

Synergistic Effects of Novel Naphthoquinone Derivatives Against Clinical Methicilin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Strain

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SYNERGISTIC EFFECTS OF NOVEL NAPHTHOQUINONE DERIVATIVES AGAINST CLINICAL METHICILIN-RESISTANT STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS STRAIN





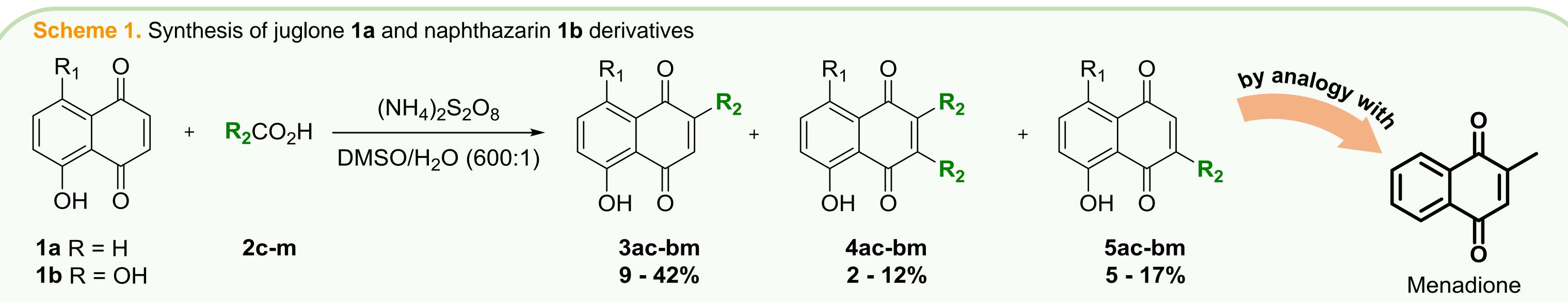
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I. INTRODUCTION

The emergence of multidrug resistant (MDR) bacteria requires interest in the medical field and thereby an urgent need to develop efficient and specific methods in targeting unique bacterial cellular processes.^{1,2} Menadione (Vitamin K3) showed interesting properties as membrane integrity, two-component system and efflux pump disruptor.^{3,4} Novel series of 1,4-naphthoquinone based on menadione have been designed and synthesized starting from juglone and naphthazarin, following a Minisci-type reaction.⁵

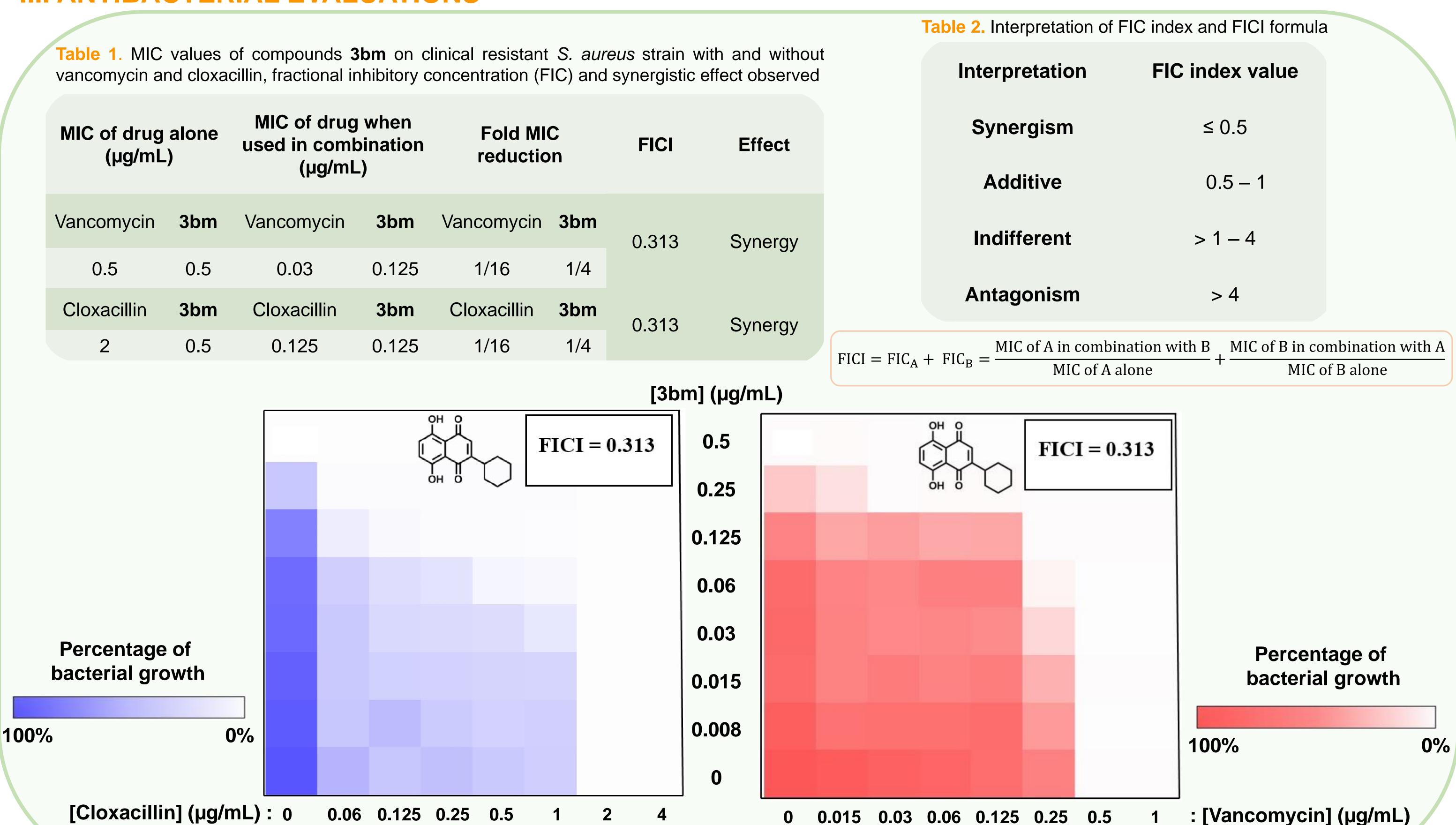
II. CHEMISTRY



 R_2 = n-hexyl, n-heptyl, n-octyl, n-nonyl, n-hepyan-4-yl, sec-butyl, tert-pentyl, neopentyl, isobutyl, 2-methylbutyl, cyclohexyl

43 derivatives have been synthesized following this Minisci-type methodology in 6 – 42% yields after purification on flash chromatography.

III. ANTIBACTERIAL EVALUATIONS



IV. CONCLUSION

Among 43 synthesized derivatives, 5 compounds showed good antibacterial activities against clinical MRSA strain (MIC range $0.5 - 8 \mu g/mL$). Antibacterial and synergistic properties have been measured on resistant and sensitive bacterial strains. One compound was shown to restore the sensitivity of a clinical strain resistant to cloxacillin and vancomycin (FICI < 0.5). The structural elucidation of regioisomers 3 and 5 has also been described for the first time with the help of HMBC NMR spectroscopy and confirmed with XRD.

Figure 2. Heatmaps of checkerboard assays of compound 3bm with vancomycin and cloxacillin.

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