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REGSOLEXpert : Entrainer Selection Tool for Waste Solvent Recovery by Batch Distillation Processes

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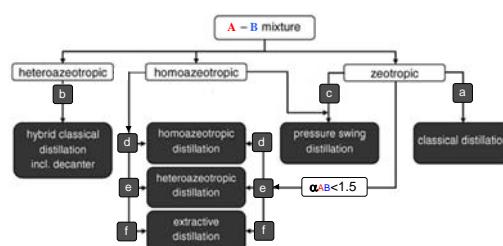
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Objective: General procedure to systematize the search of several alternatives enabling the separation of non-ideal binary mixtures such as pressure-swing distillation, azeotropic and extractive distillation.

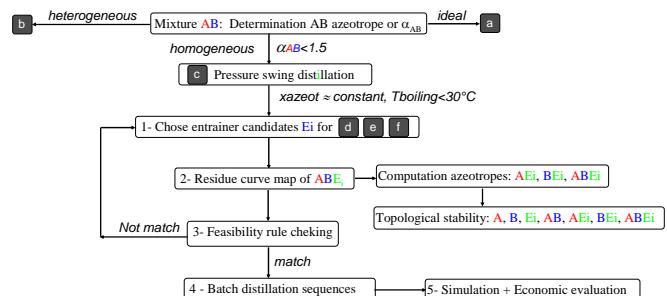
REGSOLEXpert

- ✓ A wizard computer tool including 224 feasibility rules, and 326 batch azeotropic and extractive distillation processes.
- ✓ Systematic checking for each entrainer candidate for determining its feasibility to be used in rectifying or stripping batch column.
- ✓ A list of potential homogeneous and heterogeneous entrainers **E** in an optimal time for separating **A** and **B** as any industrial mixture.

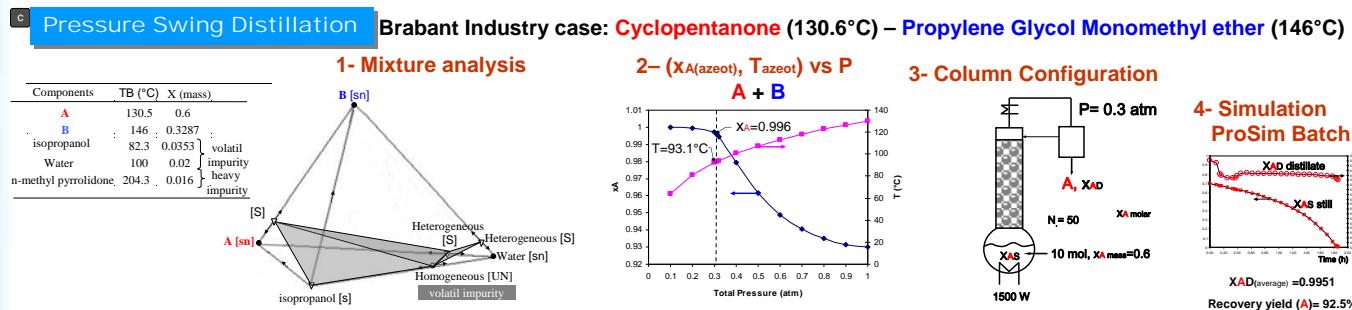
Strategy for solvent recovery by distillation



REGSOLEXpert software algorithm



Industrial Applications



Extractive Distillation (HEBD)

Chloroform (A) 61.1°C + **Methanol (B)** 64.5°C + **Water (E)** 100°C

USE: Extraction of bioactive substances from biological sources

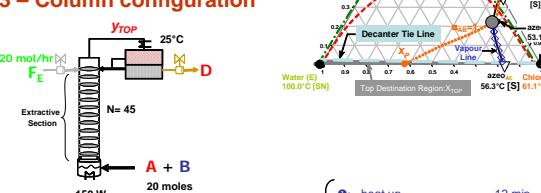
TMIN Azeotrope: T = 53.5 °C, X_A = 0.65 r_A^*/r_B^* = 0.19

