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# AITiS Software for generating Time-Series of Water Levels from Radar Altimetry Data

Fabien Blarel; Damien Allain; Florence Birol; Sakaros Bogning; Robin Chevrier; Lucrèce Djeumeni; Wassim Fkaier; Frédéric Frappart; Yvan Gouzenes; Fabien Léger; Rosemary Morrow; Fernando Niño

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AITiS (Altimetry Time Series) is a **radar altimetry data processing and visualization software**, tailored for fine-grained analysis of small scale water bodies.

Its goal is the obtaining **water-level time-series** derived from the altimetry measurements, but it can also be used to generate time series of any altimetry-based parameters (e.g., corrections applied to the range, backscattering coefficients, or brightness temperatures).

Since September 2020, AITiS replaces MAPS (Multi-mission Altimetry Processing Software) [Frappart et al. Marine Geodesy, 2015]. AITiS project is part of [THEIA Water Volume scientific expertise center](#) of the French Earth System Research Infrastructure "Data Terra".

## CTOH Altimetric products available for AITiS processing

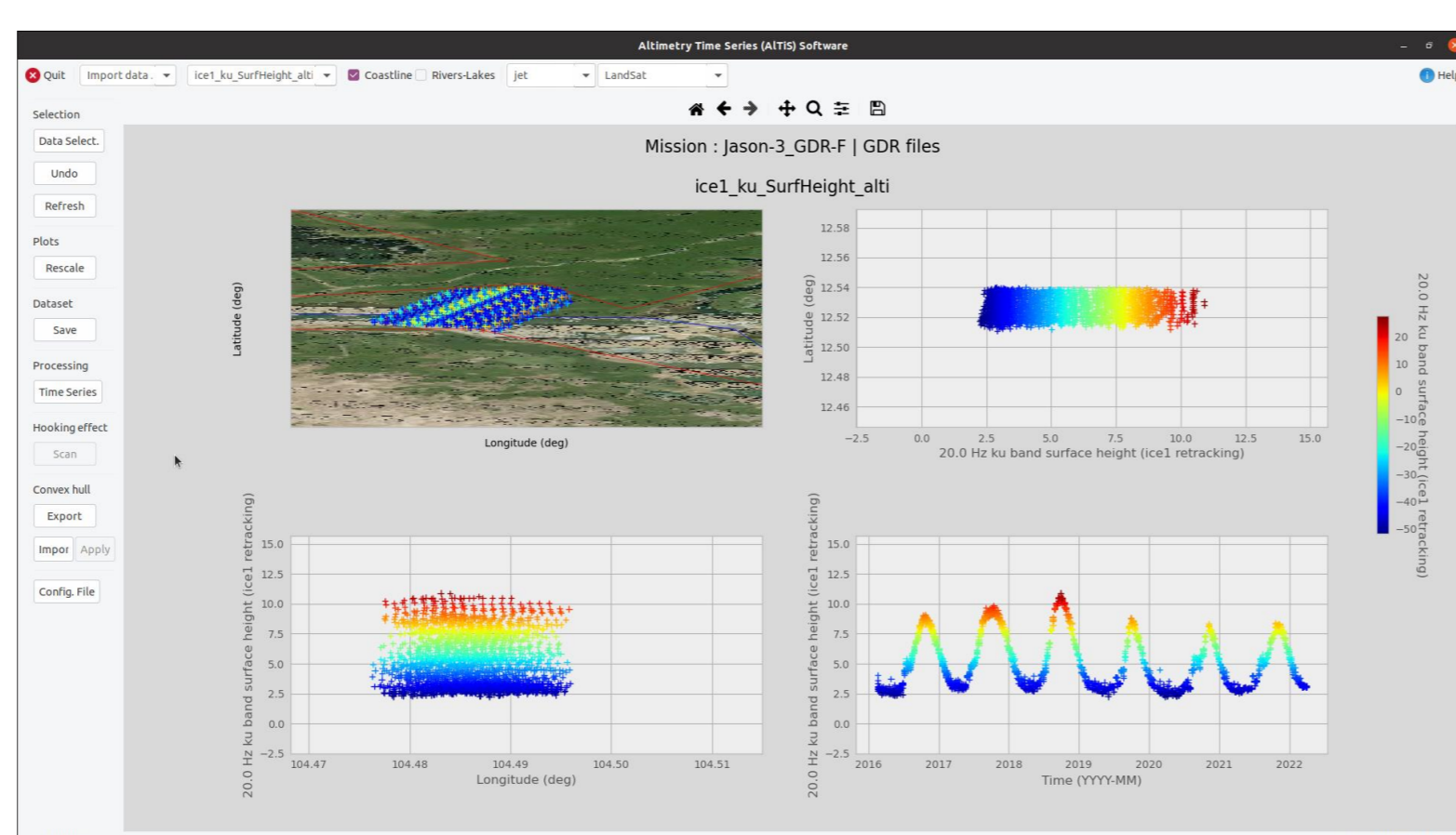
Mission	Prod. Name	Cycle		Date		Orbit
		start	end	start	end	
Cryosat-2	cs2_b_gop_c_gdr	1	11	2010-07-16	2021-02-25	Nominal orbit (369 days)
	cs2_b_ice_d_gdr	2	10	2010-07-16	2021-02-25	Nominal orbit (369 days)
EnvSat	env_a_esa_v0300_sgdr	6	94	2002-05-14	2010-10-23	Nominal orbit (35 days)
	env_b_esa_v0300_sgdr *	95	113	2010-10-26	2012-04-08	Drifting orbit
