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# Functional PTB phosphate transporters are present in streptophyte algae and early diverging land plants



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**Chlorophytes** 

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## Introduction

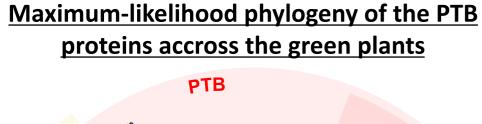
- Green plants streptophytes and chlorophytes use plasma membrane Pitransporters to absorb phosphate (Pi) from the environment.
- In angiosperms, the most diverged group pf land plants, H+/Pi-symporters (PHT1) are responsible for Pi-uptake from the environment, while Na+/Pi-symporters (PTB) are hypothesised to carry-out Pi-uptake in chlorophytes.
- PHT1 sequences are present in early diverging land plant and streptophyte algae but Na+-uptake in required for Pi-uptake in streptophyte algae implying that both H+/Pi-symporters and Na+/Pi-symporters are active in streptophytes.

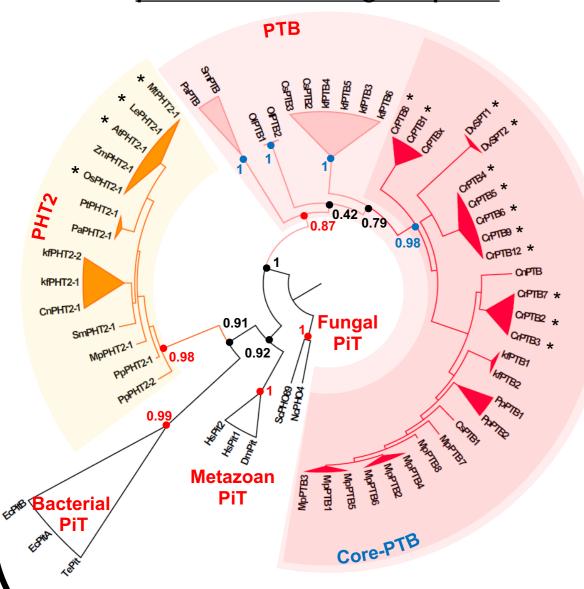
To understand the evolution of Pi-uptake during land adaptation we set out to determine if Na<sup>+</sup>/Pi-symporters were present in streptophyte lineages.

## Pi-uptake mechanisms and Pi-symporters in the streptophyte phylogeny PHT1 Chlorophyte Streptophyte Liverworts Mosses Hornworts Lycophytes Monylophytes Gymnosperms Angiosperms algae H+/Pi-symporters

After Wickett et al., 2014; Moseley et al., 2006; Li et al., 2005; Nussaume et al., 2011; Delaux et al., 2015

### . PTB proteins are present in streptophytes

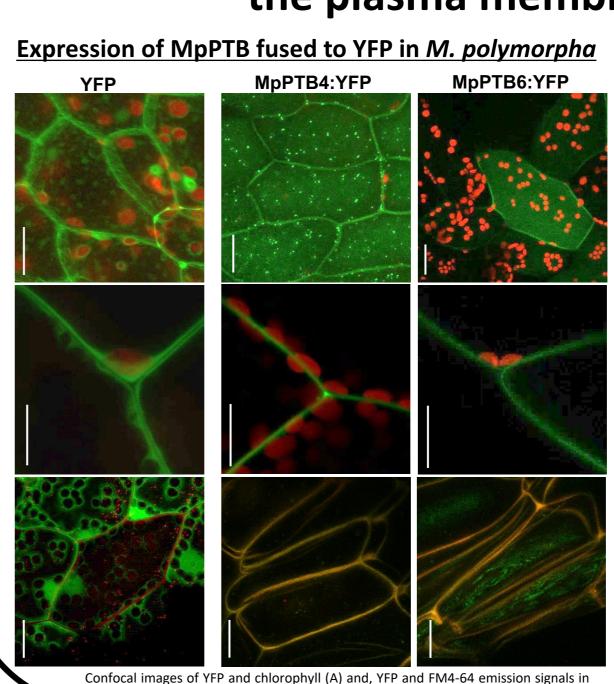




- All streptophyte algae and bryophyte PTB proteins and all chlorophyte published proteins form a monophyletic clade that we named core-PTB clade.
- The sequence of the core-PTB proteins is extremely conserved between streptophytes and chlorophytes.
- No members of the PTB clade formed by the 2 tracheophyte PTB proteins belong to other streptophytes or chlorophytes suggesting that tracheophyte PTB derived from the core-PTB divergence of bryophytes.

The approximate Likelihood-Ratio test (aLRT) support values are given for the major nods..The sequences names consist of the first letter of genus and first letter of species and gene name. A star marks the published sequences (Moseley et al., 2006; Guan et al., 2008; Daram et al,. 1999; Liu et al., 2011; Zhao et al,. 2003; Loth-Pereda et al., 2011)

## II. *M. polymorpha* PTB proteins are at the plasma membrane



M. polymopha expressing YFP or MpPTB:YFP under the OsAct promotor

Land plants

Streptophytes

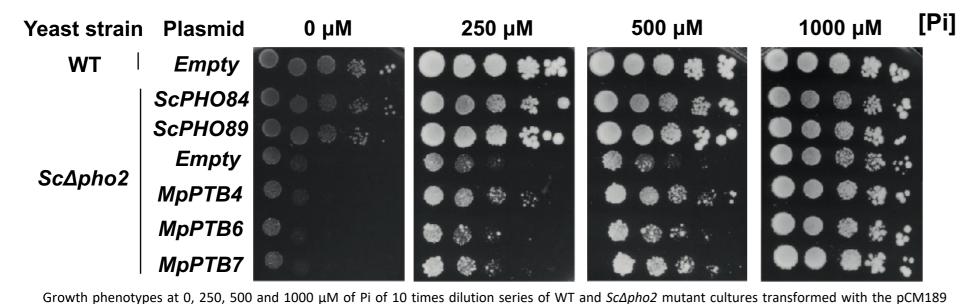
In cells expressing MpPTB:YFP but not in cells expressing YFP alone:

Na+/Pi-symporters

- The maximum projection of cells Z-scans the YFP signal (green) form a uniform following layer boundaries of the cells.
- details of the cell boundaries show that the YFP signal is delimited to a layer (green) and not found around chloroplasts (red).
- YFP (green) colocalize with the membrane dye FM4-64 (red).

