

#### Imputing transportation modes from GPS Data in a motorcycle dependent area

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# **Université Gustave Eiffel**

# University of Transport AND COMMUNICATIONS



## 12<sup>th</sup> ISCTSC in Portugal (20-25 March 2022) **#86 - IMPUTING TRANSPORTATION MODES** FROM GPS DATA IN A MOTORCYCLE-DEPENDENT AREA

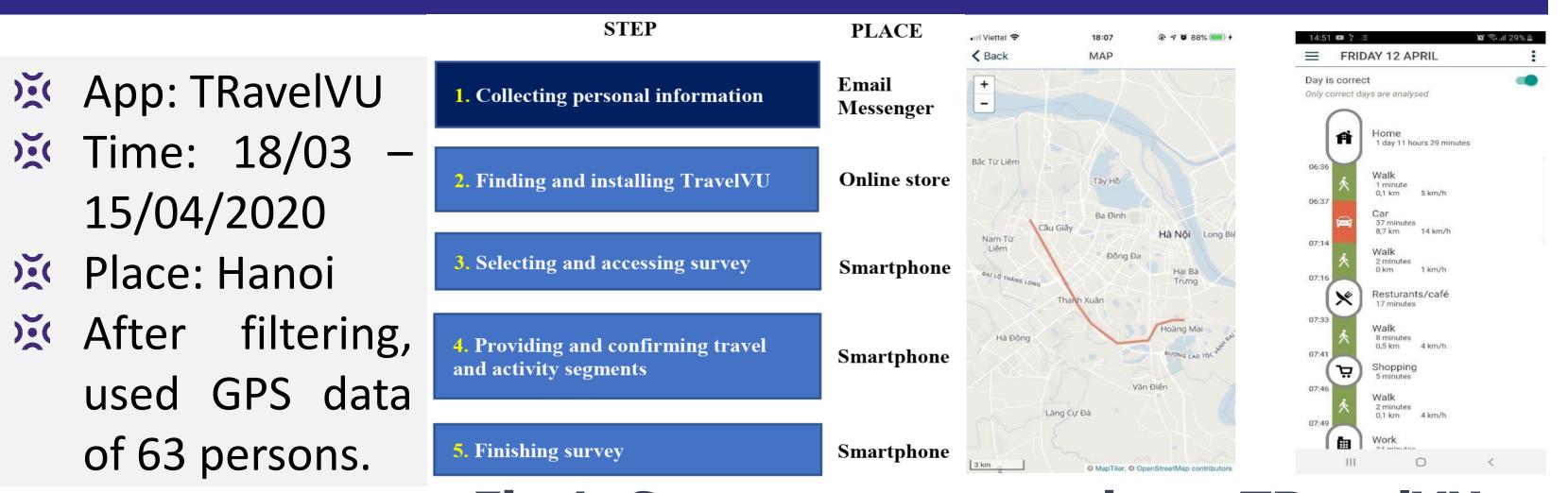
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## Introduction

Mode detection methods are the key to deploying GPS in travel demand survey.

Little, however, is known about the potential and barriers to mode imputation from GPS in developing countries.