ERS-2	ers2_a_ctoh_v0100_gdr	1	89	1995-05-17	2003-11-24	Nominal orbit (35 days)
	ja1_a_cnes_e_sgdr	1	259	2002-01-15	2009-01-26	Nominal orbit (10 days)
Jason-1	ja1_b_cnes_e_sgdr	262	374	2009-02-10	2012-03-03	Interleaved orbit (10 days)
	ja1_c_cnes_e_sgdr *	500	537	2012-05-07	2013-06-21	Drifting orbit
Jason-2	ja2_a_cnes_d_sgdr	0	303	2008-07-04	2016-10-02	Nominal orbit (10 days)
	ja2_b_cnes_d_sgdr	305	327	2016-10-13	2017-05-17	Interleaved orbit (10 days)
Jason-3	ja2_c_cnes_d_sgdr	500	537	2017-07-11	2018-07-18	Long-repeat-orbit (LRO)
	ja2_d_cnes_d_sgdr *	600	644	2018-07-25	2019-10-01	Geodetic orbit
Sentinel-3A	ja3_a_cnes_f_sgdr	0	227	2016-02-12	2022-04-07	Nominal orbit (10 days)
	ja3_b_cnes_f_sgdr	300	312	2022-04-25	2022-07-27	Interleaved orbit (10 days)
Sentinel-3B	s3a_a_lan_%_sgdr	1	89	2016-03-01	2022-08-30	Nominal orbit (27 days)
	s3a_a_wat_%_sgdr	1	89	2016-03-01	2022-08-30	Nominal orbit (27 days)
Sentinel-6A	s3b_a_lan_%_sgdr	3	19	2018-05-11	2018-11-27	S3A Tandem orbit (27 days)
	s3b_a_wat_%_sgdr	2	19	2018-05-11	2018-11-27	S3A Tandem orbit (27 days)
Saral	s3b_b_lan_%_sgdr	19	70	2018-11-28	2022-09-01	Nominal orbit (27 days)
	s3b_b_wat_%_sgdr	19	70	2018-11-28	2022-09-01	Nominal orbit (27 days)
Topex	s6a_a_lrm_f06_gdr	4	65	2020-12-17	2022-08-15	Nominal orbit (10 days)
	s6a_a_sar_f06_gdr	4	65	2020-12-17	2022-08-15	Nominal orbit (10 days)
Topex	sr1_a_cnes_f_sgdr	1	35	2013-03-14	2016-07-04	Nominal orbit (35 days)
	sr1_b_cnes_f_sgdr *	100	162	2016-07-04	2022-07-18	Drifting orbit
Topex	tpx_a_cash_v0220_gdr	10	359	1992-12-21	2002-06-22	Nominal orbit (10 days)

\* Product supplied to expert user only.

