

### Retinoic Acid Receptor Alpha Is Essential in Postnatal Sertoli Cells but Not in Germ Cells

Diana Condrea, Sirine Souali-Crespo, Betty Féret, Muriel Klopfenstein, Sylvain Faisan, Manuel Mark, Norbert B Ghyselinck, Nadège Vernet

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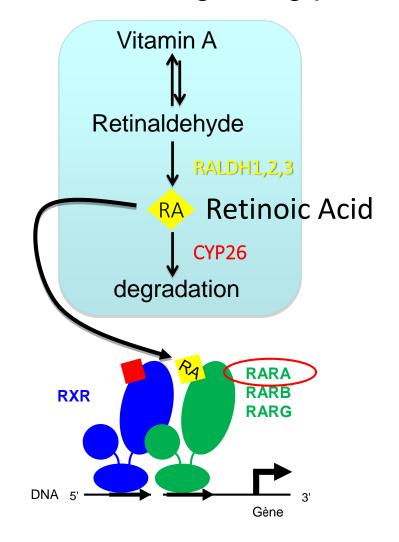
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Institute of Genetics and Molecular and Cellular Biology

Strasbourg, FRANCE

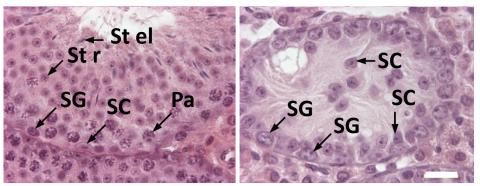
Retinoic acid receptor alpha is essential in postnatal Sertoli cells, but not in germ cells



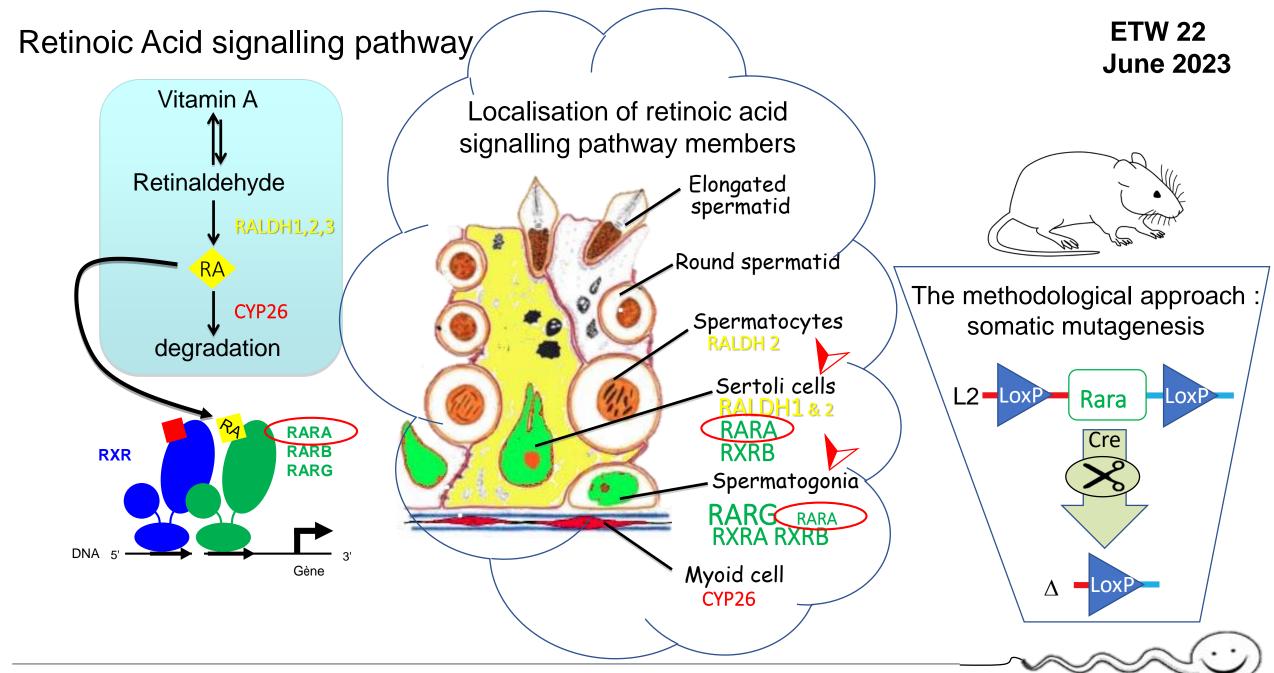
Dietary vitamin A deficiency Inhibiting RA synthesis