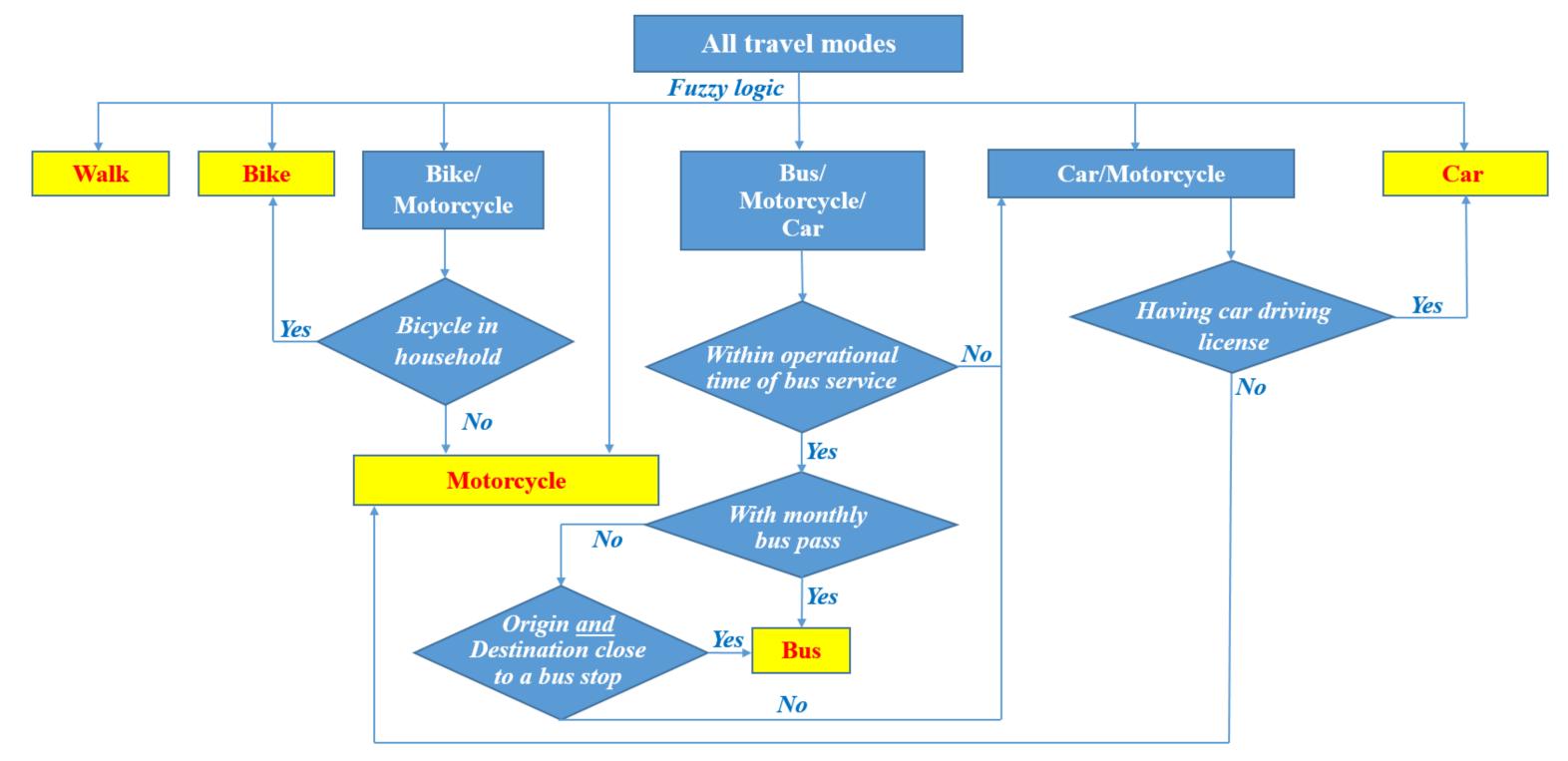


## Experimental description

This study aims to impute travel modes from GPS data in ).( combination with socio-demographics of respondents in Hanoi (Vietnam) - a motorcycle-dependent city.