## III. The expression of *M. polymorpha* PTB rescue a yeast mutant defective in Pi-uptake

#### **Growth phenotype of yeast Scpho2 mutant expressing MpPTB**



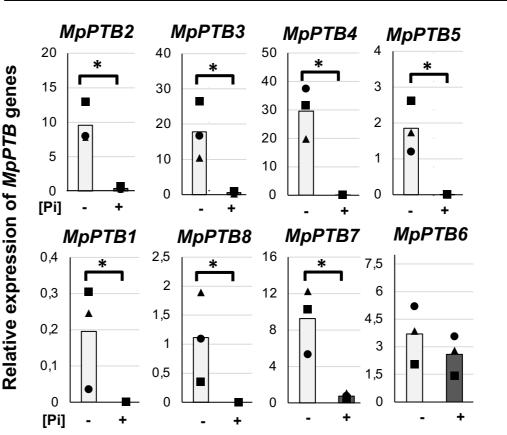
vector without insertion (negative control) or expressing MpPTB genes or the yeast high-affinity Pi-symporters ScPHO84 or ScPHO89 (positive controls).

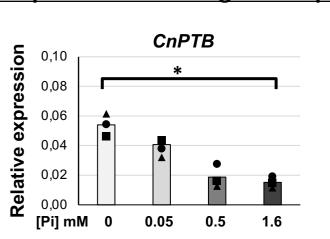
- ScPHO2 is a transcription factor required for the expression of the two S. cereviseae high-affinity Pi-transporters: ScPHO84 and ScPHO89 (Pinson et al., 2004).
- The expression of MpPTB4, MpPTB6 and MpPTB7 partially rescue the growth of the Scpho2 mutant in low-Pi conditions.

This suggests that these proteins are Pi-transporters

## IV. M. polymorpha and C. nitellarum PTB genes expression is induced in low-Pi environments

Effect of the Pi-concentration of the environment on MpPTB and CnPTB genes expression





The histograms represent the average trasncript level (n=3). The biological replicates 1, 2 and 3 are represented by a circle, a square and a triangle. The star indicates that the transcript levels measured are significantly different (P<0.05, Kruskal-Wallis test). Transcript levels were normalised with CnEF1 expression for C. nitellarum and with the geometric mean of MpACT and MpSAND expression for M. polymorpha.

- Consistent with their role in Pi-uptake, the expression of the Pi-transporters PHT1 is up-regulated in low-Pi environments in angiosperms (Nussaume et al, 2011).
- The steady state level of the C. nitellarum and of 7/8 of the M. polymorpha PTB mRNAs is higher in plant grown in low-Pi than in replete-Pi environment.

This suggest that these proteins are involved in Pi-uptake

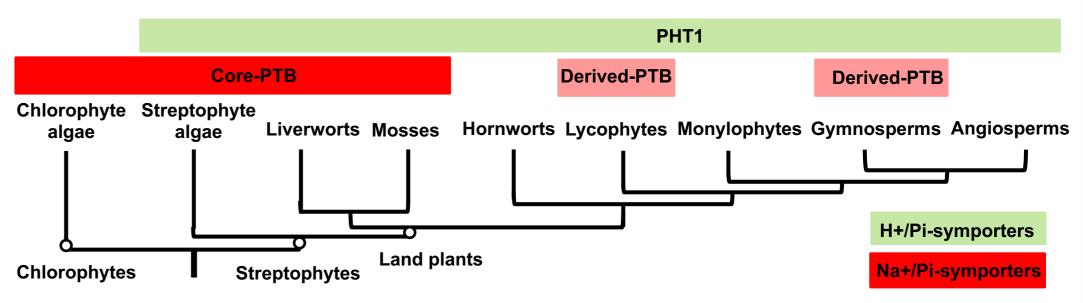
## **Conclusion and references**

- PTB proteins are present in streptophytes.
- Streptophyte core-PTB proteins are **functional plasma membrane Pi-transporters** likely involved in Pi-uptake from the environment.

### Two Pi-uptake systems co-exist in streptophyte algae and early diverging land plants

- During their divergence from the bryophyte core-PTB, tracheophyte PTB proteins have lost the domains necessary for Pi-uptake in yeast and metazoan PTB-related proteins suggesting the loss of the Pi-uptake function.
- Na+/Pi symporter could be more efficient for Pi-absorption from aquatic habitat (alkaline, high Na+ concentration) (Moseley et al, 2006), while H+/Pi-symporters are efficient in soil through the creation of a H+ gradient (Nussaume et al, 2011).

#### Pi-uptake mechanisms and Pi-symporters in the streptophyte phylogeny



After Wickett et al., 2014; Moseley et al., 2006; Li et al., 2005; Nussaume et al., 2011; Delaux et al., 2015