

# Genetic resources of macroalgae: Development of an efficient method using microsatellite markers in non-model organisms

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## **1** Genetic resources of macroalgae: development of an efficient

## 2 method using microsatellite markers in non-model organisms

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S. Mauger: original concept, laboratory work, bioinformatics analysis, analysis of molecular data, led
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#### 37 ABSTRACT

38 Red and brown seaweeds are species with high ecological and economic importance. Here we report 39 the feasibility of cost-effective molecular marker development in 6 species from different phyla. 40 Microsatellite markers of two brown seaweed species Alaria esculenta and Pylaiella littoralis, and of four red seaweed species Calliblepharis jubata, Gracilaria gracilis, Gracilaria dura and Palmaria 41 palmata were identified and characterized in genomic sequences obtained using Double-Digest 42 43 Restriction site Associated DNA (ddRAD). A total of 64,623,186 reads were generated from two runs of multiplexed Illumina Miseq sequencing, from which 30,636 reads containing microsatellite motifs 44 45 including 15,443 where primer pairs could be designed. Five hundred seventy-six primers pairs were 46 selected for amplification trials to determine levels of polymorphism. Of these 576 loci, 338 could be 47 amplified and 142 of the 338 loci were polymorphic. A total of 28 usable polymorphic markers were 48 developed in A. esculenta, 18 in P. littoralis, 11 in C. jubata, 14 in G. gracilis, 21 in G. dura and 13 in 49 P. palmata. The overall number of alleles per locus ranged from 2 to 22. These 105 new microsatellite 50 markers will be useful for further studies of population genetics, breeding programs and conservation 51 genetics of these species. Compared with traditional approaches, our study yielded thousands of 52 microsatellite loci for six different species in a short time and with affordable costs. This study, based 53 on the use of ddRADseq, provided preliminary data about the genetic structure and reproduction mode of these six non-model species based on a small number of individuals from two geographically-54 55 distant populations and on the genetic structure and reproduction mode of two non-model species, i.e.

- detection of clonality for two red algae, *C. jubata* and *G. dura* and detection of highly genetically
  divergent populations corresponding probably to different cryptic species under the name *P. littoralis*.
- 59 Keywords: genetic diversity, microsatellite markers, seaweed, Rhodophyta, Ochrophyta, ddRAD.
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#### 61 **1. Introduction**

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63 Evaluation of genetic resources is crucial for the sustainable conservation of economically or 64 ecologically important species. It is also a key step in the domestication process of new species [1], 65 [2]. In the context of global change, most of the seaweed biomass in Europe comes from harvesting 66 wild populations (FAO, 2018), questioning the sustainability of the wild genetic resources [3]. 67 Moreover, the development of seaweed aquaculture since the 1950s in China for the Japanese kelp, or more recently in the 1980s in South East Asia and East Africa for tropical red seaweeds, has led to 68 long-distance translocations of a few genotypes. These aquaculture practices are raising concern about 69 70 their possible detrimental effects on local adaptation of wild populations that may be impacted by 71 human-mediated gene-flow when located in the vicinity of farms [4]. There is therefore, an urgent 72 need for genetic markers to conduct genetic studies on an increasing number of seaweed species that 73 may be negatively impacted by intensive exploitation of their natural populations, the future 74 development of aquaculture or the impact of global change. For example, recent studies reveal that marine heat waves in recent years have played a role in the decline of several macroalgal species on 75 76 the coast of northern Spain [5], [6]; a possible influence of latitudinal patterns of genetic diversity on the vulnerability of the kelp Ecklonia radiata to a marine heatwave on the South-Eastern Australian 77 78 coast [7]; multi-decadal decline in the cover of the giant kelp Macrocystis pyrifera at the southern 79 limit of its Australian range [8]. These studies highlight the need to step up coastal monitoring efforts 80 in order to analyse the impact of extreme temperature events on algal genetic biodiversity.

Even if genome-wide studies are more accessible as a result to next generation sequencing (NGS)methods, there are still numerous non-model, but nonetheless valuable, algae species for which

83 genomic data are not available. This restricts the possibility to search for molecular markers in silico. Double Digested Restriction site Associated DNA sequencing (ddRADseq) has already been used to 84 85 efficiently develop molecular markers such as Single Nucleotides Polymorphism (SNPs) [9] and, more recently, Short Sequence Repeats (SSRs) or microsatellite markers for non-model species [10], [11]. 86 For over twenty years, microsatellite markers have set the standard in the field of population genetic 87 88 markers, offering the possibility of population analysis over time and providing useful insights based 89 on the results of the many studies carried out with this type of molecular marker. These markers have 90 the characteristic of being transferable between related species of the same genus, opening the 91 possibility of studying the same locus in different species [12]. They also provide excellent results in 92 paternity analysis, where SNPs have not yielded accurate information [13]. Although SNPs have better 93 genome coverage than microsatellites, the bioinformatic skills required, the computational power and 94 the cost of reagents limit their application to large numbers of individuals. Moreover, development of 95 SNPs, also requires a greater number of sample replications because of the high error rate compared to microsatellite markers. Recent studies have indicated that, when addressing genetic structure or 96 97 patterns of genetic diversity, a study with a dozen of microsatellite markers gave similar results to 98 those obtained with thousands of SNP markers [13], [14]. Microsatellite markers are therefore better 99 suited (cheaper) for large sample studies and require less bioinformatic skills and computer power than 100 SNPs [12], [15], making them more accessible. The ability of microsatellite markers to uncover 101 genetic variations at the same locus beyond time and species, along with their accessibility, makes 102 them a gold standard in population genetic studies.

103 Since 2010, data on whole genome sequencing have been accumulating for seaweeds facilitating the 104 search for microsatellites (i.e., for *Ectocarpus* species 7, referred to as *Ectocarpus siliculosus* [16]; for 105 Saccharina japonica [17]; for Ecklonia radicosa [18]). However, developing new microsatellite 106 markers for a non-model species can be challenging when there is a lack of genomic data for *in silico* 107 research [see for review: 19] because the traditional microsatellite marker isolation approach, such as 108 generation of an enriched library followed by cloning and Sanger sequencing or NGS pyrosequencing, 109 is a costly, labour-intensive and often inefficient process. Although the use of expressed sequence tag (EST) databases has proved to be a valuable source for the development of SSR markers that are 110

111 potentially transferable between taxa [20], there are still some taxonomic groups where this type of 112 sequence remains rare. Other Methods to develop microsatellite markers rapidly and cost-effectively 113 are needed for population genetic studies of non-model species. An efficient method was developed during the last ten years for non-model animals and plants [10], [11], based on the generation of 114 double-digest restriction site associated DNA (ddRADseq; [9]) from genomic DNA of a few 115 individuals of the species of interest using Illumina sequencing technology. Microsatellite markers are 116 117 mined in silico using tools that require limited bioinformatic skills and computer power compared to 118 SNP development.

119 Marine macroalgae are a valuable resource with a wide range of applications, from ecosystem 120 services, for example by acting as carbon sinks and fish nurseries, to food and feed production [21], 121 [22]. As the demand for seaweed biomass increases, new tools such as species-specific genetic markers are needed for the sustainable exploitation of wild resources as well as for the implementation 122 123 of cultivation of those valuable species [4]. Since ddRADseq allows DNA tagging for sample-pooled sequencing, the aim of this study was to extend the method of Mori et al. [11] to multiple species 124 125 using a maximum of two sequencing runs. In this way, it was possible to increase yields and reduce 126 the cost of microsatellite marker development for economically important non-model species of 127 seaweeds. We focused our study on 6 seaweed species, commonly found along the European coast, 128 which are known for their socio-economic, ecological and scientific values. Palmaria palmata and 129 Alaria esculenta are used for human consumption, cosmetics and animal feed [23], [24]. Calliblepharis jubata and Pylaiella littoralis are used for cosmetics [25]. Gracilaria gracilis and 130 Gracilaria dura are known for their high agar content and serves as model species to test hypotheses 131 132 related to the evolution of sex [26], [27], [28], [29]. Except for A. esculenta none of those six North 133 Atlantic species are cultivated at large scales [30] but several cultivation trials have been conducted in 134 the past twenty years for *P. palmata* [31], and more recently for *P. littoralis* and *C. jubata* [32]. The 135 development of microsatellite markers, which was performed for individuals from two geographicallydistinct populations, provided a set of new preliminary data on the genetic structure and mode of 136 reproduction of the six non-model species: the two brown seaweeds (Phaeophyceae): A. esculenta and 137 P. littoralis and the four red algae (Rhodophyta): P. palmata, C. jubata, G. gracilis and G. dura. 138

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#### 140 2. Materials and methods

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#### 142 2.1. Sample collection and DNA extraction

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A total of 275 individuals from six species of seaweed were collected from thirteen sampling locations 144 145 (Table 1). The ploidy levels were known (either using phenological observations or flow-cytometry 146 analyses) prior to genotyping for all study species except G. dura and C. jubata. Only later after genotyping, could ploidy levels could be assessed for all individuals. Upon collection, a piece of tissue 147 was cut out from a spot that was free of algal and animal epiphytes and stored in silica gel. No specific 148 149 treatments were carried out to remove bacteria from the tissue but we estimate the percentage of 150 bacterial DNA after sequencing using the KAIJU software version 1.9.2 developed by Menzel et al., 2016 [33]. Total genomic DNA was extracted from 15 to 20 mg of dry tissue using the Nucleospin 96 151 152 plant kit (Macherey-Nagel, Germany). The extraction was performed according to the manufacturer's instructions except that samples were left in the PL1 lysis buffer at 65°C for 15 min rather than 30 153 154 min. The extracted DNA was eluted into 120 µl of the supplied elution buffer.

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#### 156 2.2. DNA library preparation, sequencing and assembly

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158 Two individuals of each species of seaweed (one per locality, except Quitao for G. dura) were used to 159 construct the genomic libraries according to the methods described by Peterson et al [9] with the following modifications (Table 1). Double-digest restriction site associated DNA was generated with 160 161 PstI and HhaI (New England Biolabs, USA) restriction enzymes in a total reaction volume of 50µl 162 using 300 ng of high-quality genomic DNA by incubating for 3 hours at 37°C (Fig S1). Adapter ligation was performed following the instructions of Peterson et al [9] with a unique P1 adaptor for 163 164 each sample (Table 1) and ligation reactions were inactivated using NucleoMag NGS clean-up beads 165 (Macherey-Nagel, Germany) with a final elution into 40µl of water. Individual PCR amplifications 166 were carried out in 40µl reaction volumes containing 10 µl of Adapter-ligated DNA, 170 nM of 167 indexed primer mix at 10 µM, 200 µM of dNTPs (Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc., USA), 1X of Q5® 168 Reaction Buffer, 1X of Q5® High GC Enhancer, 0.8 Unit of Q5® High-fidelity DNA Polymerase (New England Biolabs, USA). DNA amplifications were carried out in a Bio-Rad DNA Engine Peltier 169 Thermal Cycler using the following conditions: initial denaturation phase at 98 °C for 30 sec, followed 170 by 15 cycles of denaturation at 98 °C for 20 s, annealing at 60 °C for 30 sec, extension at 72 °C for 40 171 172 sec, and a final extension at 72 °C for 10 min. PCR products were purified with NucleoMag NGS clean-up beads (Macherey-Nagel, Germany) with a final elution in 40µl of water. The pooling was 173 174 done before the size selection to generate two libraries with 6 samples each to obtain about 8 million 175 reads per sample (Illumina performance specifications for Miseq v3 kits is between 22-25 million 176 reads per run), Lib1 (A. esculenta, P. littoralis and C. jubata) and Lib2 (G. dura, P. palmata and G. gracilis). The Sage Science Pippin-Prep (sagescience.com) method was used to carry out the size 177 178 selection to obtain the fragments of interest of between 350 and 550 bp (between 480 and 680 bp with 179 the full library construction fragments). Size selection and quality of both libraries were checked using 180 a Bioanalyzer and High Sensitivity DNA Chips (Agilent Technologies), and the final concentrations were estimated through quantitative PCR (qPCR) using a KAPA Library Quantification Kit (Roche 181 Molecular Systems, Inc) and a LightCycler® 480 System (Roche Molecular Systems, Inc). 182 183 Sequencing was performed in two runs on a MiSeq sequencer (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA) using 184 a Miseq Reagent Kit v3 600 cycles (2 x 300 paired-end reads) and libraries at 15pM mixed with 5% of 185 Phix control v3 (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA).

To obtain clean, high-quality reads, we discarded low quality raw sequences with adapter 186 contamination or N > 10%. We used STACKS software version 2.52 [34] to demultiplex the pooled 187 188 samples based on a unique P1 adaptor (Table 1). Overlapping paired-end sequencing reads were 189 assembled using the FLASH v1.2.11 software [35]; the minimum required overlap length between two 190 reads to provide a confident overlap (m) was fifteen and the maximum overlap length expected in 191 approximately 90% of read pairs (M) was three hundred. To construct the reference sequences, the 192 dDocent pipeline version 2.8.7 [36] was run using default parameters and procedures as described in the user manual, except that percent clustering similarity was set at 95% for the reference assembly. 193

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#### 195 2.3. *Microsatellite loci screening and primer design*

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197 Microsatellite motifs were identified using the QDD pipeline program version 3.1.2 [37] and all reference sequences with sizes greater than 80 bp (PIPE1 in QDD) were used for detection. Both 198 perfect and imperfect di-, tri-, tetra-, penta- and hexanucleotide motifs were targeted. Dinucleotide 199 200 motifs with at least 4 repeats and longer motifs with at least 3 repeats were selected (PIPE1 in ODD). Reads with at least 95% identity were clustered as consensus sequences, while those that could not be 201 grouped were classified as singletons using Blast+ [38] (PIPE2 in QDD). Primers were designed using 202 203 the PRIMER v3.0 software [39]. Duplicate primers were removed and unique primers of the putative 204 loci were retained. Primers were mainly selected according to the type and size of the microsatellite 205 motif, including also the following criteria: primer length between 18 bp and 27 bp; 50 to 75% GC 206 content; a distance greater than 20 bp between the primer motif and the repeated motif and amplicon 207 sizes between 100 bp and 450 bp (PIPE3 in QDD). In order to test these primers cost-effectively for 208 amplification, we reduced the number of selected microsatellite regions to 96 (the capacity of a 209 microtiter plate) for each species by selecting the ones with the highest number of repeats for each 210 motif category.

