Enhancement of research excellence in Mathematics Teacher Knowledge: collaborative designing of lessons and learning progressions

Mária Slavíčková¹, Iveta Kohanová², Birgit Pepin^{2,3} and Michaela Zatrochová¹

¹Comenius University in Bratislava, Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Informatics, Bratislava, Slovakia; <u>slavickova@fmph.uniba.sk</u>, <u>michaela.zatrochova@fmph.uniba.sk</u>

²NTNU, Department of Teacher Education, Trondheim, Norway; iveta.kohanova@ntnu.no

³Eindhoven University of Technology, The Netherlands, <u>b.e.u.pepin@tue.nl</u>, <u>birgipep@ntnu.no</u>

Keywords: Pre-service mathematics teachers, design capacity, reasoning and proof.

Introduction

The title of this poster is a name of a Horizon 2020 project with the acronym MaTeK. The project belongs to the Twinning action, which stands for research infrastructure building and institutional networking. The general goal of MaTeK project is to strengthen the research performance and develop the excellence of the Department of Mathematics Education (DME) at the Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Informatics of Comenius University in Bratislava, Slovakia (UK BA), in the field of mathematics teacher knowledge enhancement. Teacher knowledge is the prerequisite of the education enterprise, and student knowledge development its objective. For researchers, it is essential to understand what kinds of knowledge mathematics teachers develop, and how they use their expertise in teaching in order to help students to develop deep knowledge in mathematics. One of the ways how to address this issue is to work with pre-service mathematics teachers on lesson and learning progression design capacity (Pepin et al., 2017). The specific goal of MaTeK is to provide the DME with opportunities to work with and learn from partners and exchange best practices in the field of mathematics lesson and learning progression design, with focus on the topic of reasoning and proof (R&P). R&P is an important strand of mathematical proficiency (e.g., Kilpatrick et al., 2001), and research has shown that pre-service teachers are often not adequately prepared to cultivate opportunities for students to engage with reasoning and proof (e.g., Stylianides & Stylianides, 2009).

MaTeK is twinning the departments of Mathematics Education of five European universities: 1) Comenius University in Bratislava, Slovakia (UK BA), coordinating/applicant institution; 2) Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic (CU); 3) University of Palermo, Italy (UNIPA); 4) Norwegian University of Science and Technology, Trondheim, Norway (NTNU); and 5) Middle East Technical University, Ankara, Turkey (METU).

Research plan and activities

The general goal of MaTeK will be achieved through a series of twinning schemes, including workshops, seminars, summer schools, staff exchanges, and conference attendance, that will all be closely related to a well-defined common research study, with the following research question: *How can pre-service teachers' design capacity in terms of reasoning and proof be enhanced?*

The project has started in January 2021 and, within its duration (until December 2023), will follow a Design Research approach (McKenney & Reeves 2019), with the following three research phases: 1) Exploratory study (context and needs analysis); 2) Lesson and Learning Progression design & Intervention; and 3) Enactment & re-design. Our main target group in phases 2 and 3 is pre-service mathematics teachers for grades 5-10 at each MaTeK institutions. Their understanding of the mathematical learning progressions and lesson plans design involves important aspects of pedagogical content knowledge (Carlson & Daehler, 2019).

Proposal

The poster will present in more detail the design of the study, including the planned research phases, as well as the theoretical frames used (e.g., design capacity (Pepin et al., 2017); learning progression (Fonger et al., 2018); different modes of reasoning (Stacey & Vincent, 2009) and expected outcomes. In addition, selected preliminary results related to the context and needs analysis will be presented, e.g., a framework for textbook analysis regarding R&P, and a survey on in-service mathematics teachers' use of resources for designing and conducting lesson plans.

Acknowledgment

This poster was supported by the H2020 project no. 951822, MaTeK. https://www.projectmatek.eu/ We would like to express our special thanks to all local and scientific coordinators of the MaTeK project, as well as to all other project consortium members.

References

- Carlson, J., & Daehler, K. R. (2019). The Refined Consensus Model of Pedagogical Content Knowledge in Science Education. In Hume A., Cooper R., Borowski A. (eds), Repositioning Pedagogical Content Knowledge in Teachers' Knowledge for Teaching Science. Springer, Singapore, (pp. 77–94). https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-13-5898-2 2
- Fonger, N. L, Stephens, A., Blanton, M., Isler, I., Knuth, E., & Gardiner, A. M. (2018) Developing a Learning Progression for Curriculum, Instruction, and Student Learning: An Example from Mathematics Education, *Cognition and Instruction*, *36*(1), 30–55.
- Kilpatrick, J., Swafford, J., & Findell, B. (2001). *Adding it up: Helping children learn mathematics*. Washington, D. C.: National Academy Press.
- McKenney, S., & Reeves, T. (2019), *Conducting educational design research* [second edition]. New York: Routledge.
- Pepin, B., Gueudet, G., & Trouche, L. (2017). Refining teacher design capacity: Mathematics teachers' interactions with digital curriculum resources. *ZDM*, *The International Journal on Mathematics Education*, 49(5), 799–812.
- Stacey, K., & Vincent, J. (2009). Modes of Reasoning in Explanations in Australian Eighth-Grade Mathematics Textbooks. *Educational Studies in Mathematics*, 72(3), 271–288.
- Stylianides, A. J., & Stylianides, G. J. (2009). Proof constructions and evaluations. *Educational Studies in Mathematics*, 72(2), 237–253.