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# ESTUARINE BENTHO-DEMERSAL FISH DYNAMICS IN RESPONSE TO ENVIRONMENTAL PRESSURES: THE CASE OF MARINISATION OF THE LOIRE ESTUARY



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## Context of estuarine marination

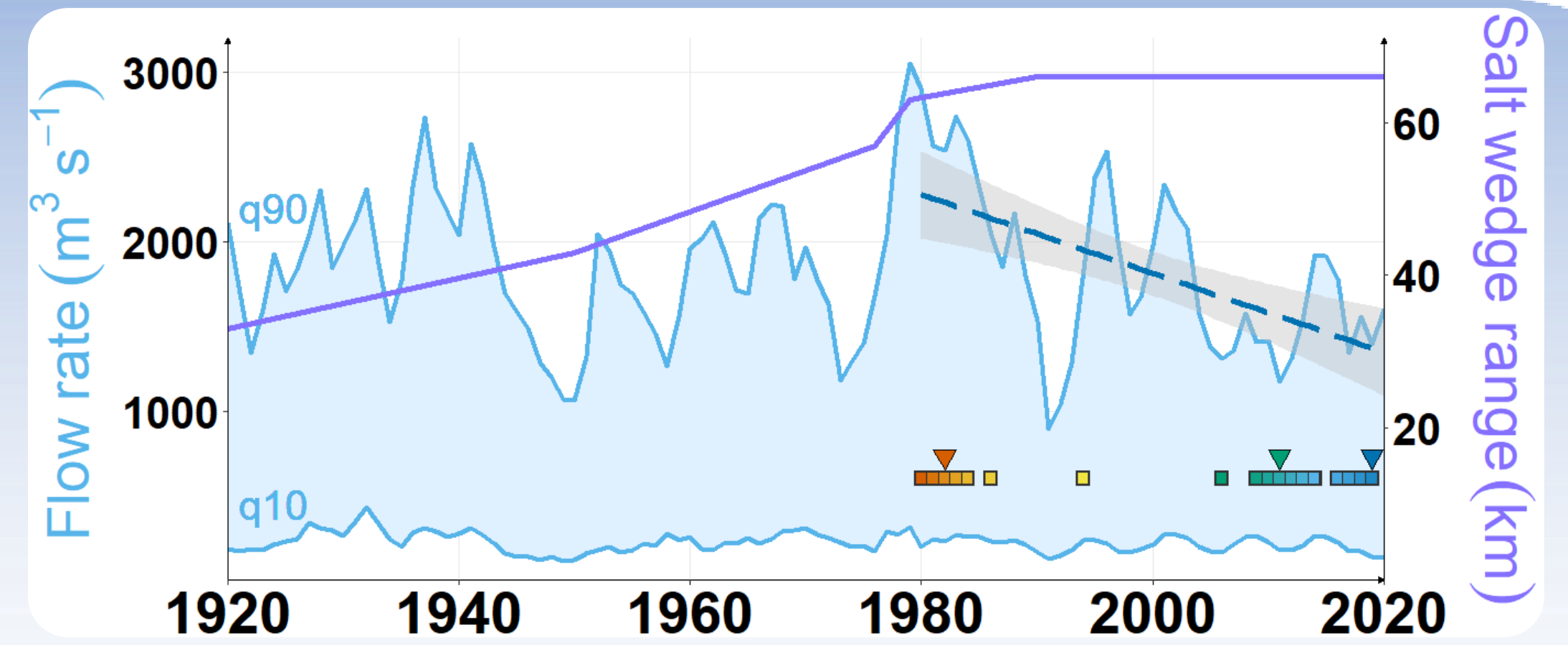
Anthropogenic coastal pressures [1]

Banks damming and channel dredging

Drop in sub-tropical rainfalls [2]

Loire river floods flow rate decrease

Saltwater intrusion in the upper estuarine reaches eased by a linearised riverbed and less fluvial discharge against tidal waves



**FIGURE 1:** Loire estuary salt wedge intrusion (violet line), river flow range (lightblue) and recent decreasing trend (blue dashed line,  $-23 \text{ m}^3 \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \cdot \text{yr}^{-1}$ ). Coloured squares and arrowheads show yearly and monthly data sampling time.

