sup> elf-reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales" ge" lelf—reported asthma" sthma medication reporting" 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days otal days reporting asthma medication"	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales" ge  left reported asthma" sthma medication reporting" 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days otal days reporting asthma medication" SABA	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0) 4285 (11.0)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales" gel  elf – reported asthma" sthma medication reporting" 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days otal days reporting asthma medication" SABA LABA+ICS	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0) 4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gell elf—reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days otal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)  0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)  4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales" gel elf—reported asthma" sthma medication reporting" 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days otal days reporting asthma medication" SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS® LAMA	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0) 4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales" gel left—reported asthma" sthma medication reporting" 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days stal days reporting asthma medication" SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS <sup>b</sup> LAMA Biologics	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)  0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)  4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gell elf—reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days otal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS¹¹ LAMA Biologics AS asthma	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0) 4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gell elf—reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days stal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCSb LAMA Biologics SA sathma Maximum value	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)  0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)  4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3)  81 (69–92)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2) 38 (25–49)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 8 (2-22)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gell left—reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days stal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCSb LAMA Biologics SK asthma Maximum value <sup>†</sup> Three highest values <sup>†</sup>	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0) 4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3) 81 (69–92) 69 (58–82)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2) 38 (25-49) 27 (15-37)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 0 8 (2-22) 4 (0-12)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gell elf—reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days stal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS* LAMA Biologics SA asthma Maximum value* Three highest values* Days with VAS asthma > 50*	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0) 4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3) 81 (69–92) 69 (58–82) 5610 (14.5)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)  0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2)  38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)  2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 0  8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gell elf—reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days stal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS¹ LAMA Biologics SA sathma Maximum value¹ Three highest values¹ Days with VAS asthma > 50* aximum VAS dyspnea¹	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0) 4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3) 81 (69–92) 69 (58–82) 5610 (14.5) 69 (54–82)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)  0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2)  38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3) 31 (18-45)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1) 61 (42-75)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8) 2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 0 8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1) 19 (7-34)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gell=reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days otal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS <sup>b</sup> LAMA Biologics AS asthma Maximum value <sup>†</sup> Three highest values <sup>†</sup> Days with VAS asthma > 50* aximum VAS dyspnea <sup>†</sup> aximum VAS dyspnea <sup>†</sup> aximum VAS dyspnea <sup>†</sup>	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)  0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)  4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3)  81 (69–92) 69 (58–82) 5610 (14.5) 69 (54–82) 63 (52–72)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2) 38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3) 31 (18-45) 36 (25-47)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1) 61 (42-75) 62 (50-71)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)  2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1) 19 (7-34) 37 (26-53)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gel elf—reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days stal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCSb LAMA Biologics ASS asthma Maximum value* Three highest values* Days with VAS asthma > 50* aximum VAS dyspnea* aximum CSMS' aximum VAS global*	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0) 4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3) 81 (69–92) 69 (58–82) 5610 (14.5) 69 (54–82) 63 (52–72) 80 (69–93)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)  0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2)  38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3) 31 (18-45) 36 (25-47) 49 (34-67)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1) 61 (42-75) 62 (50-71) 81 (68-95)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)  2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 0  8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1) 19 (7-34) 37 (26-53) 61 (39-81)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gel elf—reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days stal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCSb LAMA Biologics ASS asthma Maximum value* Three highest values* Days with VAS asthma > 50* aximum VAS dyspnea* aximum CSMS' aximum VAS global*	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)  0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)  4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3)  81 (69–92) 69 (58–82) 5610 (14.5) 69 (54–82) 63 (52–72)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0) 0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2) 38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3) 31 (18-45) 36 (25-47)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1) 61 (42-75) 62 (50-71) 81 (68-95) 75 (57-90)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)  2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1) 19 (7-34) 37 (26-53)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gel elf—reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days stal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS* LAMA Biologics AS asthma Maximum value* Three highest values* Days with VAS asthma > 50* aximum VAS dyspnea* aximum VAS global* aximum VAS global* aximum VAS global* aximum VAS global* aximum VAS eyes*	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8) 0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0) 4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3) 81 (69–92) 69 (58–82) 5610 (14.5) 69 (54–82) 63 (52–72) 80 (69–93)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)  0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2)  