



Two-Dimensional Preparative Chromatography: Development of CPC x SFC for the isolation of high molecular weight compounds from biomass

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Two-Dimensional Preparative Chromatography: Development of CPC x SFC for the isolation of high molecular weight compounds from biomass

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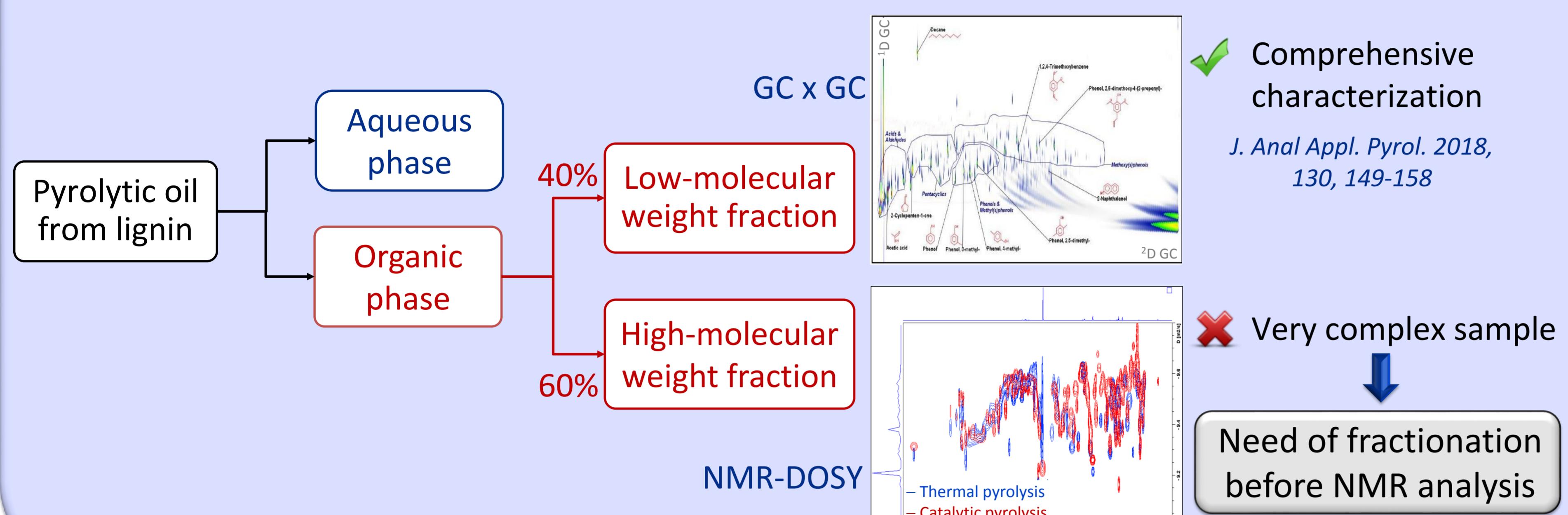
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- Bio-oil from biomass as an alternative to fossil fuels:
 - due to rarefaction of crude oil
 - contributes to diversify energy sources
 - reduces greenhouse gas emissions