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#### 2.4. Amplification trials and levels of polymorphism of microsatellite loci

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For each species, positive amplification of 96 primer pairs was tested using DNA from 8 random individuals. Polymorphic level and genetic diversity characterization of the primer pairs that amplified positively were tested using between 35 and 48 individuals per species (Table 1 - Fig 1). Amplifications were carried out in 10  $\mu$ L reaction volume with 2  $\mu$ L of DNA template diluted 1:100 and following the method of Guzinski et al. [40]. The PCR products labeled, with the four different colors, were pooled (24 pools in total) and diluted 1:10 with water. Next, 2  $\mu$ L of the diluted PCR product pool was added to 10  $\mu$ L of loading buffer made up of 0.5  $\mu$ L of the SM594 size standard [41] and 9.5 µL of Hi-Di formamide, denatured at 95°C for 3 min, and run in an ABI 3130 XL capillary
sequencer (Applied Biosystems, USA). Genotypes were scored manually in Genemapper version 4.0
(Applied Biosystems).

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225 2.5. Genetic analyses

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The results obtained for the populations of diploid individuals were analyzed with the following 227 software. Prior to the genetic analysis, we tested for null alleles using MICRO-CHECKER v2.2.3 [42]. 228 GENEPOP v4.7.5 [43] was used to test for linkage disequilibrium (global test employing Fisher's 229 230 method, the following Markov chain parameters were used: 100,000 for dememorization, 1000 231 batches and 50,000 iterations per batch). HIERFSTAT v0.5-10 R package [44] was used to obtain the 232 number of observed alleles per locus (Na), observed heterozygosity (Ho), expected heterozygosity 233 (*He*), the within-population deviation from Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium ( $F_{IS}$ ) and its significance per 234 locus and for all loci (tested with a permutation test; based on 10,000 permutations). The Polymorphic 235 information content (PIC) was calculated with CERVUS v3.0.7 [45].

A modified analysis was used for the triploid individuals (*G. dura*): AUTOTET v1 software [46], a program for the population analysis of allotetraploid microsatellite data, was used for the genetic analysis and  $F_{IS}$  index; its significance per locus and all loci (tested with a permutation test; based on 10,000 permutations) was determined using SPAGeDi v1.5d software [47]. The Polymorphic information content (*PIC*) was calculated using "polysat" v.1.7 R package according to Clark and Jasieniuk [48].

The number of distinct Multilocus Genotypes (*MLG*), the genotypic richness (*R*) and the Genotype accumulation curves (based on 10,000 permutations) were obtained with the "poppr" v2.9.3 R package [49].

Finally, to estimate the level of genetic differentiation between localities, pairwise  $F_{ST}$  [50] values were computed in HIERFSTAT v0.5-10 R package [44]. The significance of the comparisons was estimated by performing 10,000 bootstraps over loci, with the comparisons judged significant if thebootstrap-generated confidence intervals did not overlap zero.

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#### 250 **3. Results**

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#### 252 3.1. ddRAD sequencing and assembly

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The sequencing procedure generated a total of 64.6 million reads (6.3 to 14.4 million per species) for the six studied species [51] (Table S1). The percentage of bacterial DNA in the reads was less than 5% with an average of 2.94% (Table S2). After editing/trimming, 377.7 Mb of high-quality sequences (41.9 to 111.4 Mb per species) were available, which were assembled into 1,351,981 contigs (134,653 to 400,288 contigs per species). We obtained an average contig length of 294.0 bp (217.2 to 406.4 bp per species), an average contig N50 size of 279.3 bp (173 to 407 bp per species) and an average GC content of 51.2% (49.9% to 53.8% per species) (Table S1).

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#### 262 3.2. Microsatellite loci development and characterization

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264 Among the 1,351,981 assembled contigs, a total of 30,636 microsatellite motifs were found in the six species (1,755 to 11,487 per species) using the QDD pipeline (Table S1). The microsatellite sequences 265 266 contained 14,288 (46.6%) di-, 14,529 (47.4%) tri-, 861 (2.8%) tetra-, 481 (1.6%) penta- and 477 267 (1.6%) hexanucleotide motifs (Table S3). After choosing regions with flanking sequences of sufficient length and requiring a product size of between 100 and 450 bp, we obtained 15,443 primer pairs (752 268 to 6,592 per species – Table S1) corresponding to 7,327 (47.4%) di-, 6,997 (45.3%) tri-, 525 (3.4%) 269 270 tetra-, 316 (2.0%) penta- and 278 (1.8%) hexanucleotide motifs (Table S3). A total of 576 primer pairs 271 were tested for all species (96 primer pairs each, focusing on the ones with the highest number of repeats), 338 were amplified including 104 (30.7%) di-, 77 (22.7%) tri-, 63 (18.6%) tetra-, 67 (19.8%) 272 273 penta- and 27 (7.9%) hexanucleotide motifs (Table S3). The 338 loci retained after the amplification 274 tests (see Table S1 for details per species) were subsequently checked for level of polymorphism within the sample of 8 individuals per species. A total of 142 out of these 338 putative loci including 275 31 for A. esculenta, 28 for P. littoralis, 15 for C. jubata, 20 for G. gracilis, 28 for G. dura and 20 for 276 P. palmata produced PCR products of the expected size, were polymorphic (Table S1) and 277 corresponding to 54 (38.0%) di-, 28 (19.7%) tri-, 27 (19.0%) tetra-, 27 (19.0%) penta- and 6 (4.2%) 278 hexanucleotide motifs (Table S2). Therefore, the rate of success for each of the five motif categories in 279 280 terms of acquisition of polymorphic microsatellite was 33.5% for di-, 19.1% for tri-, 23.5% for tetra-, 281 26.0% for penta- and 12.2% for hexanucleotide repeats (Table S3).

- 282
- 283 *3.3. Genetic diversity*
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285 All the loci analyzed in this study (142 microsatellites markers for 6 species) were selected for their 286 amplification success and their polymorphism in each species. This allowed us to confirm the ploidy 287 levels for all individuals in the 4 species for which ploidy levels were known prior to genotyping (i.e., 288 A. esculenta, P. littoralis, P. palmata and G. gracilis). For G. dura and C. jubata, the ploidy level was 289 determined after genotyping and triploid individuals were detected in G. dura. Data for the number of 290 alleles, null allele frequency, genetic diversity indices and departure from random mating  $(F_{IS})$  are 291 given in Table S4 for each species, locus and population. However, among the loci that correctly 292 amplified, several markers (3 in A. esculenta, 10 in P. littoralis, 4 in C. jubata, 6 in G. gracilis, 7 in G. 293 dura and 7 in *P. palmata*) were discarded because they appeared to be either monomorphic within populations, or because they showed a significant frequency of null alleles, or an extreme departure 294 from random mating suggesting non-Mendelian inheritance ( $F_{IS}$  values > 0.6 or  $F_{IS}$  values < -0.6). 295 Overall, from our study, 28 markers appeared to be useful for A. esculenta, 18 for P. littoralis, 11 for 296 C. jubata, 14 for G. gracilis, 21 for G. dura and 13 for P. palmata (corresponds to the markers in bold 297 298 in the Table S4).

The level of diversity was highly variable across species (Table S4). The mean number of alleles (*Na*)
computed over all loci and populations (i.e. global, Table S4) was higher in the two brown seaweeds

301 A. esculenta (6.7) and P. littoralis (8.0) compared to C. jubata (3.8), G. gracilis (3.4), G. dura (6.2) 302 and P. palmata (5.7). However, this trend was not retrieved for the other estimate of gene diversity 303 (He). The highest He value was observed in the red alga G. dura (0.758) and explained by fixed 304 heterozygosity compared to all other species: the two brown seaweeds A. esculenta (0.535) and P. littoralis (0.496) and the three remaining red algae C. jubata (0.344), G. gracilis (0.412) and P. 305 palmata (0.489). Finally, polymorphic information content (PIC) was higher for P. littoralis (0.678) 306 307 and G. dura (0.725) compared to A. esculenta (0.532), C. jubata (0.335), G. gracilis (0.421), and P. 308 *palmata* (0.478).

309 Differences in the level of clonality were observed among species. No signal of clonality could be 310 detected in A. esculenta, P. littoralis, G. gracilis and P. palmata as all multilocus genotypes (MLG) were distinct (n = MLG) and genotype richness (R) was maximum and equal to 1 (Table 2). In 311 312 contrast, the number of multilocus genotypes (MLG) were not distinct in G. dura and C. jubata (n >313 MLG) and the mean values of genotypic richness (R) over populations were low: 0.378 and 0.848 respectively (Table 2). For these two partially clonal species,  $F_{IS}$  values were significantly negative, 314 315 revealing heterozygous excess, while for the four others sexually reproducing species,  $F_{IS}$  values were 316 not significantly different from 0, revealing random mating (Table 2). The genotype accumulation 317 curves showed that between five and twelve loci were sufficient to differentiate all non-clonal 318 individuals for each of the studied populations (Fig. 2).

Finally, the pattern of genetic differentiation among populations was highly significant (P < 0.001) for all studied species (Table 2). However, the magnitude of  $F_{ST}$  values were very different among species ranging from 0.118 in *P. palmata* to 0.482 in *P. littoralis* (Table 2).

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#### 323 **4. Discussion**

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The development of NGS has improved our capacity to identify and develop microsatellite markers (for review see [52]). In particular, polymorphic loci in model and non-model, plant or animal, species can now be identified rapidly using ddRAD sequence data [10], [11], [53], [54]. The ddRADseq 328 method [9] was largely developed during the last 10 years for population genetics studies in many 329 organisms to search for SNPs and to decrease the cost of whole genome sequencing for genotyping. It 330 is still the object of continuous innovations [55] like those we have developed for multiple seaweed 331 species. However, even if several studies have developed ddRADseq methods for SNP discovery in seaweeds in recent years (firstly in the brown algal model Ectocarpus [56] and mostly in the kelp or 332 large brown algal species Undaria pinnatifida [14]; Saccharina latissima [40]; Ecklonia radiata [57]; 333 334 Sargassum thunbergii [58] and Durvillaea antarctica [59]), none of them was exploited to discover 335 microsatellites because markers were already available.

In this study, implementing the protocol developed by Mori et al. [11] with only two multiplexed libraries for the 6 species, we successfully developed around 20 microsatellite markers per species in different brown and red seaweeds of economic and ecological interest. This highly efficient method allows rapid identification of microsatellite motifs distributed throughout the genome, ultimately revealing polymorphic markers in the target species with an efficiency of about 25%. Interestingly, in *G. gracilis*, more than 50% of the microsatellite loci already identified using classical library cloning methods [60], [61] were found in this study confirming good coverage of the genome.

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#### 344 4.1. Characteristics of microsatellites between species

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Our data yielded ten times more microsatellite motifs in brown than in red seaweeds but this difference could not be clearly linked to their genome size (Table S1). However, for *Gracilaria* and *Calliblepharis*, it may be important to consider their small genome size for future development of microsatellite markers by, for example, adapting the coverage (e.g., sequencing 2 species per run instead of 3 or more).

The occurrence and the frequency of different types of microsatellite motifs seem to be characteristic of a species, which can be distant or closely related [12], [62], [63]. In our study, the distribution of microsatellite marker repeats nucleotide types (di, tri, tetra, penta and hexanucleotide) was similar to that obtained for the red alga *G. lichenoides* [64]. Dinucleotide and trinucleotides repeats were found 355 to be the most abundant motif, on average 46.6% and 47,4% respectively (Table S3), probably 356 because short repeats are the starting point for subsequent extensions of Short Tandem Repeats (STRs) 357 [65] which are the most variable type of DNA sequence in the genome [66]. The most common class 358 of polymorphic marker contained dinucleotide motifs (35% - 40% of the polymorphic markers) for each species except for A. esculenta and P. littoralis for which polymorphic markers with 359 tetranucleotide and pentanucleotide motifs were the most abundant, respectively (32.3% and 35.7% of 360 361 the polymorphic markers respectively). In contrast to what was found for plants by Zhu et al. [63], hexanucleotide repeats in our study were the least abundant type of polymorphic markers. This could 362 363 be due either to the phylogenetic distance between algae and land plants [63] or to an artefact related 364 to the size of the fragments present in the ddRADseq libraries (partial genome vs complete genome) or 365 to the types of restriction enzymes used for library construction.

The consequent yields and largely sufficient genome coverage imply that the method used in this study could be extended to more than 6 species. Future studies should be conducted to find the adequate balance between numbers of species and genome coverage, accounting for genome structure and length.

370

#### 371 4.2. New perspectives of using next-generation sequencing for population-level studies

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373 Several methods have been developed in many organisms to lower the cost and/or streamline next-374 generation sequencing for population-level studies [55]. Future developments for seaweeds will 375 depend of many contingencies. With the need to develop knowledge on new species of seaweed to 376 domesticate or to conserve in natural populations, only a few laboratories are developing approaches, 377 depending on the means available for these studies. Large whole-genome sequencing efforts such as the Darwin tree of life in the UK, Atlasea in France and the ERGA (European Reference Genome 378 Atlas) project at the EU level will offer new opportunities to enlarge the search for genetic markers for 379 380 novel species. For the development of multiple PCR, synthesizing unique barcodes for each sample or even a subgroup of samples is expensive. Moreover, multi-, or single-level multiplexing and 381

demultiplexing of samples can be cumbersome, time consuming, and costly. Therefore, approaches for targeted sequencing-based genetic screening such as the use of high multiplex PCR coupled to NGS (Hi-Plex, [67]) can be developed for only a few species of seaweeds and mainly models of economic importance [68].

