

#### Compensatory movement of the tongue for speech production with or without masking noise

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# COMPENSATORY MOVEMENT OF THE TONGUE FOR SPEECH PRODUCTION WITH OR WITHOUT MASKING NOISE



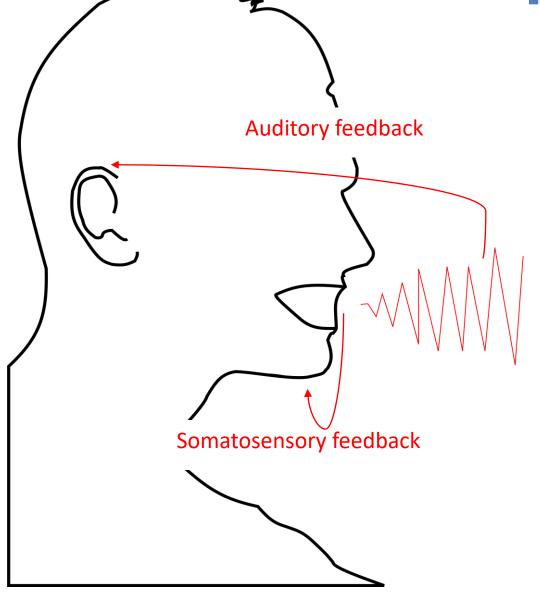






# Introduction

### **Sensory feedback for speech** production



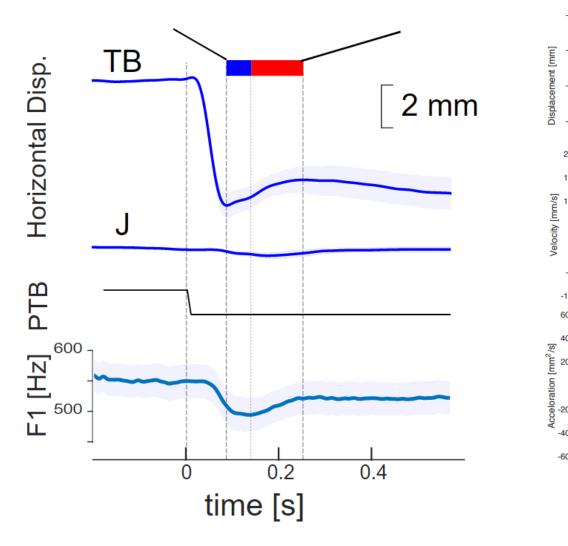
Somatosensory and auditory inputs play an important role in speech production (Guenther and Hickok, 2015).

Speech somatosensory goal can be achieved even in the absence of auditory error

(Tremblay et al. 2003).

# **Compensatory movement of the tongue**

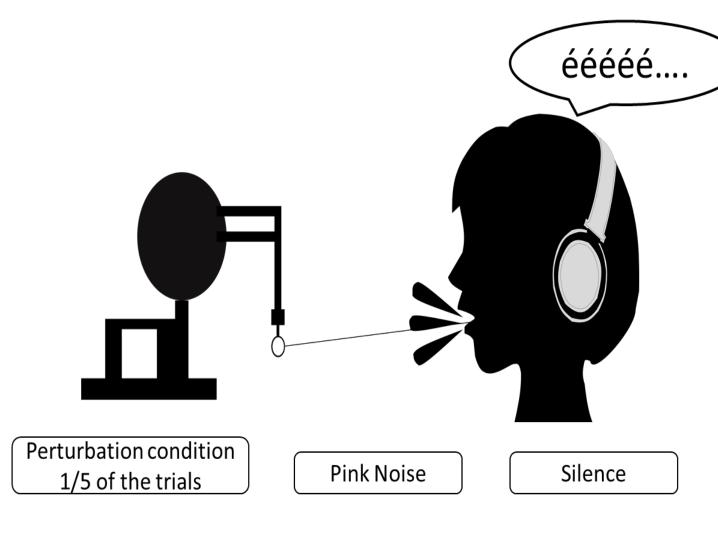
The tongue showed quick compensatory working response for stabilizing the tongue contour and maintaining the resultant produced **SOUND** (*Ito et al. 2020*).



This compensatory response may be driven by somatosensory feedback alone.

