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Storing the declaration of human rights on one data DNA molecule

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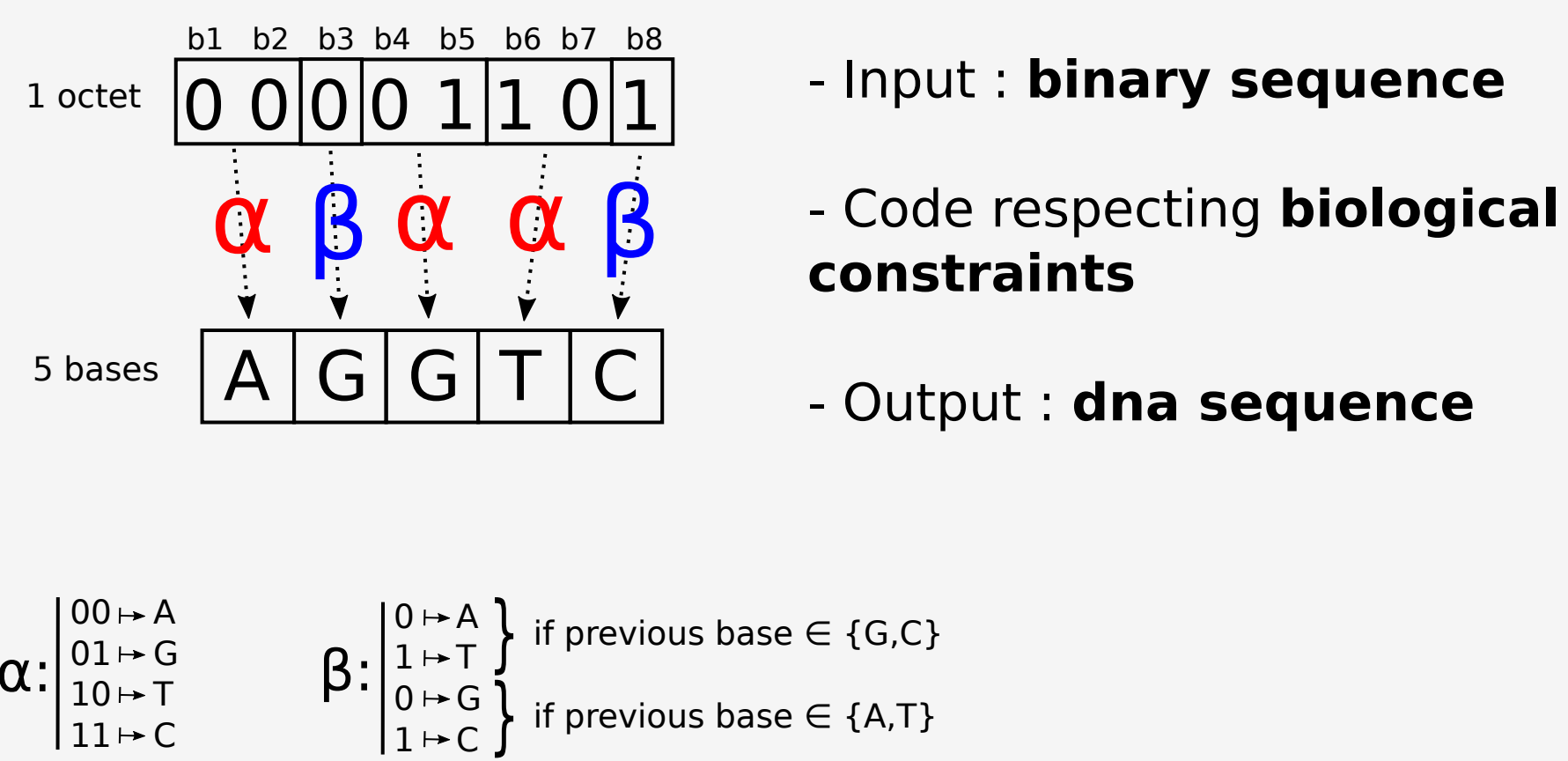
ABSTRACT

Today, the **community consensus** to store information on DNA is to use **short single strand DNA (ssDNA) molecules**. This approach has some limitations: encoding constraint, DNA stability, recovering DNA, sequencing technology, etc. To overcome them, we chose to store information on **long double-strand DNA (dsDNA) molecules**.