386

# 4.3. Limited population genetics data could provide useful information on genetic diversity and reproductive systems

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390 The preliminary results of the population genetic analysis, even though they were carried out on a few 391 populations, provided interesting information about the reproductive systems and diversity of the 392 study species. Indeed, two of the four red algal species, C. jubata and G. dura, showed strong 393 signatures of asexual reproduction (heterozygous excess, low genotypic richness, repeated multilocus 394 genotypes). It is known that most Rhodophyta species are able to reproduce vegetatively either by 395 thallus fragmentation or propagule dispersal [69], [70], [71], however, the significance of asexual reproduction in the field remains poorly known except for *Phymatolithon calcareum* (maerl beds) 396 397 [72], cultivated G. chilensis in farms [73] and the introduced species G. vermiculophylla [74]. Our 398 results for C. jubata suggest that this species partially undergoes natural fragmentation. Indeed, the 399 rhizoids could play a central role in vegetative propagation [71], by detaching from the parent thallus to give a new individual. However, no field observations had been made until now. To our knowledge, 400 401 our results confirm this hypothesis for the first time. In contrast, in the genus Gracilaria, such 402 specialized organs have never been observed and vegetative multiplication occurs by spontaneous fragmentation of the thallus. Cuttings are routinely used to reproduce macroalgae in aquaculture [75]. 403 404 However, cuttings are not generally capable of giving rise to a new perennial individual [27]. In both G. chilensis and G. vermiculophylla species for which there is strong evidence for asexual 405 406 reproduction [73], [74], it was shown that vegetative fragmentation could be facilitated by farming 407 practices (in G. chilensis) and explained rapid colonization during biological invasion (in G. 408 *vermiculophylla*). In the case of G. dura, as the individuals are attached to rocks, the fragmentation 409 hypothesis can be rejected. Instead, sexual reproduction could occur either by apomixis or apogamy, 410 as observed in some triploid individuals of the red alga *Caloglossa leprieurii* [76]. Further 411 investigation is therefore needed to better understand how and by what means this species reproduces 412 asexually. The results obtained for *G. gracilis* and *P. littoralis*, confirmed that individuals reproduced 413 sexually by outcrossing [77], [78]. Finally, our results suggested the occurrence of random mating 414 systems in natural populations of *A. esculenta* and *P. palmata*.

415 The genetic diversity observed in this study was of the same order of magnitude as that observed previously for the same or closely related species. Overall, genetic diversity tended to be higher in 416 417 brown than in red algae, probably due to differences in their effective population sizes. For example, 418 the genetic diversity indices found in A. esculenta (He = 0.505 and He = 0.566) was close to that 419 recorded for other kelp beds from the same region Saccharina latissima (He = 0.549), Laminaria digitata (He = 0.534) and Laminaria hyperborea (He = 0.591) [79], [80]. In the filamentous alga P. 420 421 *littoralis*, genetic diversity (He = 0.556) was slightly reduced compared with that found in a previous 422 study (He = 0.608) maybe because we used cross-amplification of microsatellite markers from 423 Ectocarpus siliculosus [78]. In G. gracilis, we studied the same population using 14 newly developed 424 markers (GN2, located at Cape Gris Nez) that was genotyped 20 years ago using seven microsatellite 425 markers. Lower genetic diversity values were observed in our study (He = 0.514 in 2001, [77] vs He =426 0.464 in 2021, this study) suggesting that temporal changes could have happened in this population. 427 Finally, these markers were used to estimate differentiation between populations ( $F_{ST}$ ). Even though the scale of distance between populations varied greatly between species (from 50 to 2200 km), it was 428 possible to detect significant genetic differentiation even between populations separated by distances 429 430 of 50 km. Finally, in *Pylaiella* where the occurrence of two cryptic species along the French coast has 431 been reported by Geoffroy et al. [78], the high values of genetic differentiation ( $F_{ST}$  close to 0.5) 432 observed between the two studied populations suggest that they belong to different cryptic species.

433

#### 434 **5.** Conclusion

435

We were able to rapidly develop species-specific molecular markers for six phylogenetically distantly-436 related species of red and brown seaweeds with relatively low cost (in time and money). These 437 438 markers are suitable for studying the diversity and genetic structure, and can also be used to detect and 439 decipher clonality processes involved in the reproduction of these species. This work, which uses this rapid and inexpensive method, could facilitate evolutionary analyses in a wide variety of non-model 440 taxa. The applications of these new species-specific genetic markers are numerous, such as breeding, 441 442 selection and conservation programs, genetic resources studies, management of harvested stocks and 443 monitoring of the origin of processed products. In addition, the use of ddRAD sequencing in the microsatellite development process still allows for the detection of SNPs with the generated data. 444

445

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457

#### 458 Ethical consent

This article does not contain any studies with human participants or animals performed by any of theauthors.

461

#### 462 **Consent for publication**

463 All authors read and approved the manuscript for the publication in *Algal Research*.

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464

#### 465 **Declaration of competing interest**

466 The authors declare that they have no conflicts of interest concerning the present article.

467

#### 468 Availability of data

- 469 All data generated during this study are openly available in a Dryad Digital Repository
- 470 https://doi.org/10.5061/dryad.63xsj3v6w

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Fig. 1 Workflow and experimental set-up used for microsatellite markers development using ddRADseq



**Fig. 2** Accumulation curves of the genotypes of the 6 species based on 10,000 permutations with "poppr" v2.9.3 R package. Photo credits: © Destombe C. for *G. gracilis* and *G. dura*; © Baud A. for *A. esculenta* and *P. palmata*; © Thomas W. for *P. littoralis*.



**Fig. S1** Agarose gel electrophoresis (1% w/v) of *PstI/Hha*I restriction enzyme-digested algal DNA. Lane Pl, *Pylaella Littoralis*. Line Cj, *Calliblepharis jubata*. Line Gg, *Gracilaria gracilis*. Line Gd, *Gracilaria dura*. Line Pp, *Palmaria palmata*. Line Ae, *Alaria esculenta*. Line M, SmartLadder 200bp-10kb (Eurogentec, Seraing, Belgium).

 Table 1 Geographical location of the populations used in the study, sample size (n), sexual phenotypes and barcodes used for ddRADseq.

Species	Populations	п	Phase	Latitude (N)	Longitude (W)	P1 adaptor
			(ploidy level)			Sequence 3'-5'
Alaria esculenta	Roscoff, France	24	sporophyte (2n)	48.7316	-3.9907	CTGGTT
	Plouguerneau, France	24	sporophyte (2n)	48.6365	-4.5674	AAGATA
Pylaiella littoralis	Wissant, France	24	sporophyte (2n)	50.9045	1.6326	ACTTCC
	Ile de Aransa, Portugal	24	sporophyte (2n)	41.1571	-8.6892	TTACGG
Calliblepharis jubata	Roscoff, France	24	tetrasporophyte (2n)	48.4344	-3.5920	AAGGAA
	Le Havre, France	24	tetrasporophyte (2n)	49.7105	-1.8719	ATTCAT
Gracilaria gracilis	Gris-Nez, France	24	tetrasporophyte (2n)	50.8727	1.5924	CTGGTT
	Porto, Portugal	24	tetrasporophyte (2n)	41.1532	-8.6804	AAGATA
Gracilaria dura	Locquirec, France	12	mixed phase (3n)	48.6954	-3.6528	AACGAA
	Coroso, Spain	15	mixed phase (3n)	42.5691	-8.9778	ATTCAT
	Quitao, Portugal	8	mixed phase (3n)	41.1945	-8.7090	Not used for sequencing
Palmaria palmata	Roscoff, France	24	tetasporophyte (2n)	48.7261	-3.9685	ACTTCC
	Belle-Ile, France	24	tetasporophyte (2n)	47.3781	-3.2252	TTACGG

Table 2 Mean genetic diversity among loci for the populations sampled for each the 6 species.

Species	Populations	п	nLoc	Na	Α	MLG	R	He	Fis	Loc dist	Fst
Alaria esculenta	Roscoff, France	24	28	4.1	$4.24\pm0.15$	24	1	0.505	-0.031	50	0.126*
	Plouguerneau, France	24	28	5.8	$3.32\pm0.10$	24	1	0.566	-0.006	30	0.130
Pylaiella littoralis	Wissant, France	24	18	5.3	$4.09\pm0.14$	24	1	0.556	-0.083	2200	0.492*
	Ile de Aransa, Portugal	24	18	3.7	$2.97\pm0.20$	24	1	0.436	-0.008	2200	0.462
Calliblepharis jubata	Roscoff, France	24	13	2.9	$2.42\pm0.17$	20	0.826	0.346	-0.131\$	510	0.122*
	Le Havre, France	24	13	2.5	$2.29\pm0.12$	21	0.870	0.394	-0.285\$	510	0.132
Gracilaria gracilis	Gris-Nez, France	24	14	2.9	$2.65\pm0.10$	24	1	0.464	-0.024	2150	0.262*
	Porto, Portugal	24	14	2.8	$2.28\pm0.17$	24	1	0.362	-0.075	2150	0.202
Gracilaria dura	Locquirec, France (a)	12	28	3.8	$3.43\pm0.36$	7	0.636	0.655	-0.186\$	1470 (a-b)	0.263* (a-b)
	Coroso, Spain (b)	15	28	3.2	$2.86\pm0.31$	4	0.214	0.674	-0.390\$	1600 (a-c)	0.299* (a-c)
	Quitao, Portugal (c)	8	28	2.5	2.54	3	0.286	0.617	-0.350\$	130 (b-c)	0.279* (b-c)
Palmaria palmata	Roscoff, France	24	13	5.1	$3.51\pm0.22$	24	1	0.514	0.023	200	0.110*
	Belle-Ile, France	24	13	3.9	$3.12\pm0.19$	24	1	0.465	-0.014	300	0.110

*n* Number of genotyped individuals.

nLOC Number of loci retained as suitable polymorphic markers (i.e., polymorphic, no-significant Nf, no-significant Fis for no clonal species).

Na Means of number of alleles per locus.

A Standardized allelic richness for a common sample size of 8 individuals.

MLG Number of distinct Multilocus Genotypes.

*R* Genotypic richness (*G*-1) / (*N*-1) (Dorken and Eckert, 2001).

He Expected heterozygosity.

Fis Inbreeding coefficient as defined by Weir and Cockerham (1984) calculated overall polymorphic loci, Fis values significantly different from zero are shown with \$.

Loc Dist distance between two localities in km.

Fst Pairwise estimates of genetic differentiation obtained with HIERFSTAT (Goudet 2014) \*, P < 0.001.

Table S1 Steps involved in the definition of microsatellite loci for each of the species studied.

	Alaria esculenta	Pylaiella littoralis	Calliblepharis jubata	Gracilaria gracilis	Gracilaria dura	Palmaria palmata	Total	Mean
Genome size estimation (Mb)	381.5	322.5	156.0	72.5	72.5	782.0		
Number of raw reads	13,059,425	6,283,637	7,161,739	12,544,477	14,367,115	11,206,793	64,623,186	10,770,531
Number of unique cleaned sequences	222,863	134,653	172,899	221,730	199,548	400,288	1,351,981	225,33
n bases (Mb)	52.2	54.7	64.0	53.5	41.9	111.4	377.7	62.9
Min length (bp)	80	80	80	80	80	80	-	80
Max length (bp)	572	549	577	552	577	578	-	567.5
Average length (bp)	242.2	406.4	371.0	246.0	217.2	281.4	-	294.0
N50 (bp)	202	407	383	204	173	307	-	279.3
(G+C)s	51.1%	53.8%	49.9%	50.1%	51.1%	51.4%	-	51.2%
Number of sequences with microsatellite	10,965	11,487	1,888	2,016	1,755	2,625	30,636	5,122.7
Number of sequences with primers	5,095	6,592	752	1,169	805	1,030	15,443	2,419.3
Number of primer pairs tested	96	96	96	96	96	96	576	96
Number of positives amplifications	61	54	67	52	36	68	338	56.3
Number of polymorphic markers	31	28	15	20	28	20	142	23.6
Number of polymorphic and usable markers	28	18	11	14	21	13	105	17.5

 Table S2 Percentage of bacterial DNA and algae DNA in ddRADseq reads.

Species	Algae DNA	Bacterial DNA
•	-	
Alaria esculenta	98 18%	1.82%
Pylaiella littoralis	95 72%	4 28%
Calliblepharis iubata	98.87%	1.13%
Gracilaria gracilis	96.36%	3.64%
Gracilaria dura	97.16%	2.84%
Palmaria palmata	96.06%	3.94%
Mean	97.06%	2.94%

Estimation of the percentage of bacterial DNA contamination in ddRADseq reads using the KAIJU software version 1.9.2 (Menzel et al., 2016).

