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Analysis of targeted effects of ionizing radiations on reconstructed human healthy cartilage and chondrosarcoma

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Abstract

Project

- stand healthy cartilage and chondrosarcoma early es to ionizing radiations in a 3D cellular model close to iomeostasis (physioxia).
- One physical dose (2 Gy), different LETs to mimic a

ARCHADE facility: Advanced Ressource Center for HADrontherapy in Europe



In vitro reconstituted human 3D cartilage

- Physioxia; 2% O2 (ava





Lab protocol developements for radiobiology studies

SW1353 cells were cultivated in 3D for 7 days.



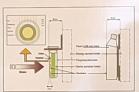






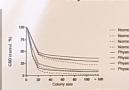


Irradiation facility and set up



LET	lons Energy (MaV/n)		(keV/µm) Apical side	LET (keV/µm) Distal side	
Intermediate	13C	75	36.7	39.4	
	13C	75	36.6	39.0	
High	MNe	95	85.5	92.2	
	180	50	96.2	122.0	

Physioxic vs Normoxic irradiation conditions





Radiation Survival Curves Characteristics for low, intermediate or high LET exposure

Carbon ions	Intermediate	2,7	1,7	26,1	2,3	2,1
20Ne ion	High	1,0	0,5	<1	6,3	7,6
18O ion	rage	0,9	0,5	<1	6,6	7,0
HAC (D1)	LET	D _{so} (Gy)	D ₃₇ (Gy)	SF ₁ (%)	RBE (D ₁₀)	RBE (D ₃₇
X-rays	Low	2,0	0,9	10,5		
Carbon ions	Intermediate	1,1	0,5	2,0	1,9	1,9
Male les						-

2D vs 3D cell viability

SW1353	control	X-rays Carbon lons		Carbon ions		²⁰ Ne ion	10 lon
2D	7.3			ND	ND		
3D	5.5	1.0	0	0,6	3	1,1	0,9
HAC	Positive	Low LET X-rays		Intermediate LET Carbon lons		High LET	
	control					Ion Ion	lon
	D2	D1	D2	D1	D2	D1	D1
20	101.5	0.0	07	AID	1.0	AID	AID

2.7 0,9 0,9 0,6 0,5 0,5 0,3

of cellular necrosis untill 48h after 2 Gy with low, intermediate or high LET ionizing







γ-H2AX, p21 and p-p53 induction in 2D chondrosarcoma cells



Conclusions / Perspectives

- Tissue physioxia is a key factor of radiation biology studies









