

# Human behaviors and Human-Robot Interaction with a cobot in a collaborative task.

K Bouillet, S Lemonnier, F Clanche, G Gauchard

#### ▶ To cite this version:

K Bouillet, S Lemonnier, F Clanche, G Gauchard. Human behaviors and Human-Robot Interaction with a cobot in a collaborative task.. Human-like Behavior and Cognition in Robots, Oct 2021, virtual platform, France. hal-04123558

#### HAL Id: hal-04123558 https://hal.science/hal-04123558v1

Submitted on 9 Jun 2023

**HAL** is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.













K. Bouillet 1,2, S. Lemonnier 2, F. Clanche 1, G. Gauchard 1

Cobots: robots intended to interact physically with humans, in a shared workplace, with a common goal. (Terveen, 1995)

Musculoskeletal disorders: main issue for industries: more than 80% of 2017. professional diseases in (L'Assurance Maladie, 2017)



Changes in the relationship between operator and task with the cobot

Which repercussions on the employees health?

Analyze the features of the human performance (motor and attentional behaviours)



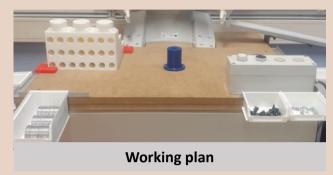
34 participants 22,1±2,0 years old 13 ♀ & 21 ♂ Not familiar with robots

## **Collaborative task:**

Manufacture maximum of products in four minutes in collaboration either...

> ...with a cobot (COB) YuMi cobot

...with a human (HUM) Always the same human







**Motion capture Eye-tracking** 

**Videos & coding** 

First results:

## **Measures:**

#### **Biomechanical:**

•Stance: RULA, trunk flexion, ... •Gesture: hand speed, fluidity, ...

#### **Attentional:**

•Fixations: number, time •Saccades: length

Pupillary diameter

#### **Collaborative task performance:**

Number of products manufactured

#### Fluidity interaction:

Cobot/human actions: inactivity,

activity

Participant actions: inactivity, activity

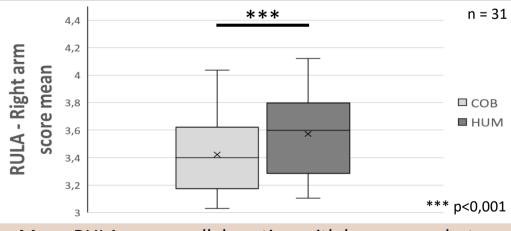
Concurrent actions: collaboration

#### **Collaborative task performance:**

#### 10,0 n = 349,0 mber of products manufactured □ COB 7,0 ■HUM 5,0 \*\*\* p<0.001

Production: collaboration with human > cobot.

#### **Biomechanical (RULA score):**



Mean RULA score: collaboration with human > cobot. Time spent in risk 2: collaboration with cobot > human. Time spent in risk 3: collaboration with human > cobot.

#### **Discussion / Conclusion:**

- •Better production when the collaboration is with a human than the cobot but more risk of developing MSDs.

#### Other results (attentional behaviours, fluidity of interaction) are incoming.

Evaluate the impact of the autonomy of the cobot on the motor behaviour of operators and fluidity interaction:

**Future experiment:** 

- •Manual release: participants lead the cadence of production.
- •Automatic: the cadence is led by the cobot at three different speed: low, medium and high.

<sup>1</sup> EA 3450 DevAH «Développement, Adaptation et Handicap», Vandoeuvre-lès-Nancy, F-54600, France <sup>2</sup> EA 7312 PErSEUs «Psychologie Ergonomique et Sociale pour l'Expérience Utilisateurs», Metz, F-57045, France

- Terveen, L.G. (1995). Overview of human computer collaboration. Knowledge-Based Systems 8:67-81. L'Assurance Maladie. (2017). Risques professionnels (p. 1-160).