Reduction step	Di	Tri	Tetra	Penta	Hexa	Total
ODD output						
Alaria esculenta	3 644 (33 5%)	6 406 (59 0%)	394 (3.6%)	256 (2.4%)	165 (1.5%)	10.865
Pylaiella littoralis	5 397 (47 0%)	5,436(47,3%)	334 (2.9%)	162(1.4%)	158(1.5%)	11 487
Calliblepharis iubata	1 397 (74%)	425 (22 5%)	44(2.3%)	7(0.4%)	150(1.4%) 15(0.8%)	1 888
Gracilaria gracilis	1,397(7470) 1,223(60,7%)	699 (34 7%)	37(1.8%)	22(1.1%)	35(1.7%)	2 016
Gracilaria dura	1,223(00.7%) 1.037(59.1%)	662 (37.7%)	15 (0.9%)	12(0.7%)	29 (1.7%)	1 755
Palmaria palmata	1,037 (59.1%)	901(34.3%)	37(1.1%)	12(0.770) 22(0.8%)	75(2.9%)	2 625
Total	1,570 (00.070)	14529(474%)	861 (2.8%)	481 (1.6%)	13(2.7%)	2,025
Primer3 output	14,200 (40.070)	14,529 (47.470)	801 (2.870)	401 (1.0%)	4// (1.0%)	50,050
Alaria esculenta	1 862 (36 5%)	2 771 (54 4%)	220 (4 3%)	152 (3.0%)	90 (1.8%)	5.095
Pylaiella littoralis	1,802(30.5%) 3 132(47.5%)	2,771(34.470) 2 983 (45 3%)	220 (4.5%)	152(3.0%) 124(1.9%)	122(1.0%)	6 592
Calliblenharis inhata	505 (67 2%)	2,703(+3.5%) 218(20.0%)	231(3.5%)	6(0.8%)	122(1.970) 1 (0.1%)	752
Cracilaria aracilia	505 (07.2%) 686 (58.7%)	218(29.0%)	22(2.9%)	16(1.0%)	1(0.170) 16(1.404)	1 1 60
Gracilaria dura	514(63.0%)	420(30.0%)	23(2.0%)	10(1.4%) 8(1.0%)	10(1.4%) 10(1.2%)	1,109
Balwaria nalwata	514(03.9%)	204(32.0%)	9(1.1%)	3(1.0%)	10(1.2%)	1 020
raimaria paimaia Totol	028(01.0%)	555(52.5%)	20(1.9%)	10(1.0%)	39(3.0%)	1,050
Folgation (high act number of reports)	7,527 (47.4%)	0,997 (43.5%)	323 (3.4%)	510 (2.0%)	278 (1.8%)	15,445
Selection (highest number of repeats)	24 (25.00/)	24 (25.00/)	24 (25.00/)	24 (25.00/)	0 (00/)	04
Alaria escuenia Delai de littanelia	24(25.0%)	24(23.0%)	24(25.0%)	24(25.0%)	0(0%)	96
Pylalella littoralis Calliblambaria inbata	24 (25.0%)	24 (25.0%)	24 (25.0%)	24 (25.0%)	0(0%)	96
Cambiepnaris jubata	24 (25.0%)	24(25.0%)	24 (25.0%)	24(25.0%)	0(0%)	96
Gracuaria gracuis	28 (29.2%)	15 (15.0%)	22(22.9%)	15 (15.0%)	10(10./%)	96
Gracularia dura	36 (37.5%)	36 (37.5%)	6(6.3%)	8 (8.3%)	10 (10.4%)	96
Palmaria palmata	25 (26.0%)	24 (25.0%)	15 (15.6%)	9 (9.4%)	23 (24.0%)	96
Total	161 (28.0%)	147 (25.5%)	115 (20.0%)	104 (18.1%)	49 (8.5%)	576
Positive amplifications	1.5 (0.5.00)	10 (10 (0))	15 (01 50)	10 (20 50)	0.000	
Alaria esculenta	16 (26.2%)	12 (19.6%)	15 (24.5%)	18 (29.5%)	0 (0%)	61
Pylaiella littoralis	14 (25.9%)	10 (18.5%)	13 (24%)	17 (31.4%)	0 (0%)	54
Calliblepharis jubata	21 (31.3%)	12 (17.9%)	14 (20.8%)	20 (29.8%)	0 (0%)	67
Gracilaria gracilis	12 (23%)	12 (23%)	10 (19.2%)	5 (9.6%)	13 (25%)	52
Gracilaria dura	22 (61.1%)	11 (30.5%)	0 (0%)	1 (2.7%)	2 (5.5%)	36
Palmaria palmata	19 (27.9%)	20 (29.4%)	11 (16.1%)	6 (8.8%)	12 (17.6%)	68
Total	104 (30.7%)	77 (22.7%)	63 (18.6%)	67 (19.8%)	27 (7.9%)	338
Rate of success to obtain positive amplification	104/161 (64.5%)	77/147 (52.3%)	63/115 (54.7%)	67/104 (64.4%)	27/49 (55.1%)	338/576 (58.7%)
PCR product of the expected size and polymorphic						
Alaria esculenta	9 (29.0%)	3 (9.7%)	10 (32.3%)	9 (29.0%)	0 (0%)	31
Pylaiella littoralis	5 (17.9%)	7 (25.0%)	6 (21.4%)	10 (35.7%)	0 (0%)	28
Calliblepharis jubata	6 (40.0%)	0 (0%)	4 (26.7%)	5 (33.3%)	0 (0%)	15
Gracilaria gracilis	8 (40.0%)	6 (30.0%)	4 (20.0%)	0 (0%)	2 (10.0%)	20
Gracilaria dura	19 (67.9%)	9 (32.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	28
Palmaria palmata	7 (35.0%)	3 (15.0%)	3 (15.0%)	3 (15.0%)	4 (20.0%)	20
Total	54 (38.0%)	28 (19.7%)	27 (19.0%)	27 (19.0%)	6 (4.2%)	142
Rate of success to obtain polymorphic marker	54/161 (33.5%)	28/147 (19.1%)	27/115 (23.5%)	27/104 (26.0%)	6/49 (12.2%)	142/576 (24.7%)

Table S3 Steps involved in the selection of microsatellite markers, with the percentage of loci with specific motif types (Di-, Tri-, Tetra-, Penta- and Hexanucleotide) associated to each step.

Table S4 Technical information (primer sequence, dye) characteristics (repeat motif, observed size range) and polymorphism estimates (*Nf, Na, Ho, He, F<sub>15</sub>, PIC*) for microsatellites selected for this study for each of the six species.

#### Alaria esculenta

Locus	Primer sequences (5'-3')	Repeat	Size	Dye				Ros	coff						Plougu	erneau						Global	<u> </u>	
		motif	range (bp)		n	Nf	Na	Но	He	Fis	PIC	n	Nf	Na	Но	He	Fis	PIC	n	Nf	Na	Но	He	PIC
Aesc_01	F: GCATTTCGGTTCTGTTCGGT R: GGTTTCGGTTTCGGTTATGTT	(GGTTC)14	230-370	NED	24	0.021	11	0.750	0.815	0.080	0.771	24	0.048	19	0.833	0.926	0.100	0.899	48	0.063	22	0.791	0.870	0.894
Aesc_02	F: GTCATCGGTTGGTTTGTGAG R: GTGTGAGGGAATGTCAAGGAA	(GGTTT)18	227-381	FAM	24	0	8	0.916	0.850	-0.077	0.813	24	0	10	0.833	0.840	0.008	0.803	48	0.005	15	0.875	0.845	0.875
Aesc_03	F: AAAGCAACAACATCAACA R: CCCGTCAACCTTATCCTT	(ACA)41	200-274	PET	24	0	8	0.833	0.779	-0.068	0.731	24	0.052	14	0.791	0.896	0.117	0.866	48	0.022	17	0.812	0.838	0.833
Aesc_04	F: GCTGCTATCCTGAACTAAA R: GACACCACCCAACCCATAAC	(GT)22	153-197	FAM	24	0	6	0.666	0.641	-0.039	0.592	24	0.007	12	0.791	0.825	0.040	0.787	48	0.053	13	0.729	0.733	0.782
Aesc_05	F: ACCGCACCAAATACGAGAAA R: CAGCAGCAGGTAGTGAAGAATG	(TG)18	197-213	NED	24	0.014	6	0.750	0.785	0.045	0.731	24	0.008	6	0.750	0.769	0.024	0.717	48	0.031	6	0.750	0.777	0.769
Aesc_06	F: CGCTACTGCTGCCACTACTCT R: AATACTGATTTGGAGGGATG	(CTA)48	318-399	FAM	24	0.003	6	0.708	0.731	0.031	0.670	24	0	8	0.791	0.703	-0.124	0.669	48	0.022	9	0.750	0.717	0.750
Aesc_07	F: TGCTGGATGTGGATTGTTAGA	(AC)22	102-128	FAM	24	0	3	0.666	0.612	-0.088	0.516	24	0	9	0.916	0.859	-0.066	0.825	48	0	9	0.791	0.736	0.726
Aesc_08	F: CGAATCCCTTTGCCTGTG R: GCGTCCGTCTTTATGGTTG	(CCAT)23	214-312	NED	24	0.065	4	0.583	0.682	0.144	0.607	24	0	4	0.666	0.680	0.020	0.608	48	0.062	5	0.625	0.681	0.684
Aesc_09	F: ATCAAGCAGCAGAGCAAGAAG	(GCCT)18	163-215	HEX	24	0	4	0.833	0.712	-0.169	0.652	24	0	4	0.666	0.606	-0.098	0.536	48	0	5	0.750	0.659	0.648
Aesc_10	R: GCAACAGAAACCGAACAGAAA F: TCAAGAATAGATGCCGAAAGAA R: ATGAAATCCCAACACTCCC	(AG)31	225-237	FAM	24	0	4	0.750	0.683	-0.096	0.609	24	0.053	6	0.625	0.694	0.100	0.633	48	0	6	0.687	0.689	0.636
Aesc_11	F: CGTATCACCACGACTCTTTC P: GCCTGTGTTCGCCTGTTC	(GACA)18	269-309	HEX	24	0	3	0.708	0.597	-0.184	0.507	24	0	7	0.833	0.752	-0.107	0.704	48	0	7	0.770	0.675	0.633
Aesc_12	F: GCAGCCCGTAGCCGATGA	(TGAT)41	237-365	FAM	24	0	3	0.333	0.296	-0.125	0.270	24	0.087	7	0.666	0.823	0.190	0.774	48	0.012	8	0.500	0.559	0.632
Aesc_13	R: TAACCAAGCAGTCAATCCACC F: GCATTTATTCCTTCATCTTCTG P: GCTGTGCTGCCGAAACTAC	(ACACG)10	249-319	PET	24	0	5	0.750	0.699	-0.072	0.628	24	0.177	* 7	0.333	0.523	0.363\$	0.491	48	0.101*	9	0.541	0.611	0.627
Aesc_14	F: CGCAAGTGAGCAAGCAAA	(AAAGC)13	135-225	HEX	24	0.190*	5	0.375	0.636	0.411	0.555	24	0.292	* 5	0.250	0.713	0.649\$	0.633	48	0.245*	6	0.312	0.675	0.603
Aesc_15	F: CCGTCAGGAACGAAGGTG R: AACCGTAACCGAAACAGTAA	(AT)18	355-363	NED	24	0	4	0.666	0.644	-0.033	0.561	24	0	3	0.625	0.556	-0.123	0.479	48	0	4	0.645	0.600	0.572
Aesc_16	F: GCAGAGCAAGAACACACCCA	(AC)17	296-306	HEX	24	0	4	0.500	0.423	-0.182	0.391	24	0.026	4	0.500	0.538	0.070	0.426	48	0.060	6	0.500	0.480	0.529
Aesc_17	R: AATGAGTAATGAAACGGTATTT F: GCACTTCCCATCTGACCT	(TCTGA)11	164-199	HEX	24	0	3	0.375	0.369	-0.014	0.310	24	0	4	0.750	0.640	-0.171	0.564	48	0	5	0.562	0.505	0.493
Aesc_18	F: AGGCATTGGCACGGACAC R: AAACCATCTCAAATCAAATCC	(AC)17	263-273	HEX	24	0	2	0.458	0.467	0.019	0.353	24	0.151	* 6	0.375	0.538	0.304	0.496	48	0.098*	6	0.416	0.503	0.489
Aesc_19	F: CGTCCGATGATGTTCCTG R: TCAGTCCCAGAGGTGCTTATTT	(GGTC)15	120-152	PET	24	0.073	4	0.541	0.615	0.120	0.560	24	0	3	0.416	0.354	-0.176	0.316	48	0.035	5	0.479	0.485	0.466
Aesc_20	F: TAGTAGTGGCAGTGTGCGGAG	(TG)16	270-290	FAM	24	0	2	0.500	0.478	-0.045	0.359	24	0	3	0.333	0.296	-0.125	0.270	48	0.086	3	0.416	0.387	0.425
Aesc_21	F: GGTAGCACTTTGGTGGCTGA R: GCTTTAGACCTCCTCTCCT	(GGAT)15	221-253	PET	24	0.087	3	0.458	0.570	0.196	0.457	24	0	3	0.375	0.376	0.004	0.325	48	0.095	4	0.416	0.473	0.424
Aesc_22	F: ATTGGGCAGTTTCTCGGTC R: GTTGGTTACGCTACGACGGTT	(CATAC)17	159-209	NED	24	0	4	0.291	0.268	-0.087	0.252	24	0	6	0.625	0.599	-0.042	0.537	48	0	6	0.458	0.433	0.422