## What modifications did fish community experience since 1980 in a marination setting?

### Methods

Inter-annual analysis of benthic-demersal fish abundance

#### Structural diversity

Hill diversity number [3]

$$qD = \left( \sum_i p_i^q \right)^{1/(1-q)}$$

$q$  : order of sensitivity to common species  
 $p_i$  : proportion of species  $i$

#### Species composition

Freshwater	Estuarine	Marine
<i>A. brama</i>	<i>P. flesus</i>	<i>S. solea</i>
<i>S. lucioperca</i>	<i>O. eperlanus</i>	<i>Pomatoschistus spp.</i>
Others (n = 3)	Others (n = 3)	<i>D. labrax</i>
		<i>T. luscus</i>
		<i>C. lyra</i>
		<i>A. minuta</i>
		<i>M. merlangus</i>
		Others (n = 13)

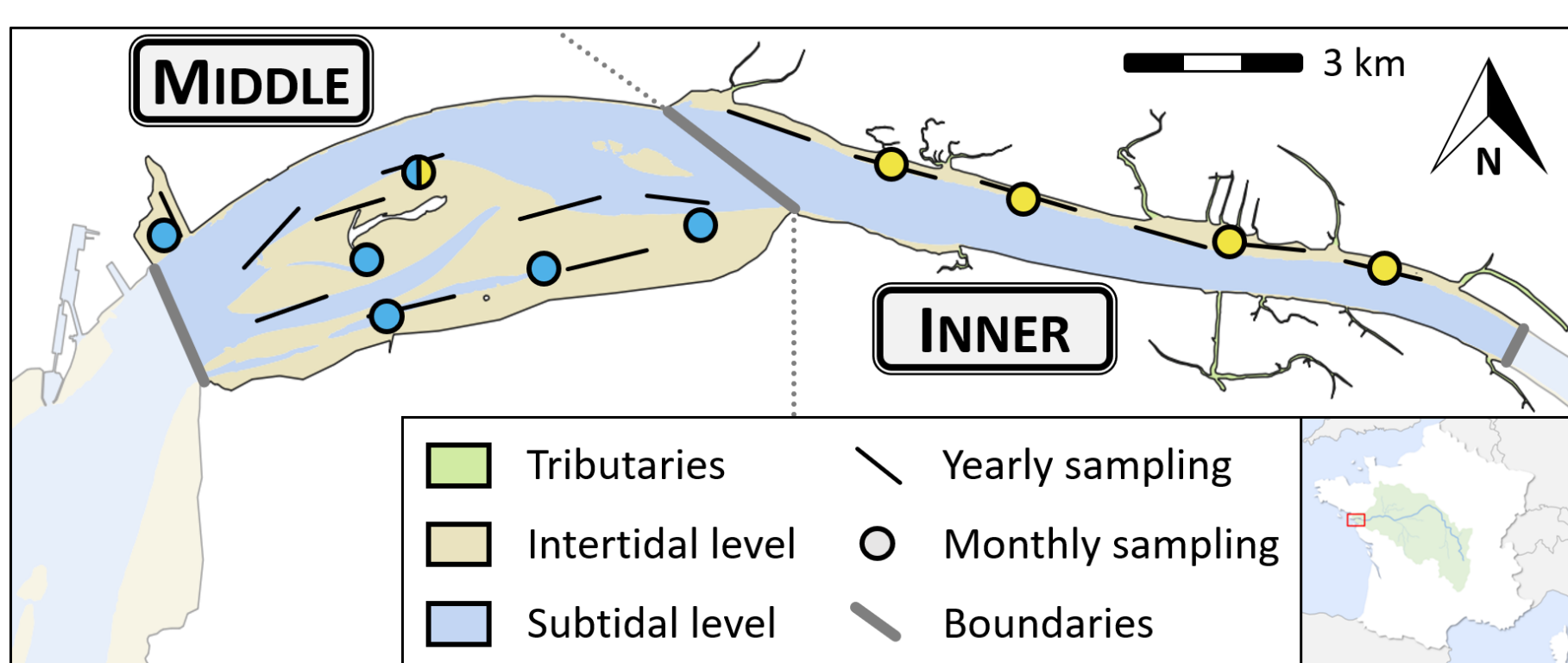
#### Monthly trajectories

Community trajectory analysis [4]

- Pairwise Hellinger distance
- Ordination and classification
- Consecutive states linkage