# **Methods**

Subjects: 12 native French speakers Trials : 3 sessions of 50 trials (+ 5 control trials)



Speech Task: whispering 'the vowel /e/ for 3.5 sec after the presentation of green circle.

Tongue Perturbation: Stepwise pattern (1 N for 1 s) at TP in randomly selected 1/5 of the trials.

Auditory masking and no masking conditions were tested in random order.

Produced sound and articulatory movement were recorded through the Wave system

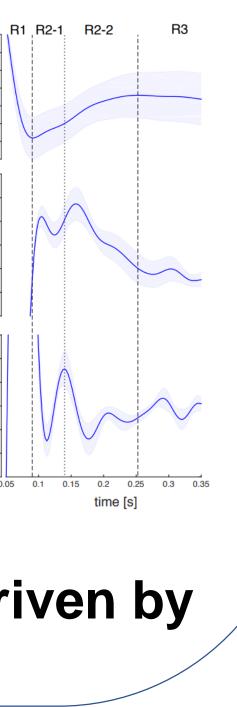
Morgane Bourhis<sup>1</sup>, Pascal Perrier<sup>1</sup>, Christophe Savariaux<sup>1</sup>, Takayuki Ito<sup>1,2</sup>

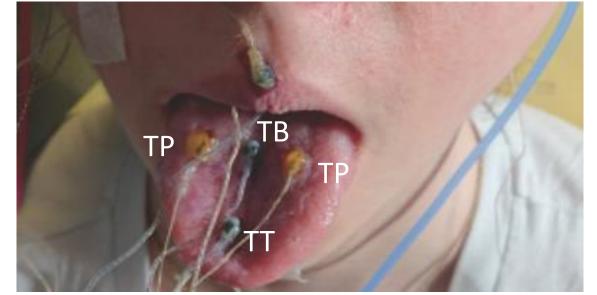
**Objective** 

Does a perturbation of the tongue during speech production induce compensatory response in the absence of auditory feedback?