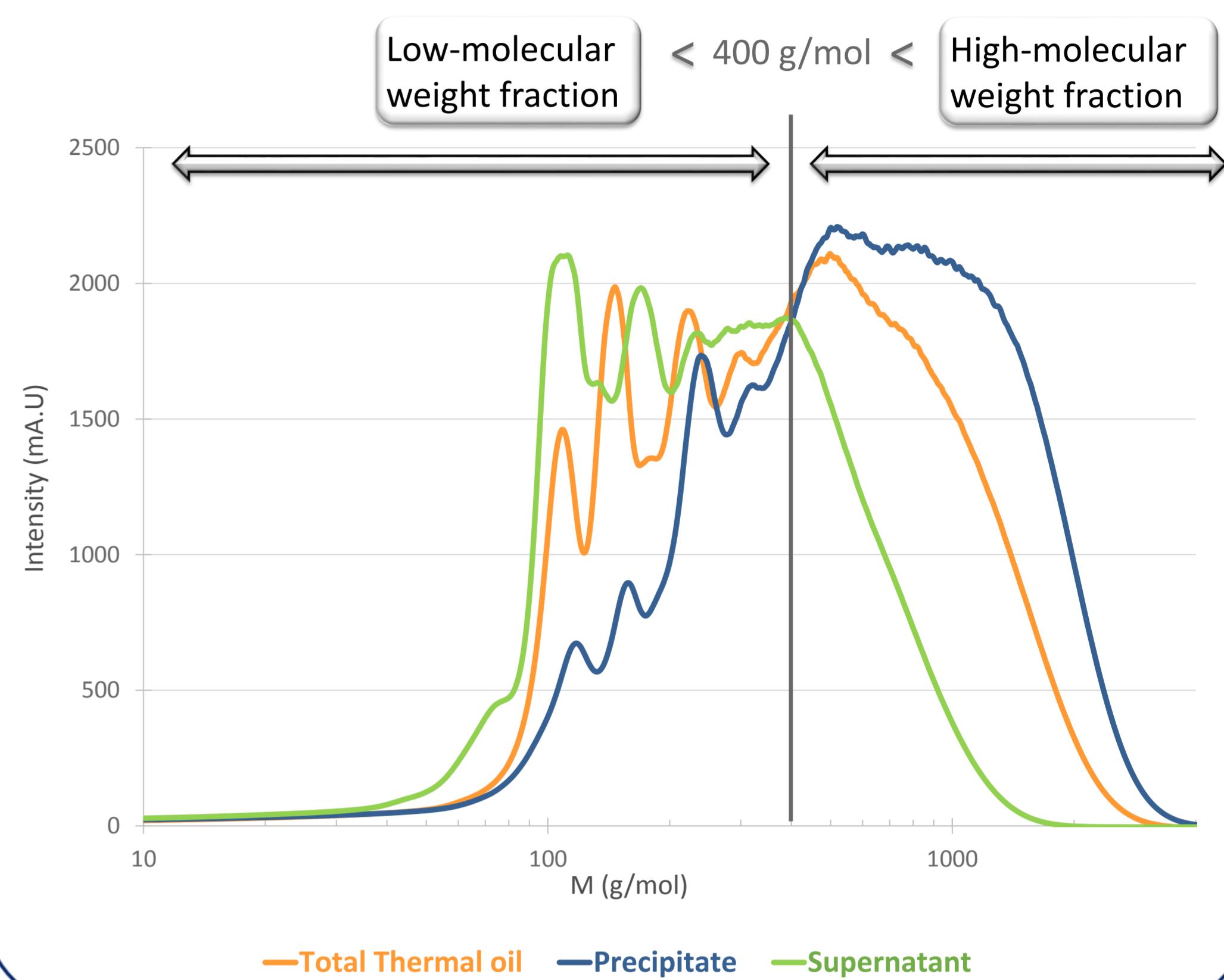


- Valorization of lignocellulose biomass from forestry industry waste into energetic bio-oil by hydroconversion process (conventional thermal pyrolysis or catalytic pyrolysis)
 - to optimize the catalyst → need to identify which molecules are concerned by catalysis