Aesc_23	F: GATAACGAAACGAAACAGACC	(AAACC)15	290-300	NED	24	0.036	3	0.375	0.376	0.004	0.325	24	0.105	2	0.250	0.338	0.262	0.275	48	0.186	3	0.312	0.357	0.405
	R: CCTGGCTGGGTGTATGAAA																							
Aesc_24	F: AAATGAAACGAACTGAACC	(AAACG)10	220-245	PET	24	0	4	0.500	0.490	-0.018	0.436	24	0	5	0.333	0.302	-0.101	0.285	48	0	6	0.416	0.396	0.383
	R: CTCGGGTAAGGAGGCGTG																							
Aesc_25	F: AGGGAGGGAGAAGGAGAAAGA	(AAAC)25	193-225	NED	24	0	2	0.625	0.500	-0.250	0.371	24	0	2	0.416	0.422	0.012	0.328	48	0	2	0.520	0.461	0.356
	R: GTTGTGATTGGTCGGTGGTT																							
Aesc 26	F: TCGGACACATCCCTTACCC	(TTTG)20	190-217	HEX	24	0	3	0.250	0.230	-0.086	0.212	24	0.035	4	0.458	0.525	0.127	0.454	48	0.028	4	0.354	0.377	0.353
_	R: CCCTGTAGTTAGTTTCTGTTGT																							
Aesc_27	F: CGATACGACAGGCTACTTTCA	(GATA)14	284-304	PET	24	0	2	0.166	0.155	-0.069	0.141	24	0	4	0.500	0.499	-0.001	0.429	48	0.009	5	0.333	0.327	0.332
	R: AAGGACAAACATCACCGACC																							
Aesc_28	F: ATCCGACCCGTGAGGTTT	(ACCCG)12	223-258	HEX	24	0.075	3	0.208	0.266	0.217	0.244	24	0	6	0.458	0.428	-0.069	0.400	48	0.010	6	0.333	0.347	0.326
	R: CGATGATTTATTCCAGGGCTT																							
Aesc_29	F: GATAGCAAACGAACCGTAGCA	(TGTC)20	223-271	NED	24	0	3	0.208	0.193	-0.074	0.178	24	0	3	0.416	0.413	-0.006	0.369	48	0	3	0.312	0.303	0.286
_	R: TATGCCGAGGAAGGCTGA																							
Aesc 30	F: AGGTTTGTCAGTTGTCGGTGA	(CT)18	375-391	NED	24	0	2	0.333	0.337	0.010	0.275	24	0	2	0.083	0.081	-0.022	0.077	48	0.022	2	0.208	0.209	0.195
_	R: GTCTGGGTGGAGCCTGTGTAG																							
Aesc_31	F: TCCAGAAATCCGCTTATCAAA	(GAT)43	218-224	PET	24	0	2	0.041	0.041	0	0.040	24	0	2	0.083	0.081	-0.022	0.077	48	0	2	0.062	0.061	0.059
_	R: AGGGAAATGGGCAAATCAA																							
Mean					24	0.013	4.1	0.519	0.505	-0.031	0.449	24	0.015	5.8	0.564	0.566	-0.006	0.515	48	0.029	6.7	0.541	0.535	0.532
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# Pylaiella littoralis

Locus	Primer sequences (5'-3')	Repeat	Size	Dye	Wissant									Ι	lle de A	ransa						Global			
		motif	range (bp)		n	Nf	Na	Ho	He	Fis	PIC	n	Nf	Ν	la .	Ho	He	Fis	PIC	n	Nf	Na	Но	He	PIC
Plit_01	F: CACCACTATCATTCAGTCAGGG R: GAAGCAGCACTCCAGCGA	(ACA)30	183-450	PET	24	0.195*	17	0.541	0.913	0.407\$	0.880	24	0.19	1* 1	7	0.541	0.933	0.420\$	0.900	48	0.205*	28	0.541	0.923	0.929
Plit_02	F: ACGCACAGCAGCAATCAG R: GCACTTAGAACACGCTACCC	(GTA)58	251-362	FAM	23	0.039	19	0.826	0.920	0.103\$	0.891	24	0.16	6* 1	3	0.583	0.923	0.368\$	0.889	47	0.119*	22	0.704	0.922	0.920
Plit_03	F: AAATGCGAACAACCCTCACTT R: CGACAGACACGCTGAAACC	(TC)29	218-272	PET	24	0.078*	13	0.750	0.916	0.181	0.885	24	0.16	3* 7		0.500	0.797	0.372\$	0.743	48	0.148*	18	0.625	0.856	0.890
Plit_04	F: CGCTTCCTTGTTTGTGCTTAC R: GTAGATGCTTGCTGACCCAGA	(CT)33	138-170	NED	24	0	9	0.875	0.820	-0.066	0.781	24	0.18	0* 5		0.458	0.750	0.388\$	0.683	48	0.118*	11	0.666	0.785	0.855
Plit_05	F: AGTCATCCCTGCTCTGCC R: ATGGGCTCGTCTCTGGTG	(ACAT)42	242-374	NED	24	0.051	20	0.833	0.946	0.119	0.920	24	ļ	0 2		0.458	0.467	0.019	0.353	48	0.125	22	0.645	0.707	0.834
Plit_06	F: CGACTCCCTGGTTCTCTTCA R: CGTTTGTTCCACGCATTACA	(TTG)44	350-401	HEX	24	0	7	0.791	0.731	-0.081	0.676	24	ļ	0 5		0.791	0.676	-0.170	0.605	48	0.029	12	0.791	0.704	0.828
Plit_07	F: GCGAAAGACAACAACAACTAC R: CGACACACGAGAAGGACAGA	(GTAT)36	194-301	HEX	24	0	6	0.833	0.762	-0.092	0.713	24	0.06	1 6		0.500	0.567	0.118	0.529	48	0.106	12	0.666	0.664	0.808
Plit_08	F: CTTTCTACCGCATCCACCAG R: TTCTTCCTCAACTAAACGCCA	(AACAC)11	238-313	HEX	24	0	9	0.958	0.817	-0.172	0.781	24	ļ	0 3		0.541	0.530	-0.020	0.435	48	0.050	11	0.750	0.673	0.799
Plit_09	F: CACAATGGAAATCAGGTCA R: TTCGTGTCGTTCTAAGCC	(ACA)39	250-301	NED	24	0.047	7	0.583	0.631	0.076	0.574	24	0.23	5* 8		0.416	0.809	0.485\$	0.760	48	0.193*	10	0.500	0.720	0.792
Plit_10	F: TGTCTTACGCCTGTTTCGTTT R: GAGTGTCCGTGGGAAGGTC	(TGT)37	240-309	NED	24	0.030	9	0.750	0.837	0.103	0.793	24	0.12	2* 7		0.583	0.798	0.269	0.746	48	0.081*	11	0.666	0.817	0.791
Plit_11	F: CCTGCTCGCTGAAGATTGT R: TGTATGAAATGGAGTTGAGGAAA	(AATGC)15	162-212	FAM	24	0.068	8	0.708	0.836	0.152	0.794	24	0.07	0 8		0.666	0.772	0.137	0.726	48	0.082	10	0.687	0.804	0.787
Plit_12	F: GCATTATCTCCGCCGCAA R: GCCAGGTTCTAAGTTTCACA	(AAGGC)10	153-213	HEX	24	0.077	3	0.500	0.615	0.188	0.533	24	0.00	2 7		0.541	0.559	0.032	0.518	48	0.168	8	0.520	0.587	0.748
Plit_13	F: GTAGACGGCACAGCACACAA R: TGTTCAGCAGCGTAGTCCC	(GGCAC)15	212-277	FAM	24	0	9	0.625	0.564	-0.107	0.529	24	0.19	5* 6		0.416	0.744	0.440\$	0.691	48	0.166*	10	0.520	0.654	0.748
Plit_14	F: CTGCGAGAAACAGAACCGA R: GAGAGGTGTGAATGGAGCGT	(AAAC)13	157-211	PET	24	0.051	6	0.375	0.399	0.061	0.372	24	0.12	1* 4		0.416	0.613	0.320\$	0.529	48	0.233*	9	0.395	0.506	0.707

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0.416 0.614 0.605
0.479 0.411 0.597
0.291 0.320 0.593
0.479 0.563 0.584
0.291 0.282 0.574
0.270 0.245 0.535
0.479 0.430 0.533
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#### Calliblepharis jubata

Locus	Primer sequences (5'-3')	Repeat	Size	Dye	Roscoff										Le F	lavre						Global		
		motif	range (bp)		n	Nf	Na	Ho	He	Fis	PIC	n	Nf	Na	Ho	He	Fis	PIC	n	Nf	Na	Ho	He	PIC
Cjub_01	F: GAAGGAAACGGAGCAGCA	(CAAA)6	247-281	NED	24	0	4	0.583	0.515	-0.131	0.461	24	0.121	4	0.458	0.554	0.173	0.505	48	0.167	8	0.52	0.534	0.728
	R: AATGTGGTGACGAGCGATTT																							
Cjub_02	F: GTATCCTGTCTGTGCCCGCCT	(GA)20	247-261	HEX	24	0	4	0.625	0.535	-0.167	0.477	24	0	4	0.875	0.581	-0.504	0.485	48	0	6	0.75	0.558	0.519
	R: CCATCAATCACCGTCCTACTC																							
Cjub_03	F: ATTATCTCCAGCATCGTTT	(AT)14	274-298	FAM	24	0.233*	5	0.291	0.573	0.491	0.513	24	0.133	3	0.208	0.32	0.35	0.274	48	0.271*	5	0.25	0.447	0.495
	R: CGGTTTGGTCTGCGAAAGT																							
Cjub_04	F: CCACAGAAAGCCCAGGTAAA	(GCACC)4	140-265	NED	24	0.018	3	0.416	0.458	0.090	0.397	24	0	2	0.75	0.472	-0.586	0.359	48	0	3	0.583	0.465	0.435
	R: AACACCCGCTGCTACGAC																							
Cjub_05	F: AACTCTTCTCTCGCCTTCGTG	(CT)9	344-401	PET	24	0	4	0.833	0.562	-0.481	0.459	24	0	2	0.833	0.489	-0.703\$	0.368	48	0	4	0.833	0.525	0.419
	R: GATTAGATGGTCTGTGTAGGTGG																							
Cjub_06	F: ATAAGAAGCGACAGCAATCCA	(TGTT)5	205-261	HEX	24	0	2	0.958	0.500	-0.916\$	0.375	24	0	2	0.916	0.498	-0.840\$	0.373	48	0	2	0.937	0.499	0.374
	R: AAACAGGTGCGGCGGAAG																							
Cjub_07	F: AGAGTGGAAGAGAGCGACGA	(GA)15	157-169	FAM	24	0	4	0.458	0.438	-0.045	0.388	24	0	2	0.583	0.418	-0.393	0.328	48	0	4	0.52	0.428	0.365
	R: CCTCACCAGTAAACCTCACCA																							

Cjub_08	F: GGCACCACTCCCATTGTATC	(GTGTA)4	206-211	PET	24	0	2	0.625	0.507	-0.232	0.375	24	0	2	0.458	0.358	-0.277	0.291	48	0	2	0.541	0.433	0.353
	R: TTACCAACGCACGCTCCT																							
Cjub_09	F: AGCGGTGTGTGTGTGTGACC	(AC)14	133-137	FAM	24	0.029	3	0.291	0.329	0.115	0.298	24	0	3	0.416	0.414	-0.004	0.371	48	0	3	0.354	0.372	0.336
	R: ACCAGTGCTTCATTCAGTAA																							
Cjub_10	F: CCCTGTGTCTAACTTTCATCT	(TGTT)11	366-390	FAM	24	0	2	0.041	0.041	0	0.040	24	0.02	4	0.416	0.414	-0.004	0.371	48	0.064	5	0.229	0.228	0.233
	R: CCTTCCTGCTACTGTGGTTCA																							
Cjub_11	F: CCCGCTTTGTTGGGAATG	(GA)9	161-169	PET	24	0	3	0.208	0.193	-0.074	0.178	24	0	2	0.375	0.309	-0.21	0.258	48	0	3	0.291	0.251	0.225
	R: GACCTTGCTCTACACCCTCTTCT																							
Cjub_12	F: AAGAAAGGAGGAACCCGAAA	(TGTTG)4	110-115	HEX	24	0.093	2	0.166	0.224	0.258	0.195	24	0.266*	2	0.041	0.259	0.839	0.218	48	0.190*	2	0.104	0.241	0.207
	R: ACTGGCTTGTGGAAACGG																							
Cjub_13	F: ACAAGCAAGCAAACAAGCAAG	(AAACA)5	115-130	NED	24	0.049	3	0.250	0.295	0.153	0.264	24	0	2	0.166	0.155	-0.069	0.141	48	0.023	3	0.208	0.225	0.206
	R: ATGTGAGGAAACGGAGGAGAG																							
Cjub_14	F: TGACAAAGATGGCAAACAACC	(GTTT)9	146-162	HEX	24	0	2	0.083	0.081	-0.022	0.077	24	0	2	0.416	0.335	-0.243	0.275	48	0	3	0.25	0.208	0.206
	R: ACGGGAGCGGCGGAAGAAA																							
Cjub_15	F: CATCCCTTCCATCTATCTTTCT	(ACAAA)10	276-281	FAM	24	0	2	0.041	0.041	0	0.040	24	0	2	0.125	0.119	-0.045	0.110	48	0	2	0.083	0.08	0.077
	R: GCTGAGTGGCGTAAGTTGTGA																							
Mean					24	0.009	2.9	0.329	0.312	-0.028	0.272	24	0.013	2.6	0.458	0.375	-0.197	0.318	48	0.023	3.8	0.393	0.344	0.335