38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3) 31 (18-45) 36 (25-47) 49 (34-67)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1) 61 (42-75) 62 (50-71) 81 (68-95)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)  2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 0  8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1) 19 (7-34) 37 (26-53) 61 (39-81)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales" gel left—reported asthma" sthma medication reporting" 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days otal days reporting asthma medication" SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS <sup>b</sup> LAMA Biologics AS asthma Maximum value Three highest values Days with VAS asthma >50" aximum VAS dyspnea aximum VAS global aximum VAS global aximum VAS eyes aximum VAS eyes aximum VAS pose	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)  0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)  4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3)  81 (69-92) 69 (58-82) 5610 (14.5) 69 (54-82) 63 (52-72) 80 (69-93) 71 (51-89)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)  0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2)  38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3) 31 (18-45) 36 (25-47) 49 (34-67) 34 (20-60)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1) 61 (42-75) 62 (50-71) 81 (68-95) 75 (57-90)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)  2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 0  8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1) 19 (7-34) 37 (26-53) 61 (39-81) 44 (21-71)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
1 day 2 days 3 or more days otal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS <sup>b</sup> LAMA Biologics AS asthma Maximum value <sup>†</sup> Three highest values <sup>†</sup>	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)  0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)  4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3)  81 (69-92) 69 (58-82) 5610 (14.5) 69 (54-82) 63 (52-72) 80 (69-93) 71 (51-89) 82 (67-95) 57 (37-71)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)  0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2)  38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3) 31 (18-45) 36 (25-47) 49 (34-67) 34 (20-60) 53 (34-75) 26 (9-43)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1) 61 (42-75) 62 (50-71) 81 (68-95) 75 (57-90) 85 (70-100)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)  2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 0 8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1) 19 (7-34) 37 (26-53) 61 (39-81) 44 (21-71) 66 (41-85) 29 (10-52)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gell elf-reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days stal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS¹ LAMA Biologics SAS asthma Maximum value¹ Three highest values¹ Days with VAS asthma > 50* aximum VAS dyspnea¹ aximum VAS global¹ aximum VAS global¹ aximum VAS global¹ aximum VAS overs¹	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)  0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)  4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3)  81 (69-92) 69 (58-82) 5610 (14.5) 69 (54-82) 63 (52-72) 80 (69-93) 71 (51-89) 82 (67-95)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)  0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2)  38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3) 31 (18-45) 36 (25-47) 49 (34-67) 34 (20-60) 53 (34-75)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1) 61 (42-75) 62 (50-71) 81 (68-95) 75 (57-90) 85 (70-100) 58 (40-74)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)  2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 0  8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1) 19 (7-34) 37 (26-53) 61 (39-81) 44 (21-71) 66 (41-85)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales* gell eff-reported asthma* sthma medication reporting* 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days stal days reporting asthma medication* SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS* LAMA Biologics SAS asthma Maximum value* Three highest values* Days with VAS asthma > 50* aximum VAS dyspnea* aximum VAS global* aximum VAS global* aximum VAS gose aximum VAS ges* aximum VAS sose* aximum VAS seep* otal days reporting rhinitis medication*	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)  0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)  4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3)  81 (69-92) 69 (58-82) 5610 (14.5) 69 (54-82) 63 (52-72) 80 (69-93) 71 (51-89) 82 (67-95) 57 (37-71) 72 (26-90)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)  0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2)  38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3) 31 (18-45) 36 (25-47) 49 (34-67) 34 (20-60) 53 (34-75) 26 (9-43) 52 (33-77)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1) 61 (42-75) 62 (50-71) 81 (68-95) 75 (57-90) 85 (70-100) 58 (40-74) 79 (60-94)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)  2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 0  8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1) 19 (7-34) 37 (26-53) 61 (39-81) 44 (21-71) 66 (41-85) 29 (10-52) 56 (34-79)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales" gel elf—reported asthma" sthma medication reporting" 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days otal days reporting asthma medication" SABA LABA+LCS ICS OCS LAMA Biologics SA asthma Maximum value Three highest values† Days with VAS asthma > 50" aximum VAS dyspnea¹ aximum VAS global¹ aximum VAS global¹ aximum VAS gose† aximum VAS ose† aximum VAS ose† aximum VAS ose† aximum VAS ose† aximum VAS sleep¹ otal days reporting rhinitis medication* Oral antihistamines monotherapy	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)  0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)  4285 (11.0) 16.275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3)  81 (69-92) 69 (58-82) 5610 (14.5) 69 (54-82) 63 (52-72) 80 (69-93) 71 (51-89) 82 (67-95) 57 (37-71) 72 (26-90)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)  0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2)  38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3) 31 (18-45) 36 (25-47) 49 (34-67) 34 (20-60) 53 (34-75) 26 (9-43) 52 (33-77) 3852 (10.8)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1) 61 (42-75) 62 (50-71) 81 (68-95) 75 (57-90) 85 (70-100) 58 (40-74) 79 (60-94) 4984 (10.5)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)  2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 0  8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1) 19 (7-34) 37 (26-53) 61 (39-81) 44 (21-71) 66 (41-85) 29 (10-52) 56 (34-79)  16,971 (12.6)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0
emales" gel elf—reported asthma" sthma medication reporting" 0 days 1 day 2 days 3 or more days otal days reporting asthma medication" SABA LABA+ICS ICS OCS <sup>b</sup> LAMA Biologics ASA sathma Maximum value <sup>1</sup> Three highest values <sup>†</sup> Days with VAS asthma >50° aximum VAS dyspnea <sup>†</sup> aximum VAS global <sup>†</sup> aximum VAS global <sup>†</sup> aximum VAS gospi aximum VAS sose <sup>†</sup> aximum VAS sose <sup>†</sup> aximum VAS sore <sup>†</sup>	310 (68.7) 41.1 (14.3) 432 (95.8)  0 4 (0.9) 68 (15.1) 379 (84.0)  4285 (11.0) 16,275 (41.9) 4658 (12.0) 1331 (3.4) 1453 (3.7) 112 (0.3)  81 (69-92) 69 (58-82) 5610 (14.5) 69 (54-82) 63 (52-72) 80 (69-93) 71 (51-89) 82 (67-95) 57 (37-71) 72 (26-90)	234 (56.5) 40.1 (14.1) 389 (94.0)  0 10 (2.4) 64 (15.5) 340 (82.1) 1586 (4.4) 15,038 (42.1) 5722 (16.0) 243 (0.7) 534 (1.5) 86 (0.2)  38 (25-49) 27 (15-37) 91 (0.3) 31 (18-45) 36 (25-47) 49 (34-67) 34 (20-60) 53 (34-75) 26 (9-43) 52 (33-77)	38.3 (13.8) 391 (50.1) 698 (89.5) 82 (10.5) 0 0 66 (0.1) 74 (0.2) 25 (0.1) 244 (0.5) 0 0 72 (58-85) 56 (44-72) 4799 (10.1) 61 (42-75) 62 (50-71) 81 (68-95) 75 (57-90) 85 (70-100) 58 (40-74) 79 (60-94)	1138 (52.9) 35.5 (13.2) 341 (15.8)  2102 (97.7) 50 (2.3) 0 37 (0.03) 23 (0.02) 22 (0.02) 141 (0.1) 0 0  8 (2-22) 4 (0-12) 94 (0.1) 19 (7-34) 37 (26-53) 61 (39-81) 44 (21-71) 66 (41-85) 29 (10-52) 56 (34-79)	<0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0 <0.0