Sample Preparation

HMW Extraction by precipitation MeOH/H₂O

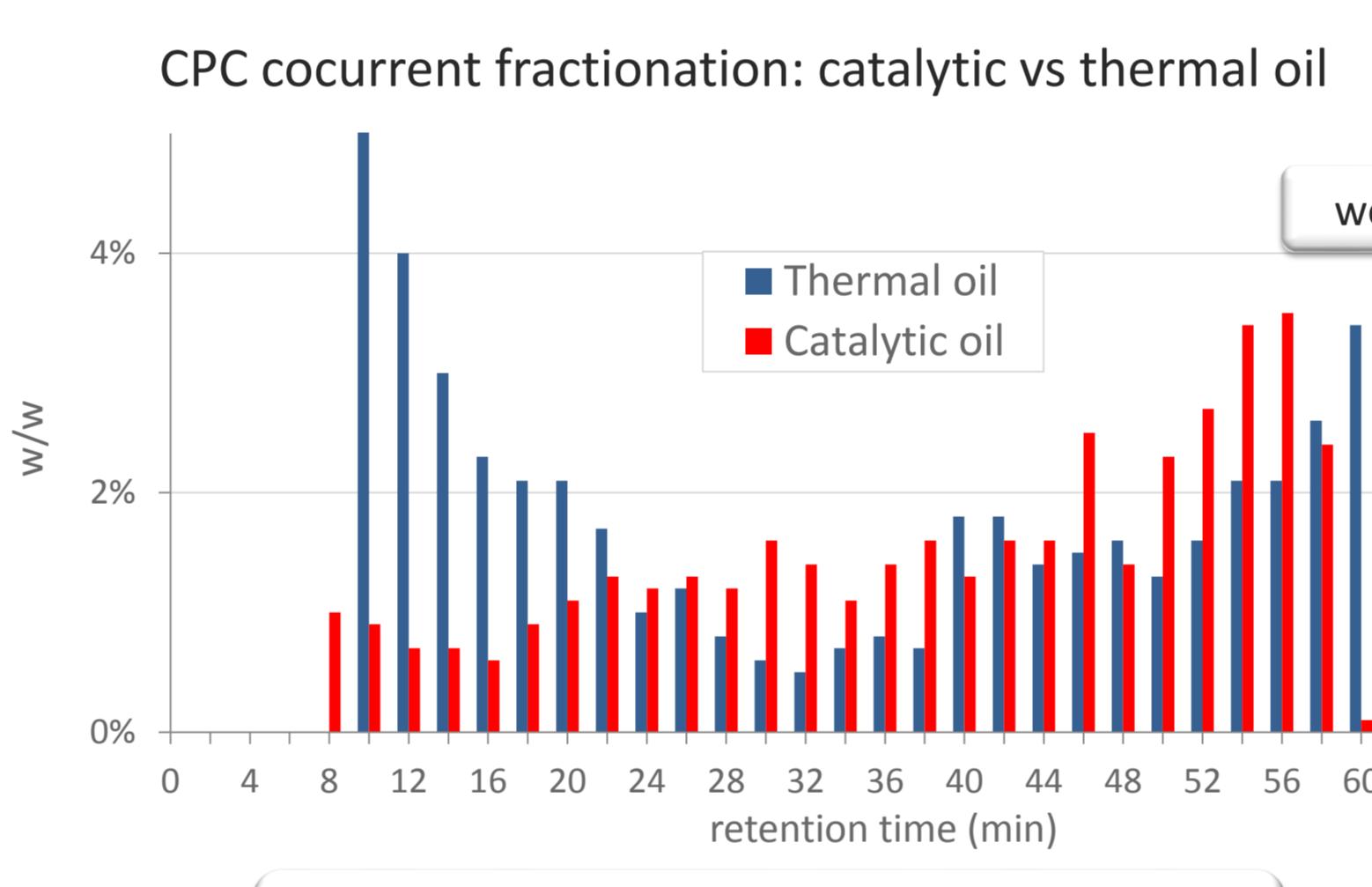
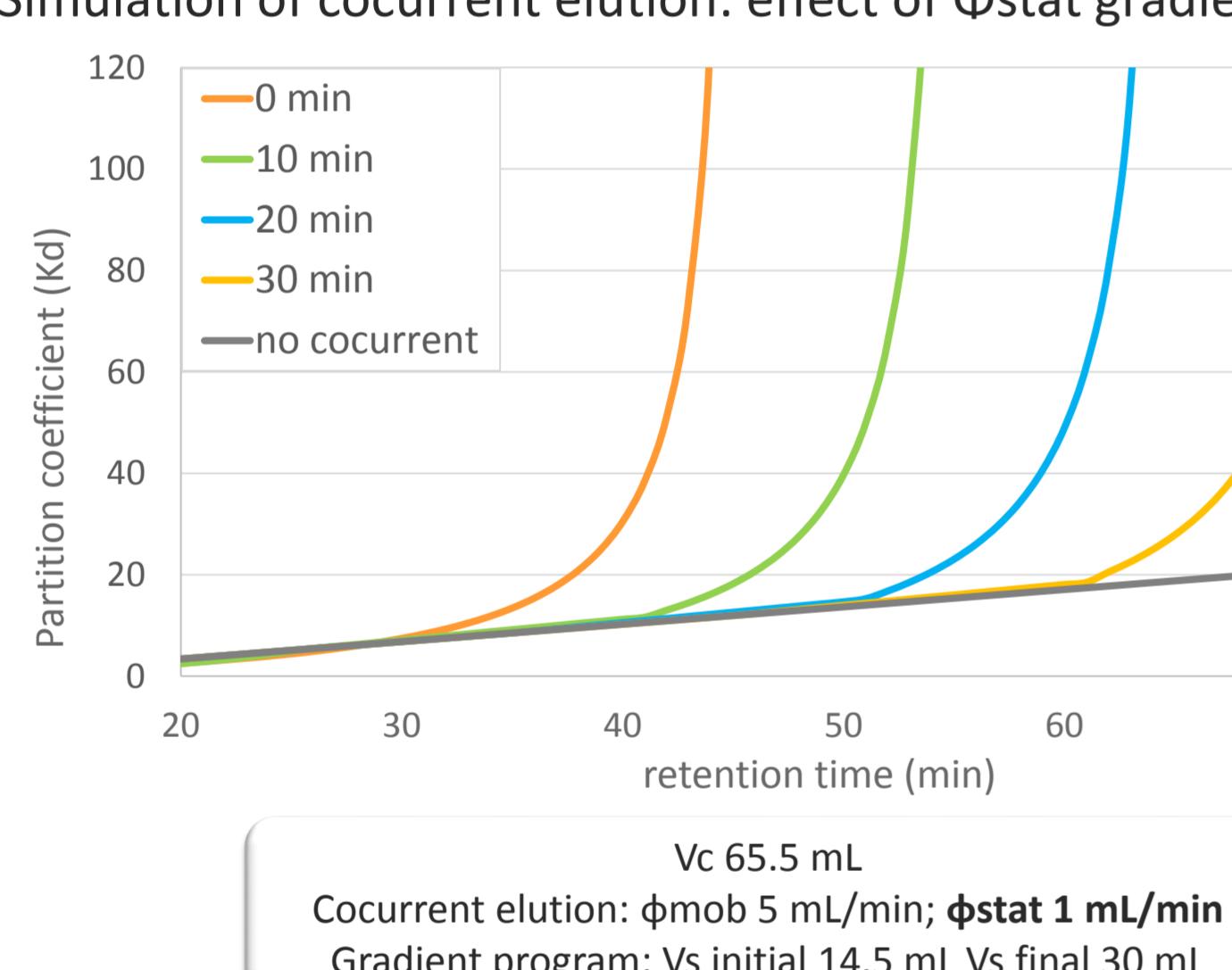


