

#### Shaping non-reciprocal spin wave beams using gold nanowire grating

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#### ► To cite this version:

Loic Temdie, Vincent Castel, C<br/> Dubs, G Pradhan, J Solana, et al.. Shaping non-reciprocal spin wave beams using gold nanowire grating. JEMS 2023: 13th Joint European Magnetic Symposia, Aug 2023, Madrid, Spain.<br/>. hal-04203294

#### HAL Id: hal-04203294 https://hal.science/hal-04203294v1

Submitted on 11 Sep 2023

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# **IMT** Atlantique

Bretagne-Pays de la Loire École Mines-Télécom

# Shaping non-reciprocal spin wave beams using gold nanowire grating

# **Motivations**

 $H_{ext}$ 

 $\odot$ 

Frequency

Miniaturization of non-reciprocal components Unidirectional excitation of spin wave for isolators and circulator [1,2,3]

## Spin wave beamforming

Exploration of interferometric magnonics sensors [4]





Two Gold (Au) nanowires (NW) of D=20µm distant : 40nm-thick, 100nm-wide, 35µm-long 400nm lattice constant / 80nm Au-antennas

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## High k-vector propagation properties

- Excited wave mode  $k_n = n2\pi/a$  (i.e.  $\lambda_n = a/n$ )

- Chiral coupling between NW field *h* and *m* in YIG

- Degree of chirality related to aspect ratio :  $t_{Au}/w$ 

Broadband k-dependence of the spin-wave relaxation time

 $A_u$ 

 $t_{YIG}$ 

Principle of chiral excitation and grating conception

Microwave probe station

In- and out-of-plane field of Au NW

I=0.01 mA, w=100 nm, t=40 nm, a=400 nm

0.04

0.02

0.00

-0.02

-0.04 \_4

NW length  $\langle \lambda_{EM} \rangle \Rightarrow$  DC current [5]

Single wire

y [µm]

 $- \mu_0 H_{in}$ 

 $- \mu_0 H_{out}$ 

 $\begin{bmatrix} 0.04 \\ Lm \end{bmatrix} H^0 \eta$ 

Magnetic 70.0-

field

# Fourier transform of NW field h

Coupling efficiency in reciprocal space



# Well-defined comb of wavevector

# **Propagative spin wave spectroscopy**

VNA transmission parameter converted into mutual inductance  $S_{ij} \rightarrow Z_{ij} \rightarrow \Delta L_{ij} : \Delta L_{ij}(f,H) = \frac{1}{i2\pi f} (Z_{ij}(f,H) - Z_{ij}(f,H_{ref}))$ 

15 wires over  $6\mu m$ 

*y* [μm]

 $t_{VIG} = 55 \text{ nm}, t_{Au} = 40 \text{ nm}$ 







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# Fundings





- Perfect chirality for higher wave vector  $(k_2^{p=0}, k_3^{p=0}, k_2^{p=1})$  reversed when field switches
- Decrease of the coupling efficiency as  $t_{Au}$  increase

# Mode identification, Group velocity, and relaxation time



D-dependence of attenuation  $D = [20, 30, 40] \mu m$ 

**YIG FMR**:  $M_s = 0.185T$ ,  $\gamma = 28.4$  GHz/T,  $A_{exh} = 3.8$  PJ/m



### Project "SOSMAG"

## References

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- Relaxation time higher for  $t_{YIG}$  =55nm than  $t_{YIG}$  =22nm for all respective excited mode
- Increases of relaxation time with wave vector
- $\blacktriangleright$  Unidirection propagation of spin wave beam up to 50 rad.  $\mu m^{-1}$  over a 20 GHz frequency band

 $\blacktriangleright$  Well-resolved mode ( $k_n^p$ ) for high k spin-wave spectroscopy studies (higher k with reduced grating periodicity)

lncrease of relaxation time ( $\tau_k$ ) with k contrary to expectations, further study in-progress

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(2,1)

 $30.4 \pm 0.7$   $1.9 \pm 0.1$  110 \*

Conclusions