### Fig 1. Survey process and app TRavelVU

## Methodologies and results

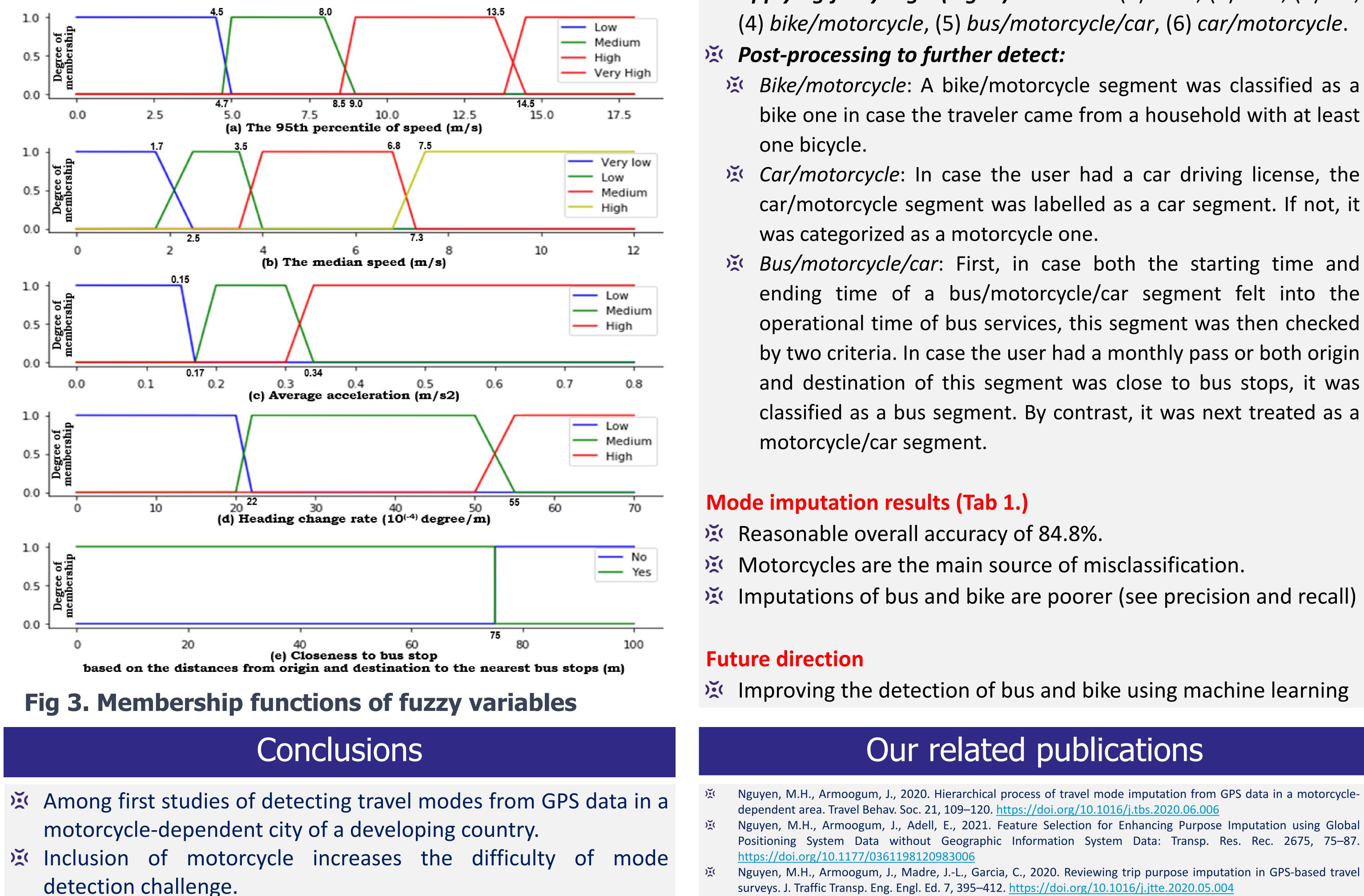


#### Fig 2. Process of travel mode imputation

## Tab 1. Confusion matrix of imputation results

		Predicted						Docall
		Walk	Bike	Bus	Motorbike	Car	Total	Recall
Actual	Walk	719	9	0	28	2	758	94.9%
	Bike	4	75	0	23	2	104	72.1%
	Bus	0	2	72	21	2	97	74.2%
	Motorbike	48	33	36	1058	70	1245	85.0%
	Car	11	5	10	117	444	587	75.6%
	Total	782	124	118	1247	520	2791	
Precision		91.9%	60.5%	61.0%	84.8%	85.4%	Acc.	84.8%

#### **Process of mode detection (Fig 2.)**



X Applying fuzzy logic (Fig 3.) to detect: (1) walk, (2) bike, (3) car,

- bike one in case the traveler came from a household with at least
- car/motorcycle segment was labelled as a car segment. If not, it
- Bus/motorcycle/car: First, in case both the starting time and ending time of a bus/motorcycle/car segment felt into the operational time of bus services, this segment was then checked by two criteria. In case the user had a monthly pass or both origin and destination of this segment was close to bus stops, it was