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# Fe-based Single Atom Electrocatalyst Structure Probed by X-ray Emission Spectroscopy

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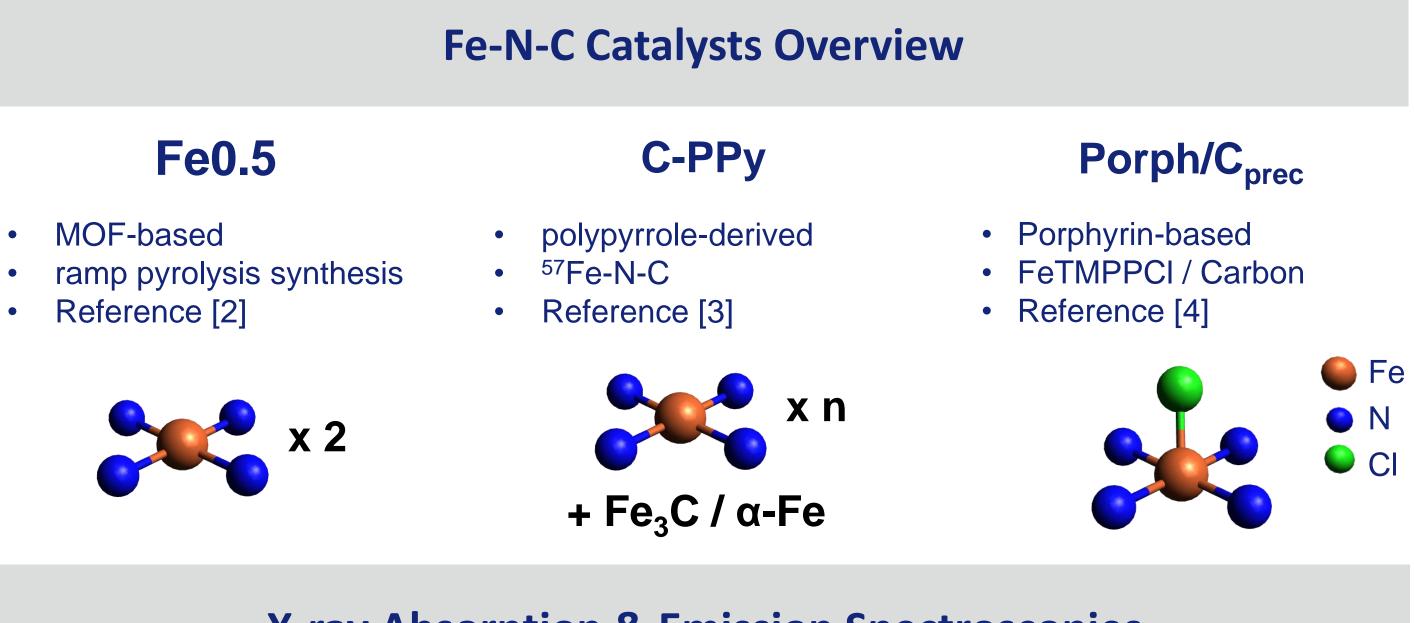
viktoriia.saveleva@esrf.fr

