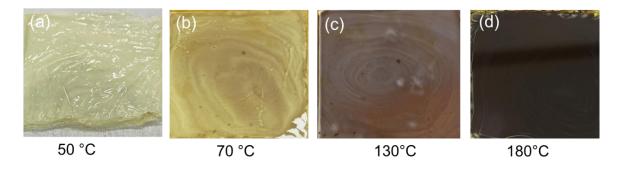
## **Supporting information**

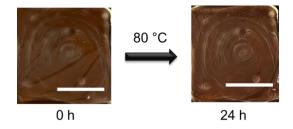
## Poly(vinylidene) Fluoride-Stabilized Black γ-phase CsPbI<sub>3</sub> Perovskite for High Performance Piezoelectric Nanogenerators

Weiguang Zhu,<sup>†</sup> Asif Abdullah Khan,<sup>†</sup> Md Masud Rana,<sup>†</sup> Rozenn Gautheron-Bernard,<sup>l</sup> Nicolas R. Tanguy,<sup>L</sup> Ning Yan,<sup>L</sup> Pascal Turban,<sup>l</sup> Soraya Ababou-Girard<sup>l</sup> and Dayan Ban\*, †, ‡, §

<sup>\*</sup>Email: dban@uwaterloo.ca.



**Figure S1.** Optical images of CsPbI<sub>3</sub>@PVDF composite films obtained at different temperature (a) 50 °C, (b) 70 °C, (c) 130 °C and (d) 180 °C.



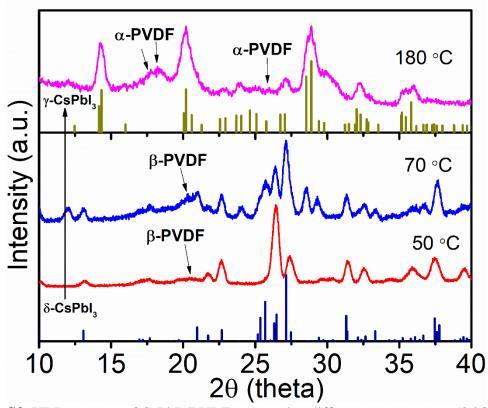
**Figure S2.** Optical images of black CsPbI<sub>3</sub>@PVDF composite film heating at 80 °C under ambient condition for 24 h, displaying good thermal stability.

<sup>†</sup> Waterloo Institute for Nanotechnology, University of Waterloo, Waterloo N2L 3G1, ON, Canada

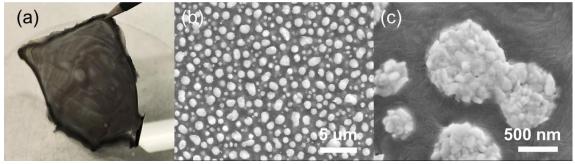
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Waterloo, Waterloo N2L 3G1, ON, Canada

<sup>§</sup> School of Physics and Electronics, Henan University, Kaifeng 475001, Henan, P. R. China

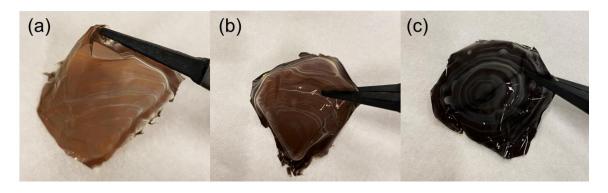
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Univ Rennes, CNRS, IPR (Institut de Physique de Rennes) - UMR 6251, F-35000 Rennes, France <sup>L</sup> Department of Chemical Engineering and Applied Chemistry, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON M5S 3E5, Canada



**Figure S3.** XRD patterns of CsPbI<sub>3</sub>/PVDF prepared at different temperature, 50 °C, 70 °C and 180 °C, respectively.



**Figure S4.** Optical image (a) and SEM images (b and c) of black 30wt%CsPbI<sub>3</sub> @PVDF composite.



**Figure S5.** Optical images of black CsPbI<sub>3</sub>@PVDF composite with (a) 10 wt%, (b) 20 wt%, and (c) 30 wt% of CsPbI<sub>3</sub>, stored at ambient condition for over 6 months.