#### Gracilaria gracilis

Locus	Primer sequences (5'-3')	Repeat	Size	Dye	Dye Gris-Nez									Po	rto						(	lobal		
		motif	range (bp)		n	Nf	Na	Ho	He	Fis	PIC	N	Nf	Na	ı Ho	He	Fis	PIC	N	Nf	Na	Ho	He	PIC
Ggrac_01	F: TCATAATCGGGCGAGCCATC R: CAGCTGAGCGAGCCGTTTC	(CCG)6	161-200	PET	24	0.307*	6	0.458	0.792	0.421\$	0.731	24	0.24	7* 6	0.375	0.766	0.510\$	0.704	48	0.237*	9	0.416	0.779	0.808
Ggrac_02	F: CGCCGTCTGAAGAATCGAAGA R: GCAGCATGCAACGAATTTAACC	(AC)14	122-150	FAM	24	0.084	7	0.583	0.695	0.161	0.641	24	0.12	9* 4	0.541	0.762	0.289	0.694	48	0.155*	9	0.562	0.729	0.807
Ggrac_03	F: TCGTAATTAGGCTTCTGCGCT R: ATGCCGGTGTCTTTGAGTCC	(AG)22	114-130	FAM	24	0	7	0.791	0.762	-0.038	0.712	24	0.20	9* 3	0.333	0.600	0.444	0.514	48	0.156*	9	0.562	0.681	0.784
Ggrac_04	F: CGCTCCATCGCTTCTTGTTC R: GACGCGCGGAGGAGTATAAG	(AGC)5	245-269	FAM	24	0.167*	6	0.500	0.740	0.324	0.676	24	0.03	3 5	0.666	0.765	0.129	0.708	48	0.129*	8	0.583	0.752	0.778
Ggrac_05	F: GGATGACGAAATGAAGCCCG R: TCCAGAATACCACAAGTTGCA	(AAG)5	212-230	NED	24	0.018	5	0.708	0.749	0.054	0.685	24	0.05	85	0.500	0.582	0.141	0.536	48	0.094	6	0.604	0.665	0.708
Ggrac_06	F: TTTCCACATCGCCACTTCGA R: AGCGACAACATCTAGAGCGG	(AATGCG)7	227-245	FAM	24	0.186	4	0.333	0.491	0.322	0.431	24	0	3	0.750	0.501	-0.494	0.408	48	0.105	4	0.541	0.496	0.633
Ggrac_07	F: CTCTCCACTTCCGGCTTCTG R: TCTCACCTCACTGCACAACG	(AG)9	132-142	HEX	24	0	4	0.791	0.757	-0.045	0.694	24	0	3	0.750	0.526	-0.425	0.405	48	0	5	0.770	0.641	0.631
Ggrac_08	F: AGTATGGCTCAACACACGCA	(AC)12	172-182	HEX	24	0.130*	4	0.500	0.690	0.275	0.621	24	0.19	3* 5	0.250	0.433	0.423	0.402	48	0.224*	5	0.375	0.562	0.626
Ggrac_09	F: CCTTCCTCATCGCCTTCGTC	(AAGACG)7	104-130	NED	24	0.148	3	0.375	0.516	0.273	0.396	24	0	2	0.416	0.335	-0.243	0.275	48	0.119	3	0.395	0.425	0.562
Ggrac_10	F: CAACTGCCAAGAACAACACTCT	(GT)16	133-141	FAM	24	0	3	0.750	0.635	-0.181	0.549	24	0.04	3 3	0.375	0.440	0.148	0.388	48	0.032	4	0.562	0.537	0.557
Ggrac_11	F: CCGTGTCTACCGTTGGTACC	(AGCC)8	212-232	HEX	24	0	3	0.625	0.606	-0.031	0.523	24	0	4	0.541	0.493	-0.097	0.402	48	0.009	4	0.583	0.549	0.502
Ggrac_12	F: CGCACTCGCTGACGAAGG	(AGC)5	217-244	FAM	24	0.177	2	0.333	0.481	0.308	0.359	24	0	3	0.541	0.512	-0.056	0.396	48	0.051	3	0.437	0.497	0.378
Ggrac_13	F: TGCAGTGTTCACCTGTGAGT	(AC)6	189-191	HEX	24	0.029	2	0.500	0.496	-0.007	0.368	24	0.24	3* 2	0.250	0.501	0.501	0.368	48	0.118*	2	0.375	0.499	0.375

| : CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG     | (AAGG)6   | 136-168  | PET   | 24  | 0   | 2  | 0.375  | 0.309  | -0.210   | 0.258  | 24  
   
   | 0   
   | 2   | 0.041   
   | 0.041  | 0   | 0.040  | 48  | 0.051   | 2  | 0.208   | 0.175  | 0.368   
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   |
| : CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA   | (AGC)14   | 100-125  | HEX   | 24  | 0   | 5  | 0.708  | 0.539  | -0.312   | 0.489  | 24  
   
   | 0   
   | 3   | 0.208   
   | 0.193  | -0.074  | 0.178  | 48  | 0   | 5  | 0.458   | 0.366  | 0.367   
   |
| : CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG   |   |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |   
   
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   |  |   |  |   |   |  |   |  |   
   |
| : CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC | (AC)7   | 110-114  | HEX   | 24  | 0   | 2  | 0.458  | 0.467  | 0.019  | 0.353  | 24  
   
   | 0.117   
   | 2   | 0.291   
   | 0.405  | 0.281   | 0.317  | 48  | 0.06  | 2  | 0.375   | 0.436  | 0.337   
   |
| : AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC    |   |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |   
   
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   |   |   
   |  |   |  |   |   |  |   |  |   
   |
| : CAGCAATCGTAGTCAGCAAGA  | (TGT)13   | 145-178  | NED   | 24  | 0   | 2  | 0.333  | 0.282  | -0.179   | 0.239  | 24  
   
   | 0   
   | 2   | 0.541   
   | 0.465  | -0.163  | 0.353  | 48  | 0   | 2  | 0.437   | 0.374  | 0.311   
   |
| : GGCGTGGGTGTGGTGTTT     |   |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |   
   
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   |   |   
   |  |   |  |   |   |  |   |  |   
   |
| : TCCTGAAGATAGATGATACGA  | (CT)11  | 190-200  | HEX   | 24  | 0   | 2  | 0.291  | 0.253  | -0.150   | 0.218  | 24  
   
   | 0.020   
   | 2   | 0.291   
   | 0.311  | 0.064   | 0.258  | 48  | 0   | 2  | 0.291   | 0.282  | 0.239   
   |
| : AAACGAGAGCAGAAACCCAAG  |   |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |   
   
   |   
   |   |   
   |  |   |  |   |   |  |   |  |   
   |
| : CCCTGACTCTCTCAGCTGAC   | (ACGC)7   | 127-131  | FAM   | 24  | 0   | 2  | 0.250  | 0.222  | -0.122   | 0.195  | 24  
   
   | 0   
   | 2   | 0.125   
   | 0.119  | -0.045  | 0.110  | 48  | 0   | 2  | 0.187   | 0.171  | 0.155   
   |
| : GAGCAGCCTGACAACGATGA   |   |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |   
   
   |   
   |   |   
   |  |   |  |   |   |  |   |  |   
   |
| : GATGAACGGCAGCAGAGAGA   | (ACAG)5   | 285-297  | PET   | 24  | 0   | 2  | 0.208  | 0.190  | -0.095   | 0.169  | 24  
   
   | 0   
   | 3   | 0.125   
   | 0.121  | -0.029  | 0.115  | 48  | 0   | 3  | 0.166   | 0.155  | 0.145   
   |
| : CCTGACTGAGGCCATAGGTG   |   |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |   
   
   |   
   |   |   
   |  |   |  |   |   |  |   |  |   
   |
|                          |   |  |   | 24  | 0.038   | 2.9  | 0.467  | 0.464  | -0.024   | 0.397  | 24  
   