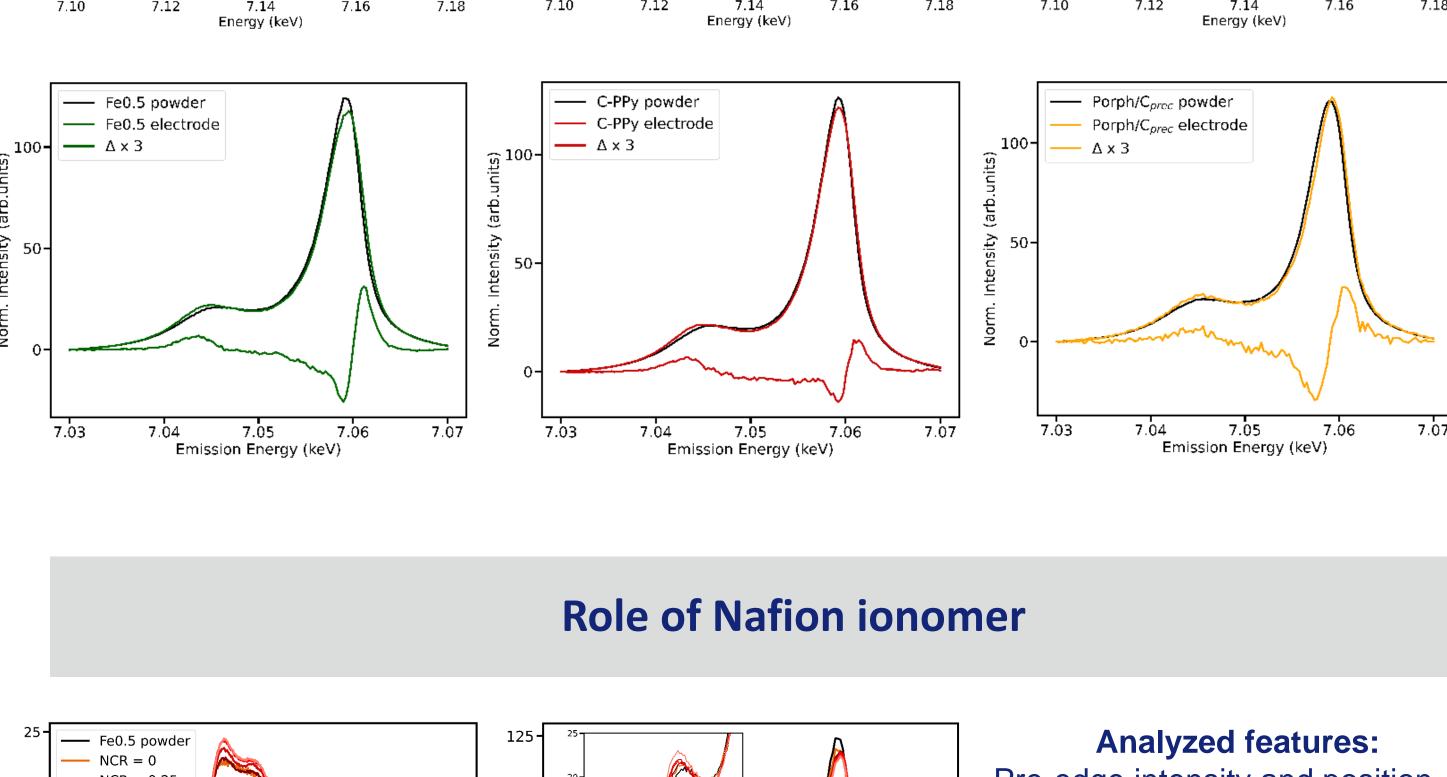
Evaluation of the electrocatalyst performance data includes an electrode preparation step. In this work, we compare the structural composition of several Fe-N-C materials prepared via different synthesis routes and used to electrocatalyze the oxygen reduction reaction in proton-exchange membrane fuel cells, before and after catalyst layer preparation using high energy resolution fluorescence detected X-ray absorption (HERFD XANES) and X-ray emission spectroscopies (XES). The measurements were performed at beamline ID26 of the European synchrotron (ESRF).