1 - Selecting Entrainer with RegSolExpert®

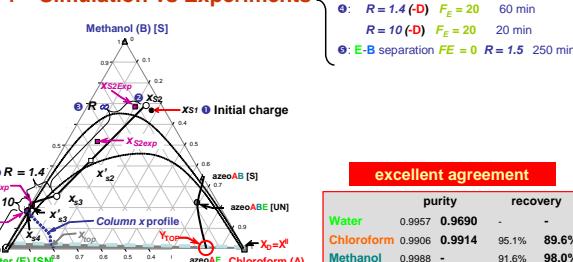
Entrainer	Tb (°C)	r_A^*/r_B^*	Process	Rejection
Acetic acid	118	1.87	BED	1, 3
Allyl alcohol	97	1.23	BED	1, 2, 3
Aliphatic Alcohols	96 - 118	≈1.50	BED	3
Water	100	39%	HBED	-
n-Butyl acetate	126.5	0.11	BED	3
Furfural	161.4	0.42	BED	1, 2, 3
Pyridine	115.2	0.52	BED	1, 2, 3
Nitrobenzene	210.6	0.05	BED	1, 2, 3
4-methyl-2-pentanone	116.7	0.18	BED	2, 3
Methyl cyclohexane	101	0.02	HBED	2, 3

2 - Residue Curve Map

3 - Column configuration



4 - Simulation vs Experiments



excellent agreement

purity

	Water	Chloroform	Methanol
initial charge	0.9957	0.9690	-
Water (E) [SN]	0.9906	0.9914	95.1%
Chloroform (A) [SN]	0.9988	-	99.1%
Methanol (B) [SN]	-	0.9896	98.0%

Acetonitrile (A) 81°C + Water (B) 100°C + Heterogeneous (E)

USE: Liquid chromatography separation in pharmaceutical industry

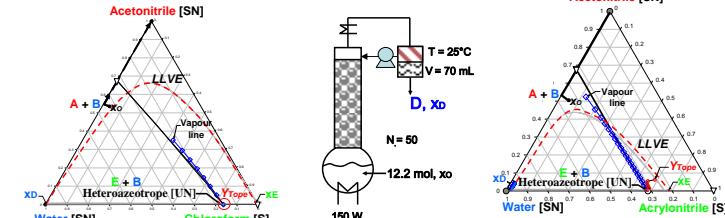
TMIN Azeotrope: T = 77 °C, X_A = 0.67

1 - Selecting Heterogeneous Entrainer with RegSolExpert®

Initial List: 55 candidates from several chemical families (DIPPR database)

Heterogeneous E: Acrylonitrile and Chloroform form unstable heteroazeotrope with H₂O

2 - Residue Curve Map and 3 - Column configuration



4 - Simulation vs Experiments

	Chloroform	Acrylonitrile
x_{water}	0.9996	0.946
R_{water}	97.8%	$x_{water} = 0.946$
x_{chloro}	92.6%	$R_{chloro} = 89\%$
x_{acryl}	92.6%	$x_{acryl} = 0.6916$
x_{acryl}	81%	$R_{acryl} = 69\%$
x_{acryl}	99.45	$x_{acryl} = 0.992$
R_{acryl}	99.2%	$R_{acryl} = 95.6\%$
R_{acryl}	-	$R_{acryl} = 91.8\%$

CONCLUSIONS

- Pressure swing distillation is a privileged option. It doesn't involve additional entrainer. Simple performance in one or two batch distillation column operating at different pressures.
- Heterogeneous entrainers have a more privileged position than homogeneous. Higher number of ternary diagram match with feasible rules
- Heterogeneous entrainers in HABD: little amount of entrainer, separatrix can be crossed by the still path, simplest batch distillation sequence, more flexible reflux policy (entrainer-rich phase or both decanted phases)
- Heterogeneous entrainers in HABD: Complex ternary residue curves are feasible, withdrawal of saddle binary heteroazeotrope at the column top by feeding E at the top of the column , more flexible reflux policy as HABD
- Water seems a promising candidate for treatment organic wastes by HEBD and HABD. cheap, non toxic, non pollutant