   | 0.017   
   | 2.8   | 0.392   
   | 0.36   | -0.071  | 0.299  | 48  | 0.056   | 3.4  | 0.43  | 0.412  | 0.421   
   |
|                          | CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG<br>ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT<br>CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCGCAA<br>CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG<br>CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC<br>AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC<br>CAGCAATCGTAGTCAGCAAGA<br>GGCGTGGGTGTGGTGT | CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG (AAGG)6<br>ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT<br>CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA (AGC)14<br>CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG<br>CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC (AC)7<br>AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTAGC (AC)7<br>AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC<br>CAGCAATCGTAGTCAGCAAGA (TGT)13<br>GGCGTGGGTGGTGGTGTTT<br>TCCTGAAGATAGATGATACGA (CT)11<br>AAACGAGAGCAGAAGAAACCCAAG<br>CCCTGACTCTCTCAGCTGAC (ACGC)7<br>GAGCAGCCTGACAACGATGA<br>GATGAACGGCAGCAGAGAGAA (ACAG)5<br>CCTGACTGAGGCCATAGGTG | CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG(AAGG)6136-168ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTTCCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCCAA(AGC)14100-125CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAGCGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC(AC)7110-114AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACCCACCAACGAGTGAGTGAGCAAGAA(TGT)13145-178GGCGTGGGTGTGGTGTGGTGTTTTCCTGAAGATAGATGATACGA(CT)11190-200AAACGAGAGCAGAGAAACCCAAGGCCCTGACTCTCTCAGCTGAC(ACGC)7127-131GAGCAGCCTGACACGAAGGA(ACGC)7127-131GAGCAGCCTGACGAGAGAGAGAGATGAACGGCAGCAGAGAGAGAGATGAACGGCAGCAGAAGAGA(ACAG)5285-297CCTGACTGACTGAGCCATAGGTG | CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG (AAGG)6 136-168 PET<br>ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT<br>CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCCAA (AGC)14 100-125 HEX<br>CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG<br>CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC (AC)7 110-114 HEX<br>AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC<br>CAGCAATCGTAGTCAGCAAGA (TGT)13 145-178 NED<br>GGCGTGGGTGTGGTGTTT<br>TCCTGAAGATAGATGATACGA (CT)11 190-200 HEX<br>AAACGAGAGCAGAAACCCAAG<br>CCCTGACTCTCCAGCTGAC (ACGC)7 127-131 FAM<br>GAGCAGCCTGACACACGATGA<br>GATGAACGGCAGCAGAGAGAG (ACAG)5 285-297 PET<br>CCTGACTGAGGCCATAGGTG | THEORIGICAC CONCLEMENT       CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       CAGCAATCGTAGTCAGCAGCA       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24         GGCGTGGGTGTGGTGGTGTTT       TCCTGAAGATAGATGATACGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24         AAACGAGAGCAGAAGAGAGAACCCAAG       CCCTGACTCTCTCAGCTGAC       (ACGC)7       127-131       FAM       24         GAGCAGCCTGACAACGATGA       (ACAG)5       285-297       PET       24         CCTGACTGAGGCAGAGAGAGAGA       (ACAG)5       285-297       PET       24         CCTGACTGAGGCCATAGGTGA       24       24       24       24 | THEOREGENERATION<br>CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG (AAGG)6 136-168 PET 24 0<br>ACGCCATCCATTCCTTTT<br>CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCCAA (AGC)14 100-125 HEX 24 0<br>CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG<br>CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC (AC)7 110-114 HEX 24 0<br>AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC<br>CAGCAATCGTAGTCAGCAAGA (TGT)13 145-178 NED 24 0<br>GGCGTGGGTGTGGTGTTT<br>TCCTGAAGATAGATGATACGA (CT)11 190-200 HEX 24 0<br>AAACGAGAGCAGAAACCCAAG<br>CCCTGACTCTCTCAGCTGAC (ACGC)7 127-131 FAM 24 0<br>GAGCAGCCTGACAACGATGA<br>GATGAACGGCAGCAGAGAGAG (ACAG)5 285-297 PET 24 0<br>CCTGACTGAGGCATAGGTG<br>CCTGACTGACGCATAGGTG<br>CCTGACTGAGCGCATAGGTG<br>CCTGACTGAGGCCATAGGTG<br>CCTGACTGAGGCCATAGGTG<br>CCTGACTGAGGCCATAGGTG<br>CCTGACTGAGGCCATAGGTG<br>CCTGACTGAGGCCATAGGTG | THEOREGENERATION<br>CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG (AAGG)6 136-168 PET 24 0 2<br>ACGCCATCCATTCCTTT<br>CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCCAA (AGC)14 100-125 HEX 24 0 5<br>CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG<br>CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC (AC)7 110-114 HEX 24 0 2<br>AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC<br>CAGCAATCGTAGTCAGCAAGA (TGT)13 145-178 NED 24 0 2<br>GGCGTGGGTGGTGGTGTTT<br>TCCTGAAGATAGATGATACGA (CT)11 190-200 HEX 24 0 2<br>AAACGAGAGCAGAGAGAGAGAC (ACGC)7 127-131 FAM 24 0 2<br>GAGCAGCCTGACACCGAGAGAGA (ACAG)5 285-297 PET 24 0 2<br>CCTGACTGAGGCAGAGAGAGAG (ACAG)5 285-297 PET 24 0 2<br>CCTGACTGAGGCCATAGGTG | Theorefore defined for the first of the f | THEOREGULATION       CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309         ACGCCATCCATTCCTTTCCTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CCCTACAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGCC       CACGCATCGTAGTCAGCAAGA       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.333       0.282         GGCGTGGGTGGTGGTGGTGTTT       TCCTGAAGATAGATGATACGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.291       0.253         AAACGAGAGCAGAAACCCAAGG       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.291       0.253         AAACGAGAGCAGAAACCCAAGG       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.290       0.222         GAGCAGCCTGACAAGAGAGAGA       (ACGC)7       127-131       FAM       24       0       2       0.208       0.222         GAGCAGCCTGACAACGATGA       (ACG)5       285-297       PET       24       0 | CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210         ACGCCATCCATTCCTTTC       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CCCTACAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179         GGCGTGGGTGTGGTGTTT       CCTGACAGCAGAAAACCCAAGA       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.253       -0.150         AAACGAGAGAGCAGAAAACCCAAGG       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.253       -0.150         AAACGAGAGAGCAGAAAACCCAAGG       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.250       0.222       -0.122         AAACGAGAGCGAGAAAACCCAAG       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.250       0.222       -0.122         GAACGAGCAGAAGAGAGAAACCCAAGG       (ACGC)7 | CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CGCAGCGGTGAAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGCC       CGCAGCGTGGGTGGTGGTGTTT       CGTGACAGCAGAGA       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239         GGCGTGGGGTGGTGGTGTTT       CCTGAAGATAGATAGAGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.250       0.212       0.218         AAACGAGAGCAGAAGATAGAT       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.250       0.222       -0.150       0.218         AAACGAGAGCAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.250       0.222       -0.122       0.195         GCCTGAAGATGATAGATGATACGA       (CT)11 <td< td=""><td>CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCATAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24         GGCGGGGTGGGTGTGTGTTTT       TCCTGAAGATGATACGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.291       0.253       -0.150       0.218       24         AAACGAAGAGCAGAAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.250       0.222       -0.150       0.218       24     <td>CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCACC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0         GGCGTGGGTGGTGTGTTTT       TCCTGAAGATAGAA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.253       -0.150       0.218       24       0.020         AAACGAAGAGCAGAGAAACCCAAG       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2</td><td>CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCACAAGA       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       1         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCATAGG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       1         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (AGC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2         GGCGTGGGTGGTGTGTTT       CCTGACAGCAGAGAGAGAGAAACC       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.291       0.253       -0.150       0.218       24       0       2         AAACGAAGAGCAGAGAAAACCCAAG       (CT)111</td><td>CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.041         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCACAAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       2       0.291         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCATAGGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.541         GCCTGAAGTGATAGAA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.253       -0.150       0.218       24       0.020       2       0.291</td><td>CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.041       0.041         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCACAAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       2       0.201       0.455         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCATAGG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCAAAGC       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.541       0.465         GCCTGAAGTGATAGTAGATGATACGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.218</td><td>Intervention       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.041       0.041       0         CTGTGCAGCGCGCCAA       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.210       0.258       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074         CGTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (AGC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.541       0.465       -0.163         GGCGTGGGTGTGGTGGTGTTT       TCTGAAGATAGAAGATAGATAGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0</td><td>Indeconderse       Indeconderse       Indeconders       Indeconders       I</td><td>Inference       Control Control       Cardinal Addition       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.040       48         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074       0.178       48         CGCCAGCGGGTGAAGTCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48         CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.353       48         GGCGTGGGTGTGTGTTTT       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.239       24       0       2       0.241       0.353       48         AACGGAGCAGAAGAAACCCAAG       (TT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2</td><td>Information       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.040       48       0.051         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.339       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.028       0.193       -0.074       0.178       48       0         CGCCATCCAAGGGGAAGTCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.064         CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGCA       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.064         GGCGTGGGTGGGGTGGTGGTGTTT       0.203       PET       14       0       2       0.291       0.218       24       0.291       0.311       0.645       0.281       0.317       48       0         CCTGACTCTCAGCAGA</td><td>Information       Period       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.040       48       0.051       2         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074       0.178       48       0       5         CGCCATCCAGGGGGCAAAGCCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.06       2         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGCA       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.06       2         GGCGTGGGTGGTGTT       100-125       HEX       24       0       2       0.219       0.218       24       0.291       0.313       0.405       0.131       0.405       0.13&lt;</td><td>Information       Market for the formation       Market formation       Mark</td><td>Interference       Interference       <th< td=""></th<></td></td></td<> | CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCATAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24         GGCGGGGTGGGTGTGTGTTTT       TCCTGAAGATGATACGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.291       0.253       -0.150       0.218       24         AAACGAAGAGCAGAAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.250       0.222       -0.150       0.218       24 <td>CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCACC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0         GGCGTGGGTGGTGTGTTTT       TCCTGAAGATAGAA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.253       -0.150       0.218       24       0.020         AAACGAAGAGCAGAGAAACCCAAG       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2</td> <td>CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCACAAGA       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       1         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCATAGG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       1         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (AGC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2         GGCGTGGGTGGTGTGTTT       CCTGACAGCAGAGAGAGAGAAACC       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.291       0.253       -0.150       0.218       24       0       2         AAACGAAGAGCAGAGAAAACCCAAG       (CT)111</td> <td>CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.041         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCACAAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       2       0.291         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCATAGGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.541         GCCTGAAGTGATAGAA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.253       -0.150       0.218       24       0.020       2       0.291</td> <td>CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.041       0.041         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCACAAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       2       0.201       0.455         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCATAGG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCAAAGC       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.541       0.465         GCCTGAAGTGATAGTAGATGATACGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.218</td> <td>Intervention       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.041       0.041       0         CTGTGCAGCGCGCCAA       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.210       0.258       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074         CGTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (AGC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.541       0.465       -0.163         GGCGTGGGTGTGGTGGTGTTT       TCTGAAGATAGAAGATAGATAGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0</td> <td>Indeconderse       Indeconderse       Indeconders       Indeconders       I</td> <td>Inference       Control Control       Cardinal Addition       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.040       48         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074       0.178       48         CGCCAGCGGGTGAAGTCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48         CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.353       48         GGCGTGGGTGTGTGTTTT       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.239       24       0       2       0.241       0.353       48         AACGGAGCAGAAGAAACCCAAG       (TT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2</td> <td>Information       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.040       48       0.051         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.339       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.028       0.193       -0.074       0.178       48       0         CGCCATCCAAGGGGAAGTCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.064         CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGCA       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.064         GGCGTGGGTGGGGTGGTGGTGTTT       0.203       PET       14       0       2       0.291       0.218       24       0.291       0.311       0.645       0.281       0.317       48       0         CCTGACTCTCAGCAGA</td> <td>Information       Period       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.040       48       0.051       2         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074       0.178       48       0       5         CGCCATCCAGGGGGCAAAGCCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.06       2         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGCA       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.06       2         GGCGTGGGTGGTGTT       100-125       HEX       24       0       2       0.219       0.218       24       0.291       0.313       0.405       0.131       0.405       0.13&lt;</td> <td>Information       Market for the formation       Market formation       Mark</td> <td>Interference       Interference       <th< td=""></th<></td> | CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCACC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0         GGCGTGGGTGGTGTGTTTT       TCCTGAAGATAGAA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.253       -0.150       0.218       24       0.020         AAACGAAGAGCAGAGAAACCCAAG       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2 | CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCACAAGA       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       1         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCATAGG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       1         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (AGC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2         GGCGTGGGTGGTGTGTTT       CCTGACAGCAGAGAGAGAGAAACC       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.291       0.253       -0.150       0.218       24       0       2         AAACGAAGAGCAGAGAAAACCCAAG       (CT)111 | CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.041         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCACAAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       2       0.291         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCATAGGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.541         GCCTGAAGTGATAGAA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.253       -0.150       0.218       24       0.020       2       0.291 | CTGTCAGTGCACGCCGAG       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.041       0.041         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTTT       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       CCTTTAACAAAGCGCACAAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0       2       0.201       0.455         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCATAGG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGTCAAAGC       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.541       0.465         GCCTGAAGTGATAGTAGATGATACGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2       0.218 | Intervention       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.041       0.041       0         CTGTGCAGCGCGCCAA       (AAGG)6       136-168       PET       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.210       0.258       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074         CGTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074         CGCAGCGGTGAAGTCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC       (AGC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.541       0.465       -0.163         GGCGTGGGTGTGGTGGTGTTT       TCTGAAGATAGAAGATAGATAGA       (CT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0 | Indeconderse       Indeconders       Indeconders       I | Inference       Control Control       Cardinal Addition       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.040       48         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074       0.178       48         CGCCAGCGGGTGAAGTCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48         CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0       2       0.353       48         GGCGTGGGTGTGTGTTTT       (TGT)13       145-178       NED       24       0       2       0.239       24       0       2       0.241       0.353       48         AACGGAGCAGAAGAAACCCAAG       (TT)11       190-200       HEX       24       0       2 | Information       PET       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.040       48       0.051         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.339       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.028       0.193       -0.074       0.178       48       0         CGCCATCCAAGGGGAAGTCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.064         CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGCA       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.064         GGCGTGGGTGGGGTGGTGGTGTTT       0.203       PET       14       0       2       0.291       0.218       24       0.291       0.311       0.645       0.281       0.317       48       0         CCTGACTCTCAGCAGA | Information       Period       24       0       2       0.375       0.309       -0.210       0.258       24       0       2       0.040       48       0.051       2         ACGCCATCCATTCCCTTCTT       CTTTAACAAAGCGCGCCAA       (AGC)14       100-125       HEX       24       0       5       0.708       0.539       -0.312       0.489       24       0       3       0.208       0.193       -0.074       0.178       48       0       5         CGCCATCCAGGGGGCAAAGCCATTAG       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.458       0.467       0.019       0.353       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.06       2         AGACGGCCACAGTGAAAGCA       (AC)7       110-114       HEX       24       0       2       0.333       0.282       -0.179       0.239       24       0.117       2       0.291       0.405       0.281       0.317       48       0.06       2         GGCGTGGGTGGTGTT       100-125       HEX       24       0       2       0.219       0.218       24       0.291       0.313       0.405       0.131       0.405       0.13< | Information       Market for the formation       Market formation       Mark | Interference       Interference <th< td=""></th<> |

#### Palmaria palmata

Locus	Primer sequences (5'-3')	Repeat	Size	Dye	Roscoff										Bell	e-Ile			Global					
		motif	range (bp)		n	Nf	Na	Ho	He	Fis	PIC	n	Nf	Na	Но	He	Fis	PIC	N	Nf	Na	Но	He	PIC
Ppalm_01	F: AGTGTGGAGAGAGCTTTGGC	(AAGATC)14	144-324	HEX	24	0.060	15	0.791	0.919	0.138	0.889	24	0.178*	9	0.541	0.872	0.379\$	0.830	48	0.127*	17	0.666	0.895	0.886
	R: CCTGCCAAGTCCTTATCAAGC																							
Ppalm_02	F: ACTATGGTCAACCGGTGTGG	(ACGCCC)10	247-313	HEX	24	0.060	8	0.625	0.702	0.109	0.652	24	0.064	10	0.750	0.875	0.143	0.839	48	0.077	10	0.687	0.788	0.787
	R: AACCGGCCAGATCCTCGATA																							
Ppalm_03	F: CTCAAGCGTCGTTACATTACA	(TA)12	194-233	FAM	24	0.063	9	0.708	0.824	0.140	0.779	24	0.180*	5	0.458	0.735	0.376	0.679	48	0.144*	9	0.583	0.779	0.782
	R: CAAGGGAGGCGGACAGTAG																							
Ppalm_04	F: AGGAGGCCCATCAATTCTACA	(ACCGT)5	206-286	NED	24	0.113	7	0.541	0.683	0.207	0.622	24	0.129	5	0.416	0.616	0.324	0.535	48	0.202	9	0.479	0.650	0.780
	R: TGCGTTTGAGGAGCATAGGT																							
Ppalm_05	F: GAGGTCGAGAAGCCACCAC	(AAC)12	317-380	HEX	24	0.062	11	0.666	0.764	0.128	0.710	24	0.195	6	0.458	0.795	0.423\$	0.736	48	0.147*	13	0.562	0.779	0.771
	R: ATCAGCAGGTTCGGTTCATG																							
Ppalm_06	F: TGCAGATGGTGGTTTCGACA	(AACAC)7	375-405	NED	24	0.258*	7	0.375	0.804	0.533\$	0.751	24	0.303*	4	0.250	0.682	0.633	0.603	48	0.285*	7	0.312	0.743	0.699
	R: TACACGTGTGTGTGCTGAGCAT																							
Ppalm_07	F: CGTGTCGTGGAGAAGACTGG	(AAGG)7	112-142	NED	24	0	5	0.833	0.671	-0.241	0.606	24	0.023	4	0.625	0.686	0.089	0.602	48	0.001	6	0.729	0.678	0.694
	R: CGCTTCCGTATCGCGATTT																							
Ppalm_08	F: TGGAGGGCTACAACTCTTGG	(AG)7	116-124	FAM	24	0	5	0.791	0.655	-0.207	0.584	24	0	4	0.958	0.677	-0.414	0.617	48	0	5	0.875	0.666	0.610
-	R: CGAAGAGACTGCGGGACAAA																							
Ppalm_09	F: AAACCGTCGCTGTTCTTGGC	(ATC)9	121-160	HEX	24	0	9	0.833	0.714	-0.166	0.663	24	0	3	0.791	0.541	-0.461	0.430	48	0	9	0.812	0.628	0.565
	R: CTACACGAACACCTCCCTTGT																							
Ppalm_10	F: GCAGAAGATGTTTCAGTGCTGG	(AGCC)8	138-186	NED	24	0.116	6	0.500	0.686	0.271	0.608	24	0.095	3	0.166	0.231	0.281	0.212	48	0.206	7	0.333	0.459	0.529
	R: GGCTGTAAGTGCTATCCTGCT																							
Ppalm_11	F: ACACTCTAAGCGTCGTCGAA	(AT)6	117-123	HEX	24	0	4	0.541	0.516	-0.049	0.441	24	0	2	0.875	0.501	-0.743\$	0.375	48	0	4	0.708	0.509	0.521
	R: TGCAGAATTCCCAGGCTGAG																							
Ppalm_12	F: TGTTGTCGAATAGAGAGAGGGA	(AGCCC)5	111-141	NED	24	0.102	3	0.458	0.573	0.200	0.488	24	0.180*	3	0.125	0.266	0.530	0.239	48	0.232*	5	0.291	0.419	0.518
	R: CTCCAAATCTCCGGAGCTCG																							

Ppalm_13	F: AAAGAAAGGCGACACCGACA	(ACTAGC)6	113-161	HEX	24	0.085	8	0.500	0.652	0.233	0.604	24	0.111	4	0.333	0.392	0.150	0.355	48	0.104	8	0.416	0.522	0.500
	R: CCACCTCCCATAGCCCAATT																							
Ppalm_14	F: AAGAGCCGACCAAGAAGACG	(AGC)13	152-227	PET	24	0	2	0.625	0.500	-0.250	0.371	24	0.090	4	0.416	0.552	0.245	0.481	48	0.015	4	0.520	0.526	0.455
	R: AGGGATGTTCGCCGGCAG																							
Ppalm_15	F: TAGCCCAGAAACCCACAAGC	(AG)10	145-153	FAM	24	0.205*	5	0.291	0.505	0.422	0.432	24	0	2	0.208	0.190	-0.095	0.169	48	0.238*	5	0.250	0.347	0.424
	R: CCGCGTGTGCTGAATATAGC																							
Ppalm_16	F: TGCATATTGCCTAATAAAGCACC	(AT)6	99-125	FAM	24	0	4	0.375	0.388	0.035	0.350	24	0	4	0.291	0.266	-0.095	0.248	48	0	4	0.333	0.327	0.306
	R: GCTCGAAACAATGGAAATGTCC																							
Ppalm_17	F: CGTCCCACTCATTTCCGGG	(AACAGG)6	91-103	FAM	24	0.072	3	0.208	0.228	0.087	0.206	24	0	3	0.375	0.385	0.028	0.344	48	0.028	3	0.291	0.307	0.280
	R: TCGTTCTCGCACAAGTCGTT																							
Ppalm_18	F: CGTGAAGGCTAACCTAGAGAGC	(AG)6	348-444	FAM	24	0	3	0.375	0.317	-0.182	0.274	24	0	2	0.375	0.309	-0.210	0.258	48	0	3	0.375	0.313	0.267
	R: GGCACCAAATCCTCGAAAGC																							
Ppalm_19	F: TGTCACCTTGATCGTACCGC	(AAAT)6	138-146	NED	24	0.170	2	0.208	0.364	0.427	0.291	24	0	2	0.250	0.222	-0.122	0.195	48	0.091	2	0.229	0.293	0.249
	R: CGAAGGCCTCAGCTGTGTAT																							
Ppalm_20	F: ACCCGCTCGGCATTACAAAT	(AT)6	142-152	FAM	24	0	4	0.125	0.122	-0.022	0.118	24	0	3	0.333	0.288	-0.153	0.254	48	0	4	0.229	0.205	0.197
	R: AGGAGTGCGAAAGGCTTTGA																							
Mean					24	0.047	5.1	0.503	0.514	0.023	0.458	24	0.039	3.9	0.467	0.465	-0.014	0.413	48	0.056	5.7	0.485	0.489	0.478