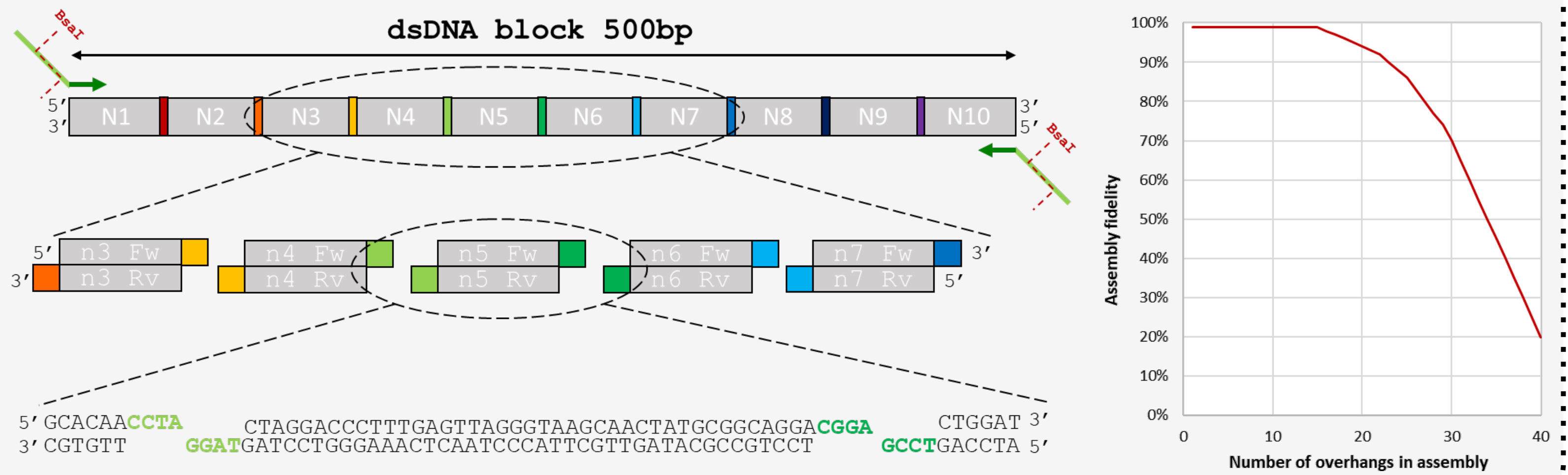
Our demonstration consists of storing the first articles of the declaration of human rights (4,2ko text document) on a single DNA molecule.

Declaration of Human Right storage features	Standard approach	dnarXiv approach
DNA structure	Single-strand (ssDNA)	Double-strand (dsDNA)
DNA strand length	100-200 nucleotides (nt)	25,000 base pairs (bp)
DNA molecules number	210 - 420 molecules	1 molecule
Information density	0,81 bits/nt	1,36 bits/nt
Error correction method	Yes	No
Sequencing technology	Illumina: short read	Nanopore: long read