J. Bousquet, B. Sousa-Pinto, J.M. Anto et al.

Azelastine—fluticasone + other rhinitis medication	2568 (6.6)	1804 (5.0)	1601 (3.4)	3244 (2.4)	< 0.001
Conjunctivitis*	341 (75.6)	293 (70.8)	590 (75.6)	1581 (73.5)	0.239
Sensitisation <sup>f</sup> *					0.149
Monosensitisation <sup>f</sup>	18 (6.3)	20 (7.4)	36 (7.8)	97 (7.6)	
Polysensitisation <sup>f</sup>	136 (47.7)	113 (41.7)	181 (39.3)	486 (38.1)	
	C. Sample 3: All pati	ents with at least 3 VAS ast	hma		
	Cluster A	Cluster B	Cluster C	Cluster D	p-value
N (%)	957 (11.9)	937 (11.6)	1468 (18.2)	4713 (58.4)	

		Cluster B	Cluster C	Cluster D	p-value	
	Cluster A				p-value	
N (%)	957 (11.9)	937 (11.6)	1468 (18.2)	4713 (58.4)		
Reported days – N (average days per user)	52,649 (55.0)	44,468 (47.5)	54,438 (37.1)	145,614 (30.9)		
Females*	675 (70.5)	562 (60.0)	907 (61.8)	2554 (54.2)	< 0.001	
Age	39.5 (13.5)	38.3 (13.8)	37.1 (13.6)	34.6 (12.9)	< 0.001	
Self—reported asthma*	875 (91.4)	754 (80.5)	680 (46.3)	763 (16.2)	< 0.001	
Asthma medication reporting*					< 0.001	
0 days	0	0	1316 (89.6)	4604 (97.7)		
1 day	6 (0.6)	0	152 (10.4)	109 (2.3)		
2 days	82 (8.6)	117 (12.5)	0	0		
3 or more days	869 (90.8)	820 (87.5)	0	0		
Total days reporting asthma medication*						
SABA	5531 (10.5)	1581 (3.6)	65 (0.1)	39 (0.03)	< 0.001	
LABA+ICS	20,320 (38.6)	14,135 (31.8)	54 (0.1)	28 (0.02)	< 0.001	
ICS	5471 (10.4)	5853 (13.2)	25 (0.1)	13 (0.01)	< 0.001	
OCS <sup>b</sup>	1480 (2.8)	264 (0.6)	355 (0.7)	231 (0.2)		
LAMA	1901 (3.6)	307 (0.7)	1 (0.002)	0		
Biologics	116 (0.2)	88 (0.2)	1 (0.002)	0		
VAS asthma						
Maximum value <sup>†</sup>	78 (65-92)	30 (13-45)	69 (54-84)	6 (0-18)	< 0.001	
Three highest values <sup>†</sup>	65 (53-79)	18 (6-30)	52 (39-68)	2 (0-9)	< 0.001	
Days with VAS asthma >50*	7677 (14.6)	154 (0.3)	6001 (11.0)	154 (0.1)	< 0.001	
Maximum VAS dyspnea <sup>†</sup>	67 (53-83)	29 (16-41)	61 (46-76)	17 (7-32)	< 0.001	
CARAT asthma (questions 5–7)g †	6 (3-8)	7 (6-9)	6 (5-8)	9 (7-9)	< 0.001	
Presence of asthma symptoms c,g *	125 (74.9)	55 (44.7)	90 (61.6)	78 (19.6)	< 0.001	
CARAT (questions 1–10) <sup>g †</sup>	15 (10-18)	19 (15–24)	15 (12-20)	20 (15-23)	< 0.001	
Uncontrolled <sup>d,g</sup> *	159 (95.2)	107 (87.0)	138 (94.5)	333 (83.7)	< 0.001	
Maximum CSMS <sup>†</sup>	61 (50-70)	34 (23–47)	60 (49-71)	35 (25-51)	< 0.001	
Maximum VAS global <sup>†</sup>	78 (66–92)	49 (32–69)	78 (66–92)	58 (36-78)	< 0.001	
Maximum VAS eyes†	66 (43-84)	32 (13-59)	72 (51–88)	40 (16–68)	< 0.001	
Maximum VAS nose <sup>†</sup>	78 (64–93)	52 (32-75)	81 (66–97)	62 (37–82)	< 0.001	
Maximum VAS work	52 (24–67)	21 (4-40)	53 (27-70)	25 (4-49)	< 0.001	