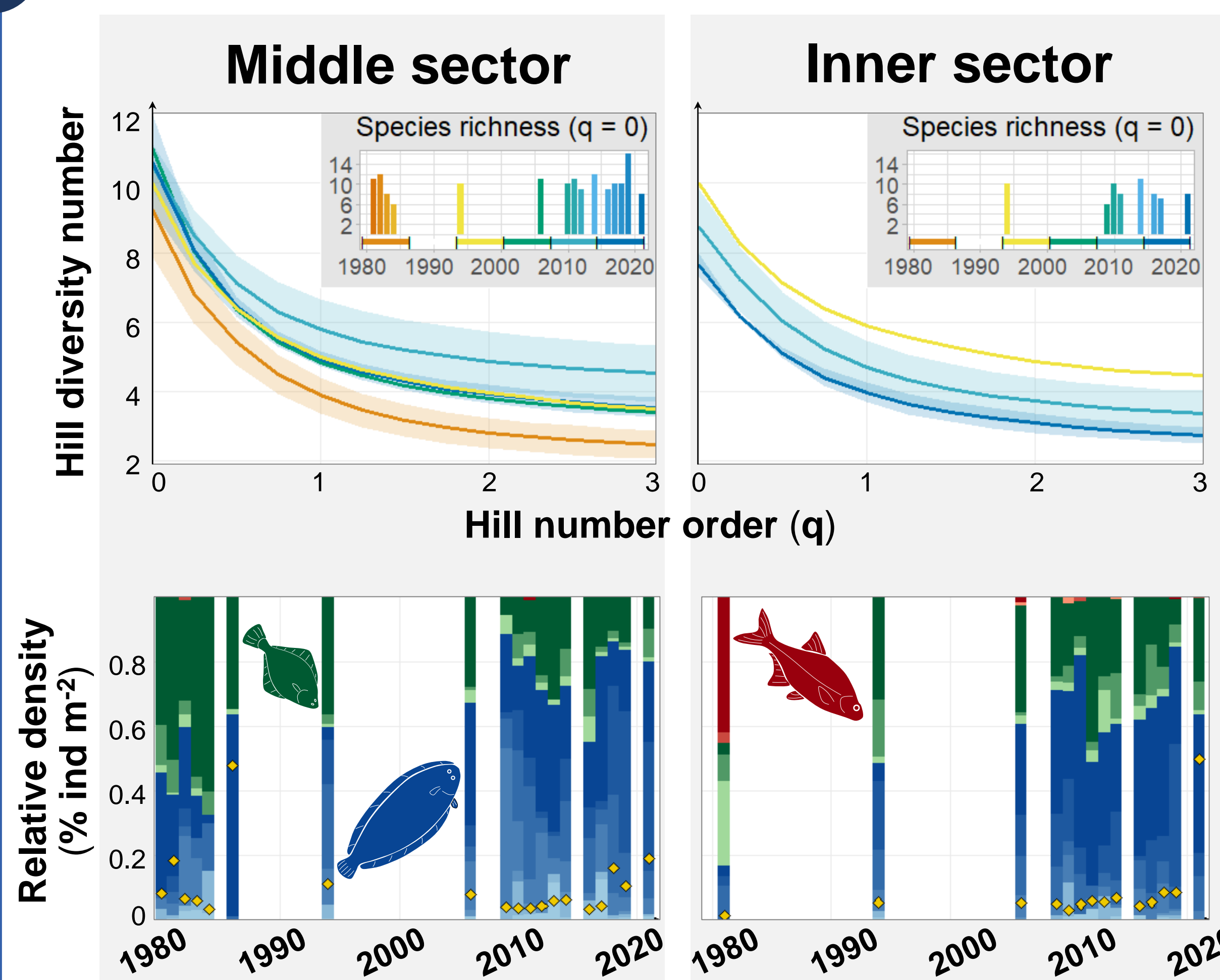
Geometric indices

- Ellipses: amplitude of variability among months
- Lengths: speed of change between months



**FIGURE 2:** Loire estuary studied spatial extent and morphological segmentation. **Middle** sector features vast intertidal mudflats whereas **Inner** sector connects numerous freshwater tributaries. Monthly sampling points are clustered (colours) based on ecological trajectory dissimilarity.

### 1. Variability in fish structural diversity and species composition



**FIGURE 3:** Top: median diversity profiles per six-year ranges with 10<sup>th</sup>-90<sup>th</sup> interpercentile shade. Inset: yearly species richness ( $q = 0$ ). Bottom: proportion of fish species grouped by salinity tolerance. Qualitative mean density as yellow diamonds.

