

#### When fNIRS meets fMRI to complement cerebellar exploration

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### MOTIVATION

- Need for faster, cheaper techniques for functional studies in thriving cerebellar neuroscience
- A recent breakthrough in cerebellar EEG [1] paved the way for our first acquisition with fNIRS [2]

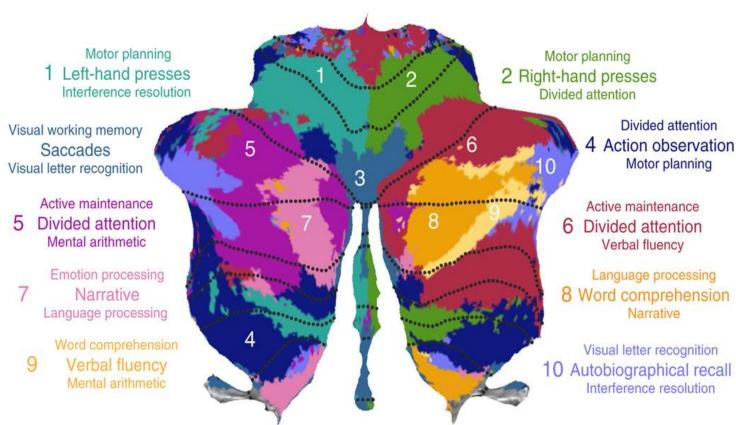


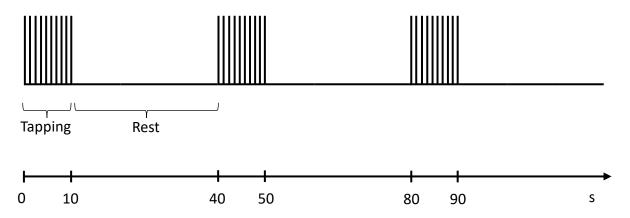
Figure 1: Functional mapping of the cerebellum [3]



joint sequential fNIRS/fMRI for finer spatio-temporal assessment of the neurovascular response

#### METHODS

- One right-handed subject from our cohort selected to perform a finger tapping task with sequential fNIRS and fMRI recordings
- 3 runs summing up to 20 blocks (10 left hand + 10 right) and each block consisting of 10 s of activity + 30 to 35 s of rest



- **2 long** channels (Source-Detector = 3cm) and **2 short separation** channels on each cerebellar hemisphere using NIRx Sport2 device
- fMRI data acquired on a 3T Siemens Magnetom Skyra MRI system. Volumes acquired using a T2\* weighted SMS-EPI sequence (vox= 2.5mm) with **temporal resolution of 1 second**.
- General Linear Model (GLM) block-design analysis for single participant
- Test of specific pipelines in Homer3 (fNIRS) and SPM12 (fMRI) for artifact removal before applying the GLM framework

