

Comparison of the effect of locking vs standard screws on the mechanical properties of bone-plate constructs in a comminuted diaphyseal fracture model

Michaël Verset, Sophie Palierne, Didier Mathon, André Autefage, Pascal Swider

▶ To cite this version:

Michaël Verset, Sophie Palierne, Didier Mathon, André Autefage, Pascal Swider. Comparison of the effect of locking vs standard screws on the mechanical properties of bone-plate constructs in a comminuted diaphyseal fracture model. 21st ECVS Annual Scientific Meeting, Jul 2012, Barcelone, Spain. pp.E5, 10.1111/j.1532-950X.2012.00988.x . hal-04090448

HAL Id: hal-04090448

https://hal.science/hal-04090448

Submitted on 5 May 2023

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



Open Archive TOULOUSE Archive Ouverte (OATAO)

OATAO is an open access repository that collects the work of Toulouse researchers and makes it freely available over the web where possible.

This is an author-deposited version published in : http://oatao.univ-toulouse.fr/ Eprints ID : 9591

To cite this version:

Verset, Michaël and Palierne, Sophie and Mathon, Didier and Swider, Pascal and Autefage, André *Comparison of the effect of locking vs standard screws on the mechanical properties of bone-plate constructs in a comminuted diaphyseal fracture model.* (2012) In: 21st ECVS Annual Scientific Meeting, 05 July 2012 - 07 July 2012 (Barcelona, Spain).

Any correspondance concerning this service should be sent to the repository administrator: staff-oatao@inp-toulouse.fr.

Comparison of the effect of locking versus standard screws on the mechanical properties of bone-plate constructs in a comminuted diaphyseal fracture model.

M. Verset, S. Palierne, D. Mathon, A. Autefage (Ecole Nationale Vétérinaire de Toulouse, France)

P. Swider (Laboratoire de Biomécanique, CHU Purpan, Toulouse, France)

Introduction

The purpose of this study was to compare the mechanical properties of bone-plate constructs with LCP plates used with either standard screws or with locking screws on an experimental model of comminuted fracture.

Materials and Methods

A model of comminuted fracture (mid-diaphyseal 5-mm gap) was created in ovine tibiae and treated with an 8-hole, 4.5-mm, broad stainless LCP plate with 3 bicortical self-tapping screws in each fragment.

In group 1 (n = 6), 4.5 mm cortical screws were placed in a slightly inner eccentric position and in group 2 (n = 6), 5.0-mm locking screws were used. Quasistatic nondestructive tests were performed in 4-point bending, torsion, and axial compression. A laser scan micrometer continuously measured the width of the osteotomy gap. Extrinsic stiffness of bone-plate constructs (K) was calculated, as well as stiffness loss (Kr) compared with the contralateral tibia. The slope of the load-gap displacement curve (S) was calculated. Results were statistically compared between the 2 groups by a 2-way ANOVA and Tukey's post hoc tests with significance set at P < .05.

Results

In 4-point bending, there were no significant differences between group 2 (G2) and group 1 (G1) for K (G2: 321.9 ± 65.2 kN/m, G1: 286.0 ± 36.6 kN/m), for Kr (G2: $55.4 \pm 10.4\%$, G1: $64.5 \pm 3.9\%$), and for S (G2: 292.0 ± 84.3 N/mm, G1: 271.4 ± 36.2 N/mm). In torsion, there were no significant differences between the 2 groups for K (G2: 122.1 ± 17.1 Nm/rad, G1: 107.3 ± 16.5 Nm/rad) and for Kr (G2: $44.0 \pm 10.3\%$, G1: $55.0 \pm 10.6\%$). In compression, group 2 showed significantly lower K (611.1 ± 104.0 kN/m) and higherKr ($66.5\pm10.3\%$) than group 1 (1019.2 ± 249.5 kN/m; $47.7 \pm 10.8\%$). There was no significant difference between the 2 groups for S (G2: 254.6 ± 72.6 N/mm, G1: 438.2 ± 228.4 N/mm).

Conclusion: Locking screws had no statistically significant effect on the mechanical properties of LCP-plated bones in 4-point bending and torsion compared to standard screws. In axial compression, locking screws induced a significant decrease in global mechanical properties without significant decrease in local mechanical properties of the osteotomy gap.