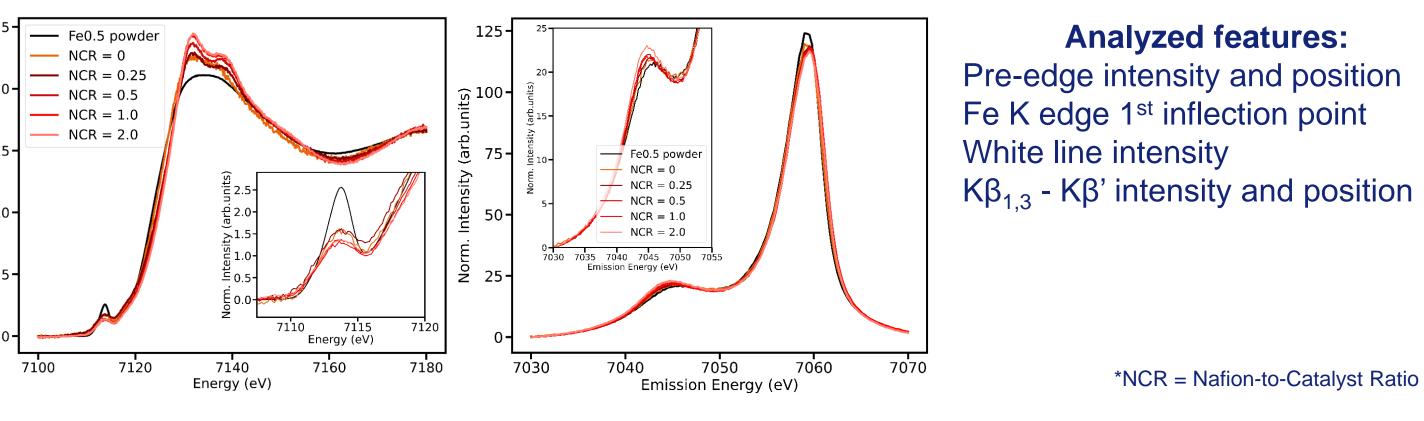


Porph/C<sub>prec</sub> electrode

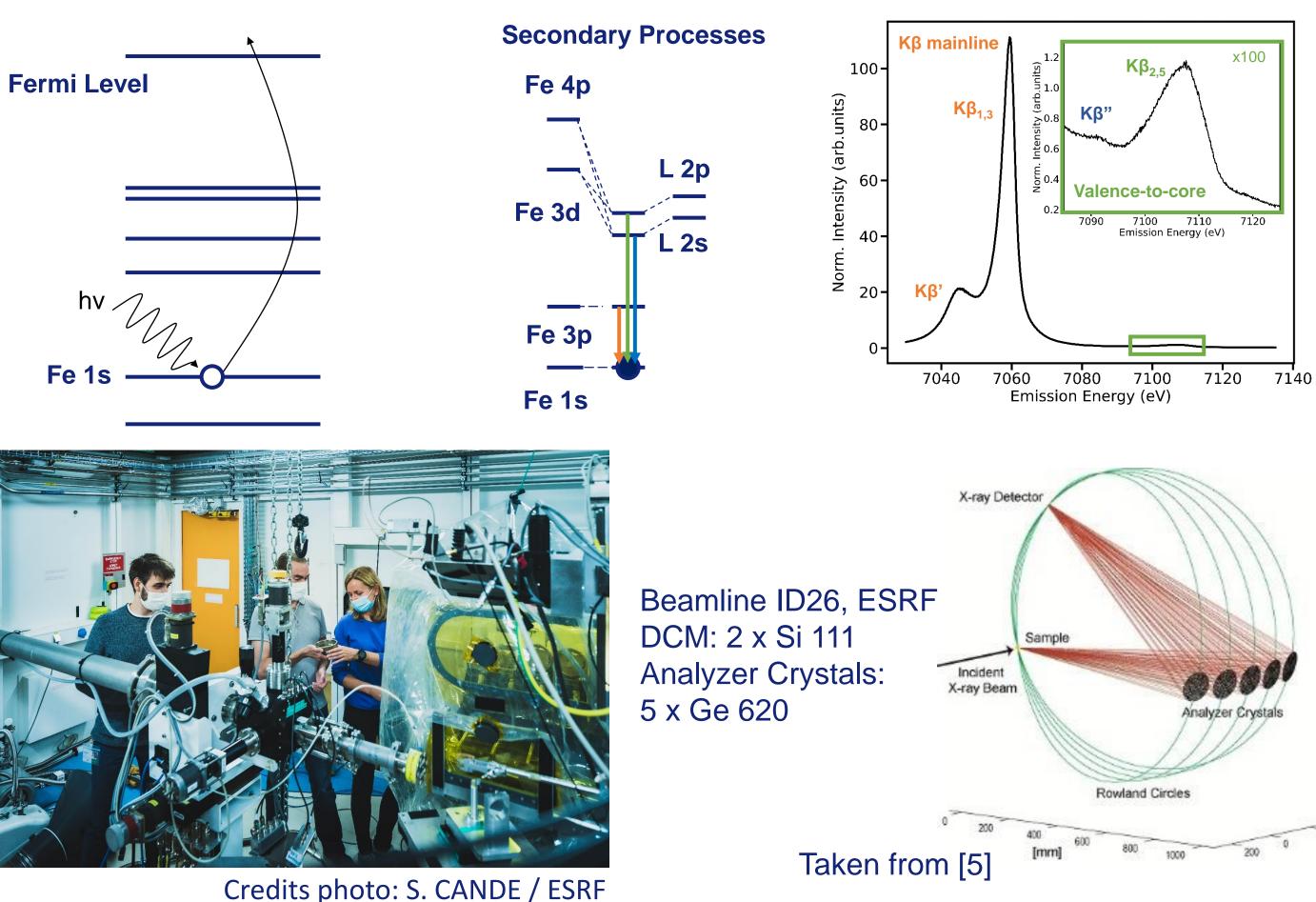
#### Powder vs Electrode: Kβ HERFD XANES & XES Overview — C-PPy powder — Porph/C<sub>prec</sub> powder --- Fe0.5 powder Glassy-carbon supported — C-PPy electrode ---- Fe0.5 electrode electrode 0 7.115 Energy (keV) 0 7.115 Energy (keV) 7.14 7.14 7.14 7.16 N-protonate Energy (keV) Energy (keV) — C-PPy powder --- Fe0.5 powder Porph/C<sub>prec</sub> powder --- Fe0.5 electrode — C-PPy electrode Porph/C<sub>prec</sub> electrode — Δ×3 — Δ×3 ΔхЗ **Catalyst Ink** In-plane active sites Edge active sites (N-graphitic, Fe-N3, Fe-NxCy, FeN4, etc.) (N-pyrrolic, N-pyridinic, N+, Fe-N2+2, Fe-N2, etc.) Water Taken from [1] • i-PrOH Catalyst coated membrane Nafion Fe-N-C-based electrodes 7.03 7.05 7.07 7.07 7.03 7.05 7.04 7.03









