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Bias mitigation for collaborative & ethical learning on dynamic data

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Goal

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Problem Statement

- Data growth drives the proliferation of machine learning and distributed machine learning.
- Federated learning (FL) addresses data privacy concerns but worsens bias in models.
- Bias refers to unfairness in model decisions, and privacy constraints in FL hinder traditional bias mitigation approaches.
- FL exacerbates bias, and classical mitigation techniques are not suitable due to privacy constraints.
- Detect similar populations in federated learning (FL).
- Propose population-specific bias detection and correction solutions.

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- Build personalized models for each population to improve generalization.
- Account for FL constraints: decentralized nature, non-IID data, dynamic and privacy.

DML

Federated Learning

Evolution of DML architectures

- Classic DML involves grouping data together and training a distributed ML model, but may not consider data confidentiality or new regulations.
- On-site DML trains pre-trained models on data kept at the client's location, but performance may suffer due to clients not benefiting from each other's learned models.
- Federated Learning enables multiple clients to train the same ML model without sharing data, ensuring privacy and security while improving performance.



FL an overview

- FL was proposed by Google in 2016 to address the challenge of training models on distributed data without compromising data privacy. [2]
- FL is a type of Distributed Machine Learning (DML) approach that emphasizes data confidentiality.
- FL allows clients to participate in model training without sharing data by training the model locally and sending only updates to a central server.



Centralized vs Distributed On-Site vs Federated Learning Architectures [1]

Federated Learning steps [3]

Fairness in Distributed Machine Learning

Why care about bias in distributed machine learning?

Mitigating Bias in DML systems

Definitions

- Fairness: Algorithm output should not disadvantage protected groups.[4]
- Bias: Systematic error leading to incorrect or unfair outcomes. [5]
- Sensitive attribute: Protected characteristic used to define subgroups for fairness analysis.[5]

Fairness in DML vs Fairness in FL [6]





Bias correction techniques

Ongoing Work

- Clustering in federated learning to detect similar subpopulations
- Propose novel bias mitigation techniques

ML paradigm Comparison criteria	Classical Machine Learning	Federated Learning	 Propose nover bias mitigation techniques that takes into account FL constraints Evaluate the proposed approaches on real world datasets
Data	-Full Access to data	-Data remains local	 A basic of the formation of the
	-Homogeneous dataset -Centralized in one location	-Non-IDD data -Distributed among clients	
Source of Bias	 Historical Bias Human Bias Measurement Bias Representation Bias 	Classical one + : - Data heterogeneity -Aggregation -Client selection	
Applicable Bias mitigation techniques	All Techniques are directly applicable	Need to be adjusted to fit FL constraints	