



HAL
open science

Introductory remarks to the 2022 EurAAc Symposium in Bari

Salvatore Ragusa Di Chiara

► **To cite this version:**

Salvatore Ragusa Di Chiara. Introductory remarks to the 2022 EurAAc Symposium in Bari. *Acarologia*, 2023, 63 (Suppl), pp.1 - 3. 10.24349/kvpe-mofc . hal-04171264

HAL Id: hal-04171264

<https://hal.science/hal-04171264>

Submitted on 31 Jul 2023

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



Distributed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License

Acarologia

A quarterly journal of acarology, since 1959
Publishing on all aspects of the Acari

All information:

<http://www1.montpellier.inra.fr/CBGP/acarologia/>
acarologia-contact@supagro.fr



**Acarologia is proudly non-profit,
with no page charges and free open access**

Please help us maintain this system by
encouraging your institutes to subscribe to the print version of the journal
and by sending us your high quality research on the Acari.

Subscriptions: Year 2023 (Volume 63): 450 €

<http://www1.montpellier.inra.fr/CBGP/acarologia/subscribe.php>

Previous volumes (2010-2021): 250 € / year (4 issues)

Acarologia, CBGP, CS 30016, 34988 MONTFERRIER-sur-LEZ Cedex, France

ISSN 0044-586X (print), ISSN 2107-7207 (electronic)

The digitalization of Acarologia papers prior to 2000 was supported by Agropolis Fondation under the reference ID 1500-024 through the « Investissements d'avenir » programme (Labex Agro: ANR-10-LABX-0001-01)



Acarologia is under free license and distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons-BY

Introductory remarks to the 2022 EurAAc Symposium in Bari

Salvatore Ragusa Di Chiara ^a

^a Università degli Studi di Palermo, Dipartimento di Scienze Agrarie e Forestali, Italy.

Proceedings of the 9th Symposium of the EurAAc, Bari, July, 12th–15th 2022



Dear Colleagues,

I believe we are all very happy to be here in Bari at last and to be able to carry on this ninth EurAAc Symposium in presence. As we all know, we were supposed to be here two years ago, in 2020, but we have gone through many moments of perplexity, worry and great despondency when everything seemed to go against the possibility of holding our conference. We have had to fight enemies we could not foresee: first, the COVID pandemic which has caused so many casualties, has hindered national and international economies and, because of lockdowns, prevented us from meeting as we have been doing since we first established our Association in Amsterdam (Netherlands) in 1987 and there was the first conference in Graz (Austria) in 1988, under the chairmanship of Professor Rheinarnd Schuster. Then of course, the Russian-Ukrainian war broke out and it is still shaking our lives.

Together, we have had to make decisions: for example, we have had to decide whether to hold the Symposium in presence or virtually. This second hypothesis was not convincing, because congresses are much more productive when we can meet and discuss the various scientific issues *de visu*.

Published 07 July 2023

Corresponding author
Salvatore Ragusa Di Chiara 
salvatore.ragusadichiara@unipa.it

<https://doi.org/10.24349/kvpe-mofc>

ISSN 0044-586X (print)
ISSN 2107-7207 (electronic)



Ragusa Di Chiara S.

Licensed under
Creative Commons CC-BY 4.0

OPEN  ACCESS

How to cite this article Ragusa Di Chiara S. (2023), Introductory remarks to the 2022 EurAAc Symposium in Bari. *Acarologia* 63(Suppl): 1-3. <https://doi.org/10.24349/kvpe-mofc>

Naturally, the trickiest problem was the economic one. Given the situation, we had no idea of how many people would be able to participate and, as you know, the registration of participants is extremely important to decide what funds one can rely on. The fewer the participants, the higher the costs, and we did not want to overload those who would come with an excessive fee. Until the end of April we had doubts about the possibility of undertaking the Symposium, and we certainly were very distressed by this uncertain situation.

That was the reason why we asked you to undertake a near engagement of participation so that we might have a rough idea of the resources we might count on. Your prompt positive answers have really helped the organising committee to decide that this congress was conceivable.

And here we are finally and in presence! We thank all of you for the interest you showed in this ninth EurAAC Symposium which all of us have made possible.

About one hundred acarologists from ten countries are here today. Unfortunately, the number of invited speakers has been drastically reduced, because colleagues who had accepted our invitation in 2020 have had to renounce in 2022 for various reasons, and time was too short to invite other colleagues to substitute them.

However, I believe the programme is very interesting and inspiring. In the following four days, issues connected with the various areas of acarology will be dealt with by our colleagues who will highlight the evolutionary processes of acarology, thus strictly connecting their contributions with the title chosen for the conference “Acarology 1.0 to 2.0 –Acarology in changing times”.

The congress will be an excellent platform for scientific and cultural exchanges and will certainly provide young acarologists with a great opportunity to meet scientists of great renown who will doubtless widen their knowledge and possibly inspire them. What we strongly wish is that the new generations will continue and improve our work.

If I can share a personal experience with you, I remember my first International Congress of Acarology in Michigan (USA) in 1978, when I had the opportunity of meeting, and talking to, the ‘big names’ of acarology: McMurtry, Denmark, Krantz, Fletchmann, Schuster, and many others. It was very exciting and stimulating, especially because they were easy-going people, not standing on a pedestal, but sincerely interested in my problems, and above all generous in giving me precious advice. It was as if we had already met many times before and as if we were on the same level. I cannot help remembering Prof. Elihau Swirski, of course, who was also there and who became my master and friend. I do hope young colleagues may have my same fruitful experience in this congress and in other future ones, for the evolution of our research on these small arthropods.

I also have to say that apart from working for the Symposium, the international committee has also worked for another issue of the EurAAC. As a matter of fact, when the Association was founded in 1987, it was founded with, I should say, a private statute, not deposited with the authorities. Therefore, the Association was practically non-existent from a legal point of view. During the pandemic, we decided to fix a statute which has been then deposited with the French authorities, so that the society is now legally recognised.

To conclude, I would like to thank all those who have contributed to ‘build’ this congress, first the University of Bari Aldo Moro that has let us hold the Symposium here, then the entire Organising Committee, the agency ‘Meeting Planner’, and the technicians. Of course, we cannot forget our sponsors who generously helped us financing this event. I am very grateful to all of them for their valuable cooperation.

Last but not least, I would like to express my special thanks to Prof. Enrico De Lillo and Prof. Antonella Di Palma. They have been on my side all the time, suggesting, questioning, discussing each single aspect of the scientific and practical organization of the conference. We have really been suffering together in silence coping with all the obstacles, difficulties and problems we have had to face during this long journey. Without their precious, patient, continuous help, all this would never become real. In trying to reach our goal of holding the

Symposium here today, we have been more tenacious than *Phytoseiulus persimilis* when it wants to reach its prey, the red spider mite.

Once again, I welcome you in Bari and hope you will enjoy your stay in this beautiful historic city. I hope you will appreciate its churches, its monuments, its wonderful food and wine, but I hope you will especially enjoy this ninth EurAAc Symposium. Thank you very much!

The President

ORCID

Salvatore Ragusa Di Chiara  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2301-3264>