lead to testis degeneration

no Vitamin A or no RA

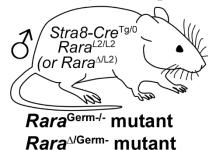


Inactivation of *Rara* gene also leads to testis degeneration

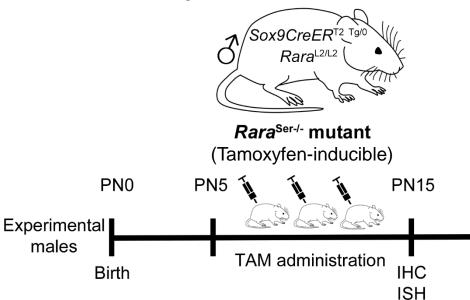


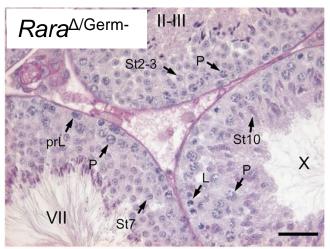
Nadege Vernet (University of Strasbourg, France) – P16

## I Mutant mice lacking Rara selectively in germ cells

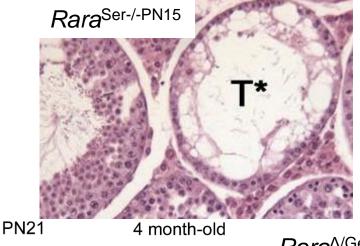


# Il Mutant mice lacking Rara selectively in Sertoli cells





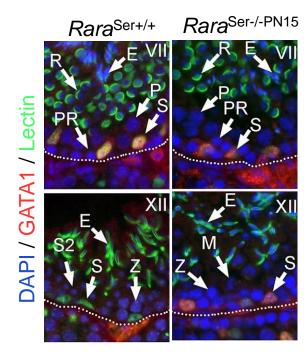
9-month-old



IHC Histological analysis

ETW 22 June 2023

Rara<sup>∆/Germ-</sup> males are fertile without spermatogenesis defect.



Rara<sup>Δ/Germ-</sup> males are infertile Sertoli cells loose their cyclical changes in gene expression and testis degenerate.

Retinoic acid receptor alpha is essential in postnatal Sertoli cells, but not in germ cells **ETW 22** Condrea, Diana; Souali-Crespo, Sirine; Feret, Betty; Klopfenstein, Muriel; June 2023

Faisan, Sylvain; Mark, Manuel; Ghyselinck, Norbert B. and Vernet, Nadège

Department of Functional Genomics and Cancer, Institute of Genetics and Molecular and Cellular Biology, (IGBMC) Strasbourg, France

#### Introduction/background

- It has long been recognized that vitamin A is indispensable to various processes amongst which spermatogenesis. In cells, successive enzymatic reactions lead to the synthesis of the biologically active derivative of vitamin A. retinoic acid (RA) that regulates the transcription of target genes through binding to nuclear receptor RAR (RARA. RARB and RARG istotypes). It has been shown, notably, that vitamin A deficiency in rodent and inactivation of Rara gene in mice lead to testis degeneration.
- Initial genetic studies established that RARA acts in Sertoli cells1, but a recent paper suggested that RARA may also play a role in germ cells2.

germ cells from \$\int \sqrt{stra8-Cre\*\*}

one excised allele of Rara (A)

transgene<sup>5</sup>, A Sour CreERT which is active

only in Sertoli

administration

cells upon

Tamoxyfen (TAM)

is transmitted to the F2 offspring

postnatal day 3

Because of the

expression of Cre in F1's GC,

onward.