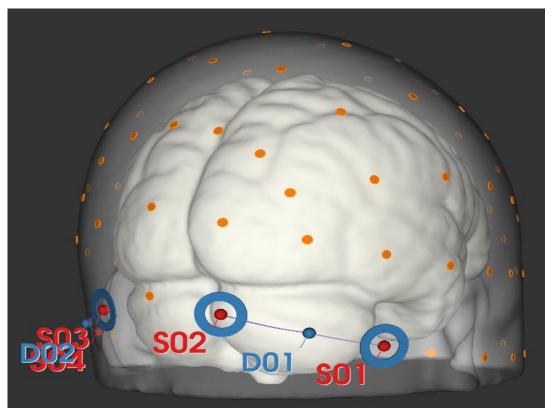


Figure 2: Optodes location on the cerebellum

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## RESULTS

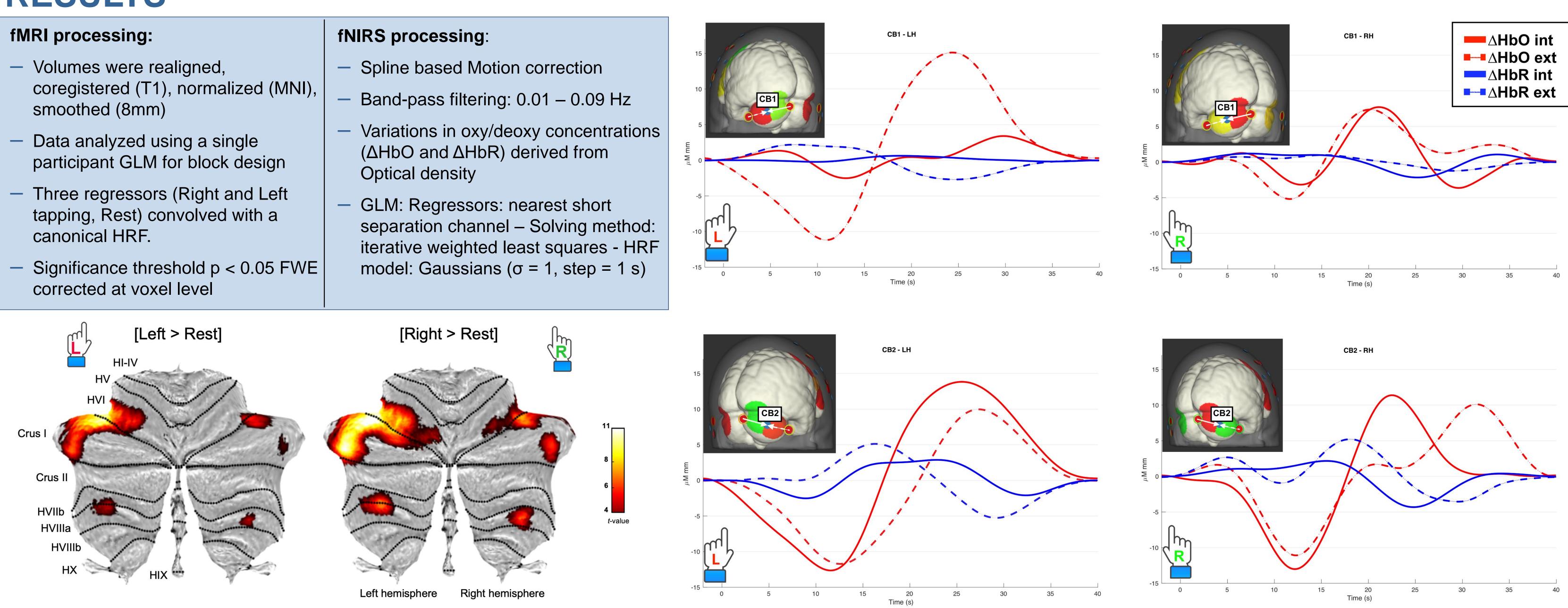


Figure 3: Cerebellum regions showing significant differences between conditions and represented on a two-dimensional template with lobules indicated by roman numerals from I to X with a prepended H for the hemispheric compartment. Statistical significance threshold for the peak level was set at p < 0.05 FWE corrected for multiple comparisons with extent threshold defined as 5 voxels.

## CONCLUSIONS

- Validation of fNIRS as a viable tool for cerebellar explorations, consistent with fMRI
- Combining fMRI and fNIRS is a promising approach to investigate neural activation with finer time/space resolution
- Possibility to perform functional studies of the **synergies** between brain cortex, cerebellar circuitry, and deep brain structures, e.g. basal ganglia
- Peculiar hemodynamics at the cerebellar level call for further investigations of the interplay between ipsi- and contra-lateral responses and hemisphere dominance
- **Multimodal investigations** by adding **EEG** for a robust exploration of the finest timing aspects of cerebellar neural responses to fully complement **fNIRS/fMRI**

Figure 4: fNIRS block averages for each channel and hemisphere. Each subplot displays  $\Delta$ HbO (red) and  $\Delta$ HbR (blue) curves for the internal channel (solid line) and the external channel (dashed line) for each hemisphere (top left of each subplot) and the relative hand movement (left or right, bottom left of each subplot).

#### REFERENCES

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- With **fNIRS (Fig. 4)**:
- for subdominant hand movement: ipsilateral and strong contralateral activations
- ✓ for **dominant** hand: weaker contralateral activation as in [4]
- HRF (Hemodynamic Response) Function) latencies still high (~10s) as in [2]
- With **fMRI (Fig.3)**:
- Bilateral activations from the fMRI analysis in Crus I, Lobules VI, VIIIA, VIIB of the cerebellum, consistent with fNIRS results
- The hemodynamics measured by **fNIRS** convey similar information to the ones from fMRI, but also complementary space – time granularity
- better time resolution (7Hz) for fNIRS enables getting data between fMRI 1Hz acquisitions

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