## Graphical User Interface

Using a **Graphical User Interface (GUI)**, without requiring any particular skills in data processing, the user can handle altimetry data in order to :

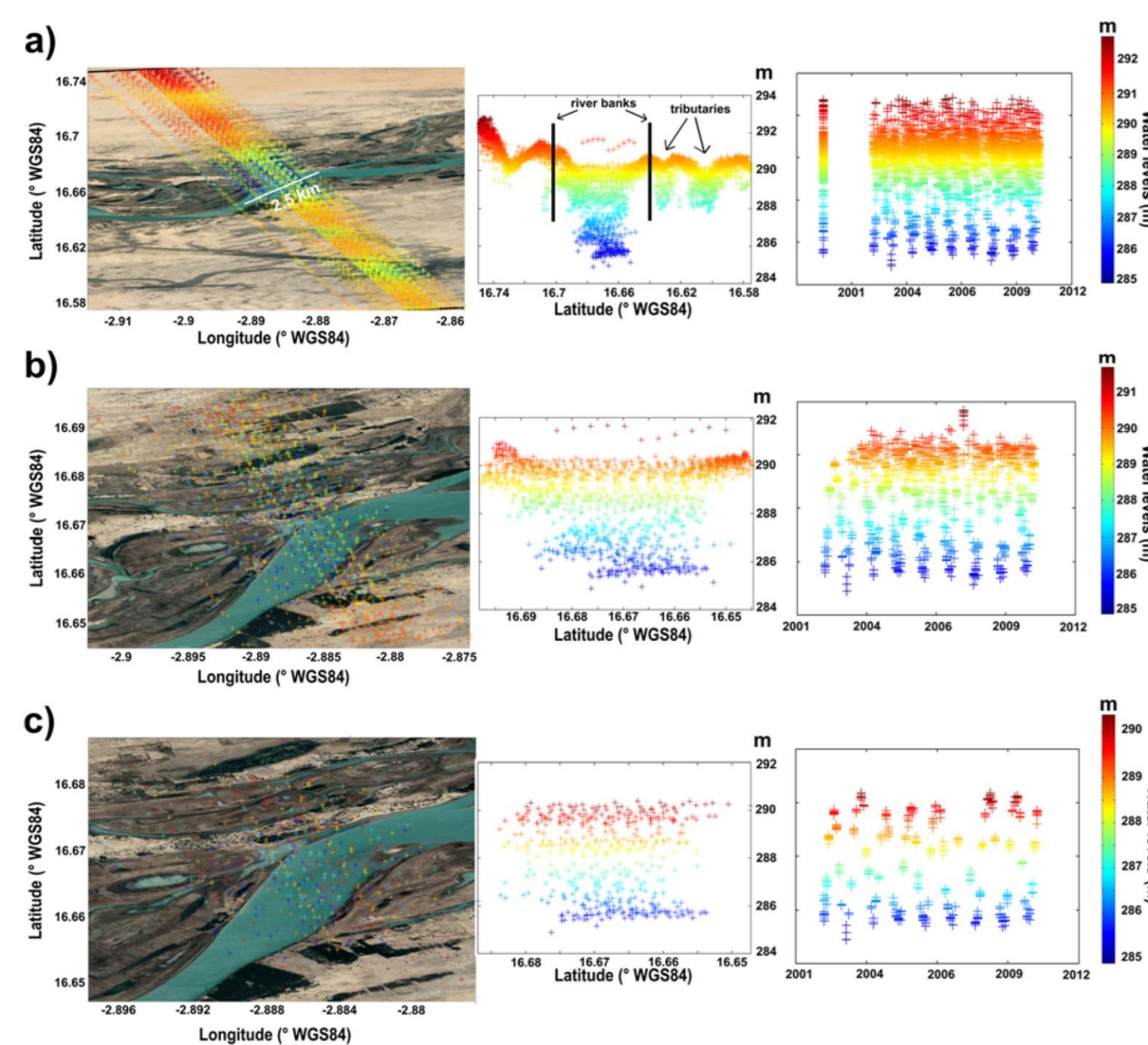
- **Plot several parameters of altimetric measurement** like surface height, altimetric range, atmospheric corrections applied to the range (ionospheric correction and wet and dry tropospheric corrections) as a function of latitude/longitude.
- **Display along-track characteristic parameters of the waveform** like the backscatter coefficient, and peakiness.
- **Using a (Landsat) background map**, easily select altimetric measurements to remove outliers.
- **Generate water height time series** from the valid altimetry data previously selected