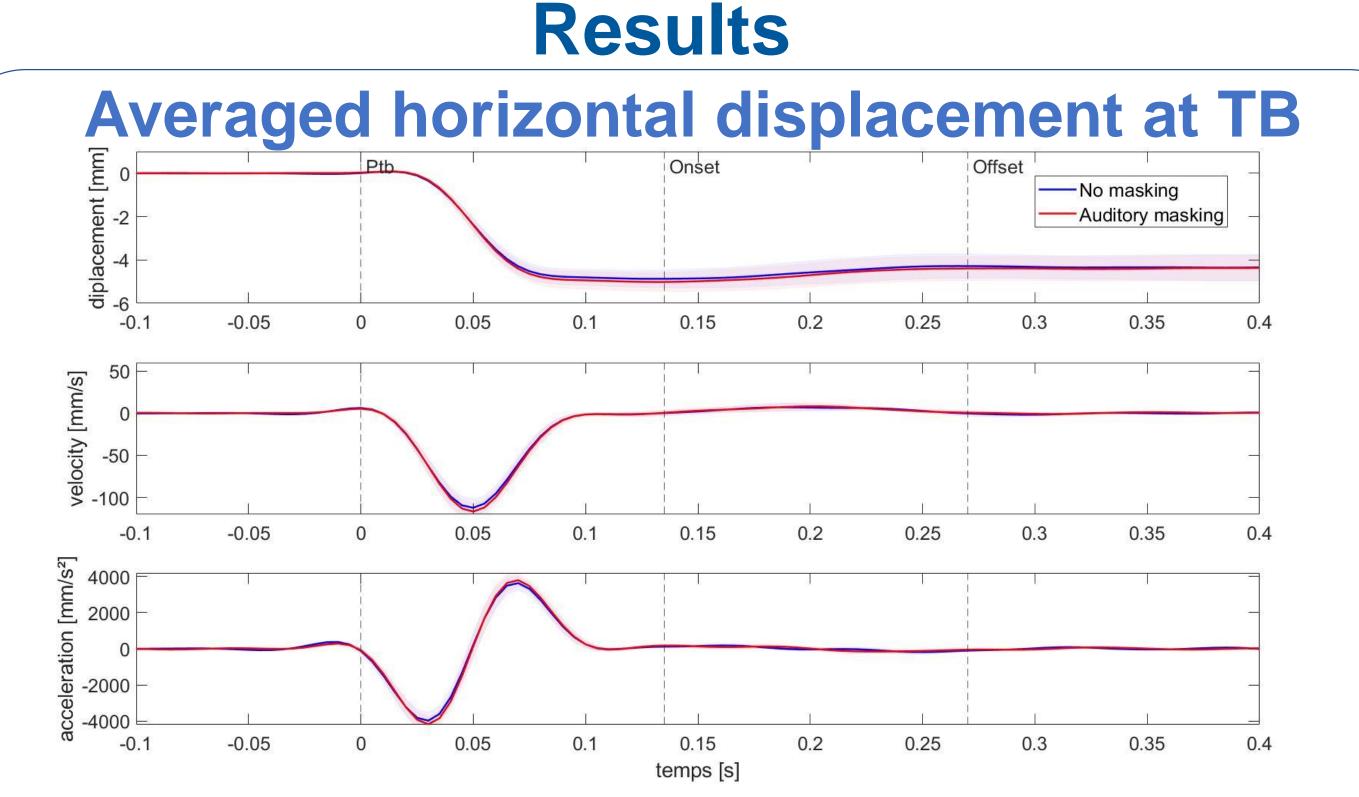




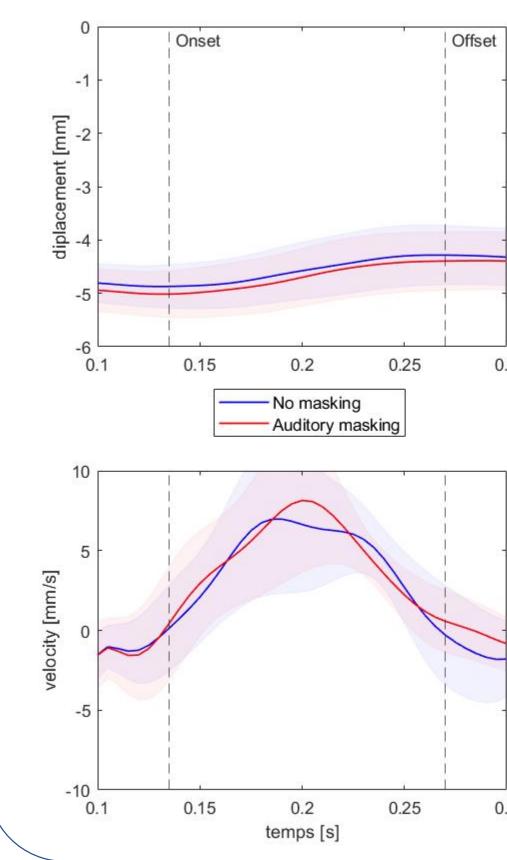




Sensor locations: Tongue Tip (TT), Blade (TB), and Dorsum (TD), Upper Lip (UL), Lower Lip(LL), and Jaw (J) Data were aligned at perturbation onset and were averaged across trials. Averaged movement and standard error has been calculated across subjects. A two way ANOVA on the TB position was applied in which auditory conditions and peak of compensatory movement were onset and considered as main factor. A one way ANOVA was also applied on the displacement before the perturbation.



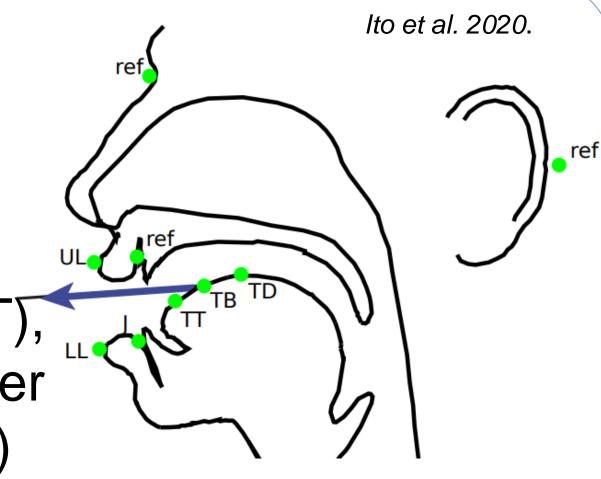
## Magnified view between 100 and 300 ms