Development of the preparative CPC x SFC method

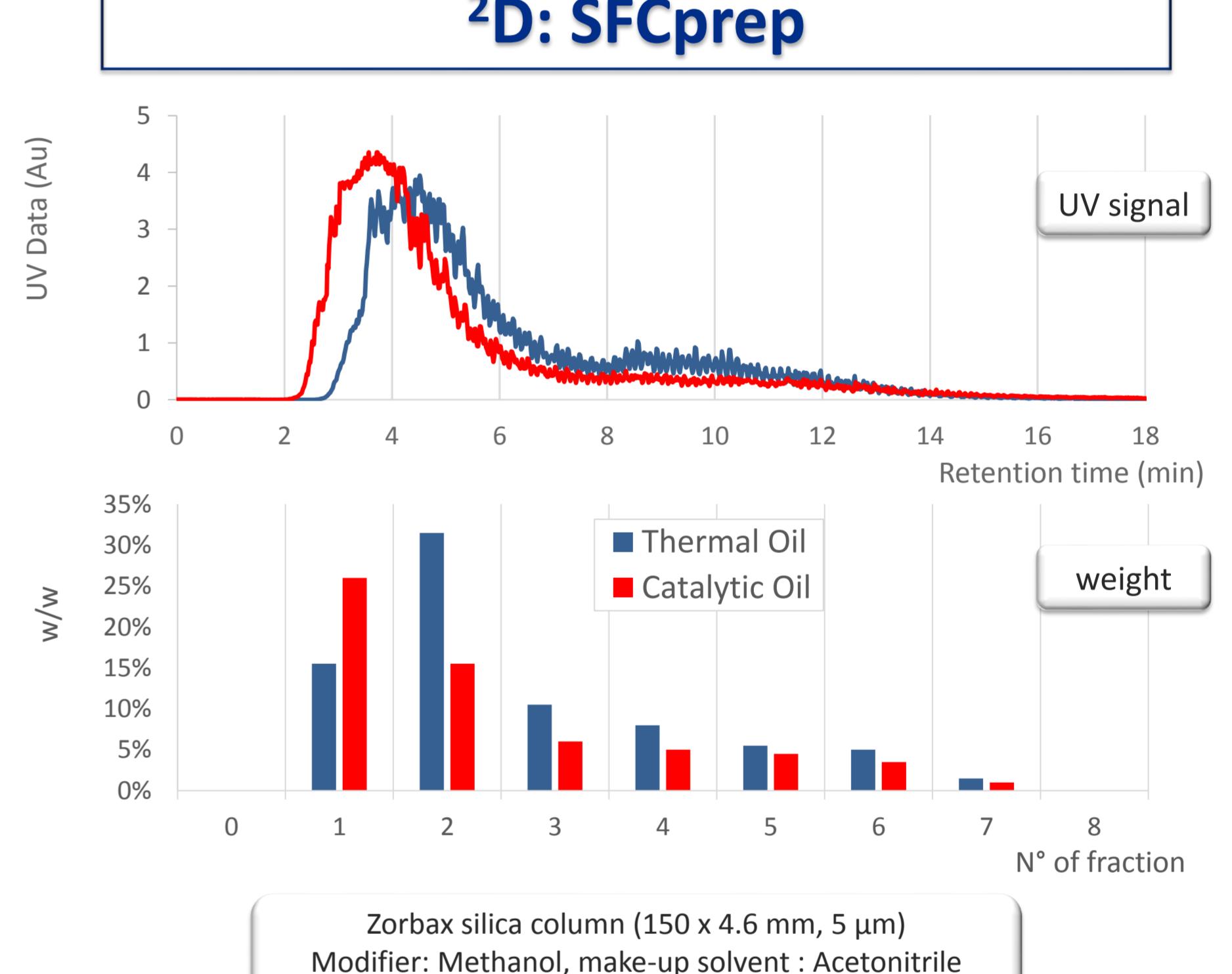
¹D: Centrifugal Partition Chromatography

- Very large retention range (K up to 200): “cocurrent elution” stationary phase gradient
 - The liquid stationary phase is slowly pushed forward to speed up the separation