Screenshot of AITiS GUI : 4 displays windows in order to edit altimeter measurement graphically



On left-hand side, mean time series computed and its variability associated; on right-hand side, the distributions.



[Normandin et al., Remote Sensing, 2018]

An example of the altimetry data editing in the case of a river in the Inner Niger Delta area :

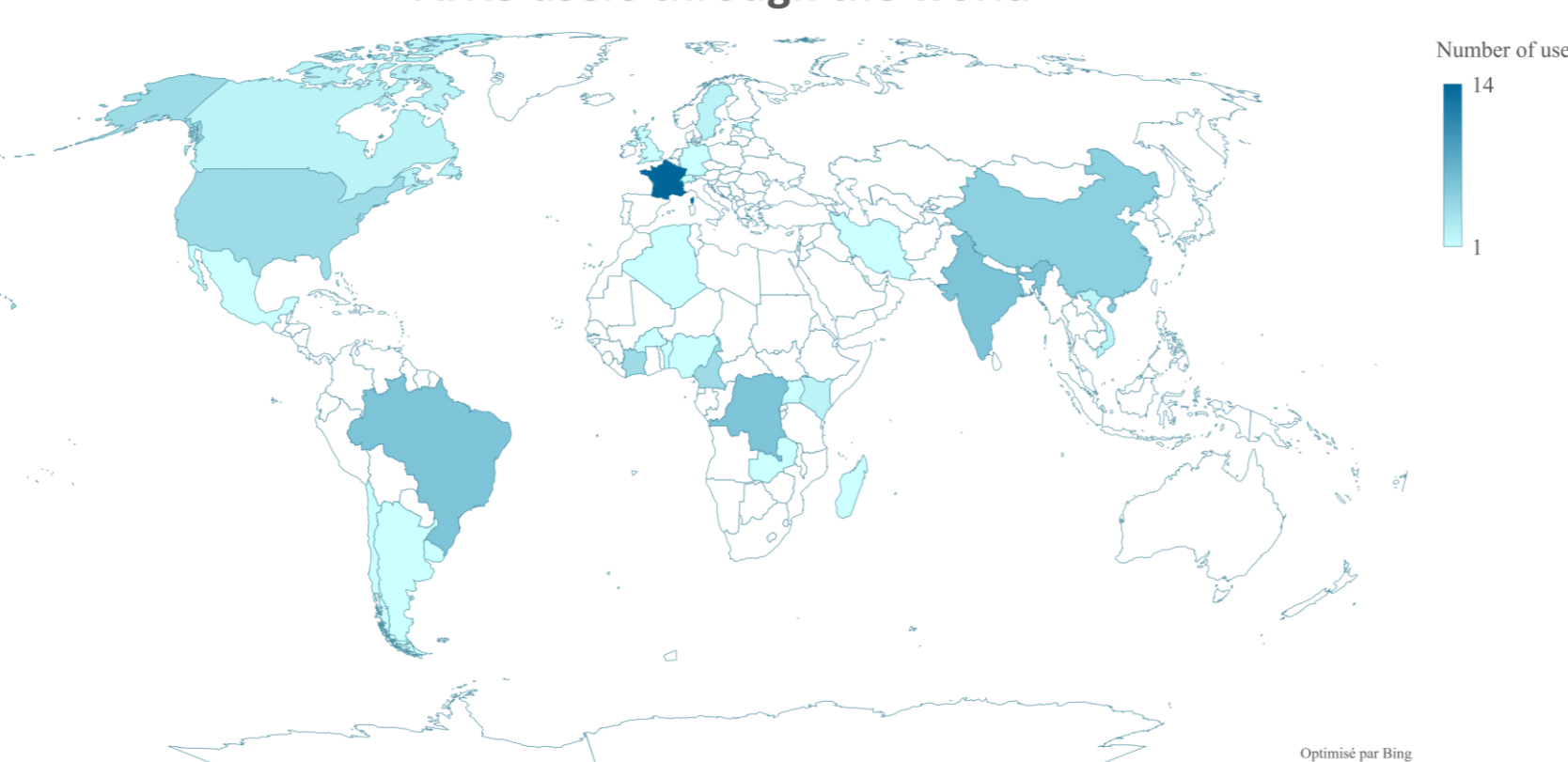
- First, a rough selection of the altimetry data is performed: (a) all altimetry data located a few kilometers away from the center of the river are selected (left panel), the major topographic features, such as hills, river banks, tributaries, etc. can be identified (central panel), temporal variations of the altimetry signal cannot be related to any hydrological signal (right panel).
- Then, a more accurate selection is made; (b) the number of data is decreasing and outliers are removed (left panel), the shape of the river and its temporal variations in width (central panel) and height (left panel) becomes clearer.
- This process is repeated until the final selection is achieved; (c)