> To reevaluate the role of RARA in germ cells (GC).

I Generation of mutant mice lacking all Rara selectively in GC.

To generate Rara dem- mutants, in which the RARA gene was

excised only in GC, mice carrying loxP-flanked alleles of the Rara

gene was crossed with mice bearing the Stra8-Cre transgene3, which

To monitor for efficient gene excision, we also introduced in the

breedings the R26R-EYFP4 transgene that directs the expression of EYFP in cells that have experienced Cre-mediated recombination. Il Generation of mutant mice lacking all Rara selectively in SC. To generate Rara Ser-/-PN15 mutants, in which the RARA gene was

excised only in SC from postnatal day 15 (PN15) onwards, mice

Pups were administered TAM (50 mg/kg body weight) by intraperitoneal injections, three times every second day, between PN5 and PN15. Both those bearing (Rara Ser-J-PN15) and those free of the

transgene (RaraSer+/+) received TAM, precluding therefore that the

III Histology, immunohistochemistry and in situ hybridization. For histology, testis samples were fixed in Bouin's fluid for 16 hours and embedded in paraffin. Histological sections were stained with with

hematoxylin and eosin (H&E) or with periodic acid-Shiff (PAS) and

For immunohistochemistry (IHC), testes were fixed by intracardiac perfusion of icecold 4% paraformaldehyde in PBS, then kept in the same fixative overnight at 4°C, washed in PBS, dehydrated and embedded in paraffin. 5µm sections were immunolabeled with RARA, GATA4, AR or GATA1 antibodies (see Figure) and with Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated peanut agglutinin (lectin) to label acrosomal systems.

observed abnormalities at later stages are due this drug. PN5 1 1 PN15

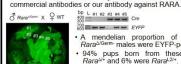
carrying loxP-flanked alleles of the Rara gene was

crossed with mice bearing the Sox9-Cre/ERT2

> To test whether RARA is required in Sertoli cell (SC) during the fetal period or after birth. Methodologies

#### Results

Spermatogenesis is not altered in males lacking RARA in GC. RARA could not be detected by IHC in GC from wild type mice using



positive pups

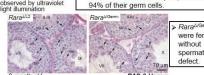
700 = - - EYFP

A mendelian proportion of pups sired by Rara A/Germ- males were EYFP-positive

vernet@igbmc.fr

94% pups born from these breeding were Rara<sup>M+</sup> and 6% were Rara<sup>L2/-</sup>

>Even though we could not evidence RARA loss by IHC, we concluded that Rara A/Germ- were actually deprived of RARA in 94% of their germ cells.

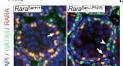






Rara mRNA could not be detected in testis from RaraSer-/-PN15 mutants.

spermatogenesis



RARA detected by IHC in SC using our polyclonal antibodies6.

Ablation of the Rara alleles occurred in about 65% of the SC from the RaraSer-/-PN1

#### II.2 Spermatogenesis is affected in males lacking Rara in SC.





P16

>RaraSer-/-PN15 males were infertile. Sertoli cells loose their cyclical changes in gene expression and testis degenerate

#### Conclusion

RARA exerts its functions in Sertoli cells at puberty, but not at fetal stages. RARA plays no crucial role in germ cells.

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## **ETW 22 June 2023**

## Other poster from the lab P82 by Giulia Perrotta



Nadège Vernet



## was used according to the manufacturer's instructions (Advanced Cell

For in situ hybridization (ISH), the BaseScope v2-RED Reagent kit

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