

Synergistic Effects of Novel Naphthoquinone Derivatives Against Clinical Methicilin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Strain

Valentin Duvauchelle, Chaimae Majdi, David Bénimélis, Catherine Dunyach-Rémy, Patrick Meffre, Zohra Benfodda

▶ To cite this version:

Valentin Duvauchelle, Chaimae Majdi, David Bénimélis, Catherine Dunyach-Rémy, Patrick Meffre, et al.. Synergistic Effects of Novel Naphthoquinone Derivatives Against Clinical Methicilin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Strain. REncontres en Chimie Organique Biologique 18 (RECOB18), Mar 2022, Aussois, France. . hal-03700525

HAL Id: hal-03700525 https://hal.science/hal-03700525v1

Submitted on 21 Jun 2022

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



SYNERGISTIC EFFECTS OF NOVEL NAPHTHOQUINONE DERIVATIVES AGAINST CLINICAL METHICILIN-RESISTANT STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS STRAIN





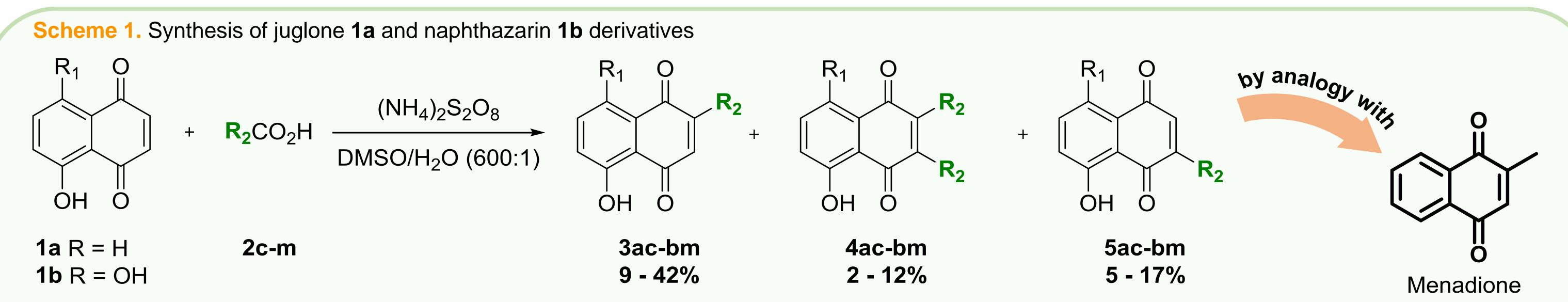
Valentin Duvauchelle,¹ Chaimae Majdi,¹ David Bénimélis,¹ Catherine Dunyach-Remy,² Patrick Meffre¹ and Zohra Benfodda.¹

¹UPR CHROME, Université de Nîmes, CEDEX 1, F-30021 Nîmes, France ²VBIC, INSERM U1047, Service de Microbiologie et Hygiène Hospitalière, Université de Montpellier, CHU Nîmes, Nîmes, France

I. INTRODUCTION

The emergence of multidrug resistant (MDR) bacteria requires interest in the medical field and thereby an urgent need to develop efficient and specific methods in targeting unique bacterial cellular processes.^{1,2} Menadione (Vitamin K3) showed interesting properties as membrane integrity, two-component system and efflux pump disruptor.^{3,4} Novel series of 1,4-naphthoquinone based on menadione have been designed and synthesized starting from juglone and naphthazarin, following a Minisci-type reaction.⁵