#### Gracilaria dura

Locus	Primer sequences (5'-3')	Repeat	Size	Dye		Locquirec								Coroso	,					Quita	)	Global					
		motif	range (bp)		n	Na	Ho	He	Fis	PIC	n	Na	Ho	He	Fis	PIC	n	Na	Ho	He	Fis	PIC	n	Na	Но	He	PIC
Gdura_0	1 F: GCAGCATGCAACGAATTTAACC	(AC)17	103-135	FAM	12	8	0.736	0.840	0.124	0.683	15	5	0.859	0.780	-0.101	0.700	7	5	1.000	0.752	-0.329	0.690	34	11	0.844	0.890	0.839
	R: CGCCGTCTGAAGAATCGAAGA																										
Gdura_0	2 F: TACGCGGTCGTGGGAATATC	(AAG)14	212-278	NED	12	4	0.667	0.676	0.014	0.619	15	4	0.722	0.575	-0.257	0.462	8	3	0.833	0.598	-0.393	0.606	35	7	0.729	0.836	0.793
	R: AGCGTACGGGCAAAGTACAA																										
Gdura_0	3 F: GTCGGAGCGTGAGGACGG	(ACG)7	166-184	PET	11	4	0.700	0.738	0.052	0.626	15	4	0.964	0.747	-0.291	0.578	8	3	0.952	0.662	-0.439	0.638	34	5	0.876	0.789	0.785
	R: CGCATCGCTCTATTCCACCA																										
Gdura_0	4 F: AGGTTCAATGCCTCCTGACC	(AAG)11	183-210	NED	12	4	0.764	0.748	-0.021	0.733	15	6	0.956	0.808	-0.183	0.633	8	3	0.792	0.556	-0.423	0.687	35	6	0.852	0.766	0.782
	R: GTACGCTTCGTTGCCGATTC																										
Gdura_0	5 F: CATGCGACCCAGATGGTGAA	(AG)15	225-331	PET	12	6	0.667	0.618	-0.079	0.661	15	6	1.000	0.791	-0.264	0.816	8	8	0.979	0.829	-0.181	0.609	35	9	0.880	0.814	0.782
	R: GCGTTATGGTCCACTGCTCT																										
Gdura_0	6 F: TTGTGCGCTGTGAGTAGCAA	(AC)10	335-369	NED	12	5	0.681	0.676	-0.006	0.611	15	4	0.974	0.740	-0.317	0.499	8	3	0.833	0.592	-0.408	0.613	35	6	0.833	0.807	0.777
	R: ACGCTCGTGAACTCCGAAAT																										
Gdura_0	7 F: GCAGAACTGTACGTCGCTCT	(AG)12	277-309	FAM	12	6	0.778	0.719	-0.082	0.627	15	4	0.956	0.732	-0.306	0.560	8	3	0.896	0.660	-0.358	0.646	35	8	0.881	0.826	0.778
	R: TGCCCTCCTCTACCGTATGG																										
Gdura_0	8 F: TGTTTGATCCTGATCCTACCGT	(AG)12	278-312	NED	12	6	0.639	0.726	0.120	0.627	15	4	0.910	0.664	-0.371	0.693	8	5	0.979	0.751	-0.303	0.624	35	7	0.828	0.817	0.773
	R: CGTACGCGTTTCATAAATGACA																										
Gdura_09	F: ACGGCTCGTCATGTTTCTCA	(AG)15	102-120	NED	12	5	0.879	0.731	-0.203	0.668	15	6	0.988	0.786	-0.257	0.409	8	2	0.833	0.444	-0.875\$	0.679	35	7	0.914	0.819	0.765
	R: AGCTACGTTGGTACAGCTCG																										
Gdura_1	0 F: TAACCGCACTACTTTCGCCA	(AGC)7	114-132	PET	12	4	0.903	0.692	-0.304	0.720	15	4	0.881	0.726	-0.214	0.555	8	3	0.875	0.639	-0.369	0.690	35	5	0.887	0.765	0.745
	R: AATGTTCTTCGCGTGTTGGG																										
Gdura_1	1 F: GTGCGTTGGTTTCGGTGATT	(AGC)5	219-234	PET	12	4	0.861	0.673	-0.280	0.737	15	5	0.889	0.774	-0.148	0.560	8	3	0.896	0.642	-0.395	0.518	35	5	0.881	0.768	0.746
	R: TTACCCGTCGTTTCTGCCTC																										
Gdura_1	2 F: CGCTTCCGCTTACTGACCAT	(ACT)7	115-151	PET	12	8	0.792	0.842	0.060	0.614	15	4	0.845	0.650	-0.300	0.565	8	3	0.937	0.654	-0.434	0.729	35	9	0.848	0.824	0.755

	R: GCGCTCGAAACCAACAAGAA																										
Gdura_13	F: GCCTATGGGAGCATCGGAAT	(AG)10	154-170	NED	12	3	0.722	0.605	-0.194	0.671	15	4	0.978	0.736	-0.328	0.556	8	3	0.929	0.650	-0.428	0.601	35	6	0.877	0.773	0.739
	R: GGTGATGTAGGATGGTAATGCC																										
Gdura_14	F: ATGTTTGAACGTTCTGGCTCAC	(AC)15	177-211	FAM	11	5	0.545	0.552	0.011	0.615	15	7	0.856	0.700	-0.222	0.725	8	6	1.000	0.779	-0.283	0.498	34	8	0.789	0.781	0.730
	R: ACGTAGTGGATCTAGAATGCTAGA																										
Gdura_15	F: GGTGACTCTTAACTCCCGTGG	(AG)26	147-181	FAM	12	6	0.833	0.763	-0.092	0.424	15	2	0.500	0.388	-0.289	0.511	8	3	0.548	0.559	0.020	0.695	35	8	0.627	0.823	0.715
	R: CGCTTCTTTAACCAGAAACGCA																										
Gdura_16	F: GTTGCCGCAGAAGAGACTCA	(AGC)11	224-242	NED	12	3	0.611	0.514	-0.188	0.592	14	2	0.810	0.472	-0.716	0.648	8	3	0.750	0.604	-0.243	0.572	34	5	0.725	0.733	0.700
	R: TAGAATTGGACAAGCGGCGG																										
Gdura_17	F: ACCGAACCAGCAACATCCTC	(AG)8	264-298	HEX	12	3	0.611	0.654	0.065	0.609	15	3	0.989	0.666	-0.486\$	0.409	8	2	0.833	0.444	-0.875\$	0.564	35	4	0.824	0.722	0.701
	R: GAAAGTGGGCGCAAGGATTG																										
Gdura_18	F: AGCAACAAGGTCGTCCTTCA	(AG)10	318-346	FAM	12	4	0.569	0.486	-0.171	0.663	15	4	0.789	0.650	-0.214	0.626	7	4	1.000	0.694	-0.440	0.487	34	6	0.755	0.623	0.682
	R: GCCACCTACATGACAACGTG																										
Gdura_19	F: AGCGAGAGAACGTTTCTTCGA	(AG)14	139-143	FAM	11	3	0.652	0.491	-0.326	0.652	15	3	0.811	0.615	-0.320	0.449	7	2	0.500	0.386	-0.297	0.596	33	3	0.692	0.604	0.658
	R: CGTCCCATATTTCACTCCAGGT																										
Gdura_20	F: CCCGTGTTTAGCCTTCGG	(AT)6	247-251	HEX	12	3	0.708	0.571	-0.240	0.587	15	3	0.900	0.636	-0.415	0.499	8	3	0.833	0.592	-0.408	0.654	35	3	0.819	0.622	0.656
	R: ACAGGAGGAAATCATTGACGAA																										
Gdura_21	F: GCGTACCCTGGTACATACTCC	(AG)18	181-207	FAM	12	6	0.750	0.815	0.080	0.513	15	3	0.500	0.654	0.235	0.330	8	1	0.556	0.308	-0.801\$	0.694	35	8	0.608	0.810	0.662
	R: GGTAACTATCTGGAAACGGTTGTC																										
Gdura_22	F: GTGCTCAACAATGGTGGACG	(AG)8	206-224	NED	12	4	0.861	0.632	-0.363	0.737	15	5	0.978	0.785	-0.246	0.499	8	3	0.833	0.607	-0.374	0.513	35	5	0.905	0.738	0.658
	R: GGGTCCCGGTCTATCCAGAT																										
Gdura_23	F: CGCCATCAAGAGTGAAAGTAGC	(AC)8	106-114	HEX	12	3	0.653	0.626	-0.043	0.511	15	3	0.789	0.541	-0.458	0.320	8	1	0.542	0.252	-0.146	0.618	35	4	0.686	0.638	0.585
<u>.</u>	R: AGACGGCCACAGTGAAACC	(1.6)12	174 224		10			0.5.5	0.0504	0.644			0.047	0 71 5	0.0514	0.040	0	•	0.500	0.150	0.0100	0.400	25	~	0 700	0.654	0.556
Gdura_24	F: GCCTGATCTCGCCGAAGATA	(AG)13	174-226	FAM	12	4	0.708	0.567	-0.250\$	0.644	15	4	0.967	0.715	-0.351\$	0.348	8	2	0.583	0.153	-0.818\$	0.438	35	5	0.790	0.654	0.576
a	R: GCAGAAGCGTTTCGTTTCCG	(1.0)5	105 001				0.650	0.505	0.005	0.554			0.000	0.610	0.4024	0.401	0	•	0.500	0.410	0.01.60	0.005	~ ~		0.004	0.000	0.550
Gdura_25		(AG)/	185-201	HEX	11	3	0.652	0.527	-0.237	0.556	15	3	0.922	0.618	-0.492\$	0.421	8	2	0.792	0.413	-0.916\$	0.395	34	4	0.804	0.689	0.559
C.1			252 259	DET	10	2	0.022	0 654	0.275	0.421	15	2	0.022	0.470	0 7720	0.400	0	2	0.022	0.496	0.7146	0.447	25	2	0.022	0.00	0.552
Gdura_26		(AAC)5	252-258	PEI	12	3	0.855	0.654	-0.275	0.431	15	2	0.855	0.470	-0.773\$	0.409	8	2	0.855	0.480	-0.7145	0.447	33	3	0.855	0.000	0.555
Cdure 27		$(\Lambda C)$ 5	201 220	UEV	12	2	0.592	0.500	0.146	0.506	15	2	0.944	0.550	0.512	0.421	0	2	0.702	0.412	0.0168	0.252	25	4	0 742	0 675	0.527
Gdura_27		(AG)5	201-220	HEX	12	3	0.585	0.509	-0.146	0.506	15	3	0.844	0.559	-0.512	0.421	8	2	0.792	0.415	-0.9165	0.352	33	4	0.743	0.675	0.537
C J			114 100	DET	10		0.004	0 570	0.214	0.(27	15	2	0 702	0 (54	0.107	0.400	0	•	0 700	0.407	0 425	0.422	25	-	0 722	0.794	0 5 4 2
Gaura_28		(AAC)6	114-120	re i	12	4	0.094	0.572	-0.214	0.027	15	3	0.782	0.054	-0.196	0.409	ð	4	0.708	0.497	-0.425	0.432	35	3	0.732	0.084	0.543
Mann	K: GIULUGUIGUGACAAAIIG				110	16	0.716	0 655	0 106	0.625	15.0	11	0.961	0674	0.202	0 565	7.0	21	0.020	0 6 1 7	0 226	0.606	216	62	0.907	0 750	0 725
mean					11.9	4.0	0.710	0.055	-0.100	0.035	15.0	4.1	0.004	0.074	-0.293	0.303	7.9	3.4	0.039	0.01/	-0.330	0.000	34.0	0.2	0.007	0.758	0.723

n Number of genotyped individuals.

Nf Null allele frequency obtained with MICROCHECKER (Van Oosterhout et al. 2004), locus showing significant frequencies of null alleles are shown with \*.

Na number of alleles per locus, He expected heterozygosity (Nei 1978), Ho observed heterozygosity obtained with HIERFSTAT (Goudet 2014) excepted G.dura obtained with AUTOTET (Thrall et al 2000).

Fis estimate of deviation from random mating obtained with HIERFSTAT (Goudet 2014) excepted G.dura obtained with SPAGeDi (Hardy, O. J. & X. Vekemans 2002). FIS values significantly different from zero are shown with \$.

PIC polymorphic information content obtained with CERVUS software (Marshall et al. 1998) excepted G.dura obtained with POLYSAT R package (Clark et al. 2011).

Locus retained as suitable polymorphic markers for future studies are shown in bold (i.e., polymorphic, no-significant Nf, no-significant FIS).

In italic the mean values over loci were calculated over locus retained as suitable polymorphic markers.