Maximum VAS sleep <sup>†</sup>	79 (63–95)	54 (32–78)	77 (58–92)	55 (33–77)	< 0.001	
Total days reporting rhinitis medication*	(,	- (	(55)	( ,		
Oral antihistamines monotherapy	5880 (11.2)	4243 (9.5)	6431 (11.8)	19,395 (13.3)	< 0.001	
Intranasal steroids monotherapy	3060 (5.8)	4039 (9.1)	2976 (5.5)	8405 (5.8)	< 0.001	
Azelastine—fluticasone monotherapy	1963 (3.7)	1028 (2.3)	1476 (2.7)	6145 (4.2)	< 0.001	
Oral antihistamines + intranasal steroids	7600 (14.4)	4693 (10.6)	3542 (6.5)	7967 (5.5)	< 0.001	
Azelastine—fluticasone + other rhinitis medication	3773 (7.2)	1766 (4.0)	1487 (2.7)	3414 (2.3)	< 0.001	
Conjunctivitis*	717 (74.9)	660 (70.4)	1136 (77.4)	3487 (74.0)	0.001 <sup>a</sup>	
Sensitisation <sup>h</sup> *	/ 1/ (/7./)	000 (70.4)	1130 (77.7)	J-107 (7-1.0)	0.002 0.021 <sup>a</sup>	
Monosensitisation <sup>h</sup>	33 (10.5)	28 (10.1)	38 (10.4)	121 (12.0)	0.021	
Polysensitisation <sup>h</sup>	195 (62.3)	185 (66.5)	209 (57.4)	657 (65.4)		

CARAT: Control of Allergic Rhinitis and Asthma Test; CSMS: Combined symptom-medication score; ICS: Inhaled corticosteroid; IQR: Interquartile range; LABA: Long-acting beta-agonist; LAMA: Long-acting muscarinic antagonist; OCS: Oral corticosteroid; SABA: Short-acting beta-agonist; VAS: Visual Analogue Scale.

- \* Results presented as N(%).
- Results presented as mean (SD).
- † Results presented as median (percentile 25-percentile 75).
- <sup>a</sup> Non-significant after applying the Bonferroni correction.
- $^{\rm b}\,$  It is not possible to differentiate OCS used for asthma or for allergic rhinitis.
- <sup>c</sup> Score ≤6.
- <sup>d</sup> Score  $\leq$ 24.
- e Number of patients for whom sensitisation data are available: 70 for cluster A, 68 for cluster B, 88 for cluster C, and 227 for cluster D.
- f Number of patients for whom sensitisation data are available: 285 for cluster A, 271 for cluster B, 460 for cluster C, and 1275 for cluster D.
- g Number of days reporting CARAT: 167 for cluster A, 123 for cluster B, 146 for cluster C, and 398 for cluster D.
- <sup>h</sup> Number of patients for whom sensitisation data are available: 313 for cluster A, 278 for cluster B, 364 for cluster C, and 1005 for cluster D.

with no participants self-reporting asthma and with very low VAS asthma values. For Clusters A and C, the silhouette score was <0.5, suggesting that clustering may not be adequate. Nevertheless, since there were around 50% of patients self-reporting asthma in Cluster C, we performed an ancillary analysis comparing Cluster C patients with self-reported asthma (C') versus those with no self-reported asthma (C').

