

How to monitor and regulate Combined Sewer Overflows?

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How to monitor and regulate Combined Sewer Overflows (CSOs)?

Comment mesurer et réguler les surverses de réseaux unitaires ?

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Background



Co-UDlabs project

- Encourages data-supported assessment of urban drainage systems.
- Examines data collection, curation and publication practices.

Changing legislation Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) monitoring:

- Europe: Urban Wastewater Treatment Directive (UWWTD), new monitoring and "open data" obligations related to CSOs proposed
- England & Wales: since 2021 CSO event duration data publicly accessible
- England (Environment Act 2021):
 - Report on discharges from storm overflows in near-real time
 - Continuously monitor water quality upstream and downstream of CSOs!



England and Wales experiences of openly accessible CSO data



Photo by Dr J. Shucksmith



Whiteley Woods Cso (Yorkshire Water) Is your river fit to play in? Investigate Download Permit number: WRA8517 This map shows where the sewerage network discharges In 2021, this sewer storm overflow spilled 49 times for a total treated sewage and overflows of untreated sewage and storm water into rivers in England & Wales in 2021. Avoid of 528 hours, discharging into the Porter Brook. entering the water immediately downstream of these â discharges and avoid the overflows (brown circles). especially after it has been raining. Use the search box CSO in a popular public or zoom on the map to find your location. Click on the 'Investigate' tab above the map to filter and park, in 2021 spilled 49 view summary statistics by constituency, water company, UNITED KINGDOM and more times, 528 hours Do you want to understand the data better? Learn more here. Or do you have a question about what you see? See ② Zoom to our frequently asked questions. Shocked by this map and want to do something about it? Want to help us include data for Scotland and Ireland? See the road so far. Join us in our fight for healthy, clean rivers and support our campaigns #TogetherForRivers & #End SewagePollution Take Action Nov IRELAND Click the icons below to find out more about the different types of sewage discharges and the associated types of risks Something that doesn't look right? Let us know if you think there is incorrect or missing information by filling in a feedback form Storm overflows with Event Duration Monitoring Number of features

Source: https://experience.arcgis.com/experience/e834e261b53740eba2fe6736e37bbc7b/

Open CSO data used by researchers

Giakoumis and Vouvoulis (2023) paper:

- 82% of CSOs with max. spill duration per system are located at storm tanks and inlets of treatment works
- Chronic under-capacity of English Wastewater systems

Large wastewater systems (=/> 2,000 P.E.)



and their hydraulic capacity as FFT/DWF ratio

3-2 DWF 2-1 DWF $\square < 1 \text{ DWF}$ **3-6** DWF $\square > 6 DWF$



Open CSO data in the press



Water firms discharged raw sewage into English waters 400,000 times last year

Data published for first time by Environment Agency shows 27% increase on previous year



velarium/Alamy https://www.theguardian.com/environment/2021/ mar/31/water-firms-discharged-raw-sewage-intoenglish-waters-400000-times-last-year



Water companies criticised for passing £10bn sewage bill on to customers

Clean water activists say industry's promise to reduce pollution should not be taken on trust

"England's privatised water companies have paid out dividends of £2bn a year on average since they were given the utility debt free more than three decades ago. In 2022, water companies paid shareholders dividends of £1.4bn; up from £540m the previous year"



FEARGAL SHARKEY: The nerve of these water companies to apologise for THEIR failure and then make us pay for it!

What else could we learn from extensive open data? Investigations Uni of Sheffield students

Masters dissertations Ibrahim Alyahya (2022), and Sophie Norman (2022)

- Combine CSO-EDM data, census data, height isolines & river water body catchment (RWBC) boundaries to express CSO-EDM data in scores based on spills number & duration per 10,000 inhabitants.
- Data from 2020, Aire & Calder catchment.

CSO spill frequency	Score
0-10 CSO frequency spills per 10,000 people	1
10–40 CSO frequency spills per 10,000 people	2
40–100 CSO frequency spills per 10,000 people	3
100–200 CSO frequency spills per 10,000 people	4
200–400 CSO frequency spills per 10,000 people	5
>400 CSO frequency spills per 10,000 people	6

CSO spills duration	Score
0–100 Hours CSO spills duration per 10,000 people	1
100-200 Hours CSO spills duration per 10,000 people	2
200-400 Hours CSO spills duration per 10,000 people	3
400-800 Hours CSO spills duration per 10,000 people	4
800–1600 Hours CSO spills duration per 10,000 people	5
>1600 Hours CSO spills duration per 10,000 people	6





Discussion & Conclusions so far

- England & Wales open data highlights quite how poorly systems performing
- Country-wide data powerful in attracting public interest and scrutiny
- England: breakdown of trust in water utilities, scrutiny of privatisation

- Ongoing investigation CSO EDM data in CoUDlabs
- Need widespread evidence for higher level strategies/ideas/policy (see also Pistocchi et al. 2019 work)
- But, what spatial temporal scale data for optimal decisions/management?
- How best to regulate CSOs? Still an open question...!

Acknowledgement





See also session D1, Philippa Mohan: Water quality regulatory assessment considering instrument measurement uncertainty



RESEARCH LABS COMMUNITIES



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