A regularly updated documentation is available on the AITiS wiki.



## AITiS users

AITiS users through the world



Today, more than **70 users** of over **21 countries** have processed altimetric data to generate water level time series with AITiS software. It is used for research and training activities.

The CTOH holds its own **AITiS teaching courses for students, engineers and researchers** in the Midi-Pyrénées Observatory in Toulouse, France. In addition, it has created an **AITiS user network** to provide information about software updates and new altimetric products.

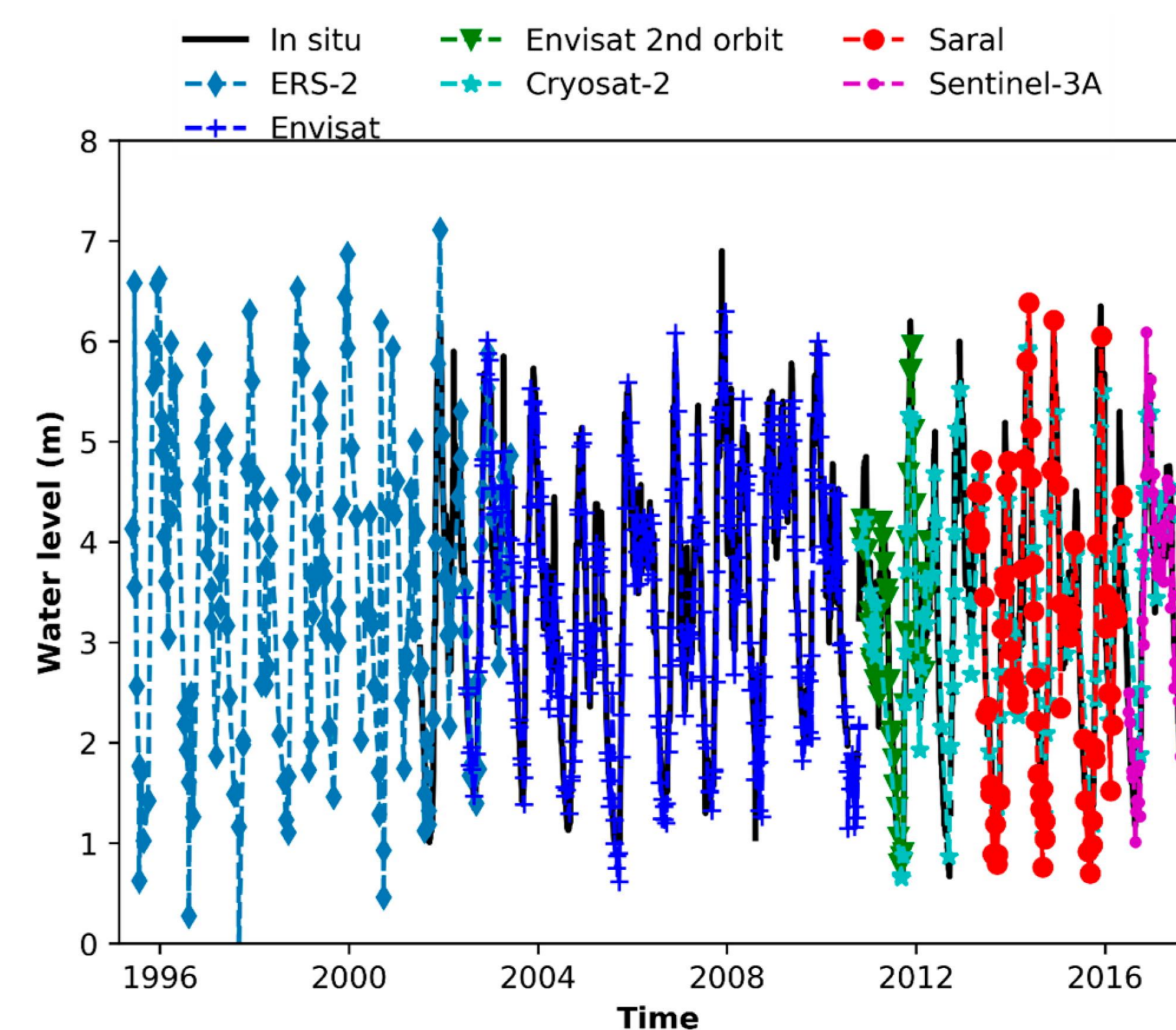
On the current year, the CTOH has already answered more than 220 data requests.



HydroWeb uses AITiS for its research and validation studies.

## Hydrological applications

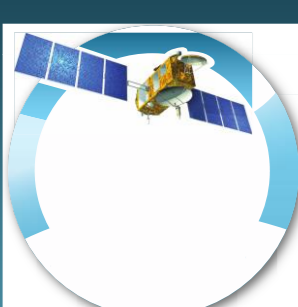
AITiS is mainly employed for **hydrological applications** and can be used for **training courses on radar altimetry** at bachelor or master levels. It is also a very **convenient tool to analyse** the radar altimetry data contained in the GDR over any type of land surfaces.



An example of a time series of water level at **Lambaréné (Ogooué River Basin in Gabon in Equatorial Africa)** from the in-situ gauge record (black continuous line), the **multi-mission altimetry-based** record (ERS-2 data are represented with diamonds, ENVISAT with blue crosses on its nominal orbit and with green triangles on its second orbit, Cryosat-2 with green-blue stars, SARAL with red circles, Sentinel-3 with purple dots) [Bogning, Sakaros, et al., Remote Sensing, 2018].

## Open source software

AITiS is **free software developed by CTOH** as part of its activities as a National Observation Service. AITiS is released as open source under the CeCill License and target GNU/Linux and, Windows 10 operating systems under python3 environment. [AITiS is available on GitLab.](#)



<https://ctoh.legos.obs-mip.fr>



OSTS Meeting, Venice, Italy, 2022