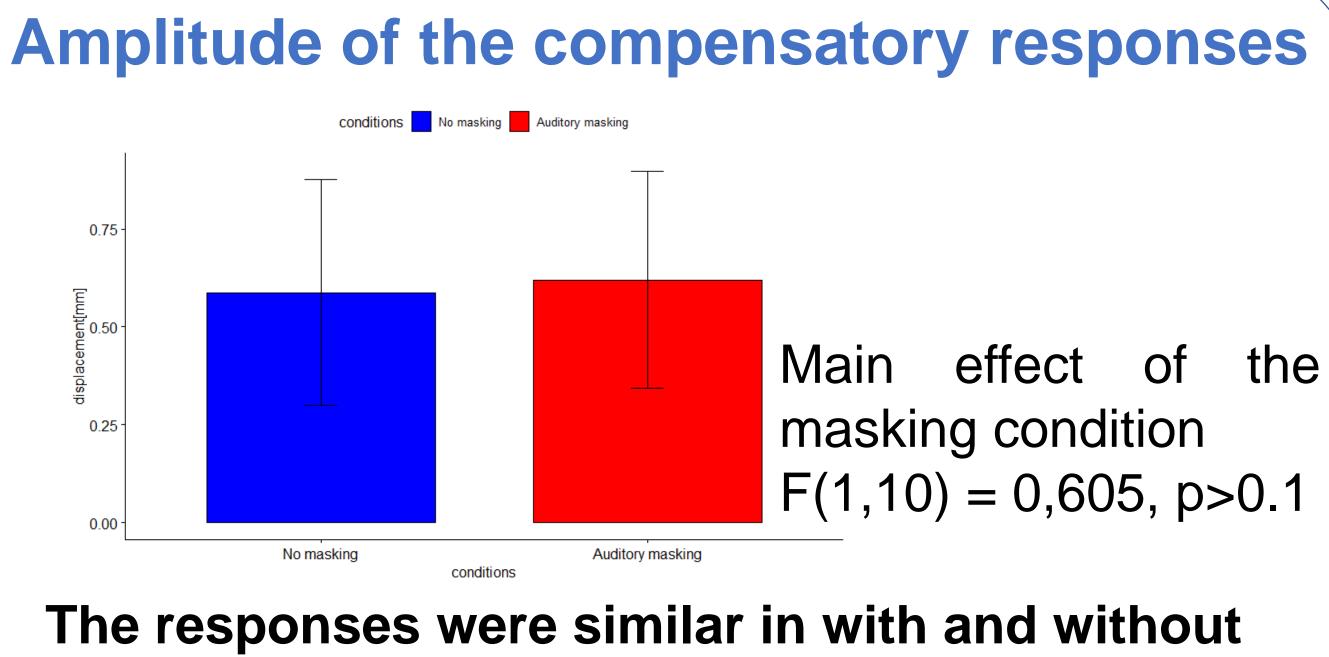


The responses were similar to the ones in Ito et al (2020). Difference onset of compensatory between movement and peak of compensatory significant movement were p<0,05)  $^{3}(F(1,10)=10.279,$ indicating that The compensatory responses were induced.

The position at TB was not significantly different between the no masking and auditory masking condition before the perturbation (F(1,10)=0.05, p>0.1).

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# **Conclusion & perspectives**

Compensatory movements regardless of auditory masking.

The current compensatory response can be not of auditory-basis, but of somatosensory-basis.

Further analysis of produced speech sound and kinematic movement are required.

We will further investigate the current hypothesis by studying on hearing impaired participants, which is equivalent with the current experimental condition, and deafferented subjects, who lost somatosensory feedback.

Guenther, F. H., & Hickok, G. (2015). Role of the auditory system in speech production. In Handbook of Clinical Neurology (1st ed., Vol. 129). Elsevier B.V. https://doi.org/10.1016/B978-0-444-62630-1.00009-3

Ito, T., Szabados, A., Caillet, J. L., & Perrier, P. (2020). Quick compensatory mechanisms for tongue posture stabilization during speech production. Journal of Neurophysiology, 123(6), 2491-2503.

Tremblay S, Shiller DM, Ostry DJ (2003) Somatosensory basis of speech production. Nature 423:866-869.

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# auditory masking conditions.

were

induced

#### References

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