

International Teaching Adaptation to Pandemic and Sustainability Constrains

Arnaud Delebarre

MINES ParisTech

35 rue Saint Honoré 77305 Fontainebleau Cedex (France)

Tel.: +33 (0)1.64.69.49.00 ou +33 (0)6 77 20 89 30

Mail: arnaud.delebarre@mines-paristech.fr





Context



Engineer School SPEIT in Shanghaï

In Chinese:上海交通大学巴黎卓越工程师学院

上海交通大学巴黎卓越工程师学院 Ecole d'Ingénieurs Paris SJTU

In French: Ecole d'Ingénieurs Paris SJTU

In English: SJTU Paris Elite Institute of Technology

Abbreviation: SPEIT

Created by Shanghaï Jiao Tong University & 4 French Engineer Schools

Mines Paris (PSL University)

Ecole Polytechnique (Institut Polytechnique de Paris - IPP)

Telecom Paris (Institut Polytechnique de Paris - IPP)

ENSTA (Institut Polytechnique de Paris - IPP)

Created in 2012

Inaugurated on 26th April 2013



Context (Ctd)



Engineer School SPEIT in Shanghaï

The French touch and concept of SPEIT:

hiring Chinese students for a 6-year cursus intensive French language learning French teaching contents and methods (projects, controversy,...) 65% teachers from the 4 French schools come on Shanghai campus venue of Chinese students on French campuses large participation of industry: teaching, internship, jury, sponsoring a research year to fulfill Chinese requirements of education

Students obtain one of the three Masters of SJTU at the end in:

Energy Power Engineering Information Engineering Mechanical Engineering

Diploma are habilitated by the Commission des Titres d'Ingénieur (CTI)



Teaching Carbon Balance



Energy Power Engineering: scales of carbon balance

The French touch includes teaching of methods of GHG Balance

CO2 emissions of countries; by activities; Kaya's equation

National inventories & Carbon footprint accounting of exports/imports

Carbon footprint of Organization or Territories

The three scopes of ADEME's method

The data basis use for Carbon Footprint of products and services Examples in industry

Carbon footprint of an individual as a function of the way of living MyCO2 or Datagir websites
2019 before Covid in presence – 2022 after Covid at distance

| | | | | ' 5 | P |
|-----------------------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|
| | | 0,41 | 0,27 | 5,15 | 3,89 |
| Energy (C | 0,08 | 0,28 | 0,28 | 0,29 | 1,33 |
| Vic quotid | | 0,33 | 4.00 | 0,75 | 1,73 |
| Ali mentali | | 2,22 | 2,22 | 3,09 | 1, 85 |
| Emissias Indirects | 2,89 | 2,89 | 7,89 | 2,89 | 2,89 |
| Total | 8,92 | 6, 13 | 6,66 | 12,17 | 11,66 |
| Moyema | (6,7 | 6,7 | 6,7 | 4,7 | |
| Hoyenne Shanghai | 11'+ | 11,3 | 11,7 | 11,7 | 7,22 |

| Initiale French First Name | Alimentation | Transports | Logement | Services Publics | Divers | Numérique | TOTAL |
|----------------------------|--------------|------------|----------|------------------|--------|-----------|-------|
| C | 2,6 | 1,7 | 1,1 | 0,71 | 0,33 | 0,16 | 6,6 |
| Rpl | 2,9 | 0,55 | 0,26 | 1,1 | 0,49 | 0,21 | 5,6 |
| Y | 2,7 | 1,6 | 1,1 | 0,46 | 0,41 | 0,3 | 6,6 |
| J | 2,8 | 0,49 | 0,34 | 1,1 | 0,08 | 0,05 | 4,9 |
| A | 2,4 | 2,2 | 1,1 | 0,42 | 0,26 | 0,06 | 6,4 |
| V | 2,9 | 3,2 | 0,43 | 1,1 | 0,3 | 0,08 | 8 |
| Rld | 2 | 1,7 | 2,9 | 1,1 | 0,68 | 0,19 | 8,7 |
| 0 | 1,7 | 0,34 | 1,3 | 1,1 | 0,4 | 0,27 | 5,1 |
| Rbt | 3,3 | 1,1 | 0,52 | 1,1 | 0,61 | 0,21 | 6,8 |
| T | 3,8 | 0,2 | 4,1 | 1,1 | 0,34 | 0,05 | 9,6 |
| Moyenne | 2,7 | 1,3 | 1,3 | 0,9 | 0,4 | 0,2 | 6,8 |
| Prof | 2,8 | 2,6 | 2,2 | 1,1 | 0,64 | 0,22 | 9,6 |



Teaching Carbon Balance (Ctd)



SPEIT Carbon Balance: ADEME method (before COVID)

Introduction SPEIT

- École d'ingénieur de SJTU-ParisTech (SJTU ParisTech Elite Institute of <u>Technology</u>, SPEIT) fondée en 2012
- Située en banlieue de la ville de <u>Shanghaï</u>, Chine