Overall, patients of the two subgroups were similar (Supplementary Table 3).

Since selecting patients reporting VAS asthma in at least three different months could be interpreted as having some degree of arbitrariness, we performed sensitivity analyses applying the same methods in patients reporting VAS asthma

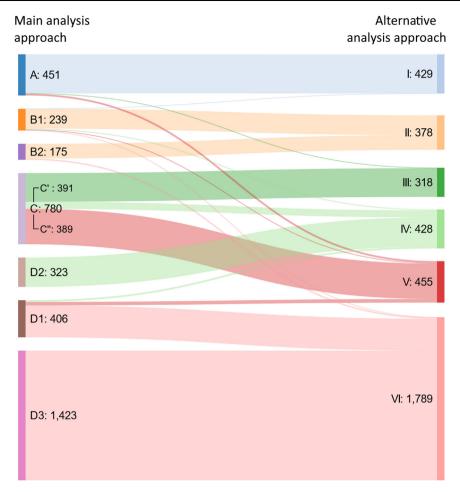
	Cluster A ("Treated uncontrolled asthma")	Cluster B1 ("Treated partly- controlled asthma")	Cluster B2 ("Treated controlled asthma")	Cluster C ("Untreated uncontrolled asthma")	Cluster D1 ("Untreated partly- controlled asthma")	Cluster D2 ("Untreated controlled asthma")	Cluster D3 ("No evidence of asthma")
V (%)	451 (11.9)	239 (6.3)	175 (4.6)	780 (20.5)	406 (10.7)	323 (8.5)	1423 (37.5)
Reported days – N	38,823	23,953	11,770	47,352	30,907	16,287	87,747
Average days per user - N	86.1	100.2	67.3	60.7	76.1	50.4	61.7
Females*	310 (68.7)	138 (57.7)	96 (54.9)	460 (59.0)	209 (51.5)	176 (54.5)	753 (52.9)
Age <sup>  </sup>	41.1 (14.3)	40.8 (14.5)	39.2 (13.6)	38.3 (13.8)	37.1 (13.0)	36.3 (13.9)	34.8 (13.1)
elf-reported asthma*	432 (95.8)	228 (95.4)	161 (92.0)	391 (50.1)	18 (4.4)	323 (100)	0
sthma medication reporting*							
0 days	0	0	0	698 (89.5)	401 (98.8)	284 (87.9)	1417 (99.6)
1 day	4 (0.9)	10 (4.2)	0	82 (10.5)	5 (1.2)	39 (12.1)	6 (0.4)
2 days	68 (15.1)	31 (13.0)	33 (18.9)	0	0	0	0
3 days or more	379 (84.0)	198 (82.8)	142 (81.1)	0	0	0	0
Total days reporting asthma medication*							
SABA	4285 (11.0)	1180 (4.9)	406 (3.4)	66 (0.1)	4 (0.01)	29 (0.2)	4 (0.01)
LABA+ICS	16,275 (41.9)	9508 (39.7)	5530 (47.0)	74 (0.2)	0	22 (0.1)	1 (0.001)
ICS	4658 (12.0)	3194 (13.3)	2528 (21.5)	25 (0.1)	4 (0.01)	16 (0.1)	2 (0.002)
OCS <sup>a</sup>	1331 (3.4)	206 (0.9)	37 (0.3)	244 (0.5)	9 (0.03)	8 (0.1)	124 (0.1)
LAMA	1453 (3.7)	465 (1.9)	69 (0.6)	0	0	0	0
Biologics	112 (0.3)	81 (0.3)	5 (0.04)	0	0	0	0
/AS asthma							
Maximum value <sup>†</sup>	81 (69-92)	47 (41-54)	21 (12-29)	72 (58-85)	36 (26-49)	20 (7-31)	4 (1-9)
Three highest values <sup>†</sup>	69 (58-82)	35 (30-43)	13 (6-20)	56 (44-72)	19 (13-25)	12 (3-20)	1 (0-5)
Days with VAS asthma > 50 *	5610 (14.5)	90 (0.4)	1 (0.01)	4799 (10.1)	89 (0.3)	5 (0.03)	0
Naximum VAS dyspnea †	69 (54-82)	38 (26-49)	17 (12-27)	61 (42-75)	29 (16-40)	20 (13-33)	10 (5-23)
CARAT asthma (questions 5-7) <sup>b</sup> †	5 (2-7)	8 (7–9)	7 (6–8)	6 (4–8)	9 (7–9)	9 (7–9)	9 (8-9)
Presence of asthma symptoms <sup>b,c,d,*</sup>	50 (66.7)	19 (42.2)	8 (33.3)	52 (57.8)	9 (19.1)	7 (22.6)	20 (13.0)
CARAT (questions1-10) b,†	13 (8-16)	20 (16–25)	21 (19–23)	15 (11–19)	20 (16–25)	20 (17–25)	20 (16-25)
Uncontrolled b,d,*	73 (97.3)	36 (80.0)	21 (87.5)	81 (90.0)	34 (72.3)	23 (74.2)	117 (76.0)
Naximum CSMS <sup>†</sup>	63 (52–72)	42 (20)	28 (20)	62 (50-71)	46 (35–60)	29 (22–46)	35 (24–51)
Naximum VAS global <sup>†</sup>	80 (69–93)	53 (42-71)	40 (21–60)	81 (68–95)	72 (51–86)	47 (29-68)	61 (38-81)
Naximum VAS eyes <sup>†</sup>	71 (51–89)	42 (28–66)	29 (12-50)	75 (57–90)	57 (38–78)	34 (14–55)	42 (19-70)
Naximum VAS nose <sup>†</sup>	82 (67–95)	59 (42–79)	46 (27–66)	85 (70-100)	76 (55–91)	51 (32–75)	66 (40-85)
laximum VAS work <sup>†</sup>	57 (37–71)	31 (14–48)	16 (5-31)	58 (40-74)	42 (21–60)	21 (6-40)	28 (9-52)
Naximum VAS sleep <sup>†</sup>	72 (26.90)	61 (40-82)	45 (18–64)	79 (60–94)	53 (14–76)	50 (26–75)	56 (33–78)
otal days reporting rhinitis medication*	, ,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Oral antihistamines monotherapy	4594 (11.8)	2864 (12.0)	988 (8.4)	4984 (10.5)	4780 (15.5)	1165 (7.2)	11,026 (12.6)
Intranasal steroids monotherapy	1787 (4.6)	2291 (9.6)	1573 (13.4)	2290 (4.8)	1999 (6.5)	681 (4.2)	4610 (5.3)
Azelastine-fluticasone monotherapy	1465 (3.8)	908 (3.8)	309 (2.6)	1288 (2.7)	1220 (3.9)	346 (2.1)	3704 (4.2)