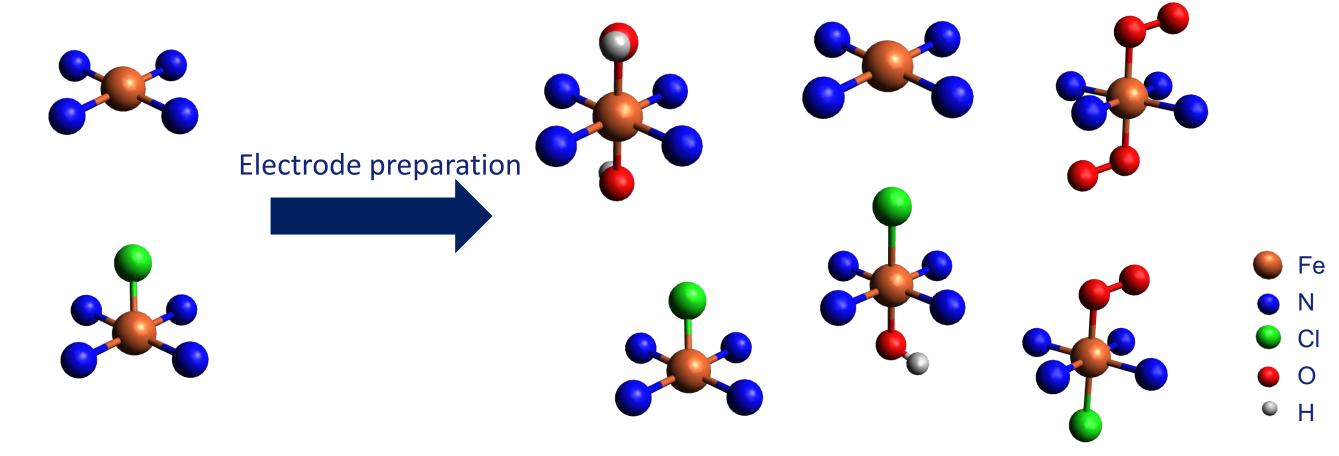


 FeN<sub>x</sub> sites structure partially evolves from square planar (or square pyramidal) to octahedral by adding  $-O_2$  /-OH bond(s)

**Conclusions** 

- This change is universal for Fe-N-C materials, the magnitude of change varies with catalyst initial composition
- Nafion presence enhances the formation of oxygenated ligands in the ink.

This aspect should be taken into account when discussing the catalyst structure – activity - stability/durability correlation(s) as well as analyzing in situ/operando measurements performed on these materials, where one should consider the electronic state of Fe in the prepared electrode and not in the catalyst powder.



## References

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