Année scolaire 2016 - 2017

| Élève | 398 |
|--------------------|-----|
| Permanent chinois | 35 |
| Permanent français | 15 |
| Professeur externe | 41 |
| Total | 489 |



Méthode d'ADEME de bilan carbone

Scope 3 calculé 1. Emissions directes des sources fixes de 8. Emissions liées à l'énergie non 10. Immobilisations de biens combustion incluse dans les catégories « 11. Déchets émissions directes de GES » et « 2. Emissions directes des sources mobiles à émissions de GES à énergie indirectes 12. Transport de marchandise moteur thermique amont 3. Emissions directes des procédés hors 9. Achats de produits ou services 14. Actifs en leasing amont 13. Déplacements professionnels 4. Emissions directes fugitives 15. Investissements 16. Transport de visiteurs et de clients 17. Transport de marchandise aval 5. Emissions issues de la biomasse (sols et forêts) 22. Déplacements domicile travail 18. Utilisation des produits vendus 23. Autres émissions indirectes 19. Fin de vie des produits vendus 6. Emissions indirectes liées à la consommation d'électricité 20. Franchise aval 7. Emissions indirectes liées à la 21. Leasing aval consommation de vapeur, chaleur ou froid



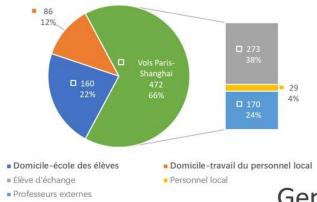
Teaching Carbon Balance (Ctd)



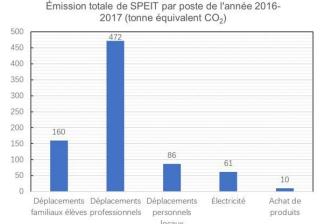
SPEIT Carbon Balance: ADEME Method before Covid

Summary Mobility Emissions (tCO2/y)

Transport (Année 2016-2017)



General balance: 789 tonnes CO₂e/an





Improving Carbon Balance



Improving the Carbon Balance before and during COVID

Save power+Double Glazing+LED+Standby+...

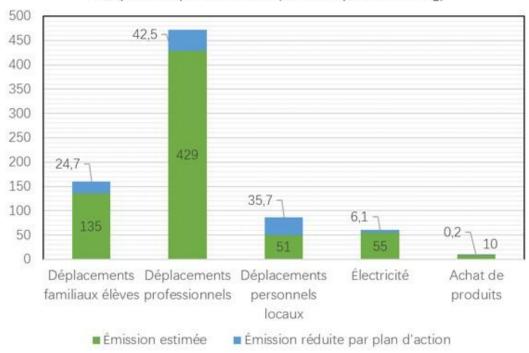
House to work journey of students and locals in public transports

Transfer of some teaching tasks to local teachers vs French

New technologies: e.g. MOOC

Students: fast trains vs cars

Émission totale de SPEIT de l'année 2016-2017 en adoptant le plan d'action (tonne équivalent CO₂)





Carbon Balance and Covid



Improving the Carbon Balance before and during COVID

Students often confined in dormitorium; some in France: semester & double diploma All French teacher journey France-Shanghaï canceled (cost+quarantine issue)

Course of French teachers by Zoom sessions + MOOC + Project Work

1.5 kg CO2eq/hr of videoconference; 6 to 157 gr CO2eq/hr.user, video off or on





Carbon Balance and Covid (Ctd)



Issues to addressed in SPEIT <u>during</u> COVID

Exchanges of students between China and France maintained:

SPEIT model at least 1 semester in France. Student demand & CTI criteria

Motivation and/or objection/resistance/activism of teachers:

Remuneration by displacements (per diem) changed in wages from China Remuneration from China incompatible with some statutory rules and Few resignations of teachers: disagreement/oponent to teaching at distance Teacher faces a grid of black screen student (camera off and micro mute) More project work: improving CTI's recommendations

Motivation and objection/resistance of students:

Good attendance to zoom courses: passive to active by method changes Less passive attendance: more project work under teacher guidance with time. Spring Semester of 2020+Academic Years 20/21 and 21/22....

Less carbon but dehumanisation during 2.5 years: no colleague meetings; no diploma ceremony; PhD low recruitment.

© (1) (\$) (9) (BY NC SA

Conclusion



Carbon or Covid?

XI Jinping re-elected

Politic 0-Covid will remain or not: economical growth vs contamination

Jean-Marc Jancovici is used to say that to achieve the objectives of Paris agreement of 2015 (COP21):

We need a Covid every year, to reduce CO2/GHG emissions

Education certification and deployment

Extrapolation to international subsidiaries of establishement abroad

- CTI or equivalent certifications
- CO2 constrains if quotas or taxes or cost of travels increases

Extrapolation to national situation:

- university cannot afford power invoices
- students and families cannot afford costs of accomodation and tuition fees

A zero campus system for social and environnemental reasons?