	Cluster A ("Treated uncontrolled asthma")	Cluster B1 ("Treated partly- controlled asthma")	Cluster B2 ("Treated controlled asthma")	Cluster C ("Untreated uncontrolled asthma")	Cluster D1 ("Untreated partly- controlled asthma")	Cluster D2 ("Untreated controlled asthma")	Cluster D3 ("No evidence of asthma")
Oral antihistamines + intranasal steroids	5949 (15.3)	2263 (9.4)	1099 (9.3)	2982 (6.3)	1637 (5.3)	1165 (7.2)	5356 (6.1)
Azelastine-fluticasone + other rhinitis medication	2568 (6.6)	1448 (6.0)	356 (3.0)	1601 (3.4)	1280 (4.1)	348 (2.1)	1616 (1.8)
Conjunctivitis * Sensitisation e,*	341 (75.6)	171 (71.5)	122 (69.7)	590 (75.6)	300 (73.9)	235 (72.8)	1046 (73.5)
Monosensitisation <sup>e</sup>	18 (6.3)	13 (8.3)	7 (6.1)	36 (7.8)	14 (5.5)	10 (5.1)	73 (8.9)
Polysensitisation <sup>e</sup>	136 (47.7)	65 (41.7)	48 (41.7)	181 (39.3)	101 (39.6)	72 (36.4)	313 (38.1)

CARAT: Control of Allergic Rhinitis and Asthma Test; CSMS: Combined symptom-medication score; ICS: Inhaled corticosteroid; IQR: Interquartile range; LABA: Long-acting beta-agonist; SABA: Short-acting beta-agonist; VAS: Visual Analogue Scale.

- Results presented as N(%).
- Results presented as mean (SD).
- † Results presented as median (percentile 25-percentile 75).
- <sup>a</sup> It is not possible to differentiate OCS used for asthma or for allergic rhinitis.
- b Number of patients reporting CARAT: 75 for cluster A, 45 for cluster B1, 24 for cluster B2, 90 for cluster C, 47 for cluster D1, 31 for cluster D2, and 154 for cluster D3.
- <sup>c</sup> Score ≤6.
- d Score ≤24.
- e Number of patients for whom sensitisation data are available: 285 for cluster A, 156 for cluster B1, 115 for cluster B2, 460 for cluster C, 255 for cluster D1, 198 for cluster D2, and 822 for cluster D3.

