

Appendix B. Supplementary information on the mammals of Indian dry forests

We used generation length data from Soria et al. (2021) for *Catopuma temminckii* and *Herpestes auro punctatus*. For the following species, the generation length data were missing in both Pacifici et al. (2013) and Soria et al. (2021):

Anathana ellioti, *Bandicota bengalensis*, *Biswamoyopterus biswasi*, *Cremonomys cutchicus*, *Cremonomys elvira*, *Crocidura vorax*, *Funambulus palmarum*, *Funambulus pennantii*, *Golunda ellioti*, *Hystrix brachyura*, *Hystrix indica*, *Lepus nigricollis*, *Loris lydekkerianus*, *Macaca assamensis*, *Madromys blanfordi*, *Millardia kondana*, *Millardia meltada*, *Mus booduga*, *Mus cookii*, *Mus phillipsi*, *Mus platythrix*, *Mus saxicola*, *Mus terricolor*, *Nesokia indica*, *Petaurista petaurista*, *Petaurista philippensis*, *Rattus nitidus*, *Rattus tanezumi*, *Ratufa indica*, *Ratufa macroura*, *Semnopithecus hector*, *Suncus stoliczkanus*, *Tamiops macclellandii*, *Tupaia belangeri*.

We used Pacifici et al. (2013) imputed values based on mean value for species of same genus or family and similar body mass. We checked that values more broadly specified by IUCN (2023), when available, were consistent with Pacifici et al. (2013) imputed values. This was the case for all listed species except *Loris lydekkerianus*, *Mus terricolor*, *Ratufa indica*, *Ratufa macroura*, *Semnopithecus hector*, *Semnopithecus priam*.

Loris lydekkerianus was imputed a generation length of 6.2 in Pacifici et al. (2013) although it was considered 8-9 years according to IUCN experts. *Mus terricolor* had an imputed generation length shorter than that of other *Mus* species in Pacifici et al. (2013), while experts noted a longer generation. *Ratufa indica* and *Ratufa macroura* were both imputed a generation length of 6.4 in Pacifici et al. (2013) although they were considered to have a generation length of 12 and 7-8 years, respectively, according to IUCN experts. *Semnopithecus hector* and *Semnopithecus priam* were both imputed a generation length of 10.2 in Pacifici et al. (2013) although their generation length was considered 12 years according to IUCN experts. We thus opted for expert opinion and specified a generation length of 8.5 years for *Loris lydekkerianus*, 2 years for *Mus terricolor*, and 12 years for *Ratufa indica*, *Semnopithecus hector* and *Semnopithecus priam*, 7.5 years for *Ratufa macroura*.

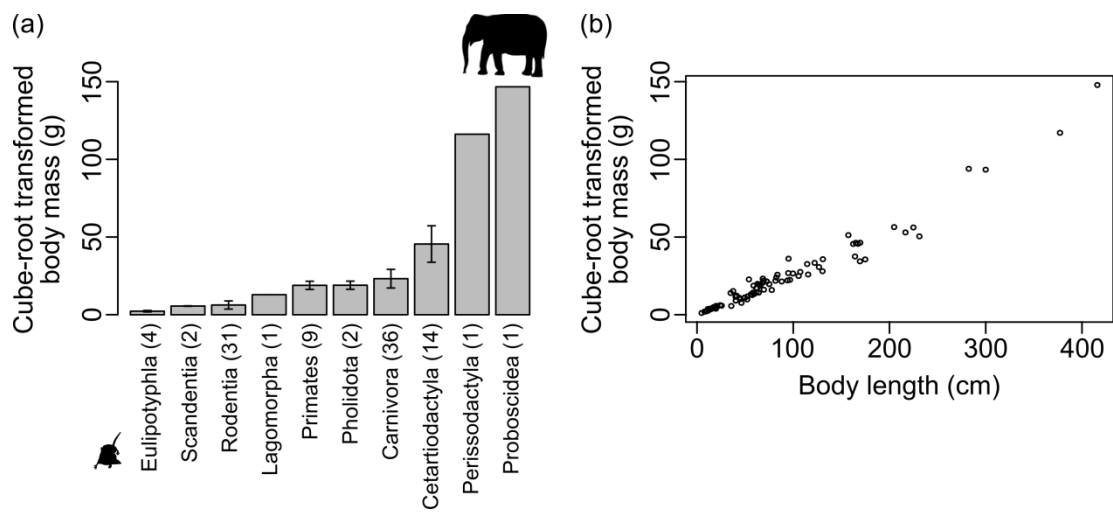


Fig. B.1. Information on mammal body mass in the dry forests of India. (a) Mean (grey bars) and standard deviation (segments) of body masses for each mammal order. (b) Link between body mass and body length.