

MassChroQ: A versatile tool for mass spectrometry quantification

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► To cite this version:

Edlira Nano, Benoit Valot, Olivier Langella, Ludovic Bonhomme, Mélisande Blein, et al.. MassChroQ: A versatile tool for mass spectrometry quantification. Final COST meeting: Plant Proteomics in Europe, 2011, May 2011, Dijon, France. hal-03663220

HAL Id: hal-03663220 https://hal.science/hal-03663220v1

Submitted on 10 May 2022

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MassChroQ: a complete tool for present mass spectrometry-based proteomic quantification



and

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The context

Recent rapid developments in quantitative mass-spectrometry methods have evidenced the need to efficiently handle large amounts of complex data. Various quantification tools exist, but they often lack flexibility by being specific to data or system types.

Our goal

- To automatically and efficiently guantify the large amounts of data obtained from Liquid Chromatography - Mass Spectrometry experiments.
- To be able to analyse data obtained from:
- * both high and low resolution spectrometers,
- * label-free as well as isotopic labelling experiments,
- * complex sample treatments (e.g. protein or peptide fractionation).

HasschroQ traits

MassChroQ (Mass Chromatogram Quantification) can quantify given m/z. values or the identified peptides of your data by performing : XIC extraction from mzXML/mzML LC-MS data files, signal denoising, peak detection, retention time alignment and peak matching.

MassChroQ is:

- * configurable (every analysis parameter can be user-adjusted):
- * traceable (it produces precise alignment and quantification traces);
- * modular (integration of/in other tools as OBI-Warp [2] and PROTICdb [3]);
- * fast (full analysis of centroid data: < 1min/Go, of profile data: < 3 min/Go);
- * light (uses at most 350Mo of RAM, your computer stays fully functional);
- * an open-source project (feel free to use it and welcomed to contribute). 😪

📕 Alignment of LC-MS runs

- * Alignment is needed to compensate retention time (RT) variations caused by uncontrolled deviations between LCs.
- * If a sufficiently large number of peptides is identified, MassChroQ can align two runs by using the RT deviations of the peptides they have in common (figure below). Otherwise, the OBI-Warp alignment method can be used.



III Quantification

tensity

After XIC extraction, various configurable XIC filters can be applied. Peak detection is then performed and peak area (quantification value) is computed.

XIC from High Resolution data XIC from Low Resolution data 500000 Be+04 e+04 00000 e+00 3000 4000 2000 1000 2000 5000 1000 3000 4000 Spike filtering and peak detection Baseline substraction and peak detection 50000 60000 00000 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 Ref 2000 3000 tion time (s)

HasschroQ applications

- T A study of genetic diversity in yeast
- (Blein-Nicolas et al, in prep) * Label-free analysis of:

9 strains of Saccharomyces cerivisiae 6 strains of Saccharomyces bayanus var. uvarum

- * 3 independent replicates per strain, resulting in 45 samples, were analysed by LC-MS/MS with an LTQ-Orbitrap (Thermo) high resolution spectrometer.
- * MassChroQ quantified, in a total of 250 Go of mzXML data: 6684 peptides among 622 identified proteins in 25 minutes.
- * 360 proteins were shown to vary significantly within and between species.





Abundance of the TDH3 protein in the different strains S. bayanus var.uvarum strains are clearly discriminated from the S. cerevisiae ones

Scaled abundance values beatman of all the quantified proteins in each strain. Strain and protein classification trees are displayed above and left side, respectively.

TT A quantitative phosphoproteomics study

(Bonhomme et al, in prep) In-vivo changes during drought in the growing zone of maize leaves.

- * 40 maize leaf protein lysates treated with: dimethyl isotope labelling + SCX-fractionation + IMAC phosphopeptide enrichment.
- * The 400 resulting fractions were: analysed by LC-MS³ with an LTQ (Thermo) spectrometer, resulting in 450 Go of mzXML data.
- * 3659 phosphosites accounting for 2462 distinct proteins were identified using the X!Tandem pipeline*, before being quantified in MassChroQ.
- * Significant quantitative variations of phosphopeptide abundances were detected in both deficit and rehydration regimes.

Phosphosite of v-SNARE protein



Perspectives

- * A full description and evaluation of MassChroQ can be found in [1]. * Further documentation and download possibilities are available at http://pappso.inra.fr/bioinfo/masschroq, community tools at https://sourcesup.cru.fr/projects/masschroq/
- * Future work will focus on the development of a graphical-user interface, an MRM analysis mode, automatic parameter detection, and your suggestions.

 Valot B., Langella O., Nano E., Zivy M., MassChroQ: A versatile tool for mass spect quantification. Proteomics, 2011, 11: 3572–3577. [2] Prince J.T., Marcotte E.M., Chromatographic alignment of ESI-LC-MS proteomics data sets by ordered bijective interpolated warping. Anal. Chem 2006, 78, 6140-6152. [3] Ferry-Dumazet H., Houel G., Montalent P., Moreau L., Langella O., Negroni L., Vincent D., Lalanne C., de Daruvar A., Plomion C., Zivy M., Joets J. PROTICdb: a web-based application t store. track. userv and compare plant proteomics data. Proteomics. 2005. 8:2069-81. store, track, query and compare plant proteome data. Proteomics, 2005, 6 * The X!Tandem pipeline homepage: http://pappso.inra.fr/bioinfo/xtande





MassChroQ : A versatile tool for mass spectrometry quantification

B. Valot, O. Langella, E. Nano, M. Zivy, Proteomics, 2011, 11:3572-3577.

Abstract

Recently, many software tools have been developed to perform quantification in LC-MS analyses. However, most of them are specific to either a quantification strategy (e.g. label-free or isotopic labelling) or a mass-spectrometry system (e.g. high or low resolution). In this context, we have developed Mass-ChroQ, a versatile software that performs LC-MS data alignment and peptide quantification by peak area integration on extracted ion chromatograms. MassChroQ is suitable for quantification with or without labelling and is not limited to high resolution systems. Peptides of interest (for example all the identified peptides) can be determined automatically or manually by providing targeted m/z and retention time values. It can handle large experiments that include protein or peptide fractionation (as SDS-PAGE, 2D-LC). It is fully configurable. Every processing step is traceable, the produced data are in open standard format and its modularity allows easy integration into proteomic pipelines. The output results are ready for use in statistical analyses. Evaluation of MassChroQ on complex label-free data obtained from low and high resolution mass spectrometers showed low CVs for technical reproducibility (1.4%) and high coefficients of correlation to protein quantity (0.98). MassChroQ is freely available under the GNU General Public Licence v3.0 at http://pappso.inra.fr/bioinfo/masschrog/.

This paper is freely available for download at http://pappso/downloads/masschroq/masschroq_article.pdf.