#### Pulmonology 00 (xxxx) 1-14



**Fig. 1** Classification of patients who reported VAS asthma in at least three different months (Sample 2) with clustering based on the main analysis approach and on the alternative analysis approach of this study.

in at least four and five different months. Similar results were obtained.

#### Alternative analysis approach

Four clusters were identified among patients self-reporting asthma, while two clusters were identified among those not self-reporting asthma (Supplementary Tables 5-6). Using a Sankey diagram, the two approaches showed consistent results (Fig. 1).

#### Phenotypic characteristics of the clusters

Median VAS asthma maximal levels were over 50/100 for Clusters A and C, indicating "uncontrolled asthma". VAS asthma levels ranged from 20 to 49/100 in Clusters B1 and D1 (indicating "partly-controlled asthma") and were under 20/100 in Clusters B2 and D2 (indicating "controlled asthma"). The lowest levels were in Cluster D3 (Supplementary Figure 4).

Patients were mostly undertreated in Clusters C, D1, D2 and D3. In Cluster C, only half of the patients self-reported asthma. Therefore, Clusters C and D1 may include patients with under-diagnosed asthma. A possible clinical

interpretation of the seven clusters observed with the main approach is available in Table 3.

Throughout the different months of the year, the order of VAS asthma levels was found to be consistent, with the highest levels being observed in Cluster A, followed by C, B1 and the remaining groups (Supplementary Figure 5).

Besides differences in asthma features, the seven clusters differed in the participants' demographics, in the VASs on allergy symptoms and in rhinitis treatment (Table 2, Supplementary Figures 4 and 6). The reported rhinitis treatments varied between clusters, ranging from 22.8-42.1% of days. Co-medication was reported in 21.9% of days for Cluster A, 15.4% for Cluster B1, 12.3% for Cluster B2 and around 9-10% of days in untreated asthma clusters.

#### Validation of the cluster classification

We analysed 192 Twinning participants, comparing the cluster classification obtained by the main analysis approach with physician-diagnosed asthma (Supplementary Table 7).

Patients clustered as having "probable asthma" (clusters A, D and C') had a physician diagnosis of current or past asthma in 92.3% of cases. Patients with "no evidence of current asthma" (cluster D3) had a diagnosis of "no current

Asthma		Main clustering approach		Alternative clustering approach		Clinical interpretation		
Treatment	Control	Majority of self-report	Cluster	% of users <sup>a</sup>	Cluster	% of users <sup>a</sup>		
Treated	Uncontrolled	Yes	A	11.9-16.1	I	10.5-15.5	Probable asthma:     Treated uncontrolled asthma	
	Partly- controlled		B1	6.3-9.7	II	9.6-13.7	<ul> <li>Probable asthma:</li> <li>Treated partly-controlled asthma</li> </ul>	
	Controlled		B2	4.6-5.5			<ul> <li>Probable asthma:</li> <li>Treated and controlled asthma</li> </ul>	
Untreated	Uncontrolled	Yes	C,p	9.7-10.2	III	7.0-8.6	<ul> <li>Probable asthma:         Untreated and uncontrolled asthma with self-reported asthma (possible undertreated asthma)     </li> </ul>	
		No	С" ь	8.4-10.3	V	11.7-12.9	<ul> <li>Possible asthma: Untreated uncontrolled asthma with no self- reported asthma (possible underdiagnosed asthma)</li> </ul>	
	Partly- controlled		D1	10.1-10.7	VI	40.8-50.3 <sup>c</sup>	Possible asthma:     Untreated partly-controlled asthma (possible underdiagnosed asthma)	
	Controlled	Yes	D2	6.7-8.5	IV	8.6-11.3	Possible asthma:     Untreated controlled asthma (possible over-diagnosed asthma or asthma in clinical remission)	
		No	D3	33.0-40.2	VI	40.8-50.3 <sup>c</sup>	No evidence of current asthma	

a Range of percentages across the three samples.
 b Cluster C was divided by design (not by unsupervised learning approach).
 c Range of percentages of cluster VI as a whole.

asthma" in 90.4% of cases. Patients with "uncontrolled underdiagnosed asthma" (cluster C") had an infrequent physician diagnosis of asthma, supporting the label of underdiagnosis.

A patient with current asthma displayed an 85.5% probability of being classified in a cluster of probable asthma (sensitivity) and a 93.4% probability of being in a cluster of probable or possible asthma. A patient with no history of asthma displayed a 52.6% probability of being classified as having no asthma (specificity) and 79.3% as having current asthma.

The classification of probable *versus* possible or no asthma for the identification of current asthma *versus* past or no asthma displays an agreement of 81% and a kappa coefficient of 0.610.