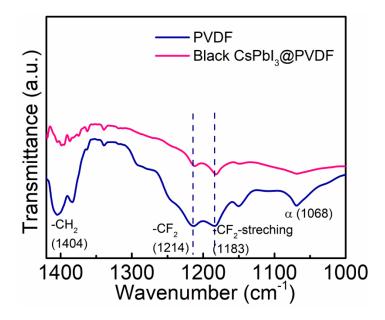
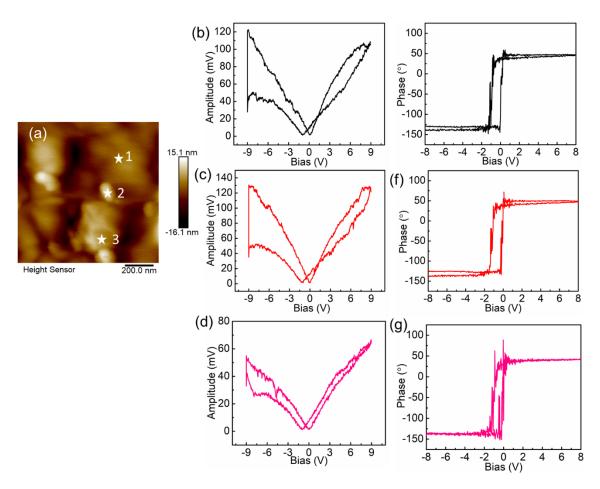
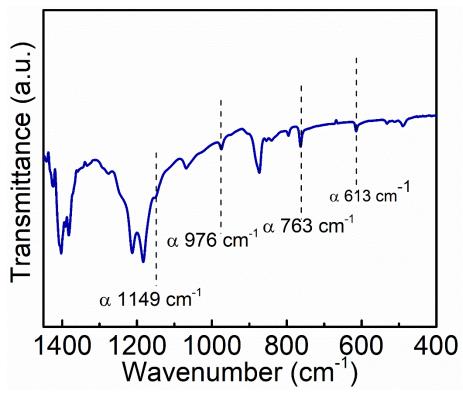


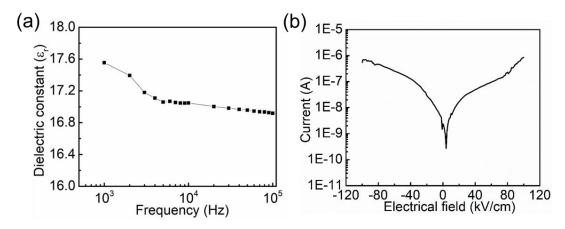
Figure S6. FTIR spectra of pure PVDF and the black CsPbI<sub>3</sub>@PVDF composite film.



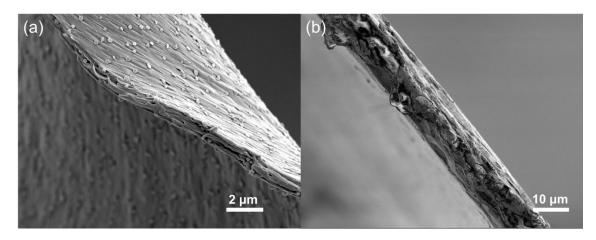
**Figure S7.** (a) Topography image of the black CsPbI<sub>3</sub>/PVDF composite; Amplitude loops (b-d) and phase hysteresis loops (e-g) were obtained at spot 1, spot 2 and spot 3, respectively, as indicted in Figure S6a.



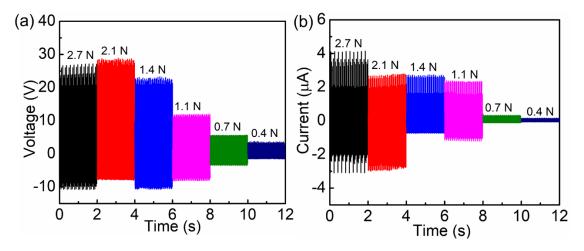
**Figure S8.** FTIR spectrum of the black CsPbI $_3$ /PVDF composite thin film, prepared at 180°C.



**Figure S9.** (a) Dielectric constant as a function of frequency for the black CsPbI<sub>3</sub>/PVDF composite film. (b) Leakage current curve of black CsPbI<sub>3</sub>/PVDF composite under an electrical field of  $\pm 100$  kV/cm.



**Figure S10.** A SEM images of (a) 1-layer CsPbI<sub>3</sub>@PVDF thin film on the cross-section, displaying a thickness  $\sim 1~\mu m$ , and (b) the cross section of 5-layer CsPbI<sub>3</sub>@PVDF composite film.



**Figure S11.** (a) Output voltage and (b) output current characteristics with different applied force.