Simulation of cocurrent elution: effect of ϕ_{stat} gradient start time

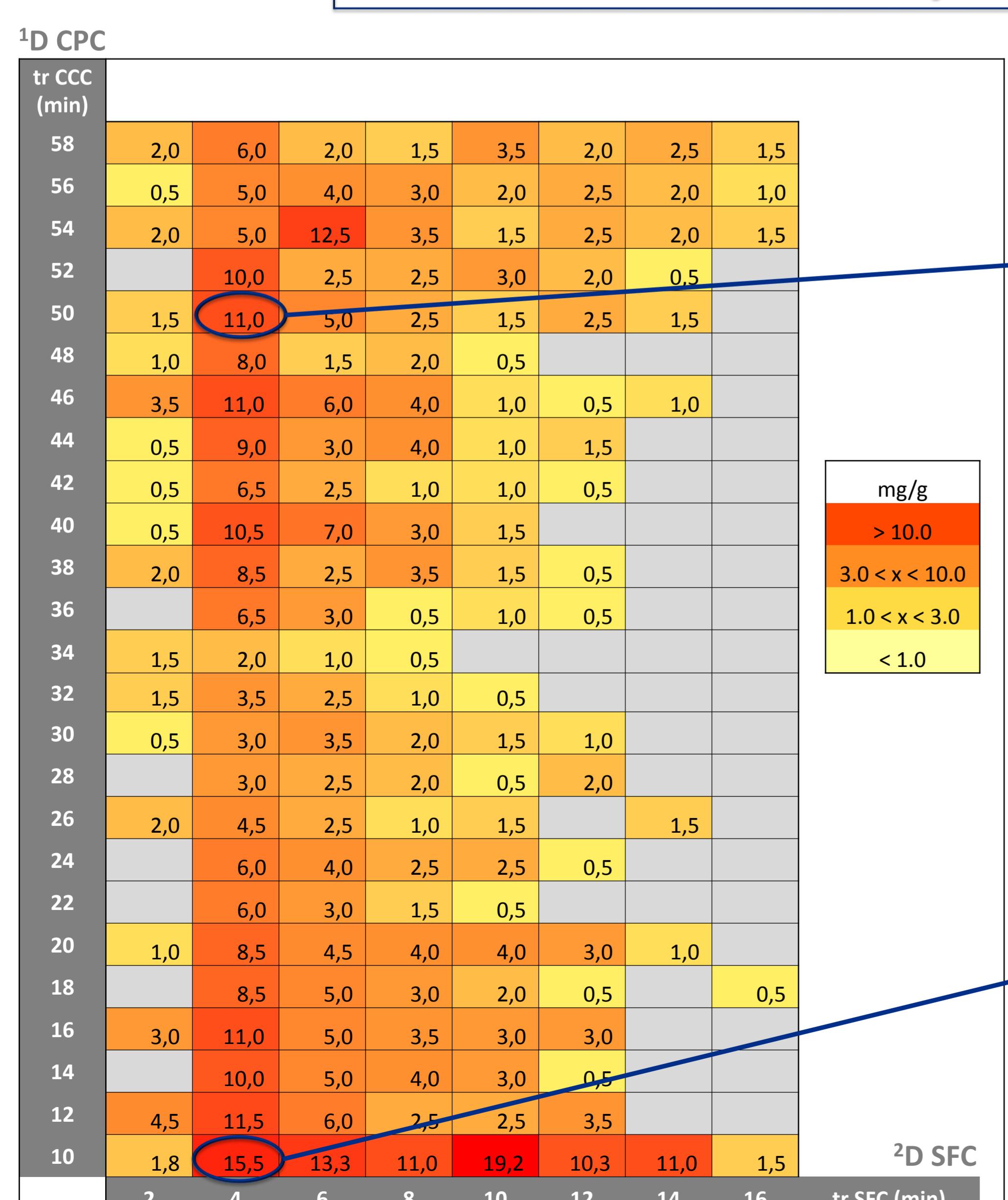


²D: SFCprep

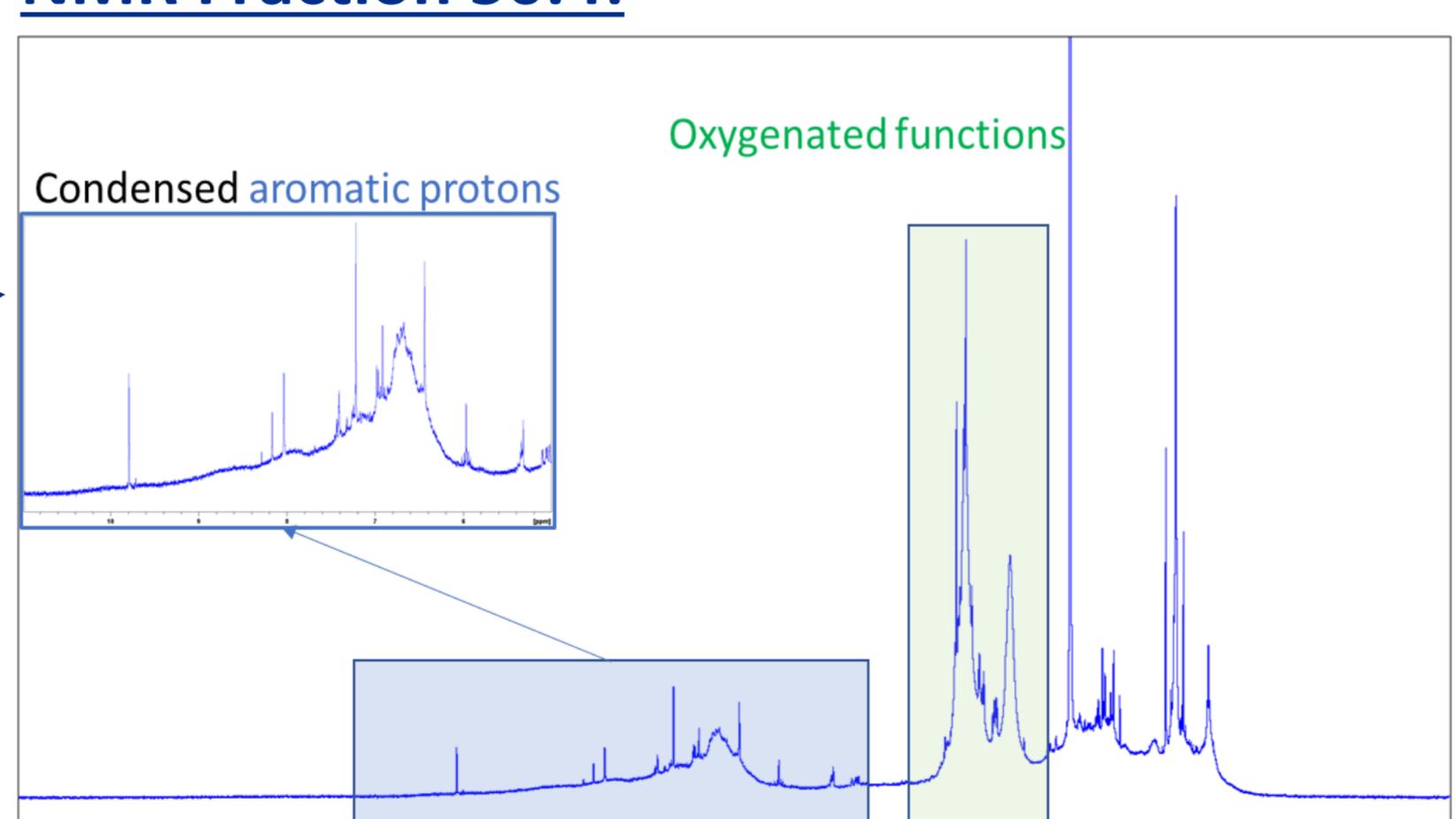


Isolation of high molecular weight compounds by CPC x SFC

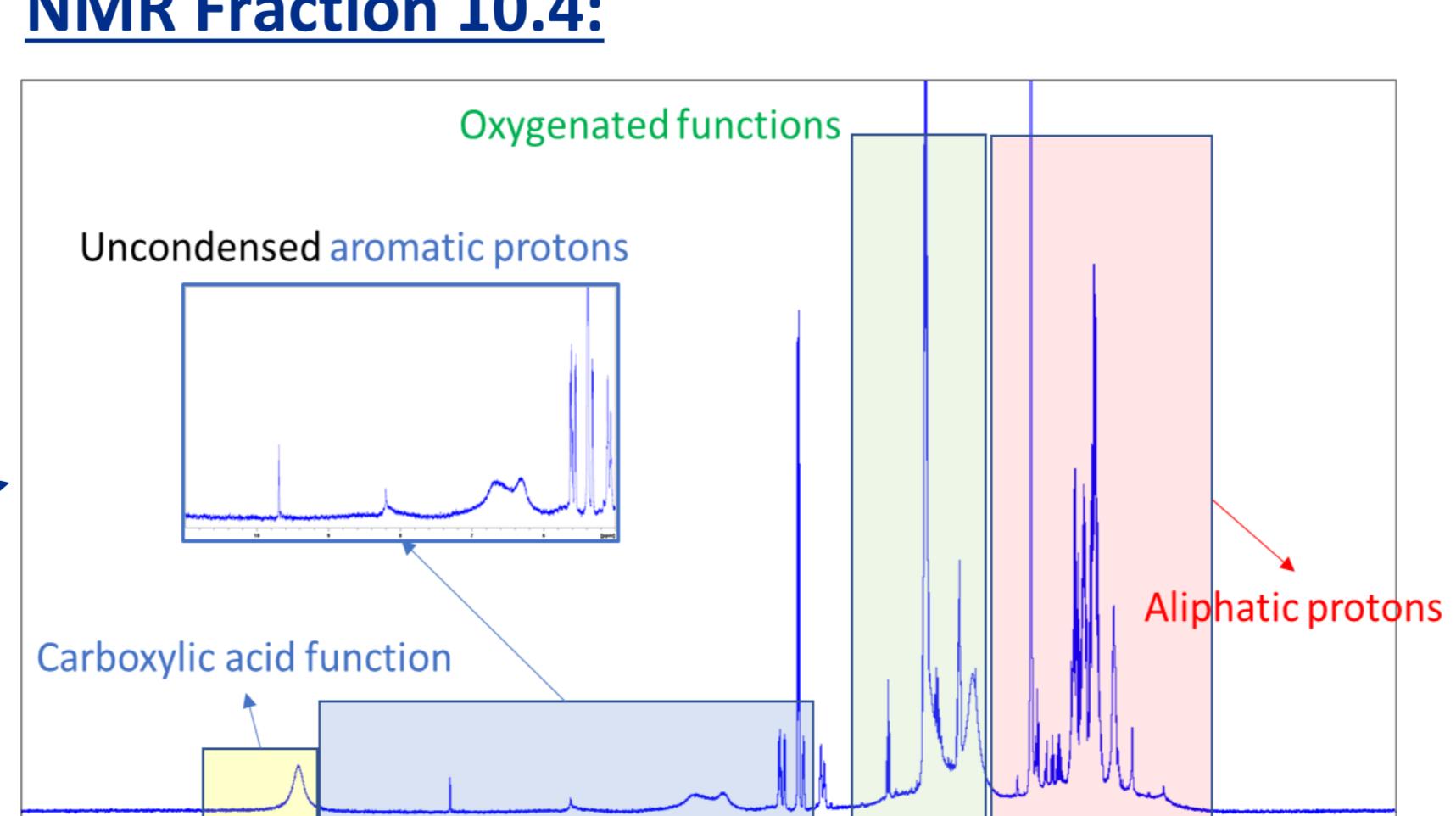
Thermal oil fractionation by CPC x SFC – mass balance



NMR Fraction 50.4:



NMR Fraction 10.4:



Conclusion

	¹ D: CPC retention	² D: SFC retention
Interactions	$\pi-\pi$	OH
Thermal Oil	-	+
Catalytic Oil	+	-

- Catalytic pyrolysis is known to improve aromatic ring condensation and deoxygenation

2D Preparative CPC x SFC

- Large 2D occupation rate (75%)
- Production of mg-scale fractions
- Easier NMR identification

- These new tools can help in the characterization of bio-oils, to improve catalytic process and hence the valorization of biomass energy.