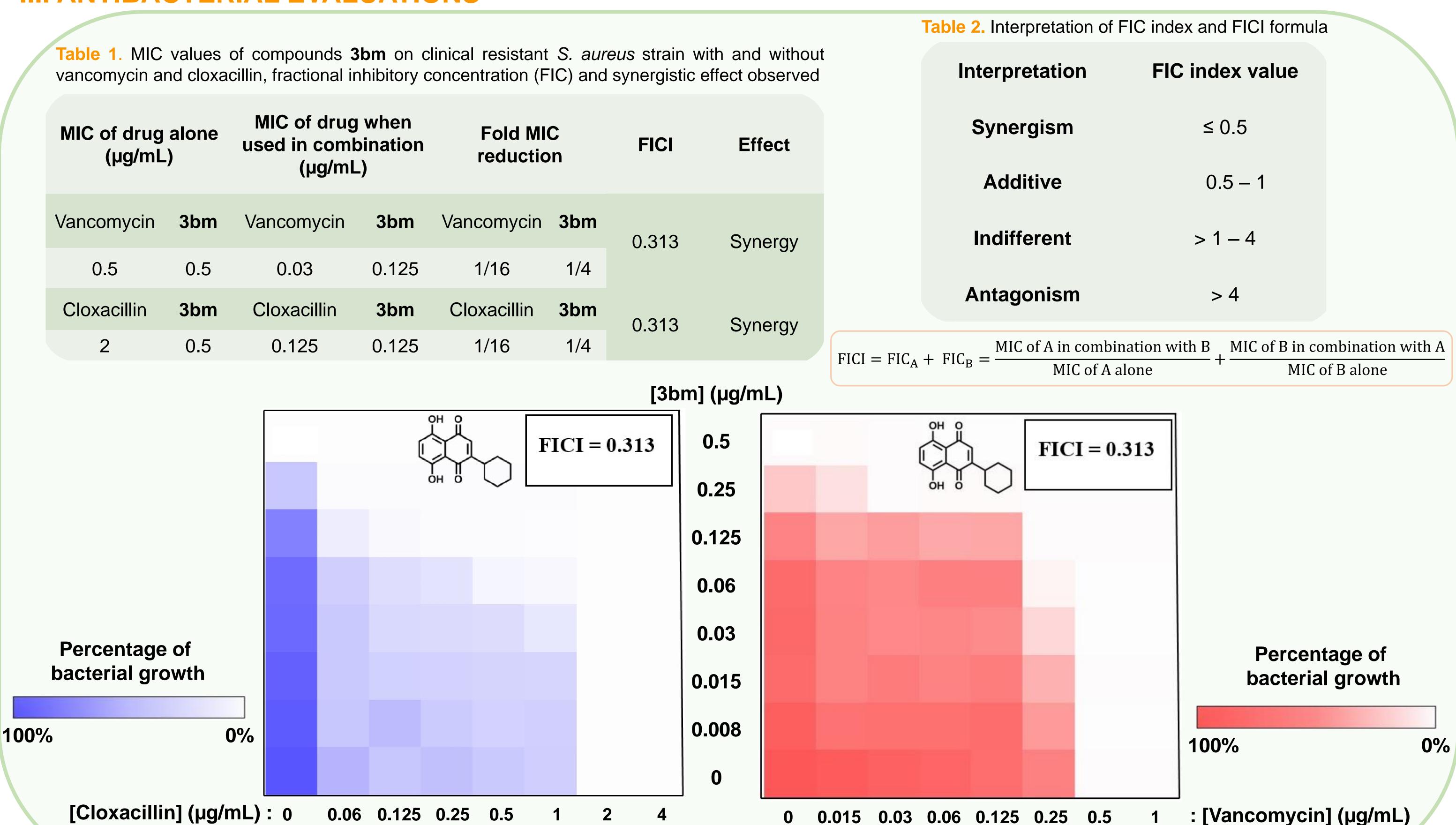
II. CHEMISTRY



 R_2 = n-hexyl, n-heptyl, n-octyl, n-nonyl, n-hepyan-4-yl, sec-butyl, tert-pentyl, neopentyl, isobutyl, 2-methylbutyl, cyclohexyl

43 derivatives have been synthesized following this Minisci-type methodology in 6 – 42% yields after purification on flash chromatography.

III. ANTIBACTERIAL EVALUATIONS



IV. CONCLUSION

Among 43 synthesized derivatives, 5 compounds showed good antibacterial activities against clinical MRSA strain (MIC range $0.5 - 8 \mu g/mL$). Antibacterial and synergistic properties have been measured on resistant and sensitive bacterial strains. One compound was shown to restore the sensitivity of a clinical strain resistant to cloxacillin and vancomycin (FICI < 0.5). The structural elucidation of regioisomers 3 and 5 has also been described for the first time with the help of HMBC NMR spectroscopy and confirmed with XRD.

Figure 2. Heatmaps of checkerboard assays of compound 3bm with vancomycin and cloxacillin.

REFERENCES

- [1] Kumarasamy, K. et al., Lancet Infect. Dis. **2010**, 10 (9), 597.
- [2] Kraker, M. E. A. et al., Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 2011, 55, 1598.
- [3] Tintino et al., Med. Chem. Res., **2018**, 27, 261-267
- [4] Andrade et al., Saudi Journal of Biological Science, 2017, 24, 59-64
- [5] Duvauchelle et al. Frontiers in Chemistry, **2021**, 9, 1-20

ACKNOWLEDMENTS

The author would like thank the Occitanie Region, the MESRI, the University of Nîmes and the CHU of Nîmes