➤ Middle diversity: 1980-86 < 2015-21 < 2008-14

Shift in dominance:  
pre - 2000 → estuarine fish  
post - 2000 → marine fish

➤ Inner diversity: 2015-21 < 2008-14 < 94-2000

Freshwater fish: strong decrease

### 2. Spatial patterns of fish community monthly trajectories

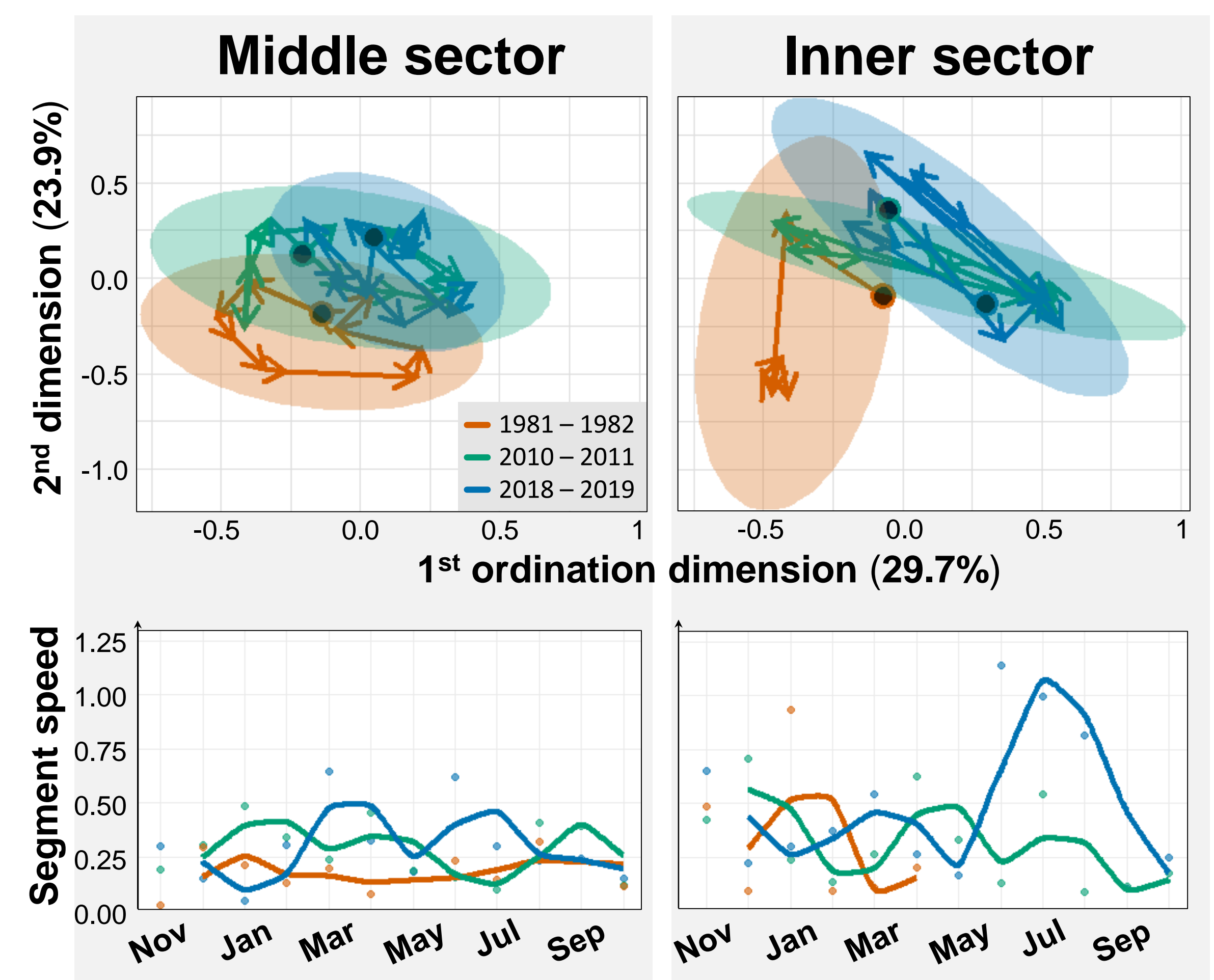
**FIGURE 4 :** Top: mean ecological trajectories and 95% confidence ellipses. Bottom: length of successive trajectory segments (two-month smoothing).

➤ 2011 and 2019 trajectories overlap and partially differ from 1982

➤ Amplitude: Middle sector < Inner sector

➤ Variability: Middle sector < Inner sector

➤ Middle sector variability:  
1982 < 2011 < 2019



#### Consequences of marination

- Increasing diversity in Middle sector: marine fish species replacing poorly diverse estuarine species
- Higher monthly dynamics variability: modifications in seasonal composition and greater disturbances

#### Regional broad-scale viewpoint

- Comparable marination effects in Gironde estuary with increase in marine fish proportion [5]
- Similar pattern in the Seine estuary for supra-benthic invertebrates [6]

#### Research prospects

- Study of annual evolution in seasonal patterns
- Investigating inter-annual dynamics of benthic macroinvertebrates over the same period
- Relationship with estuarine abiotic drivers

[1] Williams *et al.* (2022). Conservation Biology 36: e13874. [2] Sanderson *et al.* (2011). Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A 369: 85-98. [3] Hill (1973). Ecology 54 (2): 427-432. [4] De Cáceres *et al.* (2019). Ecological Monographs 89: e01350. [5] Chevillot *et al.* (2016). Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser. 549: 137-151. [6] Dauvin & Pezy (2013). J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol. 448: 93-103.

Research partnership



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