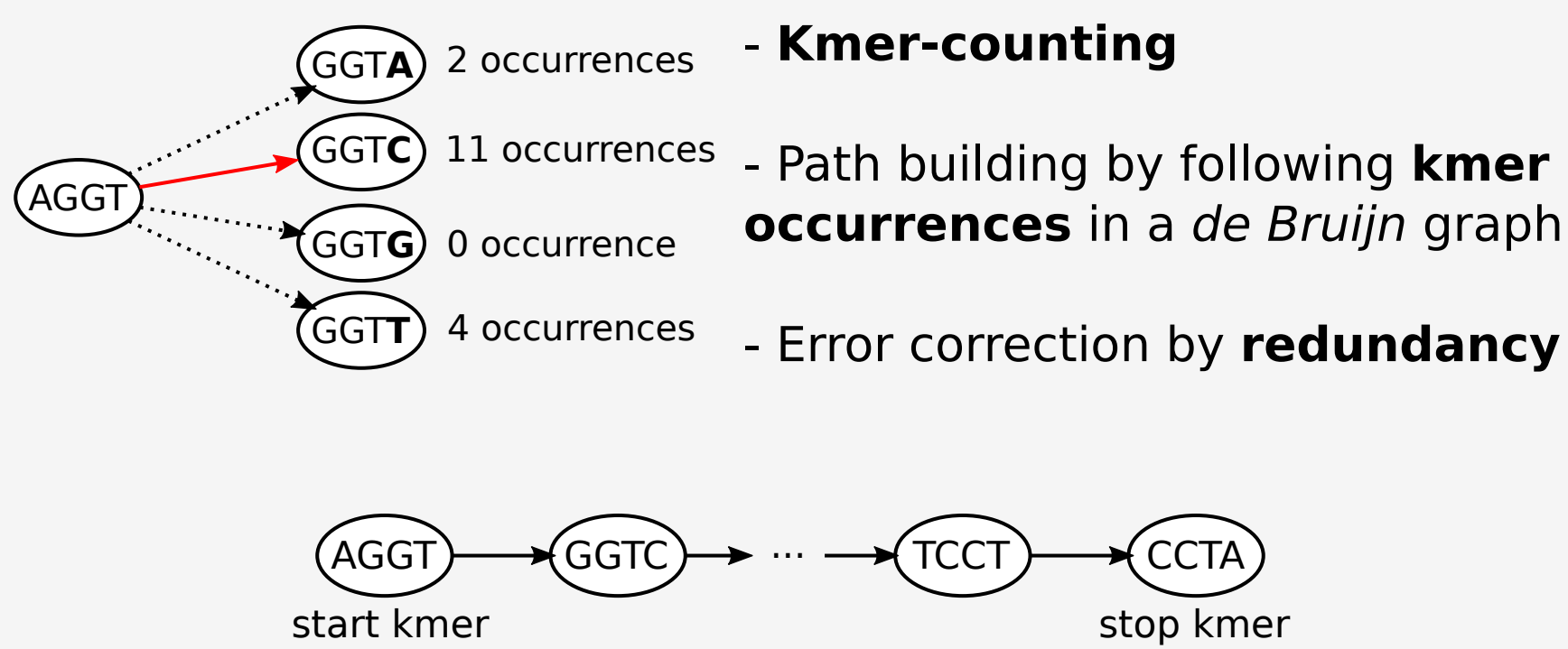
ENCODING



SEQUENCE DESIGN

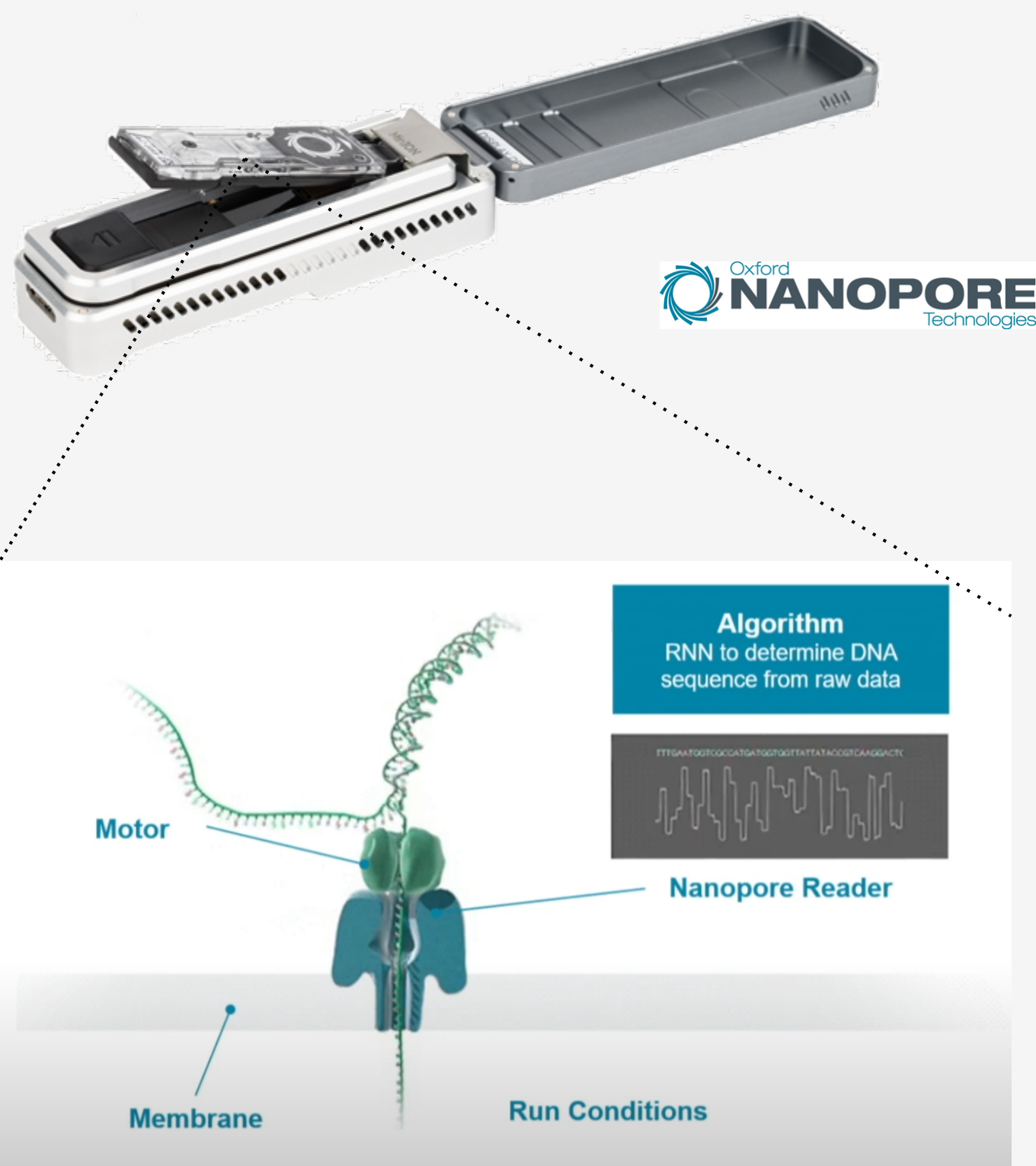


CONSENSUS

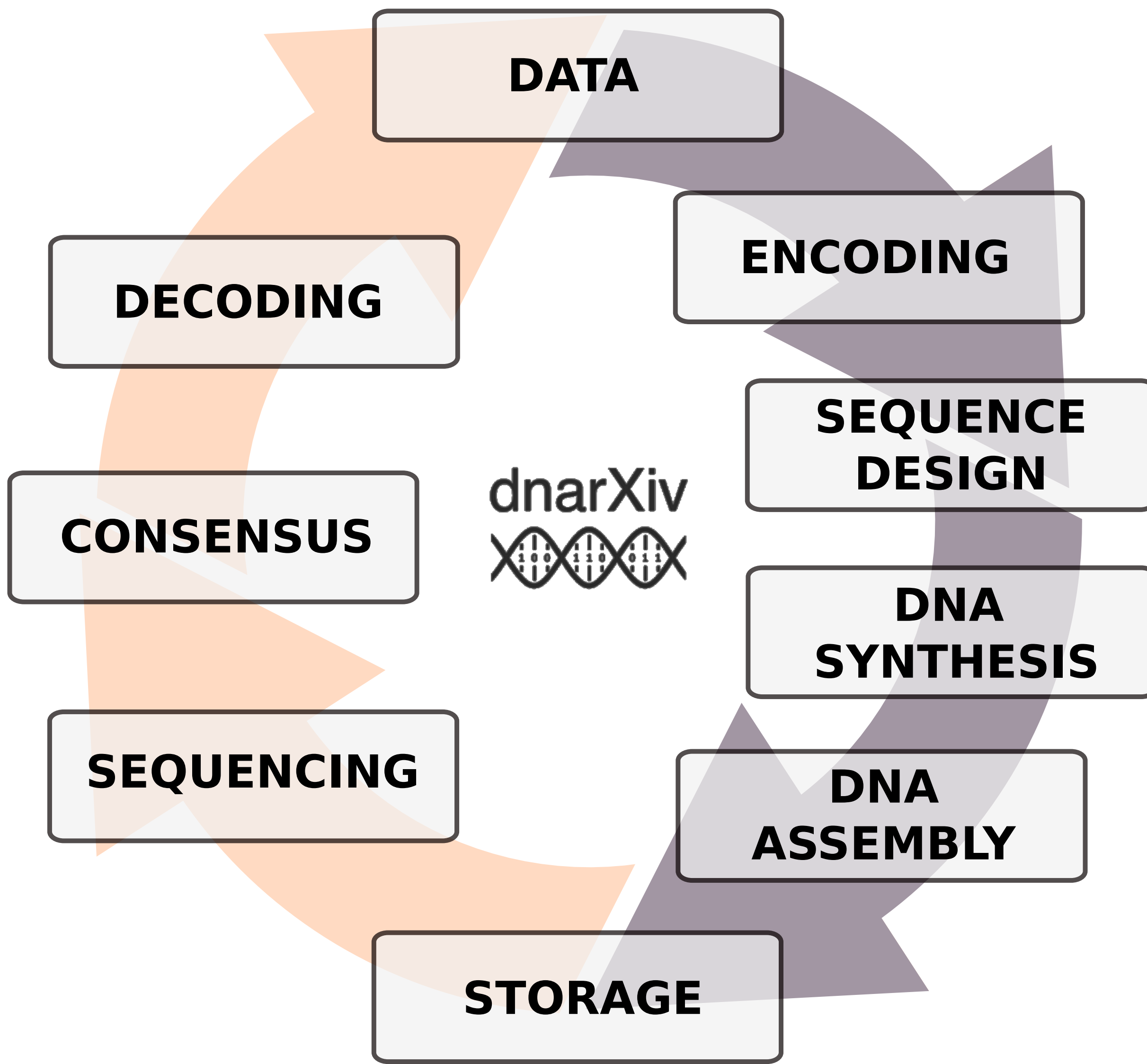


DNA SEQUENCING

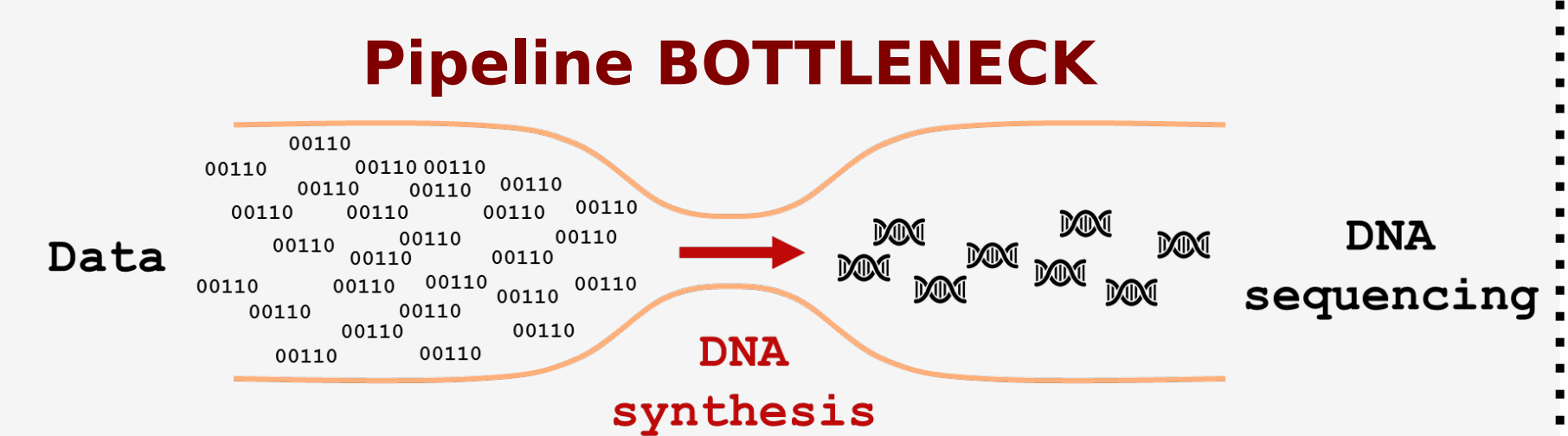
- Read length: **up to 1Mb**
- **Accuracy: 99%**
- **Real time** sequencing
- **Portable**
- **Similar cost to Illumina sequencing**
- **In progress**: real-time selective sequencing and detection of chemical modification



Nanopore reader: raw signal (fast5)
Basecalling: converting files in DNA sequence (fastq)



DNA SYNTHESIS



- **Chemical synthesis** by phosphoramidite method
- **High cost**: 0,123€/base
- Oligonucleotide length: **350nt**
- **Error rate: negligible**
- Synthesis speed: **100 to 200 seconds/nucleotide**
- In development: **enzymatic synthesis**

STORAGE

In vitro: DNA molecules are simply stored at **room temperature** in a **buffer** (Tris-EDTA pH8).

In vitro DNA storage		
Features	Short ssDNA	Long dsDNA
Storage density*	+	++
Random access capacity°	+	+++
Duplication capacity**	-	+
Storage stability	+	++
Security & stenography	+	++

* Storage density: DNA molecules/m².
° Random access: access to a specific file without decoding the entire storage.
** Duplication: create complete copy of DNA storage.

DNA ASSEMBLY