#### Discussion

Cluster analysis approaches were used to identify asthma control patterns in MASK-air® users combining information from self-reported asthma status, reported asthma medication use and VAS asthma. We identified seven profiles of asthma control and treatment patterns. These profiles were replicated in three samples and were validated in a sub-sample of physician-assessed patients.

#### Limitations and strengths

This study has some limitations. First, clustering was not performed based on patients from asthma clinics with a confirmed diagnosis of asthma. This type of study (i) would have a limited number of patients and (ii) would have mostly included severe patients and patients under treatment. However, we validated the results of the cluster classification in a sample of participants with a physician-diagnosis of asthma. Further information biases may occur, resulting from incorrect information on self-reported asthma or medication use. However, the consistency of the results suggests that this is unlikely.

All assessed patients displayed self-reported rhinitis, and the results are only valid for those with nasal symptoms. These patients do however represent a very large proportion of patients with asthma. Furthermore, there may be an over-representation of users suffering from moderate-to-severe asthma<sup>20</sup> and of younger individuals.

This study also has important strengths. MASK-air® has been developed for patients with rhinitis or asthma and has been assessed in patients with both diseases. VAS asthma — which was the main assessed VAS — has been shown to have high reliability, concurrent validity (with strong correlation with VAS dyspnea, 21 significant correlation with the Asthma Control Test22 and moderate correlation with CARAT23) and moderate responsiveness. 24 We also assessed a sample of participants enrolled by a physician to validate our main results. In addition, this study was conducted in 25 countries (indicating a generalisability of results).

Results were highly consistent when using two clustering methodologies or when assessing different sets of patients. Furthermore, the average number of days reported by patients was longer than in previous MASK-air studies. <sup>20</sup> This

longer period of reporting will enable future studies to assess medication adherence.

#### Interpretation

We classified approximately 70% of the MASK-air® users as having probable asthma or no current asthma (Clusters A, B, C' and D3). In addition, we identified a set of patients who would benefit from further clinical assessment, including users who present high values of VAS Asthma despite not reporting asthma or asthma medications (Clusters C" and D1). This suggests an under-diagnosis of asthma. Using the Twinning data, most patients of these clusters were classified by their physician as having no asthma. Patients of Cluster A ("uncontrolled treated asthma") may also benefit from clinical assessment for treatment adjustment. It is possible that patients of this cluster may comprise an extreme asthma phenotype, which may be poorly responsive to asthma treatment. Interestingly, this asthma phenotype also tends to display poorer rhinitis control.

Only one-third of the patients with probable asthma reported information that was at least partly compatible with proper treatment/control. This may mirror the clinical challenges related to diagnosing asthma, assessing its severity and tailoring medication. It may also enable patients to understand the importance of self-management.

Some interesting hypothesis-generating results have been observed: (i) There may be an extreme asthma phenotype with a high level of multimorbidity and a relatively poor response to treatment, both for rhinitis and asthma. If this group is confirmed in epidemiologic studies, it may be predictive of the need for biologicals and may allow patient stratification for these treatments. (ii) Better asthma control associated with lower and upper airways as well as eye symptoms. Patients had a similar control for all morbidities, whether or not they received treatment. Ocular symptoms are seldom considered in asthma, although epidemiologic studies have stated their importance. 10 (iii) Among the seven identified clusters, six were associated with asthma and one - rhinitis without current asthma - was strikingly different, suggesting that rhinitis alone and rhinitis and asthma are different diseases.<sup>2</sup>

Taken together, these results suggest that RWD collected under pragmatic circumstances - and particularly when combining information from different variables - can be used to investigate asthma and to identify patients who would benefit from further clinical assessment for diagnostic or therapeutic reasons. This may allow for future studies to be conducted in order to develop CSMSs for the assessment of asthma control based on MASK-air® data.

#### Conclusion

This study allowed a consistent identification of seven profiles based on the probability of having asthma and on its control. It resulted in a classification supported by physician-diagnosed asthma and in the identification of a substantial percentage of patients potentially benefiting from clinical assessment for diagnosis or treatment adjustment purposes. The use of an mHealth app can help to complement classical epidemiological approaches with RWD. This

can potentially support the identification of patients with asthma and reduce biases of epidemiologic studies solely relying on the retrospective data of self-reported asthma diagnoses.

#### Data availability

Data are available upon request to Prof. J Bousquet (jean. bousquet@orange.fr).

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#### Take-home message

K-means cluster analysis algorithms using real-world data obtained using a mobile app in over 8,000 patients identified patients with probable or possible asthma confirmed by a sub-study in patients with physician-diagnosed asthma.

#### Conflicts of interest

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#### Supplementary materials

Supplementary material associated with this article can be found, in the online version, at doi:10.1016/j.pul moe.2022.10.005.

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